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INTRODUCTION

THE present volume contains such Parliament Rolls of the three Edwards as have been omitted from the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* and the two government publications which supplement them, Cole's *Documents Illustrative of English History in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries* and Maitland's *Memoranda de Parlamento*. To explain the background against which our documents must be viewed, and the reasons why such a volume as the present only now appears, it will be well for us to give a short account, firstly of the historical development of parliament, then of the methods of recording the business of parliament, and lastly of the manner in which the Parliament Rolls have come to be printed.

I. THE DEVELOPMENT OF PARLIAMENT ¹

Parliament, at the stage with which we have to do, had a long history behind it. Upon its origin and original purposes we need not touch. What concerns us is that in the second half of the thirteenth century there were very marked developments in its organisation and very rapid growth in the work it had to perform, growth connected with the increasing use of the written petition. As a matter of history as well as of constitutional law, the development of the petitory procedure of parliament is of the greatest consequence. It is not too much to say that parliament was valued by the people at large in the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries in so far as it afforded a means of obtaining relief which, for any reason, could not be obtained from the ordinary courts of the land.

¹ This account is based principally upon the papers the editors have contributed to *Transactions of the Royal Historical Society*, Fourth Series, XI. 137-83; *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, V. 129-54; VI. 71-88, 129-55; VIII. 65-82; IX. 1-18; *English Historical Review*, XLVI. 529-50; XLVII. 194-203, 377-97.

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But although this may well be regarded as the most important aspect of parliament, there are other aspects which are also of both historical and constitutional significance. The king's justices and the king's ministers found in parliament a means of determining questions of difficulty and importance upon which they either hesitated to come to a decision or upon which there was a difference of opinion : among such questions of importance we must include any matter which might be held to affect the king's interest. Then again there was government business in the modern sense of the term : money had to be raised ; legislation had to be introduced ; support was required from the magnates or the commons in some matter of diplomacy or in deciding the issue of war or peace. Nor must we forget that parliament was still essentially a feudal court and that, as an exceptionally full meeting of those who owed suit to the king's court, it might provide a convenient opportunity for such a ceremony as the rendering of homage.

Still, however wide were the functions of parliament, the bulk of its business in the time of the first three Edwards originated in written petitions. The written petition was not, of course, an innovation under Edward I, nor was its use confined to parliament, but whereas very few petitions have survived from the reign of Henry III, they exist in hundreds for the reign of Edward I, and in thousands for later reigns. The petition was used in particular to obtain relief which the common law of the land did not, for some reason or other, afford : it was used also, as in fact it had been used from time immemorial, to solicit some special favour from the king which did not touch law at all, but was purely a matter of grace. There is some evidence which suggests that petitions of the former class were called bills in contradistinction to extra-legal petitions¹ : but if these distinctions were ever strongly marked, it is certain that in practice they became blurred, and the same document will be called petition and bill indifferently.²

This is a matter of some importance in that it helps to relate parliamentary procedure to the procedure before justices itinerant, justices of trailbaston and other special commissions, in which the written bill was used to initiate proceedings in cases where the

¹ The clearest evidence within our knowledge is afforded by the Irish Justiciary Rolls : see index of *Cal. of Justiciary Rolls 23-31 Edw. I*, 33-35 *Edw. I*, s.v. "bill", "petition".

² Cf. *Rot. Parl.*, I. 302 (53), 474 (83, 84) ; II. 34 (19), 44 (60).

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common law had failed to afford relief. In all these cases the bill is essentially a document of the same form as the parliamentary petition, with such minor modifications as were required by the nature of the authority to which the complainant was addressing himself and the circumstances of the case. On the other hand, the parliamentary petition was similar in form to those addressed to the chancellor, the treasurer or the council—the council, that is, as it existed from day to day when it was not clothed with the special solemnity given to the council in parliament.

Now no bills in eyre or bills addressed to other judicial authorities are known to exist of a date earlier than Edward I, nor, with rather rare exceptions, have any petitions survived for an earlier period, and we must conclude that some common cause was operating in the latter part of the thirteenth century which led to a rapid development of the written petition. So far as parliament is concerned one cause is evident enough in the development of parliament itself, from an afforced meeting of the council called *ad hoc* for some specific purpose to a specially constituted assembly meeting at specified terms, with some approach to regularity, at first three times a year, in response to the demand made at the parliament of Oxford in 1258, and later, under Edward I, twice a year. But what the impulse was that led to the development of the written petition not only in parliament but in so many places elsewhere, we cannot discern beyond the evident encouragement given to it by the government of Edward I.¹

However, the frequency and regularity of parliament and the development of the written petition in conjunction determined in what direction the work of the Edwardian parliaments would chiefly lie. Other tribunals were intermittent or had limited powers. The council, it is true, was, in a sense, always in session, but was ambulatory and sparsely staffed. The council in parliament was not only omniscient but assisted by a very large body of the king's ministers, expert in every branch of law and administration. There grew up, also, a general understanding that a petition presented

¹ The most direct evidence is probably that afforded by the documents in connection with the so-called "state trials" of 1289-90: cf. Historical MSS. Comm., *Report on Various Collections*, I. 256; Tout, *Charters in Medieval Administrative History*, II. 67-8 n. The earliest notice of a proclamation inviting the submission of petitions to parliament comes from the year 1305 (*Memoranda de Parlamento*, p. 3), but we have no reason to suppose that this was a new departure.

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to the king and council in parliament would receive a reply before the close of the session, and although this understanding was not always faithfully observed, a breach of it was resented and was likely to provoke a remonstrance. Here then was an opportunity for obtaining redress or grace, an opportunity not only conceded but, in general, welcomed by the king's government ; and it is no matter for surprise that the number of petitions presented at some parliaments under Edward I might run into many hundreds, if not literally thousands.

The petitioners consisted not only of all sorts and conditions of men, of corporations and communities, who might be regarded as possessing a *persona* in law, but also of vaguer groups of people possessing a common interest ; and occasionally petitions were presented by a wider body which could presume to call itself *Communitas Anglie*, the commune of the realm. The duty of presenting petitions of public interest was finally assumed by the representatives of the counties and boroughs when at last it became the practice to summon them to every parliament, and from 1327 onwards we have a series, although a broken series, of such petitions.

It was, as we have already indicated, the great volume of petitions which led to development in the internal organisation of parliament. The bulk of business was too great to be examined in detail by a single undifferentiated body of councillors, even if the many trivial and personal affairs which form the subject of the mass of petitions were such as the magnates who obeyed the king's special summons to be present would willingly waste their time upon. The petitions then must be subjected to a preliminary examination and only matters of importance brought before the council, matters which would rank with those other questions that were remitted to parliament by the king's ministers and his justices.

It is well that we should give at this point some explanation of what the council in parliament was. The king, of course, had always a council round him, a comparatively small body which was largely ministerial. On special occasions this small body would be afforded according to the needs of the moment, and parliament was a specially solemn occasion. Under Edward I the council summoned to parliament probably varied a great deal in composition ; but when really important business had to be despatched every effort would be made to include all magnates of influence in church and state, and certainly every highly-placed minister.

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Such business as this body transacted in public was transacted "in pleno parlamento", while such as it transacted behind closed doors was transacted in council: at least this is the distinction which the records suggest. But a full attendance throughout a session of parliament could not be insisted upon and much must be done in a very thin house, or, in other words, principally by the ministers in attendance. But only a comparatively small portion of the work of parliament was performed in any real sense by the council, although naturally there was reserved for it the most important work of all.

From the actual contemporary instructions that have come down to us, and from the surviving records themselves, we can reconstruct the procedure which, although modified in detail from time to time, was substantially the same, throughout the whole of the period with which we are dealing, in regard to private petitions. The question of petitions of a public nature, those presented on behalf of the commonalty of the realm, we must reserve for the moment. Private petitions were presented to one or other of the receivers of petitions, from whom they were passed (doubtless after a preliminary weeding-out) to the auditors or triers, who dealt with the greater number out of hand. The remainder consisted of difficult and doubtful cases and cases which were deemed to affect the king's interest: petitions of the former class went to the council; regarding petitions of the latter class the king's directions must be obtained. These two classes were not exclusive: some petitions in the first class could not be disposed of by the council without directions which either were really given by the king himself or were conveyed by someone who might be presumed to act with the king's specific authority. In ascending scale, therefore, a petition might pass before four tribunals: the receivers, the auditors, the council, and a tribunal which was technically "*coram rege*", although having, we should perhaps emphasise, no relation with the king's bench.

Already by 1290 there was need for further subdivision. The tribunals which dealt with the greater bulk of the petitions were evidently overtaxed and were therefore divided into panels, one group of receivers and a corresponding group of auditors dealing with English petitions, another with Irish, and a third with Gascon. These groupings were varied from time to time, and from the reign of Edward III onwards there were only two panels of re-

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ceivers and two panels of auditors. A parallel device to relieve the congestion of parliamentary business, which we may notice at this point, was the creation of a special tribunal to deal with the large number of inquests which were returned to parliament : its constitution appears to have been similar to that of a panel of auditors. This tribunal was in existence in 1290, and probably for some years later, but there is no evidence that it continued into the fourteenth century.

Although the creation of special tribunals to deal with petitions and inquests relieved the council of much detailed work, it was yet found necessary to refer various items of council business to specially constituted committees. Moreover, the council did not necessarily come to a decision on the spot : it would frequently refer a question to commissioners who would deal with the matter after the session of parliament had closed. The decisions of the council in parliament were apt, therefore, to be directions as to the means of obtaining justice or of reaching a settlement rather than final judgements. Only in this way could the work of a parliament, in fact, be despatched, for the professional element in parliament, which alone could be depended upon for the patience and learning necessary to determine difficult questions of law, was recruited from the various courts and departments of government, and could not, in any case, be long spared from its normal duties.

The constitutional crises under Edward II had a marked effect upon the evolution of parliament. The magnates, who were beginning to speak of themselves as the "peers of the land", insisted upon their right to a preponderant voice in parliament. It is the "great" council which must decide, and the great council means an afforded council which includes, besides ministers, the prelates, the earls and the barons. The practical effect of this development under a weak king was to sap the authority of the ministerial element in parliament and to delay the despatch of public business ; ultimately it led to the evolution of a house of lords and, as a further consequence, to the creation of a house of commons. But if the ministerial element became weak in parliament, it remained strong and efficient in the chief departments of government, and the causes which led to the development of parliament in its modern form brought about the transfer, in particular to the chancery, of much of the work which had been performed

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by parliament. This evolution was in progress throughout our period, and it must be borne in mind when the parliamentary records are studied, for it explains much of their form and substance and the changes these underwent.

Here let us note some facts regarding petitions of public interest. It would seem that the procedure devised under Edward I was intended to apply to all petitions: no difference in treatment can be discerned, for instance, in the records of the Lenten parliament of 1305 printed in the *Memoranda de Parlamento*.¹ Nevertheless, a certain number of examples of lengthy petitions of several clauses presented to the king on behalf of the "commonalty of the realm" can be found in the reign of Edward I and Edward II which, we may say with practical certainty, did not pass through the hands of receivers and triers. Notable among these are the petitions presented at the Hilary parliament of 1301, the Hilary parliament of 1307, the Easter parliament of 1309, and the Michaelmas parliament of 1318, all four representing the views of the magnates, although the commons were associated with them. From the very beginning of the reign of Edward III we have a development of this procedure: lengthy petitions were presented to the king which, whatever their real origin, purported to be the requests of the commons and were guaranteed or "avowed" by them. Such petitions were presented to the clerk of the parliament and in some way or other came for consideration before the great council: the precise procedure appears to have varied from time to time. On special occasions the procedure adopted in the case of the petitions of the commons seems to have been extended to other important petitions. It is in the highest degree probable that the petitions of the clergy were delivered to the clerk of the parliament, and in the present volume will be found a series of petitions presented by the Londoners in 1327 which, to all appearance, were treated in like fashion.

II. PARLIAMENTARY RECORDS

This brief survey of parliamentary procedure will help to explain the nature of the records which the parliaments of the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries have left behind them. What records were kept depended not only upon the nature of the work of par-

¹ Cf. *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, IX. 7.

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liament but upon the training and conceptions of the men who did that work. Until the reign of Edward III, when the chancery assumed responsibility, parliament was staffed by ministers drawn from the courts and all departments of government, dispersed as soon as the session was at an end. This was in the tradition of the council which, at any rate until the last decade of the thirteenth century, seems to have had no regular clerk and which, it is important to note, kept no records of its own: who prepared its agenda and who recorded its decisions remain, with rare exceptions, in doubt. Its memoranda for administrative action seem for the most part to have found their way to the chancery. Judicial proceedings before the council found their place on the rolls of the king's bench, just as council proceedings affecting the exchequer were entered upon the Memoranda Rolls. But a session of parliament under Edward I was likely to involve the accumulation of masses of documents quite outside the normal experience of the council. The first obvious step to be taken by any experienced royal clerk in dealing with these documents was to classify and file them. Every court and department kept files whereon were placed, as the case might be, writs and returns, jury panels, notes of proceedings and other miscellanea, or correspondence, warrants, drafts and memoranda. How much of this ultimately formed the basis of ordered entries on rolls or in registers depended upon the practice of the particular court or department. There was no single precedent, and parliament differed from any court or any department in that it lacked continuity, and, as in the case of the everyday council, administrative action consequent upon decisions taken in parliament was necessarily a matter for the departments of government.

In so far as the proceedings of parliament were judicial or quasi-judicial, it must have seemed natural to prepare a roll corresponding to the rolls which any court or commission of justices would be expected to keep. In so far as the proceedings of parliament were deliberative, the procedure would be more likely to follow that adopted in the day-to-day work of the council, and the record of decisions taken would take the form of independent memoranda on small rolls or small sheets of parchment. What was quite unlikely to happen was that anyone should consider it necessary to construct a methodical record of the proceedings of any parliament as a whole.

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Let us make a brief survey of parliamentary records and begin with the petitions. In the fourteenth century, when the petitory procedure of parliament already had a history behind it, the receiver is found acting as clerk to the auditors. He kept a file of petitions and, until the practice of enrolling private petitions ceased, he was responsible for the rolls on which they were entered. We cannot assume that organisation had reached this stage in the early years of Edward I, but we know that one or more files were made of the petitions, writs and memoranda connected with a parliament. Some of these files still survived nearly intact at the beginning of the last century. The general character of such a file is shown in the documents printed in the first fourteen pages of the first volume of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*, where they are ascribed to the sixth year of Edward I, and those printed at pages 12 to 15 of the present volume, which we can date 1283. The 1283 bundle appears to have included not only petitions which had been dealt with by the auditors but also some which had been referred to the council. We must bear in mind that petitions were not infrequently, and were perhaps usually, in duplicate, and in this way a complete file could be preserved, the duplicates having been handed to the petitioners or, through some other intermediary, having passed to the several courts or departments whose duty it was to give effect to the decisions taken in parliament. Now one of the 1283 documents appears to be clearly identifiable with the record of decisions taken by the council on petitions and in other matters, and the memoranda of 1279, which also are printed below, are of a similar nature. When therefore we read on petitions of 1278 such endorsements as these:—"Responsio est in Rotulo"¹ or "Iniunctum est Radulfo de Sandwico quod committat Domicellam in bona custodia, prout inrotulatur"², we must deduce that a roll of memoranda once existed for the Easter parliament of 1278³ such as still survives for the Easter parliament of 1279 and for the Michaelmas parliament of 1283. We must not, however, imagine that the evidence warrants the belief that already rolls were being written up from files of petitions and memoranda: the roll to which the petitions of 1278 refer was rather the enrolment of the decisions of the council.

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, I. 8 (no. 34).

² *Ibid.*, 9 (no. 37).

³ A brief series of memoranda concerning Welsh business did indeed still survive in the seventeenth century; see *ibid.*, 1 (no. 2).

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However, by 1290 it was found convenient to keep a roll of the proceedings of the auditors of petitions: this consisted of a copy or abstract of the petitions which were answered and a copy of the reply. Petitions which for any reason remained unanswered do not seem usually to have been enrolled. If all the rolls which were written had been preserved, we should apparently have had, as the normal rule, a roll for every panel of auditors appointed at every parliament from 1290 until the practice of enrolling private petitions ceased: actually we have only a handful of such rolls. We may note also that somewhat similar enrolments were for a time made of the inquests which were returned to parliament, but only one roll of this kind has survived.¹

The records of parliament which remain to be discussed can all be classed as records of the council. We have seen that it was the practice to make separate memoranda of the decisions of the council in parliament: it was also the practice to record at length pleadings before the council in parliament. In the case of actions adjourned from the king's bench we should expect to find the further proceedings before the council entered on the Coram Rege Roll, and there are in fact many cases that are entered there. It is, of course, only gradually that a distinction becomes apparent between the king's bench and the council, but this distinction was already clear in 1272. Some actions there were which could not in any case find an appropriate place on the Coram Rege Roll, and an action before the Easter parliament of 1280 is to be found on a detached membrane (below, pp. 8-11). It is plain that to produce a fairly bulky council roll it needed only the sewing of detached membranes at the head and perhaps the fair copying of notes jotted on scraps of parchment. This step was taken by 1290, perhaps *in* 1290, for we incline to associate it with the appointment of a new clerk of parliament, Gilbert of Rothbury, who was destined to hold the office for many years. During his term of office we have rolls which attempt to give, as it would appear, a complete record of the proceedings before the council in parliament. This is not an orderly record of a public meeting, in session *de die in diem* until the business was finished, for parliament did not, as we have indicated above, set to work in that fashion. Rothbury, indeed, for the purpose of his record, took little notice of

¹ Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 2, mm. 8-10: printed *Rot. Parl.*, I. 62-5.

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formalities, the ceremonial opening and ceremonial closing and any other plenary sessions that may have taken place: likewise he ignored the proceedings of the auditors of petitions, for they were being recorded elsewhere, but he seems to have been at pains to record all or nearly all the memorable *acta*.

Rather curiously, it seems doubtful whether the council roll included, as a rule, those petitions which were presented direct to the council. We must speak with caution. Exceptional entries will be found in 1307 and 1318, when petitions purporting to come from the commonalty of the realm are to be found on Parliament Rolls.¹ But a petition presented at the Easter parliament of 1309, by "les bones gentz du roialme" is to be found on the Close Roll and on the Close Roll also is to be found a petition presented in the Michaelmas parliament of 1325 by "les gentz de la commune".² Since, however, we possess no Parliament Rolls for either of these parliaments, we cannot be positive that it was only on the Close Roll that these documents were required to be entered. Still, the existence, as separate enrolments, of petitions presented by the commons in certain of the earlier parliaments of Edward III strengthens our impression that the clerk of the parliament did not, for a long time, include these and similar petitions in the council roll. Beginning, however, with the Easter parliament of 1341, the practice of entering the petitions of the commons on the council roll becomes established. We emphasise this date because, so far as we can ascertain, the regular enrolment of private petitions comes to an end about the year 1332. We print below (pp. 216-23) a roll of Gascon petitions of the September parliament of that year which is sufficient evidence that the usage had not then ceased, but we have no later roll of this kind, nor have we traced an original petition of subsequent date containing on the dorse any indication that it had been enrolled. By 1341, therefore, there seems to have been only one Parliament Roll, the roll of the council in parliament; and it was natural that the clerk of the parliament, who was responsible alike for keeping the council roll and for the formalities surrounding the commons' petitions, should include the latter in his roll.

Even so we must guard against the impression that the Parliament Roll necessarily contained at any time a complete account

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, I. 219-20; Cole, *Documents*, pp. 6-7.

² *Rot. Parl.*, I. 443 ff., 430.

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even of the proceedings before the council in parliament. Thus we print below, from membranes which seem never to have formed an integral part of the council roll, not only petitions from the commons¹ in 1333, 1334 and 1339 and from the Londoners in 1327, but also pleas in the parliaments of Lent 1336 and Hilary 1365.

So much for the form of the Parliament Rolls. Let us now say something of their custody, for that had great bearing on the manner in which they came into print. There is no sign that, so long as separate rolls were prepared for the several panels of auditors of petitions, it was the duty of anyone to collect them and place them in safe custody together with the roll of the council. Such information as we have points to an almost total lack of system. Perhaps in 1290 there was some intention of keeping duplicate series of rolls of petitions in the wardrobe and the exchequer: duplicates of the rolls of the council appear, however, to have remained for many years in the hands of the clerk of the council, although a similar set was probably deposited in the exchequer. Such Parliament Rolls as were in official custody appear in the early fourteenth century to be in no single repository. When about 1322 a collection of Parliament Rolls in the exchequer was made for transcription into a register, only a small number could be got together, far fewer than we possess to-day for the period covered. It is not until the reign of Edward III, when the clerk of parliament was regularly provided from the chancery, that we get anything like a regular series of rolls; these rolls, which, beginning as the enrolments of the proceedings of the council in parliament, became the sole Parliament Rolls,² were kept among the chancery records and so found a resting-place in the Tower of London.

¹ Since we possess only a copy of the first draft and the original, in the final form, of the petitions of the commons at the Epiphany-Candlemas parliament of 1327 and do not possess the original council roll, we cannot safely say anything regarding the enrolment of these petitions: nor, since we possess only a transcript, can we say anything certain regarding the enrolment of the petitions of the clergy presented at the same parliament.

² Parliamentary enactments, however, were normally enrolled on the Statute Roll. The first Statute Roll was begun in the reign of Edward I, the entries being certainly contemporary from 1297. See our paper in *Law Quarterly Review*, L. 201 ff., 540 ff.

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An inventory of chancery records drawn up in 1381 makes no specific reference to any Parliament Rolls earlier than the time of Edward III,¹ but we may suppose that certain Parliament Rolls of Edward II, which later figure among the Tower records, were already there: they had possibly come from the exchequer, since for a time in the fourteenth century the Tower was used equally as a repository for exchequer records, and when it was decided to remove these to Westminster some documents were overlooked or left undisturbed as useless.² From time to time further deposits of records were made in the Tower. In 1499 the chancery rolls and records of Edward IV were transferred, and these included four Parliament Rolls for the first, third, fourth and eighth years of the reign.³ This was nearly the last transfer, but the remaining Parliament Rolls of Edward IV at some time found their way to the Tower, and were presumably already there in 1567 when a warrant was issued for the removal to the Tower of the chancery records from Richard III to Henry VIII.⁴ This warrant was not in fact executed, and until modern times the Parliament Rolls subsequent to the reign of Edward IV were kept at the Rolls House in Chancery Lane. The only further addition to the records in the Tower bearing upon our subject was the *Vetus Codex* which during Michael Heneage's keepership was, as John Stow tells us, "restored to the Tower".⁵

The existence of parliamentary records at the Receipt of the Exchequer at Westminster appears to have been generally unknown until the eighteenth century,⁶ and that Parliament Rolls were to

¹ P.R.O., *List of Chancery Rolls* (Lists and Indexes, no. XXVII), Preface, p. vi.

² Cf. V. H. Galbraith, "The Tower as an Exchequer Record Office in the reign of Edward II", in *Essays in Mediaeval History Presented to T. F. Tout*, pp. 231 ff., 242-3.

³ *Egerton Papers* (Camden Society), pp. 1-3.

⁴ Leland's *Collectanea* (ed. Hearne), II. 655-7.

⁵ *Survey of London* (ed. Kingsford), I. 12. The book was therefore in the Tower by 1598, the date of the first edition, but, as Stow indicates, it had not been there long and the first keeper whose signature it bears is Michael Heneage (Maitland, *Memoranda de Parlamento*, Introduction, p. xi).

⁶ They are mentioned in a confused fashion in Powell's *Repertorie of Records* (1631), pp. 23, 133, and more particularly in W. Nicolson's *English, Scotch and Irish Historical Libraries* (1736), pt. I, p. 208, and the anonymous *Index to the Records* (1739), p. 60. They were, of course, used for the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*: the collection then comprised those rolls now numbered 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16 in the "Exchequer" series.

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be found among the records of the king's remembrancer was not guessed until they were rediscovered in the nineteenth century.¹ Prior to the publication of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*, therefore, statesmen, lawyers and historians were principally dependent for their knowledge of mediaeval parliaments upon the *Vetus Codex* and the Parliament Rolls in the Tower, although a few bundles of original petitions were also known.

But before we give an account of the gradual publication of parliamentary records it will be as well if we say something of the relation of the "Parliament Rolls in the Tower" (as they were universally known) to the two existing series of Parliament Rolls now to be found in the Public Record Office, confining ourselves to those earlier in date than Richard II. In the inventory of 1381 there are stated to be thirty-three Parliament Rolls of Edward III; we are given no detailed list but there can be no doubt that these are all or nearly all represented in the thirty-one rolls of Edward III in the present Chancery series. The membranes which compose the roll now numbered 2 at one time formed four separate rolls,² and the roll numbered 1 is an original schedule of petitions presented by the commons in the Candlemas parliament of 1327 and is hardly to be accounted a roll at all.³ In this way we might seem to get the required number of thirty-three; but for reasons which will appear we doubt whether the present roll numbered 3 figured in the 1381 inventory.

The next inventory of which we have knowledge was drawn up in 1572;⁴ this list includes two (subsequently altered to three) Parliament Rolls of Edward II and thirty of Edward III. Three rolls of the latter reign were therefore astray. Now the keeper of the Tower records in 1572 was William Bowyer, who made an

¹ The discovery of two Parliament Rolls of 12 Edward II was reported to a meeting of the Record Commission on 9 March, 1833: *Proceedings of H.M. Commissioners on the Public Records*, June 1832–August 1833, p. 180. These were subsequently printed in Cole's *Documents*, together with newly-discovered rolls of Edward I; the existence of other rolls is noticed in the Preface, pp. xii–xiii.

² The first four membranes (i.e. 7, 6, 5, 4) formed one roll and the remaining three membranes each formed a separate roll; this is evident not only from the endorsements (see *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, IX. 17) but from William Bowyer's abstracts (see Cotton's *Records in the Tower*, pp. 9, 11–14).

³ See *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, IX. 16.

⁴ Stowe MS., no. 543, fo. 53–4.

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abstract of the Parliament Rolls in his care ; this abstract did not include the rolls of Edward II and from the rolls of Edward III it omitted those at present numbered 1, 3, 13 and 28, evidently because they were not available.¹ These two last rolls had been recovered by 1601, for they appear in Lambarde's "Pandect of the Records in the Tower"² and they were abstracted by Robert Bowyer, appointed keeper in 1604.³ We may note in passing that the present roll no. 4, which had apparently been in William Bowyer's custody, had by this time disappeared: it was missing when Michael Heneage succeeded to the keepership in 1576⁴ and does not appear in Lambarde's *Pandect*, nor was it known to the editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*. However, the points we would make are, firstly, that the present rolls numbered 1 and 3 are late-comers to the collection⁵ and that it is probable that in 1381 a Parliament Roll of Edward III existed which has not survived, and, secondly, that even in 1381 the collection of Parliament Rolls known to exist among the chancery records by no means covered all Edward III's parliaments.

The Parliament Rolls of Edward II known to be in the Tower never exceeded four. Lambarde's *Pandect* tells us that there were rolls of the fifth, eighth and ninth years, and with the aid of the list printed by Thomas Powell in the *Repertorie of Records* (1631), we can identify these with the roll of Ordinances of 1311 (now classed as Statute Roll no. 2) and the three Parliament Rolls in the

¹ William Bowyer's manuscript appears to have been preserved in the College of Arms, but is now missing. According to a note on the flyleaf of the British Museum copy of Cotton's *Records* (1657), this manuscript bore the following inscription: "The Parliament Rolls de Annis 21 E.3, 46 E.3., 8 H.5 and 20 H.6 were not abridged by William Bowyer the first Collector, wherefore I have abridged them by the Record and written them into this book in their proper places. Ro. Bowyer."

² Stowe MS., no. 543, fo. 55-8. This is dated 31 July, 1601.

³ See n. 1, above.

⁴ See the note by Roger Twysden which we print below (p. 23) from Stowe MS., no. 347, fo. 3.

⁵ So far as we can trace, the first notice of roll no. 1 is in the "Calendarium Generale Rotulorum in Turri Londoniensi asservatorum", if, as we think we may, we can identify it with "Parl. Petition I E. III". This *Calendarium* appears to be the work of George Holmes, deputy keeper of the Tower records, 1704-49 (see Ayloffe, *Calendar of Ancient Charters*, p. 1x). The manuscript (Stowe MS., no. 543, fo. 1-38) was presented to Thomas Astle by Dr. Askew in 1768. Roll no. 3 is not mentioned in the Inventory of the Records in the Tower appended to the *Deputy Keeper's Report* (1841), II, App. u, p. 33.

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Exchequer series numbered 18, 19 and 20 ;¹ no more than these were in the Tower in 1841.²

III. THE PUBLICATION OF THE PARLIAMENT ROLLS

That William Bowyer set himself to abstract the Parliament Rolls in his charge suggests that interest in them was already lively.³ Michael Heneage, his immediate successor in office, owned a transcript of most of the Parliament Rolls, apparently of his own making.⁴ Many transcripts were, of course, made later, and precedents drawn from the Parliament Rolls were freely cited in parliament in the sixteenth century.⁵ A public was created for parliamentary records and in 1657 an enterprising bookseller with the co-operation of Prynne published the Bowyers' abstracts, for which Sir Robert Cotton was most unwarrantably given credit.⁶ In 1661 the younger William Ryley who, like his father, served as deputy to the keeper of the Tower records, published under the title of *Placita Parliamentaria* the text of the Vetus Codex with other matters drawn

¹ *Repertorie*, pp. 166-7. The "Nem. [sic] Parliament" of 9 Edward II is clearly Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 20, the first membrane of which is headed "Memoranda de Parlamento . . ." (see *Rot. Parl.*, I. 350). There is a reference at p. 211 of the *Repertorie* to the Vetus Codex under the title of "Liber Parliamentorum".

² *Deputy Keeper's Report*, II, App. ii, p. 32. Prynne, in his preface to Cotton's *Records in the Tower*, speaks, in error, of a Parliament Roll of 19 Edward II, a confusion with membrane 15 of the close roll of that year (cf. *Repertorie*, p. 169): Prynne's preface is not paged and reference must be to the signature—a3 v^o.

³ A copy of his abstracts before they had been supplemented by Robert Bowyer passed into Sir Robert Cotton's library and is now in the British Museum, Add. MS., no. 33216. We may note also that a volume of extracts from the Parliament Rolls exists, dated 24 November, 1566, which apparently belonged to William Cecul and is presumably the work of William Bowyer (Lansdowne MS., no. 479).

⁴ Below, p. 231.

⁵ Henry Elsynge's *Manner of Holding Parliaments in England* is the best single example of the importance attached to mediaeval precedents. Elsynge completed this work in 1624. At the time of writing it he was clerk of the parliaments, an office in which he had succeeded his uncle Robert Bowyer in 1621; he had previously acted as Bowyer's clerk in the House of Lords and before that had been from 1604 to 1612 associated with him in the office of keeper of the records in the Tower.

⁶ Hence the familiar Cotton's *Records in the Tower*. Since the true authorship was known to Roger Twysden (below, p. 231), it is rather difficult to believe that Prynne with a little enquiry could not have ascertained the facts.

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from the chancery rolls and bundles of original petitions. There was also a scheme, apparently drawn up in the second half of the seventeenth century, for printing *in extenso* the Parliament Rolls in the Tower¹; but if this were ever seriously proposed, nothing came of it. In 1726, however, it seemed likely that the famous publisher Jacob Tonson would put an edition of the Parliament Rolls on the market as a commercial venture; he already had a transcript, beginning with the reign of Edward II and ending with the reign of Edward IV, which had been collated, so he said, with the originals, and he obtained a warrant to copy and examine rolls and writs of summons in the Tower and elsewhere.² Nothing more seems to have been heard of this proposal, although we may have here the basis of the transcript which was ultimately used for the official edition of the Rolls of Parliament.

In 1767 the House of Lords resolved that the Rolls of Parliament should be printed and appointed a committee to supervise the work.³ The first editors were Richard Blyke and John Topham. Blyke

¹ Bodleian MSS., Tanner, no. 89, fo. 8. These proposals, which are quite brief, are worth quoting in full:—

THE DESIGN OF PRINTING THE PARLIAMENT ROLLES IN THE TOWER OF LONDON.

It is to be observed that in the Tower of London there are Parliament and Statute Rolles.

The Statute Rolles are already printed in the Statute Booke and therefore not hereby intended.

The Parliament Rolles are in the nature of Journalls of the House of Lords and never yet published.

1. It is therefore now intended carefully to examine and print them and where any printed Statutes are found therein (as sometimes there are) to compare them also with the print and correct such errors as shall be found in them, by printing all or that parte faulty. But if no mistake then only to make reference to the print.
2. To collect and publish other Parliament matters contained in other rolles and not in them.
3. To give a concurrent historical account of things done at the time, where any matters of moment shall be found to be obscure upon those rolles, for the better clearing them from errors and mistakes.
4. To make an exact Index of the principall matters for the more speedy finding out what therein may be desired.

This document does not bear any date. It is possibly earlier than the publication of the Bowyers' abstracts, although even after 1657 it would still have been correct to say that the Parliament Rolls had never yet been published.

² Add. MSS., no. 34711, fo. 39-40: copy of warrant of 28 November, 1726.

³ *Lords Journals*, XXXI. 509.

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was incompetent¹ and was soon replaced by Philip Morant, who took the leading part in the work until his death in 1770.² Morant's place was filled by his son-in-law Thomas Astle. This was the last change, but the work made slow progress and the six volumes were not finally issued until 1783.³

By order of the Lords the printer's copy was deposited in the British Museum, where it fills twenty-nine large volumes,⁴ and we can therefore form a good idea of the editors' methods. We must acquit them of any charge of want of care.⁵ It is true that they used purchased transcripts for the bulk of the copy, but the transcript of the Parliament Rolls in the Tower had been collated by James Stewart, who was presumably employed by Tonson for the purpose,⁶ and the other transcripts appear to have been care-

¹ He copied Hale's transcripts of the petitions of 6 Edward I (*Rot. Parl.*, I. 1-14): the proof was heavily corrected by Morant (Add. MS., no. 4631) and this and not Blyke's manuscript treated as the printer's copy. We can trace no other evidence of Blyke's activities. Of all the editors an account is given in Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes of the Eighteenth Century*, II. 204; III. 203: this is copied by the *Dictionary of National Biography*.

² Morant was appointed in 1768, it is said on the recommendation of Astle.

³ Astle appears to have finished the work of collating the printed sheets with the originals by June 1776 (Stowe MS., no. 543, fo. 43). Neither of the editors, but Dr. John Strachey, was responsible for passing the volumes through the press and he also had undertaken to compile the index. Finally the volumes were issued without an index but with a table of contents and errata sheets. Since Astle is entitled in the latter "Keeper of the Records at the Tower", they cannot have been printed before 1783, in which year he succeeded to that office. Moreover, in the Preface to the Index which appeared in 1832, the date of the publication of the text is stated to have been nearly fifty years previously. A copy of the text originally in the Tower bears an inscription to the effect that copies were distributed in 1783 (see Gross, *Sources of English History*, p. 442).

⁴ Add. MSS., nos. 4631-59, deposited pursuant to an order of the House of Lords of 8 March, 1770. The actual deposit was, of course, much later.

⁵ The bad reputation of the volumes derives from Sir Francis Palgrave's sweeping assertions, which cannot be said fairly to state the facts. For his views see C. P. Cooper, *Account of the Public Records* (1832), II. 2, 28-9, Record Commission, *Report of the Committee on the "Report", "Additional Statement" and "Letter" of Mr. Palgrave* (1832), pp. 6, 22-4; and *Observations on . . . the Parliamentary Writs edited by Francis Palgrave* (1832), App., pp. xviii-xix.

⁶ Stewart, a clerk of the Receipt of the Exchequer, was engaged in the methodising of the legal records in the Chapter House and elsewhere, an enterprise which began in 1724; he seems to have specialised in mediaeval documents (*Calendar of Treasury Papers* (1720-1728), p. 284, (1729-1730), (1731-1734), and later volumes *passim*). He was also employed in the

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fully made and examined.¹ All the proofs seem to have been ultimately corrected by the originals. The editors too seem to have utilised nearly all that was accessible to them in the Tower and the Chapter House, at the British Museum and at Lincoln's Inn; they utilised material in their own possession and were prepared to purchase manuscripts for the purpose of the work.² Some things they overlooked³; and since they printed so much which did not come from Parliament Rolls, we may, if we will, accuse them of neglecting the plea rolls and all the material available for the reign of Henry III. But within the limits they set themselves, most of the material they did not use was buried and forgotten in official repositories.

By the standards of the time the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* was a respectable achievement. It is, however, in no sense a critical edition that the editors provided, and the earlier volumes may sometimes mislead those who do not read with the closest attention.⁴ Here we need mention only the occasional omission from the printed volumes of vacated entries on the rolls, which historically may be of at least as great importance as any other entries. We have thought it well to print below any such vacated entries, within the period covered by the present volume, which are not mere duplicates of entries appearing elsewhere.

The six volumes of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* appeared without an index. This work seems to have been commenced while the volumes were passing through the press and was finally completed

Tower as an assistant to George Holmes, but seemingly not in an official capacity (cf. Ayloffe, *Calendar of Ancient Charters*, pp. xlvii, lx; Young and Aitken, *Catalogue of MSS. in the Library of the Hunterian Museum, Glasgow*, p. 207). He completed the collation of the transcript of Parliament Rolls on 23 November, 1731, as appears from notes in Add. MS., no. 4636, fo. 122; 4640, fo. 67b, 339, and elsewhere in these volumes. There is no question but that he enjoyed a high reputation for accuracy.

¹ Some of the earlier transcripts are in the hand of George Holmes or are certified by him.

² Morant's and Astle's own collections were utilised, and Astle and Topham purchased a manuscript of the commons' petitions of the Candlemas parliament of 1327 which they wished to use (*Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, IX. 16: below p. 100).

³ E.g. Cotton MS., Titus E., I: see below, p. 105.

⁴ We have provided some critical notes in the *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 146 ff.; IX. 15 ff.

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and published in 1832.¹ The delay was excessive and the cost enormous, but the index was admirable. Meanwhile Sir Francis Palgrave had in 1822 propounded to the Record Commission a scheme for a new edition of the Rolls of Parliament, and in Palgrave's fertile imagination the scheme bourgeoned and ramified until it was to have comprised a vast series of folios illustrating the "History of the English Constitution".² This magnificent project is represented by the two volumes of *Parliamentary Writs*. Palgrave got no nearer an edition of the Parliament Rolls themselves than the transcription of the bundles of parliamentary petitions that had been rediscovered early in the century.³

The Record Commission did, however, make a substantial contribution to the publication of the Parliament Rolls. A number of such rolls of Edward I and Edward II were discovered in the 1830's in the department of the king's remembrancer, and five of these⁴ were printed in 1835 and finally published in 1844 in a volume edited by Henry Cole entitled *Documents Illustrative of English History in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries*. In his preface Cole refers to a roll, or rather a number of rolls, of the parliament of 1305; these were edited in the Rolls Series by F. W. Maitland and published in 1893 under a long English title which is abbreviated on the half title to *Memoranda de Parlamento*, the name by which the volume is usually known.⁵

These volumes did not exhaust the Parliament Rolls in the Public Record Office which had not been available to the editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*. Three rolls, at present numbered 8, 17

¹ Nichols, *Illustrations of the Literary History of the Eighteenth Century*, V. 200; *Gentleman's Magazine*, XCV., pt. I. 468; Harris Nicolas, *Observations on the State of Historical Literature*, pp. 108-9; and see the Preface to the *Index* itself.

² For a summary account of the successive stages of the scheme, see *Observations on . . . the Parliamentary Writs*, pp. 25-38. See also the other publications cited above, p. xxiv, n. 5.

³ William Illingworth claimed to have recovered them when Deputy Keeper of the Records in the Tower, 1805-1819 (see his *Observations on the Public Records* (1831), p. 21): the same claim was advanced on behalf of the keeper, Samuel Lysons, seemingly by his nephew T. D. Hardy (*Deputy Keeper's Report*, XVII. 9).

⁴ Now classed as "Exchequer" Parliament Rolls, nos. 3, 4, 14, 21, 22.

⁵ For an analysis of the several rolls printed by Maitland, see *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 149-150; they have been sewn to make one single roll now classed as "Exchequer" Parliament Roll, no. 12.

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and 24 in the "Exchequer" series of Parliament Rolls,¹ and two rolls, now numbered 3 and 4 in the "Chancery" series, have not yet appeared in print. These two series (which in point of fact are not homogeneous) do not, however, include all surviving documents of a like character to themselves; a good many documents which may with equal propriety be termed Parliament Rolls are scattered among the two series of Parliament and Council Proceedings.

In collecting material for the present volume we have ignored the limitations of the official classification and have included documents drawn from any series which are in the nature of parliamentary enrolments, and some other documents as well which, although not preserved on any surviving roll, appear to have been prepared with a view to enrolment. We have, however, excluded original private petitions except where they supply information of importance supplementing that upon the roll. The memoranda of the Michaelmas parliament of 1283 cannot be fully understood without the relevant petitions: together, these documents provide evidence of great value for the procedure followed at the early parliaments of Edward I. We have therefore, in this instance, printed such petitions as we could identify. Again, we have employed the original petitions to reconstruct as far as possible a roll of petitions of the Candlemas parliament of 1327 which has otherwise survived only in an abbreviated transcript; this roll, reconstructed even imperfectly, is of importance in helping us to understand petitory procedure at a critical time when it was undergoing rapid changes. To have included, except in special cases, other unprinted private petitions presented at parliaments of the three Edwards would have meant expanding this volume into several and would have lengthened our task indefinitely. We have, however, endeavoured, in the case of every enrolled petition here printed, to give the reference to the original petition if it still survives.

Each document or group of documents in this volume has been prefaced by a note in which we have given the present official reference, the reasons for the date we ascribe where there is no contemporary inscription, and similar details which may be of

¹ "Exchequer" Parliament Roll, no. 23, was copied *in extenso* in the Vetus Codex, but a little was lost with a missing quire. Ryley printed the text of the Vetus Codex and the editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* took what Ryley gave. We print below (pp. 87-90) the missing portion.

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assistance to the reader. We have furnished a full index of subjects as well as of persons and places, and for this reason we need not include in the introduction any further account of the information of historical importance to be found in individual documents. Lastly, we have given as an appendix to this introduction a list of parliament rolls and analogous documents which have survived from the reigns of the first three Edwards, with references to the publications in which they may be found. We believe that this is likely to be useful to students who might otherwise be uncertain where to find those parliament rolls which were not published in the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*.

We had hoped to include in their proper place two membranes which apparently once formed part of the roll of Scottish petitions of the Autumn parliament of 1305, and which were calendared in part by Joseph Bain in 1888.¹ At that time they were among the Ancient Miscellanea of the queen's remembrancer in a box or bundle numbered 939. When, however, these Ancient Miscellanea were reclassified, these membranes, with other documents in the same bundle, seem to have been put aside, possibly to await repair, for they appear to have been in a bad state. Maitland seemingly was not aware of their existence, or presumably he would have mentioned, and probably printed, them in his *Memoranda de Parlamento*. Despite long search, they cannot now be traced, although some fortunate chance may at any time bring them to light.

Some words remain to be said. The preparation of the text of this volume would have been a heavier labour but for the kindness and help which on this, as on many another, occasion we have received at the Public Record Office. We discharge inadequately a debt, now many years old, in expressing our thanks in particular to Mr. R. L. Atkinson and Mr. J. R. Crompton, who have taken infinite pains on our behalf. From Dr. Hubert Hall we have had a greater measure of time and collaboration than either his office in the Society or a long-standing friendship would give us a right to expect.

¹ *Calendar of Documents Relating to Scotland*, IV. 374-6, nos. 1815-16. No. 1815(7) with its reference to a reply given in the last parliament, which must almost certainly be the Lenten parliament of 1305, seems to establish the date. The petitions calendared under no. 1818 were apparently not enrolled: they came from the same bundle.

PARLIAMENT ROLLS OF EDWARD I, EDWARD II AND EDWARD III

THIS list gives in chronological order all documents in the nature of Parliament Rolls which are known to have survived whether in original or transcript, together with a reference to the publications in which they may be found. Fuller particulars of the Exchequer and Chancery series of Parliament Rolls are given in the *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 146-52; IX 15-18.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Document.</i>	<i>Published.</i>
1279 Easter.	Parl. and Council Proc, Chanc, 1/13, mm 1, 2	<i>Below</i> , pp. 1-7.
1280 Easter.	Parl. and Council Proc, Chanc, 69/13	<i>Below</i> , pp 8-11
1283 Michaelmas.	Parl. and Council Proc, Chanc., 2/2, 3	<i>Below</i> , pp. 12-16.
1290 Hilary.	Exch. Parliament Roll 3.	Cole, <i>Documents illustrative of English History in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries</i> (Rec. Comm), pp 55-67.
1290 Easter.	Exch Parliament Roll 1, mm. 1-10.	<i>Rotuli Parliamentorum</i> , I. 15-44.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 2, mm. 1-7	<i>Rot Parl</i> , I. 46-65
1291 Epiphany	Exch Parliament Roll 4.	Cole, <i>Documents</i> , pp. 68-82.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 1, mm. 11, 12	<i>Rot Parl</i> , I 45, 66-69.
1292 Epiphany.	Exch Parliament Roll 5	<i>Rot Parl.</i> , I 70-90.
1293 Easter.	Exch. Parliament Roll 6.	<i>Rot. Parl</i> , I 91-110.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 7, m 8.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 125-6.
	Chanc. Miscellanea 13/1/16.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 26-9.

TABLE OF PARLIAMENT ROLLS

<i>Date.</i>	<i>Document</i>	<i>Published.</i>
1293 Michaelmas.	Exch. Parliament Roll 7, mm 1-7	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 110-24.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 8	<i>Below</i> , pp. 30-45.
1295 August.	Exch. Parliament Roll 9	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 127-31.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 10	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 132-42.
1298 Easter. }	Exch. Parliament Roll 11, m. 1.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 143.
1300 Lent. }		<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 143-4.
1301 Hilary. }		<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 145.
1302 Midsummer	Exch. Parliament Roll 11, mm. 2, 3	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 146-50.
1302 Michaelmas	Vetus Codex, fo. 119-121 ¹	Ryley, <i>Placita Parliamentaria</i> , pp. 292-9, whence <i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 150-3
1305 Lent.	Exch. Parliament Roll 12 (except mm. 11, 12).	<i>Memoranda de Parlamento</i> (Rolls Series), pp. 1-188, 232-314.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 13, m. 2.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 171-4.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Exch., 1/18.	<i>Memoranda de Parlamento</i> , pp. 314-20.
	Bibliothèque Nationale, MS. Lat. 9215 (Mont St. Michel no 7).	<i>Below</i> , pp. 47-54.
1305 Nativity B.V.M	Vetus Codex, fo. 118-19. ¹	<i>Placita Parliamentaria</i> , pp. 289-92, whence <i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 182-3.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 12, mm 11, 12.	<i>Memoranda de Parlamento</i> , pp. 188-232.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 13, m. 1.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 183-4.
	[Exch. Q.R. Ancient Miscellanea (Misc.) Bdle. 939] ²	<i>Cal. of Docts. relating to Scotland</i> , IV. 374-6.
1307 Hilary.	Vetus Codex, fo. 124-151. (Exch. Parliament Roll 15). ³	<i>Placita Parliamentaria</i> , pp. 300-385, whence <i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 184-215, 217-23. ⁴
	Exch. Parliament Roll 14.	Cole, <i>Documents</i> , pp. 129-38.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 16.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 216.
1312 Assumption.	Exch. Parliament Roll 17.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 56-9.
1315 Hilary.	Exch. Parliament Roll 18. (<i>vacated entries</i>)	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 288-333. <i>Below</i> , pp. 60-2.

¹ Where the Vetus Codex is cited, it will be understood that no corresponding roll is extant.

² See above p. xxviii.

³ This is a mere fragment of the roll transcribed in the Vetus Codex.

⁴ A better text of Vetus Codex, fo. 129b-132, is printed in *Parliamentary Writs*, I. 183-6.

TABLE OF PARLIAMENT ROLLS

<i>Date.</i>	<i>Document.</i>	<i>Published.</i>
1316 Hilary.	Exch. Parliament Roll 19. (<i>vacated entry</i>)	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 334-49. <i>Below</i> , p. 63.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 20, mm. 1-4.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 350-55.
1318 Michaelmas.	Exch. Parliament Roll 21	Cole, <i>Documents</i> , pp. 1-46.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Exch., Roll 20.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 66-8.
	Anc. Pet 9518, E. 459	<i>Below</i> , pp. 68-70.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Exch., 1/22, mm. 2, 3.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 70-80.
1319 Easter.	Exch. Parliament Roll 22.	Cole, <i>Documents</i> , pp. 47-54.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Chanc., 4/25.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 81-5.
1320 Michaelmas.	Parl. and Council Proc. Chanc., 43/20	<i>Below</i> , p. 87.
	Exch. Parliament Roll 23. (<i>omitted entry</i>)	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , I. 365-86.* <i>Below</i> , pp. 87-91.
1321 Midsummer.	Exch. Parliament Roll 24	<i>Below</i> , pp. 92-3.
1325 Midsummer.	Diplomatic Documents, Exch , 1582.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 95-8
1327 Epiphany- Candlemas.	Canterbury Dean and Chapter Register I, fo 416-18.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 106-10.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Chanc , 6/1.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 110-16.
	Chanc. Parliament Roll 1	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 7-12.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Chanc., Roll 11.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 116-26.
	Parl. and Council Proc , Chanc , Roll 1.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 126-41.
	Cotton MS. Titus E. I., fo 2-24.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 141-79.
1328 Easter.	Parl. and Council Proc , Chanc., 6/8.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 181-5.
1330 November (St. Catherine)	Chanc. Parliament Roll 2, mm. 7, 6, 5	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 52-60.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Exch., 2/16.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 186-215.
1331 Michaelmas	Chanc. Parliament Roll 2, m. 4.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 60-3.
1332 Lent	Chanc. Parliament Roll 2, m. 3.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 64-6.
1332 Nativity B.V.M.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 2, m. 2.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 66-7.
	Chanc. Parliament Roll 3.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 216-23.
1332 December (St. Nicholas)	Chanc. Parliament Roll 2, m. 1	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 67-8.
1333 Hilary.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 2, m. 1. Parl. and Council Proc., Chanc., 6/20.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 68-9. <i>Below</i> , pp. 224-30.

* Printed from transcript in Vetus Codex.

TABLE OF PARLIAMENT ROLLS

<i>Date.</i>	<i>Document</i>	<i>Published</i>
1334 Lent.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 4	<i>Below</i> , pp. 232-9
1336 Lent.	Parl. and Council Proc., Exch., Roll 88	<i>Below</i> , pp. 240-66
1339 Candlemas	Anc. Pet. 13584, 13587.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 268-72.
1339 Michaelmas	Chanc. Parliament Roll 5	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 103-6
1340 Hilary.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 6	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 107-11.
1340 Mid-Lent	Chanc. Parliament Roll 7.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 112-16.
1340 July (St. Thomas Martyr)	Chanc. Parliament Roll 8	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 117-25.
1341 Easter.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 9.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 126-34.
1343 Easter.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 10.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 135-45.
1344 Trinity.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 11.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 146-56.
1346 Nativity B.V.M.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 12.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 157-63.
1348 Hilary.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 13	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 164-74
1348 Mid-Lent.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 14.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 200-4.
1351 Candlemas	Chanc. Parliament Roll 15.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 225-35
1352 Hilary	Chanc. Parliament Roll 16 ¹	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 236-45.
1354 April (St. Mark)	Chanc. Parliament Roll 18.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 254-62.
1355 Martinmas.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 19	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 264-7.
1362 Michaelmas.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 20.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 268-73.
1363 Michaelmas.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 21.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 275-80
	Chanc. Parliament Roll 22.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 280-2.
1365 Hilary.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 23.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 283-8.
	Parl. and Council Proc., Chanc., 8/7.	<i>Below</i> , pp. 273-8
1366 May (Inven- tion of Holy Cross)	Chanc. Parliament Roll 24.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 289-93.
1368 1 May.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 25.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 294-8.
1369 Trinity.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 26.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 299-302
1371 Lent.	Chanc. Parliament Roll 27. (<i>vacated entries</i>)	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 303-8. <i>Below</i> , pp. 279-80.
1372 All Souls	Chanc. Parliament Roll 28.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 309-15.
1373 November (St. Edmund)	Chanc. Parliament Roll 29. (<i>vacated entry</i>)	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 316-20. <i>Below</i> , p. 281.
1376 April (St. George).	Chanc. Parliament Roll 30.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 321-60.
1377 Hilary	Chanc. Parliament Roll 31.	<i>Rot. Parl.</i> , II. 361-75.

¹ Chanc. Parliament Roll 17 contains the record of the proceedings at the great council which met on 23 September, 1353.

ROTULI PARLIAMENTORUM ANGLIE

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, EASTER 1279

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 1/13 mm. 1, 2

THESE memoranda of the Easter parliament 1279 have already been printed by Professor E. F. Jacob in the *Transactions of the Royal Historical Society*, Fourth Series, Vol. X, pp. 48-53. For convenience of reference we have, however, included the document in this volume, and the occasion has been taken to correct a certain number of readings. No petitions have come to light which we have been able to identify with any of the decisions here taken.

PARLEAMENTUM APUD WESTMONASTERIUM POST PASCHAM ANNO *m* 1
REGNI SUI SEPTIMO

[1] Rex de gracia speciali concessit hominibus de Duaco quod pannos quos habuerunt in Anglia vendere possint in instantibus nundinis Sancti Yuonis [et] Sancti Botolphi sine impedimento et pannos reducere ad partes suas si necesse fuerit et extunc sint de recta assisa.

[2] Item in eodem parleamento vnanimiter concordatum fuit quod omnes panni de partibus transmarinis sint de xxvj. vlnis in longitudine et sex quarteriis in latitudine inter listas secundum antiquam assisam, ita quod post nundinas Sancti Botolphi proximo futuras omnes panni inuenti qui non sint de eadem assisa occurrantur regi.

[3] Fiat inquisicio inter mercatores Alemannie et ciues Londoniarum an ipsi de Alemannia consueuerint dare muragium in ciuitate Londoniarum et an ipsi reparare debeant quandam portam etc.

[4] Hamo Hautayn associatur iusticiariis Kancie.

[5] Rex precepit quod iusticiarii itinerantes recipiant feodum suum.

[6] Nicholaus filius Martini habeat scutagium suum per testimonium Edmundi fratris regis.

[7] Rex ponit in respectum quatuor loquelas tangentes magistrum Milicie Templi in Anglia que sunt coram Radulfo de Hengham usque ad parleamentum sancti Michaelis.

[8] Rex perdonauit priori de Newportpaynell sectam pacis sue que ad ipsum pertinet pro morte Hugonis le Reue, vnde Isolda vxor eius ipsum priorem appellauit.

[9] Prior et conuentus Karliolensis attachiatus fuit ¹ ad respondendum regi quare cum, mortuo dudum Roberto Karliolensi episcopo, per quosdam concanonicos suos licenciam eligendi, prout moris est, petuissent et optinuissent, et iidem prior et conuentus Willelmum Eboracensem decanum, de quo certa nota fuit, eleccione sollempniter puplicata, elegissent, iidem prior et conuentus, ipso decano eleccioni predictae dissenciente, nulla licencia petita nec optenta, alium in episcopum elegerunt, in predicti domini regis et corone preiudicium et grauamen et ad dampnum regis sexaginta millia librarum: et quare cum, per Iohannem de Vallibus et Thomam de Satington' iusticiarios domini regis, ex parte regis eisdem priori et conuentui inhibitu fuisset ne irrequisito rege reeligerent, iidem nichilominus in contemptum regis reelegerunt, ad dampnum regis quadraginta ² millia librarum, ut dicitur. Et prior venit et dicit quod ipse et conuentus suus non intellexerunt contemptum nec preiudicium regis fecisse, ex quo primo licenciam habuerunt et electus suus eleccioni dissensit per quod res integra fuit vt credunt, set si contemptum interfuit subponunt se voluntati regis etc.

¹ Sic.

² MS. "quatraginta".

[10] Mandetur iusticiariis ad custodiam Iudeorum assignatis quod terram de Kelling', quam Abraham Iudeus Norwici tenuit ad terminum de Iacobo de Ylketeshal', committant Thome de Weland' per rationabilem valorem.

[11] De recordo Iohannis de Insula altercatum fuit coram consilio regis. Et quia alias tractatum fuit coram eodem consilio ¹ et iudicialiter actum, nec error set verus processus inuentus est et rite processum fuit, ideo stet iudicium etc.

[12] Inquiratur de dampnis que abbas de Quarera sustinuit per Adam de Stratton' et reddantur eidem dampna.

[13] Rex remisit Galfrido Molend' sectam pacis sue que ad ipsum pertinuit ² pro morte Iohannis de Estwod' quem pro latrocinio interfecit, sicut per Iohannem de Louetoft et socios suos comperturn est. Habeat cartam si velit.

[14] Rex concessit abbati de Quarera quod recordum et processum loquele que fuit coram rege inter ipsum et Adam de Stratton', et eciam transcriptum carte comitis Albe Marle quam idem Adam fregit, consignari faciat sub sigillo suo.

[15] Rex commisit negocium de Seylandia et aliorum Anglie Rogero de Mortuo Mari, Iohanni de Louetoft, Nicholao de Stapelton' et magistro Henrico de Newerk' ad audiendum et terminandum.

[16] Radulfus de Hengham et socii sui audiant querelas contra Eliam de Hauuille et terminent.

[17] Abbatisa de Fonte Evroic' ³ et illi ordinis de Chartousia habeant feodum suum singulis annis in scaccario, et scribatur in rotulo cancellarie quod fiant littere singulis terminis eisdem de precepto regis.

[18] Item iusticiarii de banco regis et alii de banco et iusticiarii ad custodiam Iudeorum ⁴ habeant feodum suum per breuia regis de mercatoribus regis, et inrotuletur similiter in cancellaria.

¹ MS. "consilo".

² MS. "pertinut".

³ *Sic*: a confusion with Evreux (*Ebroice*). There is a marginal note:—
"Abbatissa Fontis Evr[aldi] et illi de Chartusia."

⁴ MS. "iudorum".

[19] Liberentur ¹ inquisitiones perambulacionis Iohanni de Kirkeby et ponantur in opere et fiat remedium etc.

[20] Homines ² regis Burdegale et de Regula habeant terminum usque ad parleamentum sancti Michaelis morandi cum vinis suis, non obstante petitione Londoniensium quod non morentur vltra xij. septimanas, quia rex vacare non potest petitioni sue de carta inde ³ eis facienda.

[21] Et ⁴ muragium quam ⁵ Londonienses petunt de vinis ab eis, capiat dilacionem per biennium.

[22] Iusticiarii de banco audiant et terminent presentaciones factas in itinere Hertford' contra Willelmum de Barentyn et cesset vtilagaria et ponatur in ballium usque aduentum regis. Thomas de Chelcote' ponatur per pleuinam usque ad parleamentum sancti Michaelis.

[23] Die Iouis post festum sancti Marci euangeliste⁶ frater Iohannes de Derlinton' de ordine predicatorum, electus Dublinensis, in presencia magistri Ardicionis nuncii sedis apostolice, fecit fidelitatem regi Edwardo et heredibus suis regibus Anglie pro temporalibus Dublinensis archiepiscopatus in hec verba :—Ego frater Iohannes de Derlinton' ordinis predicatorum de quo dominus papa prouidit ecclesie Dublinensi iuro in scriptis sacrosanctis euangelis quod ego domino Edwardo regi Anglie et heredibus suis regibus Anglie portabo bonam fidem de vita et membris et terreno honore contra omnes gentes, et quod fideliter faciam seruicium debitum et consuetum de temporalibus dicti archiepiscopatus.

Et dictus rex, quia personaliter venit et fecit fidelitatem, ut predictum est, reddidit ei ⁷ temporalia dicti ⁷ archiepiscopatus, prout moris est et fieri consuevit, et precepit quod haberet super hoc breuia.

¹ Against this entry is the marginal note :—" perambulacio ".

² Against this entry is the marginal note :—" fiat breve ".

³ " habenda " struck through.

⁴ Against this entry is the marginal note :—" fiat breue ".

⁵ *Sic.* ⁶ 27 April, 1279.

⁷ These two words supplied from version of the oath printed by Prynne, *Records*, III. 226.

[24] Rex¹ perdonauit regi Scocie c. marcas in quibus fuerat amerciatuſ per iuſticiarios itineranteſ ultimo in comitatu Midelſexie pro quodam homine interfecto apud Staneſ et ſepulto ſine viſu coronatoris.

[25] Radulfuſ de Hengham et ſocii ſui audiant recordum inter Iohannem de Bruſ et Leticiam de Teyden et exhibeant iuſticiam.

[26] Decanuſ et capituluſ Eboraceneſ et abbaſ Eboraceniſ et maior et ciueſ Eboraci habent diem a die ſancti Michaeliſ in xv. dieſ.

[27] Conceſſum eſt per conſiliuſ regis, poſt receſſum regis uerſuſ mare, quod ſi epiſcopuſ Dunolmenſiſ, qui habet diem ad proximuſ parleamentuſ, ſcilicet ſancti Michaeliſ, quod ſi arduiſ negociiſ prepedituſ ibidem venire non poſſit, quod mittat fideleſ ſuoſ ad regem et audiantur.

[28] Treuge² conceſſe ſunt inter regem Anglie et comitem Hoylandie et ſuoſ vſque ad Natale Domini proximo futurum, ita quod de die in diem fiat ſatisfactio hinc et inde citra finem parleamenti ſancti Michaeliſ, et exhibeant nuncii comitiſ ſufficiens procuratoriuſ. Et ſummoneantur omneſ mercatoreſ Anglie qui amiſerunt bona quod veniant [in] parleamento oſtenuſ id quod amiſerunt, et tunc fiat ſatisfactio ſicut in alio rotulo parleamenti predicti continetur.³

Adhuc de parleamento Paſche anno regni regis ſeptimo

[29] Mandetur vicecomitiſ per totuſ regnuſ quod clamari^{m. 2} faciant in comitatibuſ,⁴ burgiſ, villiſ et per comitatuſ ſuoſ quod omneſ illi qui dampna receperunt per homineſ comitiſ Holandie veniant coram vicecomitiſ, maioribuſ, balliuiſ et aliis probiſ hominibuſ ciuitatuſ, burgoruſ et villaruſ et probent ibidem

¹ Againſt thiſ entry iſ the marginal note: "perdonacio".

² Againſt thiſ entry iſ the marginal note: "Selandia".

³ The doſe haſ the following inſcriptionſ in a contemporary hand:—"parleamentuſ paſche anno regni regis ſeptimo"; "parleamentuſ paſche anno vij°": alſo in modern hand:—"Anno 7 E.I. De mercatoribuſ Flandrie Panniſ et parlamento apud Weſtmonaſteriuſ".

⁴ Recte ciuitatibuſ.

legitime dampna sua que receperunt per homines predictos. Et vicecomites rotulos dampnorum illorum, sub sigillis suis et sigillis maiorum et aliorum, remittant consilio regis a die sancti Michaelis in tres septimanas. Et eis scire faciant quod tunc sint ibidem satisfaccionem recepturi. Ita quod si tunc non veniant extunc non audiantur. Et homines illi exprimant nomina malefactorum suorum et in rotulis illis inserantur et loca vbi depredati fuerunt, si sciant, et alias certitudines. Et fiant probaciones in hac forma, scilicet, quod depredatus uel dampnificatus iuret dampna sua tactis sacrosanctis et per duos uel tres nichilominus probet.

Similiter mandetur illis de Quinque Portubus. Et similiter mandetur iusticiario Hibernie quod istud negocium exequi faciat per terram Hibernie in forma predicta. Et rotulos huiusmodi remittat regi ad prefatum terminum. Et scire faciat illis qui dampna receperunt per homines predictos quod tunc sint ibi recepturi dampna sua si velint, et si tunc non venerint extunc non audiantur.

[30] Mandatur Thome de Normanuilla quod cum dominus rex nuper suscepit in saluum et securum conductum suum omnes mercatores comitis Hoylandie in veniendo in Angliam cum bonis suis et mercandisiis, ibidem morando, et inde redeundo, et litteras nostras¹ patentes eis inde fecerit duraturas usque ad festum sancti Michaelis anno regni sui septimo, quidam homines ville² de Lenn' quedam bona hominum predictorum arestarunt contra tenorem littere de conductu, quod inquirat si illa arestacio facta fuit post datam conductus et, si ita inuenerit, tunc si sit factum singulare aliquorum sine assensu communitatis, tunc personas illas arestari et saluo custodiri faciat donec etc., et transgressionem illam hominibus illis emendare faciat.

[31] Similiter contemptum balliuorum de Len' qui non venerunt ad mandatum regis puniat.

[32] Dies datus est Iohanni Giffard et Matillidi vxori eius petentibus et Reso Vaghan tenenti de terra de Lanedeueri a die sancti Michaelis in xv. dies eo quod predicti Iohannes et Matillis vocant recordum regis ad warantum quod predictus Resus est in seisina.

[33] Dies ille datus est prefatis Iohanni, Matillidi et Reso de terra de commot Perevayth'.

¹ *Sic.*

² "prediete" struck through.

[34] Willelmus de Reynham habeat respectum de armis militari-
bus capiendis, ad instanciam regine matris, usque ad septennium.

[35] Rex respondebit mercatoribus de Duaco de debito quod
petunt ab eo de debitis patris sui in parleamento sancti Michaelis.

[36] Iidem mercatores habeant respectum de muragio usque ad
parleamentum predictum, et siquid captum est restituatur.

[37] Totum negocium inter Isabellam de Mortuo Mari et Leweli-
num principem Wallie de transgressione bosci Albi Monasterii
commisum est Waltero de Hopton'.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, EASTER 1280

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 69/13

A single membrane with a schedule attached. This record does not appear to be entered on any other roll.

CORAM DOMINO REGE ET CONSILIO SUO IN PARLIAMENTO SUO PASCHE
ANNO REGNI SUI VIII.

Mandatum fuit nuper Iohanni archiepiscopo Cantuariensi per breue regis in hec verba: Edwardus dei gracia rex Anglie etc.

[Mandatum ¹ fuit nuper Iohanni archiepiscopo Cantuariensi quod cum ipse fecisset excommunicari Hugonem de Dyneton' ballium domini regis de Suthwerk' et excommunicacionem denunciari publice in ecclesiis de Suthwerk' et similiter per ciuitatem Londoniarum occasione quorundam attachiamentorum factorum in balliua sua et quorundam aliorum que ad officium suum pertinuerunt tanquam temporalia ad coronam et dignitatem domini regis spectancia, predictam sentenciam latam et predictam denunciacionem factam in preiudicium domini regis et corone sue manifestum sine dilacione reuocare faceret etc.]

Et predictus archiepiscopus venit et dicit quod cum ipse et predecessores sui habuerint quasdam libertates per totum feodum suum in Suthwerk' per reges Anglie sibi et predecessoribus suis et ecclesie sue Cantuariensi concessas,² predictus Hugo Alanum Panyt ballium ipsius archiepiscopi predictarum libertatum die Veneris proxima ante Dominicam in Ramis Palmarum hoc anno ³ iniuste cepit et prisone domini regis in custodia ipsius Hugonis existenti liberauit vbi predictum Alanum in cippis positum per vnam noctem detinuit. Et quod cum balliui archiepiscopi de predictis libertatibus tempore suo et predecessorum suorum semper consueuerint portare quandam

¹ This paragraph has been struck through.

² *Sic.*

³ 12 April, 1280.

virgam in signum balliue sue et officii sui in Suthwerk', predictus Hugo pluries de manibus ipsius Alani virgas quas portauit abstulit et fregit nec ipsum huiusmodi virgam portare permisit. Et similiter cum ipse archiepiscopus et predecessores sui habuerint correcciones de assisa fracta panis facti infra libertatem suam predictam, predictus Hugo quandam mulierem portantem panem quem emerat a quodam pistore tenente ipsius archiepiscopi in regia strata attachi-
auit et panem illum ponderari et assaiari fecit in preiudicium ipsius archiepiscopi et ecclesie sue predictae et lesionem libertatum suarum predictarum etc. Et bene defendit quod ipse prefatum Hugonem nunquam excommunicauit nec excommunicari precepit set bene cognoscit quod ipse mandauit officiali suo episcopatus Wintoniensis, sede vacante, quod ipse denunciaret in genere excommunicatos omnes illos qui maliciose ecclesiam suam Cantuariensem iure suo priuauerint et qui libertates eiusdem ecclesie quocunque arte vel ingenio violauerint uel infregerint. Et quod predictus officialis, facta predicta denunciacione, fecit quandam inquisitionem per quam accepit quod predictus Hugo fecerat predictas transgressiones in preiudicium et lesionem predictarum libertatum suarum et ecclesie sue etc., pro quo facto notorio, sicut predictum est, predictus officialis ipsum Hugonem denunciari fecit excommunicatum.

Et predictus Hugo venit et bene defendit quod ipse nunquam predictam ecclesiam iure suo in aliquo priuauit nec libertates eiusdem violauit nec predictum Alanum iniuste inprisonauit, sicut ei inponitur, set dicit quod cum quidam Andreas le Especer et vxor eius ei conquesti fuissent tanquam balliuo domini regis quod predictus Alanus predictos Andream et vxorem eius verberasset et maletractasset contra pacem etc. infra balliuam suam, et affidassent de clamore suo proseguendo loco plegiorum quia pauperes fuerunt, idem Hugo arestari fecit predictum Alanum infra balliuam suam quousque inuenisset ei plegios ad respondendum predictis Andree et vxori eius, et quamcito optulerat ei plegios in crastino ipsum deliberauit, et quod ipsum Alanum in cippis non posuit nec poni precepit ponit se super patriam. Et predictus Alanus, qui presens est et de predicto inprisonamento queritur, asserens se predictos plegios optulisse statim quando arestatus fuit quos predictus Hugo recepere¹ recusauit, similiter.

Et quo ad querimoniam predicti archiepiscopi de predicta virga portanda, dicit pro rege quod balliui predecessorum ipsius archi-

¹Sic.

episcopi de predicta libertate nunquam consueuerunt portare huiusmodi virgam nisi tantummodo die quo summonuerunt tenentes archiepiscopi ad curiam suam et die quo curia illa teneri consuevit, et quod predictus Alanus iam de nouo incepit portare virgam singulis diebus tam in strata regia infra balliuam predicti Hugonis quam infra libertatem domini sui archiepiscopi in preiudicium domini regis et officii ipsius Hugonis, et bene cognoscit quod, quando predictus Alanus portauit predictam virgam aliter quam fieri consuevit, ipsam de manibus ipsius Alani abstulit nec ipsum hoc facere permisit.

Et archiepiscopus dicit quod balliui predecessorum suorum a tempore cuius non exstat memoria semper consueuerunt portare virgam singulis diebus quocienscumque facerent officium suum etc., et de hoc ponit se super patriam.

Et quo ad attachiamentum de predicto pane, dicit idem Hugo quod ipse attachiauit panem predictum expositum vendicioni in quadam shoppa infra balliuam ipsius Hugonis vt illum qui factus fuit minoris ponderis et contra assisam, sicut coram eo satis conuictum fuit. Et cum predicta mulier vocasset inde ad warantum predictum pistorem tenentem ipsius archiepiscopi, et predictus balliuus archiepiscopi petisset de eo curiam domini sui, concessa fuit ei inde curia sua vt ibi fieret iusticia etc. Et quod ipse non attachiauit predictum panem in predicta strata portatum, immo in predicta shoppa, sicut predictum est, ponit se super patriam. Et archiepiscopus similiter. Ideo fiat inde iurata.

Iuratores dicunt quod predictus Andreas et vxor eius conquesti fuerunt predicto Hugoni de predicto transgressione sibi facta per predictum Alanum et affiderunt de clamore suo coram eo proseguendo, ita quod predictus Hugo predictum Alanum arestauit et cum amici sui statim petuissent eum per pleuinam, predictus Hugo nichilominus ipsum predictę prisone liberauit et in cippis poni fecit per vnam noctem et in crastino mane ipsum deliberauit. Et ideo consideratum est quod satisfaciat predicto Alano etc. Et committatur gaole etc.

Et quo ad querelam predicti archiepiscopi de virga portanda, iidem iuratores dicunt quod balliui de predicta libertate nunquam consueuerunt portare virgam nisi tantum die summonicionis predictę curie et die eiusdem curie et non aliis diebus sicut predictus archiepiscopus dicit. Ideo consideratum est quod balliui archiepiscopi ita decetero faciant et non aliter.

Et quo ad attachiamentum factum de predicto pane iidem iuratores dicunt quod predictus Hugo fecit predictum attachiamentum in predicta shoppa eodem modo quo ipse cognoscit. Ideo inde quietus.

Et ¹ predictus archiepiscopus, quesitus si predictam denunciacionem reuocauerit vel reuocare voluerit, respondit quod intellexit non ² causam predictae denunciacionis,³ ob quam ipsa promulgata fuit, minus fuisse notoriam. Ex nunc eam reuocat et deaduocat, et concessit quod eam solempniter reuocari faciet per omnes ecclesias quibus denunciatio illa facta fuerat. Et dictus rex remittit ei totum etc.

¹ This paragraph *in cedula*.

² *Sic*.

³ "minus fuisse notoriam" struck through.

PARLIAMENT AT ACTON BURNEL, MICHAELMAS 1283

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 2/2, 3

Two sheets of memoranda have survived from this parliament, but we have, besides, a slip containing further memoranda, upwards of twenty petitions, and a writ endorsed with the decision taken in the case to which it refers. With the exception of the two sheets of memoranda and a few of the petitions, these documents were still together in a separate bundle when they were copied for Sir Francis Palgrave in the twenties of last century. These copies are to be found in volume 92 of the First Series of Record Commission Transcripts, where they are dated 7 or 11 Edward I, although upon what evidence does not appear. The reference to John de Colombières (nos. 16, 35) is alone sufficient to establish the relation of the two sheets of memoranda, the second of which is not dated, and there is, besides, complete correspondence between the memoranda and the petitions copied for Palgrave.

The memoranda have been printed by the present editors in the *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, vol. VI, pp. 154-5: but it will be convenient to have these documents reproduced with the subsidiary documents, especially since the significance of either can only be fully appreciated when they are studied side by side. We have taken the occasion to correct some readings.

P.C.P.
Chanc. 2/2

RESPONSIONES AD PETICIONES APUD ACTON' BURNEL' IN PARLEAMENTO POST FESTUM MICHAELIS ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI VNDECIMO ET QUEDAM ALIA NEGOCIA IBIDEM EXPEDITA ET PRECEPTA

[1] Preceptum est quod aliquis assignetur ex parte regis et aliquis ex parte executorum domini Patricii de Chawrch' ad supervidendum et appreciandum bona et catalla ipsius Patricii iuxta verum valorem et ad inquirendum ad quorum manus.

[2] Preceptum escaetori citra Trentam quod restituat Eymerico Peche seisinam manerii de Steple in Essexia quod Hugo filius Otonis de eo tenuit.¹

[3] Associetur Ricardus de Boyland' Iohanni de Vallibus, loco Roberti Baingnard', ad attinctam capiendam quam Prior de Baynham arramiauit versus Willelmum de Pakenham.

[4] Memorandum de cccxxxj. libris de tribus terminis, videlicet de termino sancti Michaelis anno regis x., et de Pascha anno xj., et² termino sancti Michaelis anno xj., de feodo constabularii Douor' et stipendio seruientum et capellanorum etc.

[5] Sciatur a domino rege si velit quod Radulfus de Hengham adeat Londonias cum placitis regis.

[6] Loquatur³ cum rege de debitis Philippi de Stanburn' et Hugonis Bontyng' installandis scilicet de cc. marcis.

[7] Datur dies Wygornensi episcopo et abbati Westmonasterii vsque ad festum sancti Andree coram rege.

[8] Homines de Staunford' de assisa pannorum habeant diem vsque a die sancti Michaelis anno regni regis xij. in vnum mensem et interim faciant pannos iuxta assisam suam pristinam. Et habeant breue patens.

[9] De quodam burgagio dando priori et conuentui Bathonien-si.

[10] De negocio abbatis sancti Augustini Cantuariensis.

[11] De petitione domini Wygornensis episcopi super licencia habenda feoffandi capitulum Eboracense de manerio de Burleye, videtur iusticiariis quod tollerabile est, si regi placuerit.

[12] Terre⁴ Isabelle que fuit vxor Philippi Burnel', capte in

¹ A.P. 6741.

² Sic.

³ This word struck through: in the margin is the note: "nichil".

⁴ There is a marginal note: "Cestr', Leyc' et Northt'".

manum regis propter transgressionem ipsius, remaneant in manu regis vsque ad parleamentum post Pascham. Et veniat tunc coram rege et rex dicat voluntatem suam etc.

[13] Memorandum de xx. libris de firma concessa Iohanni de Britannia in comitatu Lincolnie ad voluntatem regis: veniat Nicholaus de Stapelton' apud Westmonasterium et ostendat cancellario et consilio de hoc quod vicecomes non permittit eum habere balliuam de qua firma leuatur iuxta voluntatem regis. Et mandetur vicecomiti quod veniat etc.

[14] De debitis domini Hugonis Louel atterminandis.

[15] De ¹ debitis domini Willelmi Martini, scilicet c. li'—l. marce per annum.²

[16] De ¹ debitis domini Iohannis de Columbariis, scilicet iiii^{xx} li'—xx. li' per annum.

[17] De prorogacione contencionis inter dominum Willelmum de Valencia et comitem Herefordie.

[18] De attincta pro comite Cornubie contra Iohannem de Hasting'.

[19] De manerio de Norton' tradendo comiti Warrwici. Escaetori quod inquirat de valore et remittat.

[20] De misericordiis perdonatis priori de Derhurst ad instanciam abbatis sancti Dyonisii in Francia.

P.C.P. [21] Negocium domini comitis Cornubie committitur Waltero de
Chanc. 2/3 Amodesham.

[22] Negocium Hugonis de Plessetis committitur Willelmo de Hamelton'.

[23] Mulier qui sequitur pro capellano imprisonato apud Notingham adeat Nicholao de Stapelton', quia preceptum est ei quod deliberat eum.

¹ Against this entry is the marginal note: "Fiat". ² A.P. 6277.

[24] De Thoma de Tiltey' mittendo apud Cestriam et cartis querendis.

[25] De vxoribus Thome de Withinton' et Willelmi Coci: fac[iant] recogn[iciones].

[26] De fratre domini Roberti de Mortemer.

[27] De domino Rogero de Buterleg'.

[28] De arreragiis pensionum illorum de curia.

[29] De negocio domini Radulfi de Hengham et archiepiscopi Eboracensis.

[30] De negocio domini Norwicensis episcopi de seruicio regis.

[31] De negocio domini Salomonis de Roffa.

[32] Peticiones infrascriptorum mittuntur Hugoni de Kendale *Dorse* expediende, videlicet :—peticio Rogeri Tyril¹; peticio communitatis Bristollie²; peticio magistri Thome de Berkle³; peticio Hugonis de Beaumis; hominum de Brideport⁴; Ade Wyndel et sociorum suorum⁵; item Hugonis de Beaumis; Alani de Tyngeston'; Iohannis de Ingham; Nicholai de Audithel'⁶; Prioris de Hextildesham⁷; Henrici Fiket⁸; magistri R. de Pagham; Iohannis le Creper'⁹; fratrum de Carmelo; negocium de Hauerford'; Edmundi de Eyncurt; Willelmi de Geytinton'; Iohannis Crispi¹⁰; Iohanne vxoris quondam Rogeri de Pridlington'¹¹; Iohannis filii Walteri de Montgomery¹²; Willelmi de Albiniaco.

[33] H. de Hamelton':—Peticiones mulieris de Hibernia,¹³ magistri W. de Farnham, domini Nicholai . . .

[34] Hawisia Tonere habeat breue de ingressu.¹⁴

¹ A.P. 13528.

⁴ A.P. 4416, 4417.

⁷ A.P. 5789.

¹⁰ A.P. 4422.

¹³ A.P. 4418.

³ A.P. 4412, 4413.

⁵ A.P. 7432.

⁸ A.P. 5560.

¹¹ Chanc. Misc. 14/4/27.

¹⁴ A.P. 7186.

³ A.P. 4522.

⁶ A.P. 4427.

⁹ A.P. 4901.

¹² A.P. 6279.

[35] Iohannes de Columbariis xx. li' per annum.

[36] Thomas de Thorneye et alius de Karleton' detenti apud Eylesburiam deliberentur per iustic[iarios].¹

[37] Hawisia Wake.

[38] Abbas de Hagham habeat licenciam includendi iiij. acras prati.²

[39] Villa Sallopesbirie. . . . Habeat pauagium ad triennium.³

[40] Abbatisa de Lacoce quod possit terram etc.

Sex ⁴ equi Iohannis de Carleton' et sociorum suorum atachiati sunt et hernesia sua.

Plegius cuiuslibet alterius :

Walterus filius Walteri de Faucunberge.

Thomas Maunsel.

Symon de Kancia.

Garciones.

Rogerus de Kyrkeby.

Thomas de Wyresdal'.

Rogerus de Cotingham.

De combustione bercarie Henrici Borrey.

Memorandum ⁵ de negociis burgensium Salopesbirie videlicet de cartis libertatum suarum confirmandis.

Et de pauagio concedendo ulterius per dominum regem.

Et de tholoneo molendinorum patrie.

¹ A.P. 7187.

² A.P. 5782.

³ A.P. 6991A.

⁴ The following entries, which we have not numbered, are from a separate slip of parchment, A.P. 6991B. It is no. 85 in the volume of Record Commission transcripts.

⁵ Cf. no. 39 above and A.P. 6991A below, p. 25.

SUBSIDIARY DOCUMENTS.

[2] ¹ Supplicat ² domino regi Emericus Pecche, qui languidus est, quod precipere dignetur quod escaetor reddat ei seisinam manerii de Stepel, cuius custodia ad ipsum pertinet eo quod Hugo filius Ottonis diem clausit extremum et predictum manerium tenuit de predicto Emerico per seruicium militare, quod eum feoffauit et idem Emericus tenit ³ predictum manerium de domino rege in capete.³

[Dorse] Restituatur quia nichil tenu[it] de rege in capite.

[15] Dominus ⁴ Willelmus Martyn petit breue domini regis thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario ad stallandum debita sua que debet domino regi, ad soluendum per annum decem libras.

Soluat ⁵ per annum l. marcas ad duos.

[32A] Rogere ⁶ Tyrel se pleint de sire Thomas de seynt Vygre, de Willame de Fauelor e de sire Iohan de seynt Lowe, viscounte de Somers', de ce ke le vaunt dit Thomas de seynt Vyg[re], en countre lusage du reaume de Engleterre, luy demande au counte de Somers' devaunt Willame de Fauelor, donk souz viscounte par le rey, cent mars au noun du vne pe[cherie] recouery par iugement du counte par le meyntenement le vaunt dist Willame ke il a . . . t . . . poet auer la parole par la fynete ke est entre eus, de ce kil sunt freres iures . . . surceo fyst par le vaunt dist Thomas. Pur le queu tort il porta vn bref de faus iugement e troua la surete al vaunt dist Willame assywere sa pleinte, e il son bref defila a graunt damage de luy e a graunt despyt au rey, e fist prendre ces auers e ces autres pur parfourmir le iugement, par quey il porta bref nostre seigneur le rey a repleuyr ces auers e ces chateus e il ren nen fyst pur le kommandement nostre seigneur le rey. Et il porta vne austre plus treuchautes e il ren nen fist, dount il an ost graunt damage. Pus demora le vaunt dist sire Iohan de seynt Lowe viscounte e pryst touz ces bens, mubles e nent mubles, e rent e seruyce de sa iente, e parc e pasture e molin, e liuera al vaunt Thomas au pris par le preysement la ient le vaunt dist Thomas, ke le preycerunt a demy value.

¹ The numbers are those given to the paragraphs in the foregoing memoranda.

² A.P. 6741 : R.C.T. 88.

³ Sic.

⁴ A.P. 6277 : R.C.T. 46.

⁵ Reply entered on recto.

⁶ A.P. 13528.

Par queu il porta le bref a repleuir ces chateus e pur autre, e il pur nul ren nen fyst, e pus purchessa il vn bref fourme de grace ke le viscounte delyuerat ces auers e ces chateus iekes le play de faus iugement fust trye devaunt iustices de baunk, e affere venir le vaunt dist Thomas a certeyn iour a baunk a respoudre a sa pleynte e retourner le bref auant le iour, e il ren de ce nan fyst mes lesa au despyt du rey e a sun graunte damage, dount il pryte nostre seignur le rey remedie par charite.

[Dorse]. Mittatur processus coram rege et ibidem veniant partes.

[32b] Cum ¹ statum mercatorum nullus tam comode tam honeste regere sciat quam ipsi qui mercandis assidue intendunt et ipsis tantummodo viuunt, communitas Bristollie supplicat domino regi quod si villam suam predictam tradere velit cuiquam ad firmam, eis concedat eandem, cum parati sint tantum dare quantum aliquis extraneus. Quia firmarius extraneus ipsam non peteret nisi causa lucri ad opus proprium, quod esset ad graue dampnum communitatis. Et communitas eam petit ad firmam non causa lucri sed vt seipsos et quoscumque alios ibidem venientes secundum legem mercatoriam conseruent indemnes.

[Dorse]. Rex non committet villam ad firmam ipsis uel aliis.

[32c] Cum ² dominus noster rex esset Bristollie in festo Pasche anno regni sui viij⁰, maior et communitas supplicabant deuote rogando quod statum eorum respiceret qui per diuersas fatigationes iusticiariorum, vicecomitum et balliuorum multum fuit deterioratus propter defectum confirmacionis libertatum suarum, quas optinuerunt ex donacione et confirmacione domini Henrici regis patris domini regis nunc et aliorum progenitorum suorum, petentes quod dominus rex confirmaret cartas eorum de libertatibus eorumdem. Et dominus rex promisit eis quod hoc faceret cum primis libertatibus confirmandis. Supplicant vobis, domine cancellarie, quod consilium vestrum adhibeatis quid agendum fuerit in premissis ex parte communitatis predictae.

Rex ³ respondebit in proximo parleamento.

[32d] Ceo ⁴ mustre Thomas de Ber[keley] a nostre seignur le rey e a son counseyle ke le pere le counte de Gloucestre e cescy counte

¹ A.P. 4412: R.C.T. 12.

³ Reply entered on recto.

² A.P. 4413: R.C.T. 84.

⁴ A.P. 4522.

vnt sustret seuters e plusurs deseynis ke apendint a hundres memis cescy Thomas e assise freynte de payn e de seruise e kaunt ke apent a franc hundres, ke memes celi Thomas e ces auncestres vnt tenue et tenent forpris la toute.¹ De cele chose porta le rey vn quoarento ¹ a procheyn heyre de Somersete sus le counte, e vint le counte pur ceo ke vit ke il ne aueyt nul garraunt e rendi en la meyn le rey ausiben ceo ke fust a sire Thomas e ces auncestres com la chose ke fust au rey. Pus graunta le rey vn bref de enqueste la meme cely Thomas pur sauer queus chocis furint seuns e queus autriys. Dunt le enqueste est seyns retornee fete par le comaundement le rey. Dunt meme celi Thomas prie la grace nostre seynur le rey e remedie solum enqueste prise.

[Dorse]. Responsum est in alia petitione.

[32e] Le ² genx de Brydeport ke tenent la vile de Brydeport a ferme de nostre seynur le rey pur xxiiij. marcs, dunt il paent xx. marcs par an a sire Richard de Boys pur la garde del chastel de Corf e les iiij. marcs auant al eschekere par lur meyn, sunt taunt destreynt e oppres par abbes e priours e autres riches homs del pays, ke il ne porunt mye lur custumes leuer ne les fraunchys meyntenir ke a lur ferme apent pur les graunz torz ke len [lur] fet, saunz eyde e ados de la curt le rey. Et pur ce ke teu manere de greuaunces porun[t turn]er a la desheritesun le rey, pryent il ke sire Richard de Boys ky garde le chastel de Corf puse garder la vile de Brydeport ensement o le chastel taunt come il plera a noster seynur le rey e paer auant les iiij. marcs al eschekere.

[Dorse]. Habeat Ricardus de Bosco xx. marcas pro custodia et residuas iiij. marcas soluat ad scaccarium.

[32f] A ³ nostre seynur le rey se pleinent sa gent de Brideport, e ceo de graunt tort fet a nostre seynur le Rey e a sa gent de Brideport⁴ ke si nostre seynur le rey ne en prent cure auant li quarter de cest an passe si crirunt il pleinement destrut, nomement de part le abbe de Cerne e od son poer. Cest asauer la ou la gent de Brideport vindrent a hauene le rey la ou wrec iuint, cest asauer treis fuz de vne neif, le queus fuz furent mis en pris par le viconte de Dorsete al eus le rey en deus souz. Tost apres grauntment de wrec iuint en le auant dite hafene, le queil wrec le baillifs le abbe

¹ Sic.

² A.P. 4416: R.C.T. 14.

³ A.P. 4417: R.C.T. 11.

⁴ Tear in MS.: four or five words gone.

de Cerne od lur poer celirent au rei e a la gent de Brideport, e ceo a la montaunce de deus charees e menerent a la curt le abbe. Apres ceo le abbe de Cerne en pleda la gent de Brideport del wrec ke il sauuerent al eus le rey, e purchaca e procura vn enqueste e son pais, la queile enqueste passa en cuntre le rey e la gent de Brideport. E ke la ou le wrec ne fust mis fors en pris de deus soud par [le viconte], si dist lenqueste adamager le abbe de dis liure de wrec e ceo dona le abbe a clers. Dunt prient nostre seigneur le rey la gent de Brideport le remedie e consail lur doinne coment dis liures e a son wrec sauuer en frunt sa franchise, ou le abbe le wrec tedra¹ e la gent de Brideport pleinement destrurra.²

[32g] *Norff'*.—Adam³ Windel de Magna Gernemuta, Willelmus filius Willelmi de eadem, Oluerus de la More de eadem, Stephanus de Beston', Walterus Broun, Nicholaus Cok, Thomas Fille, Godefridus Papa, Milo de Hegham, Thomas de Karlill', Thomas Blake-man, petunt breue versus Iohannem filium Rgenild',⁴ Herdinum Histecorn de Bekeny, Hase Loker, Hane Herbern, abbatem sancti Michaelis in Norwea, Loren Leppe, Willelmum de Torgh, Gutthurn Godesone, quod iniuste ceperunt catalla sua vi et armis et iniuste detinent in villa de Northbergh' in Norweie, et petunt gratiam domini regis quod omnes mercatores de partibus illis distringantur apud Lenn' et apud Gernemutam quousque rationabiliter monstraerunt quod satisfecerunt secundum legem mercatoriam, vel quod aliud remedium eis fiat.

[*Dorse*]. Mandetur regi quod fac[iat] emendari alioquin etc. et quod rescribat etc.

[32h] Nicholas⁵ de Audeleg' mostre a nostre seigneur le reys e soun counseil ke la ou sire Willame soun frere siuit bref de mort de auncestre en la court le rey deuaunt sire Iohan de Louetoft e sire Roger de Leycestre taunt ke la sise passa por ly de Eystan' e de Caneueles en le counte de Esse⁶ vers dame Elianore le Estraunge e ses soers, ne pas pur ce esgarde fust par iustices ke il ne preit ren par cely bref mes ke il se queit autre solum la forme del doun, por ce ke la sise dit ke Henri de Audel' ael le auant dit Willame dona seu tenement a Willame le fiuz Willame de Blanc Most[er] en

¹ *Sic*.² *Dorse* blank.³ A.P. 7432: R.C.T. 61.⁴ *Sic*: presumably for Ragenilde.⁵ A.P. 4427.⁶ *Sic*.

franc mariage oue Amice sa file e as heires ke de eus iscerent, des queus issi vne file ke morut sauns heir de sey, issint ke nul heir ne issi del auant dit Willame ne Amice ke ataint le degre ke neut le homage, par quel homage la reuercioun deit estre destorbe. Dount il prie ke le veir dit de la sise auant nome le seit graunte ou autre bref par quei il puse soun dreit aprocher. E tel bref si il ws plect :

Precipe Roberto de Bracy et Matillidi vxori eius quod iuste etc. reddant Nicholao de Ald[itheleg] tantum terre cum pertinenciis in N. quod Henricus de Ald[itheleg] auus predicti Nicholai cuius heres ipse est dedit Willelmo de Albo Monasterio in liberum maritagium cum Amicia filia sua et heredibus suis de corporibus suis legitime exeuntibus et quod post mortem ipsorum Willelmi de Albo Monasterio et Amicie et Bertrade filie et heredis ipsorum Willelmi de Albo Monasterio et Amicie ad prefatum Nicholaum de Ald[itheleg] reuerti debet per formam predictae donacionis.

[Dorse]. Per W. de Augmundesham.

[32i] Prior ¹ de Hextildisham supplicat domino regi quod velit ei concedere licenciam intrandi viginti libratas terre in Northmilneburn' infra comitatum Northumbrie, que tenentur de Roberto de Stoteuile et Alienora vxore eius per seruicium sex denariorum per annum pro omni seruicio, et vnde preceptum fuit vicecomiti Northumbrie quod diligentem faceret inquisicionem quod dampnum dominus rex haberet si dictus prior dictam terram in feodo intraret ; et vicecomes, capta inde inquisicione, retornauit inquisicionem illam, in qua continebatur quod dominus rex non haberet inde dampnum nisi tantum ad valenciam sex denariorum per annum ; qua inquisicione visa per cancellarium, dictum fuit priori quod veniret ad hoc parliamentum.

[Dorse]. Rex non faciet graciā contentam in petitione.

[32j] Ebor'.—Henricus ² Fiket petit remedium de domino rege eo quod cum ipse tenere clamat de ipso domino rege nomine seriauntye vnum mesuagium et medietatem duarum bouatarum terre, decem et octo acras bosci, decem et octo acras prati et medietatem vnius molendini cum pertinenciis in Colswaynhoton', et istud tenementum inplacitauit coram iusticiariis vltimo itinerantibus in comitatu Eboraci, et aduersarius eius coram prefatis iusticiariis respondendo dixit quod ipse tenementum istud tenet de domino rege sine quo

¹ A.P. 5789 : R.C.T. 45.

² A.P. 5560 : R.C.T. 34.

ad breue istud non potest respondere et petit iudicium, iusticiarii vlterius noluerunt procedere sine speciali precepto domini regis. Ob quod petit idem Henricus remedium domino rege et eius consilio si placet ut idem dominus rex ei celerem faciat iusticiam ne propter huiusmodi dilaciones iure suo defraudetur.

[*Dorse*]. Mandetur iusticiariis quod faciant venire recordum coram rege.

[32k] Iohan¹ le Crepe vostre burgeys de Karnaruan pryte la grace nostre segnur le rey de vn tenement ke il vendi a syre Iohan Tankard en Yrlaunde, pur le quel tenement ili deueyt auer pae la value del auandist tenement par le serement de xij. leaus hommes, e il de ceo plegis troua apaer a la feste seint Michel or a deus auns. Mes pur ce ke il est en seysin sa terre il li detent e sa paye pur ce ke il nat nul escrit. E il de ce nul dryt ne pua auer pur fauor ke le auandist syr Iohan ad, dunt il pryte pur Deu de ceste chose remedi purce ke tut se bens sunt ars a Karnaruan e il ne put nul mesun ilokis leuer si il ne eyt eyde e grace nostre senur le reys.

[*Dorse*]. Mandetur iusticiario Hibernie quod iuuat eum quantum poterit sine offensa iuris.

[32l] Iohannes² Crispus de Hybernia petit a domino rege breue inquisitionis super transgressionibus et bladis suis raptis de terra sua in Dufthestun tempore nocturno per fratrem Phillipum Curteys magistrum domus Hospitalis de Kilmaynan beg, que quidem bladum³ idem Iohannes recepit de predicto Philippo nomine xx. marcarum in quibus sibi tenebatur pro quadam terra quam vendidit fratri Willelmo filio Rogeri priori Hospitalis de Hybernia. Item dictus prior et frater Philippus iniuste detinent octo et decem marcas quas soluisse debuissent Ricardo Heustace burgensi de Kenles pro predicta terra, vnde dictus Iohannes burgensis de Karnaruan petit remedium.

[*Dorse*]. Mittatur ista peticio in Hibernia et mandetur iusticiario quod faciat inde quod fuerit faciendum.

[32m] Edwardus⁴ Dei gracia rex Anglie, dominus Hibernie et dux Aquitanie vicecomiti Suff' salutem. Cum nos per inquisitionem quam per te fieri precepimus, receperimus quod Willelmus

¹ A.P. 4901: R.C.T. 18.

³ Sic.

² A.P. 4422: R.C.T. 17.

⁴ Chanc. Misc. 14/4/27: R.C.T. 87.

de Monte Canisio de Edwardeston' feoffauit Rogerum de Pridinton' et heredes suos de corpore suo exeuntes de manerio de Codham cum pertinenciis, et quod Philippus de Clopton' capellanus, per predictum Rogerum postmodum de predicto manerio feoffatus, predictum Rogerum et Iohannam de Coleuile vxorem eius de eodem manerio postmodum, sicut inter ipsos Rogerum et Philippum prelocutum exstitit, feoffauit, per quod post mortem eiusdem Rogeri manerium illud, quod captum fuit in manu nostra, predictae Iohanne restitui fecimus tenendum saluo iure cuiuslibet, cum que predictus Willelmus nobis supplicauerit quod iusticiam inde sibi fieri faciamus, tibi precipimus quod predictae Iohanne scire facias quod sit coram nobis in proximo parleamento nostro post festum sancti Michaelis proximo futurum factura inde et receptura iusticie complementum. Et interim de manerio predicto per predictam Iohannam nullam destruccionem fieri permittas. Et habeas ibi hoc breue. Teste me ipso apud Aberconewey in Snaudon' iij. die Iunii anno regni nostri vndecimo.

[Dorse]. Scire¹ feci Iohanne de Colleuill' que fuit vxor Rogeri de Pridinton' quod sit ad proximum parliamentum post festum sancti Michaelis, sicut breue exigat, per Adam de Canne de Boxford', Robertum le Deney de eadem, Hugonem de Monte de eadem, Iohannem Bateman de Edwardeston'.

Preceptum est senescallo libertatis sancti Edmundi.

Pro² Iohanne de Kirkby.

Habeat domina breue de seysina habenda sine condicione et dictus Willelmus perquirat sibi per breue cum viderit expedire.

[32n] Iohan³ le fiz Water de Moungomery prie la grace nostre seignur le rey de sa pees auer de ceo qe il fu adite de Esteuene le fiz Water de Mongomery sei defendant, issi ke sa mort demeine autrement eschiure ne poeit, sicum troue est par bone enqueste e verraie, la quel mun sire Boges de Knouill' prist de sun office par la resun qe le fet fu fet en marche en sa bailie hors de cunt[e]. E sire Bueges nen veut nient fere saunz le rey e sun cunsail.

[Dorse]. Si certificetur per Bogonem de Cnouil.

[33] Mostre⁴ a nostre seignur le rey Maud qi fu feme Adam de Castre qe la ou vn Thomas Iudas porta sur meymes cely Adam

¹ Sheriff's return.

³ A.P. 6279 : R.C.T. 48.

² Subsequent endorsement.

⁴ A.P. 4418, 4419 : R.C.T. 16.

e sur plusurs autres vn bref de nouele disseisine, e meymes celui Adam e les autres de cele disseysine par eaus fete furent atteinz, e por cel trespas chescun de eaus amerciez e mis a certain. Qe por co qe les autres sont de non poer de paier les amerciements sur eaus assis, si vient ore en demande sur le heir lauandit Adam, sicom por plegage de touz les autres, les amerciementz de tous les autres, en le quel plegage il fu mis par maueiste des baillif. E por co qe le auandit Adam nad gueres puis e ses deus freres qi od ly furent occis en le seruice nostre seignur le rey, e por co qe son heir est de set anz tant soulement, e por co qe tot le heritage qe le heir lauandit Adam ad de son pere Adam ne amontereit mie a rendre cels amerciementz, mes qe tot le heritage deust estre vendu, si prie lauandite Maud la grace nostre seignur le rey e remedie de ceste chose. Ces amerciementz viennent en demande del eschequer de Deuelin.

[*Dorse*].¹ La peticion Maud qi fu feme Adam de Castre de Hirlande.

Mandetur iusticiario Hibernie quod habeat respectum ad obsequia que regi prestat et ad valorem terrarum et faciat perdonacionem in parte vel atterminet prout viderit expedire.

[34] A² nostre seignur le rey de Engleterre Hauwise Tonere crie merci ke vous facet demaunder le record de sire Rauf de Hengeham por dewaunt vous, le que record ele auet de sire Water de Wimborne par vostre bref entre luy e sire Willame de Maperdorefeud, kar vostre bref le veut ke il seit par dewaunt vous e vostre consail a ce parlement.

[*Dorse*]. Concordatum est quod iudicium est bonum et quod perquirat sibi per breue de ingressu.

Adeat cancellariam.

[36] Thomas³ de Torneye ke fut en Wales pur fere la seruise ke sire Gilbert de Bulebek deueyt a nostre seignur le rey ore a sun proscheyn aler en cele partyes, e ky pus son returner de Wales pris est e detenuz en la prison de Eylesbyr' enr le cunte de Buk'

¹ A.P. 4419 is an exact duplicate of A.P. 4418, with minor differences of spelling. The endorsement, however, is differently expressed:—"Mandetur iusticiario Hibernie quod propter bonum seruicium quod regi fecit faciat sibi perdonacionem in parte vel atterminacionem de toto per sui [sic] discrecionem."

² A.P. 7186: R.C.T. 57.

³ A.P. 7187: R.C.T. 58.

pur suspesion de ¹ vne robberie fete a mestre Iohan de seynt Omer, dunt il ne est culpable, e par vne lettre del priue sel le rey ke le viscunte ad ke nule deliuraunce seyt de ly fete, est detenuz en sele prison a les deliuraunces de cel prison. Dunt il pria a nostre seygnur le rey ke il puisse sunt ² pays auer e ester a la commune ley, kar il est a poynt de la mort en la prison par duresse ke li est fete.

[*Dorse*]. Fiat breue de duobus imprisonatis in Aylesburia: non omittatur propter mandatum de paruo sigillo.

Inquiratur per iusticiar[ios] per bonam patriam.

[38] Le ³ Abbe de Haggeman' prie la grace nostre seygnur le Roy ke il pusse assarter quatre acres de pree en sun boys de Haggeman ioste sa coture, e quatre acres de tere arable hors de couert pres de Bottewode.

[39] Burgenses ⁴ ville Salop' petunt confirmacionem cartarum suarum a domino rege.

Item petunt quod pauagium eis concedatur sicut prius eis concessum est ad voluntatem domini regis.

Item petunt quod de gracia domini regis habeant molturam molendinorum patrie circa villam ad modum et consuetudinem ville Londoniarum.

[*Dorse*]. Responsum est in alia petitione.

¹ Repeated.

³ A.P. 5782: R.C.T. 44.

² *Sic.*

⁴ A.P. 6991A: R.C.T. 89.

PARLIAMENT AT CANTERBURY, EASTER 1293

Chancery Miscellanea 13/1/16

This document is of interest not only for the proceedings which it records but also as conclusive evidence of the continuance of the Easter parliament of 1293 at Canterbury, after having been already in session at Westminster. Other records of this session at Canterbury appear to be Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 6, m. 3, and no. 7, m. 8. These show that cases were proceeding on the quinzaine of St. John the Baptist (8 July) and on Friday after the feast of St. Margaret (24 July).¹ The king was at Canterbury for about three weeks, from 6 to 28 July,² and the session evidently extended over approximately this period. Easter had fallen on 29 March, and we have in these documents a useful indication both of the length of time over which a "post-paschal" parliament could extend and of the fact that, while parliament might normally be held at Westminster, if the convenience of the court demanded, it could be ambulatory. The present document has been abstracted by Dr. Hubert Hall in the second volume of *Select Cases on the Law Merchant* (pp. xciii f.) published by the Selden Society, but it is highly desirable to make it available *in extenso*.

RECORDUM ET PROCESSUS LOQUELE HABITE CORAM MAGISTRO
HENRICO DE NEWOK' TUNC DECANO EBORACENSI, MAGISTRO
REMUNDO DE FERERIA TUNC DECANO SANCTI SEUERINI, DOMINO
IOHANNE DE BEREWEK', MAGISTRO IOHANNE DE LACY, MAGIS-
TRO IOHANNE DE KADAMO, DOMINIS ELYA DE COPENNA,
REMUNDO DE CAMPANA TUNC SENESCALLO AGENNENSI, ET

¹ *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 148; *Rot. Parl.*, I. 96-9, 125-6.

² Gough, *Itinerary of Edward I*, II. 107.

IOHANNE DE HAUSERING' TUNC SENESCALLO VASCONIE, ASSIGNATIS PER DOMINUM REGEM ET EIUS CONSILIUM AD AUDIENDUM QUASDAM QUERELAS QUORUMDAM MERCATORUM ISPANIE, PORTUGALIE ET PLESENCIE DE QUIBUSDAM TRANSGRESSIONIBUS EISDEM MERCATORIBUS PER WILLELMUM DE SAUT ILLATIS, UT DICEBANT, IN PARLIAMENTO DOMINI REGIS HABITO APUD CANTUARIAM POST PASCHAM ANNO XXI.

Gas Arnaud mercator Hispanie et alii mercatores Portugalie et Plesencie venerunt coram prefatis magistro Henrico et aliis conquerentes de Willelmo de Saut et Andrea Barrante burgensibus Baione quod, cum ipsi tanquam fideles mercatores transissent mare cum nauibus diuersis merchandisis suis carcatis, venerunt predicti Willelmus de Saut et Andreas Barrante et multi alii de Baiona cum nauibus et eisdem mercatoribus insultum dederunt et vnam nauim¹ eorum vi et armis ceperunt, depredauerunt et eandem nauem, cum bonis et catallis eorumdem mercatorum in ipsa naui existentibus ad valenciam m^l.m^l.m^l. librarum, duci fecerunt ad portum Portsmuth'. Et pecierunt dicta bona eis restitui vna cum dampnis etc.

Preterea dicunt idem mercatores quod cum affretassent quandam nauem de Anglia in quodam portu Britannie ad ducendum bona et merchandisas suas ad partes Flandrie, que quidem navis per maris tempestatem applicuit in predicto portu Portesmuth', idem Willelmus et Andreas ipsam nauem per vicecomitem Suthamtonie arrestari fecerunt, que bona et merchandise sunt in manu dicti Willelmi. Vnde petunt eadem bona sibi restitui etc.

Et predicti Willelmus et Andreas presentes dicunt quod cum quedam proclamacio facta esset per totam Ispaniam per preceptum regis Castelle quod vbicumque burgenses Baione applicarent seu venirent in partibus Ispanie vel alibi per terram uel per mare sub potestate ipsius regis Castelle, statim decapitarentur et bona eorum caperentur etc. Vnde maxima strages facta fuit per diuersas vices de nautis Baione et bona eorum capta et depredata ad dampnum burgensium Baione xx.m^l. marcarum etc. Et Iohannes de Vinak' burgensis Baione presens querebatur quod, cum quedam navis sua applicuisset apud Luxibonam cum diuersis bonis et merchandisis suis, statim per Ispanos et Portugalenses capta fuit et omnes in eadem inuenti occisi et bona in ipsa existencia ad valen-

¹ Sic.

ciam m^l.m^l.m^l. marcarum capta et depredata. Vnde dicunt predicti Willelmus et Andreas quod cum transirent per mare cum nauibus suis prosequentes duas naues Ispanie, in quibus bona Ispanorum et Portugalensium et Plesentinorum inimicorum domini regis Anglie et hominum suorum Baione inuicem confederatorum fuerunt carcata, vnam de predictis nauibus vi et armis ceperunt, tanquam super inimicos domini regis et burgensium Baione predictorum, et ipsam nauem, cum bonis in ea inuentis, duxerunt usque Portesmuth'. Preterea dicunt quod quedam alia nauis Ispanie, quam prosequabantur super mare per multos dies, applicuit ad quendam portum Britannie in costera sancti Mathei, et Ispani qui in eadem naui extiterunt eandam discarcare fecerunt de omnibus bonis in ea existentibus et statim affretauerunt quandam nauem Anglie pro l. libris sterlingorum ad ducendum eadem bona in Flandriam, quam quidem nauem predicti Willelmus et socii sui prosequabantur et, cum eadem nauis Anglie applicuisset in costera Portesmuth' per tempestatem maris, ad sectam ipsius Willelmi vicecomes Suthamtonie eandam nauem arrestari fecit quousque deliberata fuit cum bonis existentibus in eadem eidem Willelmo per breue domini regis. Et dicunt quod non tenentur respondere mercatoribus predictis quia bene licuit eis lucrari bona predicta super eos tanquam super inimicos domini regis manifestos et burgensium Baione predictorum. Vnde petunt iudicium.

Mercatores vero Plesencie petunt licenciam concordandi cum predicto Willelmo et sociis suis, et optinuerunt et finem fecerunt eidem Willelmo pro c. marcis pro bonis suis recuperandis.

Portugalenses autem dixerunt quod nunquam fuerunt inimici domini regis nec burgensium Baione et hoc parati fuerunt verificare per testimonium regis Portugalie et aliorum fidedignorum de confinio Ispanie et eciam alio modo quo curia considerauerit. Et ideo ordinatum fuit quod omnia bona dictorum Portugalensium liberarentur Orlandino de Podio et sociis suis mercatoribus de societate Ricardorum de Luca custodienda quousque dominus rex aliud super hoc duxerit ordinandum.

Quantum ad mercatores Ispanie, quia notorium erat quod per proclamationem quod dictus rex Castelle fieri fecit, ut premissum est, multa dampna sunt subsecuta in forma predicta, et eciam littera dicte proclamationis testificata fuit per cartam tabellionis, quam quidem cartam magister Remundus de Fereria vidit et legit in presencia tunc senescalli Vasconie et aliorum bonorum virorum

ibidem presentium quando ultimo fuerunt inuicem in ciuitate Baione, ordinatum fuit per dominum regem et eius consilium quod predictus Willelmus et socii sui retinerent bona predicta que fuerunt mercatorum Ispanie tanquam lucrum sibi acquisitum super inimicos suos manifestos. Et preceptum fuit eidem Willelmo ex parte consilii quod inpartiret de lucro predicto Iohanni de Vinak' pro dampnis sibi factis per Ispanos in portu predicto Luxibone. Et idem Willelmus statim satisfecit predicto Iohanni de Vinak' de ccl. libris sterlingorum pro eisdem dampnis, presentibus auditoribus predictis.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, MICHAELMAS 1293

Exchequer Parliament Roll no. 8

This roll of petitions heard before the council in parliament is confined to Irish business and exclusively to disputes in which William de Vescy, justiciar of Ireland 1290-4, was concerned. As a consequence of these petitions a commission was appointed on 10 December, 1293, to investigate the complaints.¹ It seems highly probable that a special session of the council in the Michaelmas parliament of 1293 was devoted to the accusations against William de Vescy, of which the present roll is the record, and doubtless a copy was supplied to the commissioners in Ireland, although this roll was not perhaps expressly prepared with that purpose in view. A roll of inquisitions taken in Ireland has survived, but not all the cases which came before the Michaelmas parliament are there dealt with.²

PLACITA CORAM DOMINO REGE ET EIUS CONSILIO AD PARLIAMENTUM
SUUM APUD WESTMONASTERIUM POST FESTUM SANCTI MICHAELIS
ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI VICESIMO PRIMO.

[1] *Peticio Walrani Wodelok' et Philippi Benet.*—Idem Walranus et Philippus ostendunt domino regi quod cum ipsi implacitauerunt coram archiepiscopo Dublinensi, iusticiario Hibernie, quemdam Hugonem de Sterteleye de eo quod acquietaret eos de quindecim grossis saccis lane versus Lombardos de quibus versus eos ipsum plegiauerunt, idem Hugo ad acquietacionem etc. adiudicatus fuit et corpus suum prisone committebatur, ita quod per iudicium illud bona predicti Hugonis ad valenciam xlii, librarum eisdem plegiis adiudicata fuerunt in propartem solucionis predicti debiti etc.,

¹ *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1292-1301*, p. 108.

² E. 101/232/11: *Cal. of Documents, Ireland, 1293-1301*, pp. 52-7.

Willelmus de Vescy predictum Hugonem a prisiona deliberavit absque iudicio et bona ipsorum plegiorum per Thomam Maunsel vicecomitem de Kyldare capere et seisis fecit, et nichilominus ipsum Walranum ad iiii^{or} libras et ipsum Philippum ad xl. solidos in curia sua de Kyldare amerciauit, eo quod non placitauerunt in curia sua predicta, ob quod necessario oportuit eos satisfacere dictis Lumbardis de l. marcis pro porcione sua etc., pro qua solutione idem Philippus vendidit vnam carucatam terre etc., unde petunt remedium etc. Et Willelmus venit et quo ad deliberacionem predicti Hugonis dicit quod predictus Hugo non fuit deliberatus per eum set per predecessorem suum, archiepiscopum Dublinensem. Et predictus Walranus non sequitur. Ideo quo ad eum nichil. Set quo ad capcionem bonorum predicti Philippi, qui presens est et inde se queritur, dicit quod predictus Philippus indictatus fuit in curia sua de Kyldare de roberia et aliis transgressionibus contra pacem etc., et predictus Philippus ibi vocatus non venit set se subtraxit et fugit, pro qua fuga seisis fecit in manum suam omnia catalla predicti Philippi, et dicit quod postea idem Philippus pro contumacia sua vtlagatus fuit in eadem curia sua et de hoc vocat recordum curie predicte etc. Et Philippus dicit quod, tempore quo dictus Willelmus dicit ipsum vtlagatum fuisse, fuit ipse Philippus in Anglia ad impetrandum super iniuriis predictis, et dicit quod tempore quo predictus Willelmus seysire fecit in manum suam catalla predicti Philippi, fuit ipse Philippus ad pacem regis et omnium aliorum nec tempore illo fuit ipse fugitiuus, et hoc paratus est verificare etc. Et predictus Willelmus, quesitus si predictam verificacionem velit admittere, dicit quod non est necesse, ex quo paratus est verificare per recordum quod per iudicium vtlagatus est. Ideo loquendum cum rege etc. Postea per dominum regem et eius consilium concorditer est prouisum quod recordum curie sue proprie habere non debet, set quod inde rei veritas inquiratur per patriam etc. coram assignatis per dominum regem etc. Et quo ad deliberacionem factam de predicto Hugone, inquiratur de archiepiscopo Dublinensi si predictus Hugo deliberatus fuit tempore suo an tempore Willelmi de Vescy, et referatur ad proximum parlamentum etc. Et similiter retornatur inquisicio cum capta fuerit domino regi etc.

[2] *Peticio Abbatis sancti Thome Dublinensis.*—Idem abbas ostendit domino regi quod cum homines ipsius abbatis ceperant quem-

dam filium Henrici de Kyl in terra incroceata ipsius abbatis pro morte Radulfi le Archer et ipsum deberent adducere Dubliniam ad iudicium etc. prout moris est etc., Iohannes filius Roberti et alii plures per preceptum Thome Maunsel, vicecomitis Willelmi de Vescy, ipsum felonem euntem versus Dubliniam in regia strata ductum vi et armis ceperunt, et homines crocee ipsum felonem ducentes forstallauerunt, et ipsum felonem adduxerunt de crocea domini regis vsque Kyldare simul cum catallis suis ad valenciam iii^{or} solidorum in eadem crocea existentibus asportauerunt, et iudicium de predicto felone fecerunt in preiudicium regie dignitatis etc.

Item idem abbas queritur se de pluribus iniuriis et dampnis sibi per Willelmum de Vescy in manerio suo de Kyldar' ¹ infra libertatem de Kyldare illatis, ita quod propter districciones intollerabiles et vexaciones etc. non potuit terram suam arare, seminare nec inde comodum aliquod habere, ad dampnum suum etc. Et ille transgressionis facte fuerunt per Thomam Maunsel, Willelmum de Kendale, Adam Ianitorem, Thomam Dary, et Ricardum Pykering etc. Et Willelmus de Vescy super predictis articulis allocutus venit et quo ad primum articulum respondit et dicit quod reuera predictus Willelmus filius Henrici suspensus fuit per iudicium curie de Kyldare, quam tenet in partem simul cum quadam Agatha de Mortuo Mari et Matillide de Kyme, sine quibus non potest rem istam deducere in iudicium. Et predictus Willelmus, quesitus si clamet aliquam felonem extra libertatem predictam capere pro felonia facta infra libertatem predictam et de tali felone iudicium facere, dicit quod non. Nec si predicti vicecomes et alii ipsum felonem extra libertatem suam ceperunt hoc scire non potest, set petit auxilium de participibus suis etc., et quod predicti factores veniant de facto suo responsuri. Ideo predicti participes summon-eantur quod sint coram eis quos dominus rex ad querelas super dictum iusticiarium audiendas et terminandas assignabit. Et similiter dictum est eidem Willelmo quod habeat predictos factores coram eisdem de facto suo simul cum predicto iusticiario responsuros. Et quo ad iniurias ² transgressionis illatas dicto abbati in manerio suo de Kill, dicit idem Willelmus et petit quod factores veniant de facto suo simul cum eo responsuri etc. Ideo ipsi attachientur quod sint coram eisdem assignatis de facto suo simul cum eo responsuri, maxime sicut fecit hoc fieri fecit tanquam dominus de Kyldare et non tanquam iusticiarius etc. In loquela

¹ Sic: recte Kyll.

² MS. omits "et".

ista veniant factores responsuri et secundum quod per eorum responsionem factum fuerit, si predictus Willelmus omnino acquietetur vel non, remandetur regi etc.

[3] *Peticio Mauricii Barstere.*—Idem Mauricius queritur quod cum ipse finem fecerat cum Willelmo de Vescy iusticiario Hibernie et domino de Kyldare per xv. libras pro quadam transgressione quam fecisse dicebatur in libertate de Kyldare, et de solucione predictorum denariorum habuit dies et terminos constitutos quasi per duos annos, predictus Willelmus de Vescy, ante diem solucionis predicte pecunie, omnia bona et catalla ipsius Mauricii pro predictis denariis soluendis seisire fecit in manum suam. Ac idem Mauricius, senciens se inde grauatum fuisse, ipsum Willelmum cum recordo illius finis per breue de sigillo Anglie venire fecit coram consilio Hibernie vt error, si quem idem Willelmus faceret, ibi corrigeretur. Ac demum idem Willelmus coram eis concessit quod si quid aretro fuerit de fine predicto in respectu poneretur quousque error, si quis etc. in recordo illo inueniretur, corrigeretur coram eodem consilio, et postquam sic concesseret nichilominus omnia bona et catalla ipsius Mauricii cepit, mercandisa etc., et alia enormia etc, vnde petit sibi remedium etc.

Responsio. Querens fatetur quod placitum ibi pendet adhuc inter eos, et quod ad aliud parlamentum responsum fuit ei etc. quod sequeretur breue regis predicto consilio quod in placito illo plenam et celerem iusticiam faceret, ideo ad presens habeat consimile breue etc. Et quo ad hoc ipse Mauricius dicit quod idem Willelmus concessit coram consilio regis in Hibernia quod executioni predicte pecunie cessaret quousque conuinceretur etc., hoc bene defendit idem Willelmus et de hoc vocat recordum predicti consilii Hibernie etc. Et Mauricius similiter. Ideo mandatum est cancellario, thesaurario et consilio Hibernie quod, si predictus Willelmus talem concessionem fecit coram eis, tunc idem Willelmus respondebit coram eis quos rex assignabit etc. de contemptu regis inde facto etc. Procedatur in ista querela prout in recordo isto inuenitur et remandetur hoc quod factum fuerit regi etc.

[4] *Peticio Iohannis filii Thome.*—Idem Iohannes queritur de Willelmo de Vescy quod non allocauit protectionem domini regis cum clausula in curia sua de Kyldare in quodam placito inter

quamdam dominam per breue de consilio petentem et predictum Iohannem tenentem, cum protectio illa porrecta fuit ante iudicium, eo quod predictus Willelmus per quemdam Iohannem de Malton' in presencia ipsius Willelmi tunc dixit quod protectio regis non tenuit locum in libertate de Kyldare etc. Et Willelmus venit et dicit quod reuera protectio illa porrecta fuit et allocata in curia de Kyldare et de hoc vocat recordum curie de Kyldare. Et Iohannes dicit quod recordum curie sue predictae habere non debet in hac parte, set dicit quod protectio illa non fuit allocata et hoc paratus est verificare per patriam. Et Willelmus dicit quod si curia regis considerat quod ad recordum predictum attingere non potest, quod protectio illa allocata fuit paratus est verificare sicut curia etc. Postea coram domino rege et eius consilio concorditer est prouisum quod recordum curie sue predictae ei valere non debet in hoc, set quod rei veritas inquiratur per patriam etc. Inquiratur et retornatur coram rege cum inquisicione etc.

Preterea, cum nulli ministri regis debeant aliquas partes manutenere nec ad partem capere, idem Willelmus per collusionem et prolocucionem inter ipsum et Agnetem de Valencia manutenuit quamdam Egideam de Cogan contra eundem Iohannem, et ei promisit quod eam faceret perquirere totam terram predicti Iohannis, et pro placito illo teneri fecit assisas suas de libertate de Kyldare durante itinere domini regis in comitatu predicto, scilicet Dublinie, in exheredacionem domini regis et contra statutum et ad dampnum predicti Iohannis etc. Et Willelmus venit et quo ad manutene-mentum etc. dicit quod reuera quedam prolocucio et conuencio facta fuit inter predictum Willelmum et predictam Egideam de reuersione terre Geysil eidem Willelmo concedenda pro xl. libris, quas ei solueret tali condicione quod si predicta Egidea ipsum securum faceret de predicta terra quod retineret predictas xl. libras, sin autem quod rehaberet predictam pecuniam, et dicit quod nullo alio modo manutenuit placitum predictum etc. Et Iohannes dicit quod predictus Willelmus predictum placitum manutenuit per prolocucionem inde inter eos habitam, et hoc bene patet eo quod predictus Iohannes implacitatus fuit de terra sua in predicta curia de Kyldare in termino sancti Michaelis anno regis nunc xix^o, quo tempore iter domini regis Dublinie tentum fuit, et hoc offert verificare pro domino rege per recordum iusticiariorum itinerancium in comitatu predicto et per rotulos itineris predicti etc. Postea

coram domino rege et eius consilio est prouisum quoad¹ manu-
tenenciam factam versus predictum Iohannem quod rex non vult
aliquid inde inquiri per patriam, eo quod idem Iohannes nichil
amisit etc. Et quo ad assisas tentas apud Kyldare per preceptum
predicti iusticiarii durante itinere et sedentibus iusticiariis itiner-
antibus apud Dubliniam, inquiratur rei veritas per recordum rotu-
lorum predictorum iusticiariorum itinerancium etc., et remandetur
regi recordum eorumdem iusticiariorum etc.

[5] *Peticio Thome filii Mauricii*.—Idem Thomas ostendit domino m. 1d
regi quod cum inter ipsum et Douenaldum Roth' tenentem suum
fuisset guerra mota, et postea Iohannes O Donekuth' nepos pre-
dicti Douenaldi per eum tanquam obses fuisset captus, per cuius
capcionem predictus Douenaldus et sui, de parte sua dubitantes, de
pace tractauerunt cum eo, ita quod pax inter eos fuit formata pro
quadam certa summa pecunie et pro deliberacione predicti Iohannis,
cuius locum² frater suus tanquam obses fuit eidem Thome liberatus,
qui quidem Thomas ipsum obsidem in castro suo de Dungervan
posuit custodiendum; et Willelmus de Vescy auctoritate sua pro-
pria ipsum obsidem a priona illa, absque assensu et voluntate,
deliberauit per prolocucionem inter ipsum Willelmum et predic-
tum Douenaldum Roth' habitam; et post deliberacionem eius ipse
Douenaldus et sui terras predicti Thome dummodo fuit in Anglia
depredauerunt, et per homicidia et incendia eas vastauerunt, et
postea idem Thomas in Hiberniam regressus Hibernicos illos in In-
sulam cum suis aueris depulsit. Ac idem Willelmus ad petitionem
eiusdem Douenaldi ad partes de Cork' accessit, volens pacem inter
predictos Thomam et Douenaldum reformare, qui quidem Thomas
pacem aliquam, ipsis Hibernicis sub pede latitantibus, nisi pax illa
honestior pro rege et pro se ipso fuerat, noluit admittere. Idem
Willelmus volens adiuuare et promouere partem predicti Douen-
aldi, dixit quod, nisi predictus Thomas paci quam reformaret
voluisset assentire, ipsis Hibernicis pacem regis concederet etc.,
propter quod oportuit predictum Thomam pacem minus honestam
de predicto Douenaldo recipere etc.; et predictus Willelmus pre-
dictum Douenaldum et suos paci regis pro centum marcis recepit,
quod quidem factum fuit in dedecus regis et dampnum ipsius Thome
decem millia librarum etc. Et predictus Thomas vocatus non
venit. Ideo quo ad eum predictus Willelmus quietus etc., set quo

¹ MS. "quod".

² Sic.

ad dominum regem respondit idem Willelmus et dicit quod reuera idem Iohannes nepos eiusdem Douenaldi incarceratus fuit in castro de Dungaruan set non tanquam obses, immo tanquam vadium pro quodam certo numero vaccarum quem soluit vsque ad sexaginta vaccas. Et quia dubitauit quod predictus Douenaldus vellet ire contra regem ad guerram, ipse Willelmus, de assensu et voluntate cuiusdam Willelmi Barry, plenam potestatem eiusdem Thome habentis dum idem Thomas fuit in Anglia, cui Willelmo Barry nomine predicti Thome amici predicti imprisonati securitatem fecerunt de arreragiis predictarum vaccarum, predictum imprisonatum deliberauit, et nisi eum sic deliberasset predictus Douenaldus et alii Hibernici voluissent inisse ad gwerram. Ita quod quicquid ibi fecit fuit ad comodum domini regis et tocius populi et ad conseruacionem pacis etc. Et hoc dicit in fide qua domino regi tenetur etc. Et si dominus rex super hoc certiorari voluerit, se certificabit modo et forma quibus sibi placuerit etc. Postea coram domino rege et eius consilio concorditer est ordinatum quod pro statu domini regis de omnibus premissis rei veritas per patriam inquiratur etc. Ideo inquiratur et remandetur regi.

[6] *Peticio hominum de Kylgagan et Iacobeston*.—Idem homines domini regis de villis predictis queruntur quod Thomas Maunsel vicecomes de Kyldare et alii cum secta sua et secta domini Willelmi de Vescy et cum vexillis dicti Willelmi displicatis intrauerunt tenementum regis et illud depredauerunt de vii^{xx} vaccis et iiii^{xx} affris, et alia bona sua ibidem inuenta ad valenciam centum marcarum ibidem ceperunt et abduxerunt etc., et quemdam Anglicum et duos Hibernicos ibidem interfecerunt, et aueria et bona predicta secum apud Kyldare adduxerunt, vnde adhuc sunt in seysina ad dampnum et preiudicium domini regis et hominum suorum predictorum etc. Ista peticio liberata per Iohannem Herre, qui se dicit ballium regis, qui sequitur pro eis, vt dicit, set non est eorum attornatus etc. Et Willelmus de Vescy dicit quod predictae ville non sunt domini regis set cuiusdam Iohannis de la Roch'. Et quia predicta querela tangit dominum regem, si sint homines domini regis, ideo dictum est predicto Willelmo quod predictum Thomam ministrum suum etc. sub pena qua decet habeat coram eis quos dominus rex assignabit etc. Ideo veniat dictus Thomas coram iusticiariis assignatis et respondeat et inquiratur veritas si necesse fuerit et remandetur regi etc.

[7] *Peticio burgensium domini regis de Tristeldermot.*—Idem burgenses ostendunt domino regi quod cum ipsi et eorum antecessores liberi esse solebant ita quod nullus balliuis de Kyldare in villa sua predicta ad aliquod exercendum intrare solebat, Thomas Maunsel vicecomes de Kyldare et ¹ tenet de eis turnum suum ter per annum. Preterea vbi quarterium frumenti valet xl. denarios, capit inuitis vendentibus pro ii. s. vi. d. Preterea capit equos eorum ad cariagia faciendam, et alia plura que facta sunt, vt dicunt, per predictum Thomam vicecomitem in dicta petitione inseruntur etc. Et Willelmus de Vescy venit, et quo ad turnum dicit quod clamat habere turnum vicecomitis adeo in Tristeldermot sicut in aliis villis infra libertatem de Kyldare, et dicit quod tenet turnum illum in partem simul cum Agatha de Mortuo Mari et Matillide de Kyme, sine quibus etc. Et quo ad alias iniurias ² per predictum vicecomitem eisdem burgensibus factas, dictum est predicto Willelmo quod habeat predictum vicecomitem suum coram eis quos rex assignabit etc. Ideo veniat vicecomes coram auditoribus et respondeat. Et similiter veniant participes et respondeant simul cum predicto Willelmo si voluerint in forma debita, et inquiratur veritas si necesse fuerit et reportetur regi etc.

[8] *Peticio Rogeri de Galeweye.*—Idem Rogerus dicit quod, vbi ipse detulerit Thome Maunsel vicecomiti de Kyldare breue domini regis de leuando xxv. marcas de terris et catallis Isabelle de Penbrock' quas uersus eam per iudicium regis recuperauit, predictus vicecomes pro breui illo nichil inde facere curauit set omnino inde supersedit etc. Ad istam petitionem dictum est predicto Willelmo quod habeat predictum vicecomitem coram eis quos dominus rex assignabit, eo quod in parte tangenti dominum regem etc. Et ibi respondeant. Et secundum quod placitauerint procedatur. Et si necesse fuerit inquiratur veritas per patriam etc. et remandetur regi etc.

[9] *Peticio Edmundi filii de Mortuo Mari.*—Preterea cum quidam Neel felo fuisset ad pacem regis admissus et pax eius fuerit proclamata in terra predicti Edmundi et alibi in terra Hibernie, Willelmus de Vescy asserens ipsum Neel pacem suam non habere, licet pacem regis haberet, omnes illos qui ei quid vendiderunt post pacem proclamatam vel eum receptauerunt venire fecit coram eo ad

¹ Sic.

² Hole in MS.

respondendum de receptamento, et omnes illos sic arestauit et inprisonauit quousque finem fecerunt secum per xl. marcas. Postea coram domino rege et eius consilio concorditer ordinatum est quod pax regis concessa locum tenere debet tam infra libertatem quam extra secundum formam etc. etc., set Willelmus de Vescy dicit quod pro feloniis factis infra libertatem de Kyldare, et quarum cognicio ad ipsum et participes suos pertinet racione libertatis predictæ, et non pro aliquo facto de quo predictus Neel habuit pacem regis ipsos amerciauit, et pro amerciamiento illo distrinxit sicut ei et participibus suis bene licuit. Et petit auxilium de participibus suis etc. Ideo veniant participes etc. coram assignatis etc. respondende simul etc. Et secundum quod responsum fuerit, inquiratur veritas etc. et remandetur regi etc.

m. 2 [10] *Peticio episcopi Kildarensis*.—Idem episcopus monstrat domino regi quod cum ipse de domino rege teneat et non de alio, Willelmus de Vescy prohibiciones suas, nomine domini de Kyldare, predicto episcopo, suis officialibus et eorum commissariis iam hucusque dirigi fecit, in lesionem dignitatis regie etc. Ad quam querelam predictus Willelmus respondit et dicit quod prohibiciones non clamat, set episcopus ostendit quamdam prohibitionem que exiuit antequam idem Willelmus venit in Hiberniam et hoc bene patet per datam eiusdem etc. Et episcopus dicit quod predictus Willelmus post adventum suum in Hiberniam misit prohibiciones suas commissariis predicti episcopi que adhuc penes eos remanent, vnde iniunctum est eidem episcopo in fide qua tenetur domino regi quod si quas prohibiciones habeat que post aduentum predicti Willelmi in Hiberniam exierunt, illas habeat coram eis quos rex ad querelas etc. assignabit. Et similiter pro statu domini regis inquiratur et remandetur regi etc.

[11] *Peticio*¹ *Elye de Wynton*'.—Preterea vbi idem Elyas assignatus sit per dominum regem ad mensuras probandas et ad standardum per totam Hiberniam liberandum, Thomas Darcy, senescallus de Kildare, solus absque presencia assignati per dominum regem, probacionem mensurarum facit et transgressores mensurarum, tam in terris incroceatis quam in libertate predicta, per misericordiam grauem punit etc. Et Willelmus de Vescy super predicta pro-

¹ This rubric is incorrect: the petition was evidently presented by the bishop of Kildare.

bacione allocutus dicit quod probacionem mensurarum infra libertatem predictam clamat habere, eo quod standardum capit de marescallo regis. Et dicit quod quando iuit per patriam et inuenit transgressores mensurarum, illos puniuit per misericordiam et denarios illos posuit in extractis ad scaccarium Dublinie. Et predictus Willelmus quesitus si marescallus regis ad hoc assignatus quando venit in libertate de Kildare mensuras ibi probare debeat, dicit quod sic. Et episcopus dicit pro rege quod predictus Thomas Darcy misericordias transgressorum mensurarum, tam in terris incroceatis quam in libertate de Kildare, leuauit ad opus suum proprium, scilicet de Osberto le Pestour homine episcopi de crocea xl. s., et de magistro Ade de Clan tenente de crocea c. s. Et hoc petit pro rege et pro ipso quod inquiratur etc. Et Willelmus similiter. Ideo inquiratur et remandetur regi etc.

[12] *Item contra Willelmum de Vescy.*—Preterea cum idem Willelmus et balliui sui simpliciter venire debent ad officium suum excercendum in terra Edmundi de Mortuo Mari, idem Willelmus et sui balliui latenter in quindena sancti Michaelis anno xx. et in crastino Animarum eodem anno venerunt cum multitudine armorum, ignorantibus balliuis ipsius Edmundi, et homines suos ibidem decapitauerunt et eorum animalia et bona adduxerunt et ea adhuc detinent, sub colore iurisdiccionis sue etc. Willelmus de Vescy dicit quod predictis diebus et anno non fecit talem transgressionem sicut ei imponitur et de hoc ponit se super patriam etc. Inquiratur et remandetur regi.

[13] *Peticio Abbatis sancti Thome Dublinensis.*—Idem abbas queritur de Willelmo de Vescy iusticiario Hibernie et de Iohanne de Malton' quod cum abbas, dum fuit electus ante creacionem suam, breue domini regis eidem Willelmo detulerit quod post confirmationem suam, recepta fidelitate ab ipso abbate et eciam littera sua patenti quod gracia domini regis ei adtunc non traheretur in consequenciam quo ad alios abbates successores suos, eidem plenam seisinam omnium temporalium dicte domus habere faceret et liberare, ac idem abbas post consecracionem suam, assumptis secum duobus de canonicis suis qui custodiam communis sigilli dicte domus habuerunt, ad sigillandum litteram pro domino rege, apud Waterford' ad dictum iusticiarium accedens ei breue regis super huiusmodi liberauit, predicti Willelmus et Iohannes de Malton'

commune sigillum suum contra voluntatem suam de eis ceperunt, et illud ipsis inuitis detinuerunt a festo Annunciacionis beate Marie anno regis nunc xix. vsque in sex septimanas sequentes, et ipsum abbatem seisinam temporalium suorum per totum tempus illud habere non fecit, in contemptum mandati domini regis et dampnum predicti abbatis c. librarum et periculum quod posset imminere de sigilli predicti retencione etc. Et Willelmus venit et dicit quod reuera breue regis ei venit apud Waterford' pro dicto abbate, set quia non habuit ibi consilium regis ad predictam litteram ordinandam, ibi non fuit executus breue illud etc. Et quo ad sigillum etc., dicit quod quia duo de canonicis illius domus tulerunt illud sigillum commune apertum, et dubitauit quod per hoc forte posset imminere periculum domui predictae in preiudicium regis etc., precepit quod sigillum predictum fuisset clausum sub sigillo Iohannis de Malton', tunc senescallo existente, et quod sigillum illud sic clausum predictis canonicis restitueretur, et sic credebat fuisse factum et nunquam inde aliquid audiuit vsque ad proximum parliamentum Dublinie post, vbi predictus abbas sigillum illud peciit sibi restitui et habuit. Et quod per maliciam seisinam temporalium non distulit, nisi vt consilium dicte littere faciende haberet, paratus est verificare per patriam, si recordum suum in hoc casu locum habere non debeat. Et abbas dicit quod per maliciam seisinam temporalium distulit, et quod ipso iusticiario sciente sigillum illud per septem septimanas maliciose ab eis detentum fuit. Et de hoc ponit se super patriam. Et Willelmus similiter. Ideo inquiratur rei veritas per patriam etc. Et remandetur regi etc.

Idem abbas insinuat domino regi quod cum rex Iohannes per cartam suam feoffauit Willelmum le Marescall' communem antecessorem predicti Willelmi et participum suorum de terra Lagenie, saluis tantum regi et heredibus suis placitis de incendio, raptu, thesauro inuento, et forestallo, et placito appelli, et saluis sibi et heredibus suis croceis et dignitatibus sancte ecclesie spectantibus, Willelmus de Vescy contra formam feoffamenti sui in curia libertatis de Kildare tenuit placitum de incendio et fecit vtlagare quandam Philippum de Staundon' pro incendio facto in libertate, et quoddam aliud [placitum] ¹ appelli inter Nicholaum Gernoun et Ricardum de Penkeston', et quoddam aliud placitum appelli inter Iohannem filium Hugonis consanguineum Walteri Lenfaunt et Adam de

¹ MS. omits.

Staundon'. Et preterea ipsum abbatem distrinxit in terris suis incroceatis, scilicet in maneriis suis de Kill', Kemeth¹ et Chymturry, de ueniendo responsurum in curia de Kildare contra formam feoffamenti etc. Et Willelmus de Vescy venit et dicit, quo ad vtlagariam predicti Philippi, quod idem Philippus vtlagatus fuit tempore Agnetis matris sue. Et petit iudicium etc. Et quo ad placita de appello, bene concedit quod predicta placita tenta fuerunt in eadem curia et huiusmodi placita clamat ibidem tenere, set dicit quod tenet libertatem de Kildare simul cum quadam Agatha de Mortuo Mari et Matillide de Kyme, sine quibus non potest vltierius respondere etc. Et quo ad districcione[m] etc., dicit quod manerium de Kenneth' non est incroceatum. Et quo ad manerium de Kill' dicit quod quedam pars eiusdem non est incroceata et deaduocat districcione[m] si qua etc. Et abbas dicit quod quicquid ipse tenet in predictis maneriis est incroceatum, eo quod rex inde habet custodiam tempore vacacionis et vicecomes regis ibi tenet turnum suum, et quod predictus Willelmus distrinxit ipsum et distringere fecit in predictis terris suis incroceatis. Et hoc paratus est verificare pro rege et pro se ipso etc. prout curia etc. Et Willelmus similiter. Ideo inquiratur per patriam etc. Et remandetur regi.

[14] *Peticio porrecta per Willelmum de Vescy iusticiarium Hibernie pro domino rege.*—Willelmus de Vescy iusticiarius Hibernie insinuat domino suo regi quod cum dominus rex tradiderit Iohanni filio Thome castrum suum de Roscoman custodiendum et ipse per commissionem illam homines et terram domini regis in pace teneatur custodire, ac predictus iusticiarius post mortem cuiusdam regis Hibernici parcium illarum per totum consilium Hibernie venit ad partes illas ad alium regem ibi faciendum, pro pace domini regis manutenenda et pro redditu de terra predicti regis Hibernici domino regi reddendo, et ipse iusticiarius precepit quod coram eo comparerent Ochonkor et Cathel Roth' in presencia episcopi loci et aliorum ligiorum domini regis, ac idem Oconkor ad mandatum dicti iusticiarii venit coram eo, set Cathel Roth', licet saluus conductus ei oblatu[m] fuerit, ibi per duas leucas venire non curauit, eo quod felo domini regis fuit et non ad pacem, set idem Cathel Roth' tractando de pace nuncios suos ad dictum iusticiarium transmisit, set in fine recessit in contemptum domini regis. Et tunc demum predictus iusticiarius fecit quemdam alium regem Hibernicum in terra illa,

¹ Sic.

qui domino regi securitatem inuenit de stando paci et ad redditum illum fideliter reddendum. Et post recessum predicti iusticiarii a partibus illis Iohannes filius Thome, qui per dominum regem ad pacem regis homines et terram regis ibidem custodienda fuit assignatus, in contemptum domini regis et lesionem dignitatis sue mandauit predicto Cathel Roth' feloni domini regis quod ad ipsum veniret, qui statim ad eum venit, et idem Iohannes simul cum predicto Cathel Roth' super terram domini regis manu armata currere ceperunt, et terram domini regis depredauerunt de dcc. vaccis etc., et predictum regem sic per iusticiarium factum ceperunt et inprisonauerunt et lx. homines regis ibidem occiderunt. Et post istam feloniam perpetratam idem Iohannes rediit ad castrum de Roscoman et ibidem predictum Cathel Roth' felonem receptauit in lesionem dignitatis regie etc. et contemptum regis etc. Et Iohannes filius Thome super articulis predictis allocutus dicit quod reuera predictus iusticiarius fecit regem in terra de Cunnok predicta, et dicit quod controuersia fuit inter regem illum et quemdam Cathel Roth' clamantem se esse regem eiusdem patrie, et dicit quod quodam habito tractatu inter predictos reges de regalitate predicta, vicecomes domini regis illius patrie ibi presens, eo quod clamor astancium fuit quod predictus rex sic per iusticiarium factus quemdam equum ¹ precii x. marcarum ibi depredauerat contra pacem etc., predictum regem sic per iusticiarium factum cepisse voluit, et ipse Iohannes filius Thome ibi superueniens predictum vicecomitem ad officium suum exequendum auxiliauit pro pace domini regis obseruanda. Et quo ad vaccas dicit quod quia dubitauit quod predictus rex de nouo per iusticiarium factus predictas vaccas voluit depredasse, predictas vaccas ad pacem domini regis duci fecit. Et quod predictum Cathel Roth' non receptauit, nec homines domini regis ligios occidit, nec aliquid fecit contra pacem domini regis seu in eius contemptum, ponit se super patriam etc. Ideo rei veritas in omnibus premissis inquiratur etc. Et remandetur regi.

m. 2d [15] *Peticio Walteri de Ridelesford' uersus Willelmum de Vescy.*—
Preterea ² idem Willelmus multum affectat terram eiusdem Walteri habere et nullo modo pro suo dando eam habere potest, et ideo

¹ Sic.

² This appears from William de Vescy's reply to be the third of three petitions, the first two having escaped enrolment.

iam procurauit quemdam super dictum Walterum de terra illa breue de recto perquirere et per breue de recto implacitare in curia regis de Tristeldermot infra libertatem de Kildare, que quidem curia de quindena in quindenam tenta est, et ad quamlibet curiam ibi tentam ministri libertatis illius intersunt ad procurandum et manutenendum et adiuuandum in placito predicto contra predictum Walterum, quod quidem est contra statutum etc. Et nichilominus predictus Willelmus iam de nouo breue suum deliberauit et precepit quod predictus Walterus capiatur vbicumque inuentus fuerit in libertate sua, per quod idem Walterus personaliter non est ausus ad curiam predictam vbi implacitatur accedere ad terram suam defendendam, eo quod curia illa est infra libertatem de Kildare, vnde sperat terram suam ibi perdere nisi proteccio domini regis ei concedatur uel aliquid aliud remedium a domino rege quod ei iuuare debeat in hac parte, et ita quod idem Walterus ibidem possit ire et redire ad terram suam predictam defendendam etc. Responsum est ei quo ad tres petitiones suas predictas, primo quo ad hoc quod idem Walterus dicit quod predictus Willelmus fouit Hibernicos contra dictum Walterum contra pacem etc., dicit idem Willelmus quod predictos Hibernicos non fouit nec cum eis aliquam societatem habuit nisi vt iusticiarius domini regis vel tanquam dominus de Kildare ad eos ad pacem reformandam. Et petit quod dominus rex super hoc se certificet qualiter voluerit. Postea coram domino rege et eius consilio prouisum est quod rei veritas inquiratur per patriam etc. Inquiratur et remandetur regi.

[16] *Peticio Iohannis filii Thome.*—Idem Iohannes queritur quod Thomas Maunsel vicecomes de Kildare absque summonicione seu premunitione fecit probare omnes mensuras illius libertatis coram eo et omnes illos qui mensuras habuerunt grauiter amerciauit, cum homines Iohannis filii Thome prius tempore Agnetis de Vescy matris predicti Willelmi, cuius heres ipse est etc., de standardo Agnetis de Vescy mensuras suas ceperant, et eciam idem Thomas aliquas mensuras ibidem fecit manere et minores quam standardum domini regis condonat seu uult. Nec homines libertatis illius ius in terra Hibernie, eo quod iusticiarius capitalis est dominus libertatis predictae, aliquo modo consequi possunt. Et Willelmus de Vescy venit et dicit quod ipse tanquam capitalis iusticiarius liberauit senescallo suo de Kildare standardum mensurarum. Et dicit quod per standardum illius mesure fuerunt probate in eadem liber-

tate et transgressores mensurarum coram senescallo fuerunt puniti. Et predictus Willelmus, quesitus si clamat habere emendas mensurarum in predicta libertate, dicit quod sic. Et petit auxilium de Agatha de Mortuo Mari et Matillide de Kyme participibus suis etc. Ideo ipse summoneantur ad respondendum simul etc. coram auditoribus etc. Et audiantur et veritas si necesse fuerit inquiratur et regi retornetur.

[17] *Idem Iohannes filii Thome.*—Preterea idem Iohannes filius Thome queritur de Willelmo de Vescy quod, pace Hibernicorum suorum de Offaly in libertate de Kildare per breue domini regis senescallo eiusdem libertatis directum proclamata, predictus Willelmus venit in libertate de Kildare et attachiari fecit omnes illos qui eisdem Hibernicis aliquid vendiderunt vel cum eisdem societatem aliquam habuerunt ad respondendum coram eo super receptamento eorundem Hibernicorum, qui quidem venerunt et bene defenderunt quod dummodo fuerunt in gwerra ipsos non receptauerunt, set dedicere non potuerunt quin post pacem eorum proclamatam cum eis communicauerunt et eis vendiderunt et eos receptauerunt. Ad quod quidem responsum fuit per predictum Willelmum quod, licet pacem domini regis habuerunt, non propter hoc pacem suam habuerunt, per quod homines ipsius Iohannis ibidem grauiter redimebantur etc. in preiudicium domini regis et exheredacionem suam manifestam et dampnum tocius populi, desicut consuetudo Hibernie talis est quod, si quis feloniam fecerit in libertate et postea incendium vel aliam feloniam, cuius correccio regi pertineat, faciat, et pax domini regis postea ei fuerit concessa, pax illa stabilis erit et ei valeret per totam Hiberniam tam infra libertatem quam extra. Nec domini libertatum uersus huiusmodi felonem accionem aliquam habere possunt nec hucusque potuerunt etc. Postea coram rege et eius consilio concorditer ordinatum est quod pax domini regis concessa valere debet, tam infra libertatem quam extra, dum tamen sub tali forma seu generaliter concedatur. Set Willelmus de Vescy dicit quod pro nullo facto quod fecerunt infra libertatem predictam seu extra in quo pax domini regis eos saluasse aut eis valuisse debuit, nec pro aliquo illorum factorum quorum cognicio ad ipsum dominum regem pertinet eos distrinxit aut in aliquo molestauit, set pro aliis felonis factis infra libertatem de Kildare et quarum cognicio ad ipsum et participes suos pertinet, ratione libertatis sue predictae, ipsos amerciauit et pro eisdem amer-

ciamentis distrinxit, sicut ei et participibus suis bene licuit, et petit quod habeat auxilium participum suorum ¹ etc. Ideo veniant participes coram auditoribus etc. Et audiantur, et veritas si necesse fuerit inquiratur etc., et remandetur regi etc.

¹ *Sic.*

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, LENT 1305

Bibliothèque Nationale, MS. Latin no. 9215

(Mont St. Michel no. 7)

This membrane once formed part of the roll of the auditors of petitions from Ireland and the Channel Islands at the Lenten parliament of 1305. It was produced in the next parliament which began on 15 September following, when the *postea* to the final article (no. 20) was added. The whole of this article, including the *postea*, was, we may remark, also entered upon another membrane which once formed part of the council roll of the Lenten parliament. The latter membrane has disappeared, but at an early date certain entries from it had been copied into the *Vetus Codex*, whence they were printed by Ryley in his *Placita Parliamentaria* and from that source were taken for the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*. But we must make it clear that there were two quite distinct membranes forming part of two quite distinct rolls containing in part the same matter: duplication of entries in this fashion was by no means unusual at the period. The disappearance of one or more of the membranes which once formed part of the council roll had, so far as we know or have a right to conjecture, no connexion whatsoever with the disappearance of a membrane from the quite separate roll of Irish and Channel Island petitions. From this roll of petitions the compiler of the *Vetus Codex* took nothing, and it is safe to say that he knew nothing of it.¹

No one in fact seems to have known anything of this roll until almost exactly a century ago, when a membrane containing the Irish petitions was found among the records of the king's remembrancer. This membrane and other membranes recording business

¹ *Bulletin Inst. Historical Research*, VI. 149-50

before the parliaments of 1305 were regarded as portions of one roll and were sewn together to form Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 12.¹ In point of fact the membranes were the survivors of a number of separate rolls, probably five in number. However, they were treated as one document and as such were edited by Maitland in the *Memoranda de Parlamento*.

Meanwhile a membrane containing the petitions from the Channel Islands—only Jersey and Guernsey are represented—had been printed as a *pièce justificative* to a study by Julien Havet which appeared in 1877 and 1878 in the *Bibliothèque de l'École des Chartes*² and which was reprinted in a volume entitled *Cours Royales des Îles Normandes* published in the latter year.³ The membrane had in some way become incorporated in the muniments of the abbey of Mont St. Michel, and had subsequently been deposited in the Bibliothèque Nationale at Paris. That this membrane was once attached to the membrane upon which the Irish petitions are enrolled (now m. 14 of Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 12) was demonstrated by Mr. R. L. Atkinson in 1921.⁴

For the sake of convenience and completeness we have reprinted the document in the present volume, with the exception of the last article which is accessible in a better text in the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* as well as in Ryley's *Placita Parliamentaria*. In so doing we have made a few corrections in Havet's readings, and we have given references to such of the original petitions as have survived. Havet's numbering of the articles has been preserved.

PETICIONES ETC. INSULARUM DE IERESEYE ET GERNEREYE IN
PARLIAMENTO DOMINI REGIS APUD WESTMONASTERIUM DIE
DOMINICA PROXIMA POST FESTUM SANCTI MATHIE APOSTOLI,
ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI FILII REGIS HENRICI TRICESIMO
TERCIO.

[1] *Gereseye*.—Ad petitionem Gaudini Garire de parochia sancti Martini veteris in insula de Gereseye, cui dominus rex quandam abiuracionem ibidem perdonauit vt dicit etc., qui quidem Gaudinus

¹ *Memoranda de Parlamento*, pp. xii–xv. Regarding two other membranes which seem to have belonged to this series, see above p. xxviii.

² See vol. XXXIX., pp. 213–21.

³ The document is printed on pp. 197–205.

⁴ *English Historical Review*, XXXVI. 554–6.

petit terras et tenementa que Drogo de Barentyn tenet de hereditate ipsius Gaudini per foresfacturam predictam etc. :—

Dictum est predicto Gaudyno quod sequatur versus predictum Drogonem in curia domini regis in insula predicta secundum consuetudinem insularum etc. si sibi viderit expedire etc.

[2] *Gereseye*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Carteroco militis qui dicit se tenuisse ad firmam per quatuor annos decimas spectantes ad episcopum Abbrincensem in parochiis de sancta Trinitate et sancti Laurencii, et quod Robertus de Haddeye balliuus Otonis de Grandissono exigit ab eo centum libras turonenses de quinto anno, cum idem Iohannes non tenuisset predictam firmam nisi per quatuor annos tantum, et hoc petit inquiri etc. :—

Concessum est quod fiat breue custodi insularum vel eius locum tenenti quod inquirat de facto predicto, et secundum inquisitionem fiat ei iusticia etc.

[3] *Gereseye*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Barentyn qui asserit quod quidam Iohannis Aher deforciat ei redditum vnus cabotelli frumenti in parochia sancti Saluatoris sibi venditum per quemdam Petrum Pater :—

Dictum est ei quod sequatur in curia domini regis insularum versus predictum Iohannem Aher secundum consuetudinem parcium illarum si sibi etc.

[4] *Gereseye*.—Ad petitionem Perote neptis Petri le Seyre, Matilidis que fuit vxor Guillelmi le Bas, et Nicholai Hukelyn et parcenariorum suorum, qui se dicunt perdidisse duas acras terre in parochia sancti Eleri per quamdam inquisitionem captam coram magistro Roberto de Leysete et Henrico priore de Wenlok, alias iusticiariis domini regis ibidem :—

Dictum est etc. quod sequantur breue predicto Roberto de recordo et processu mittendo inquisitionis predicte ad proximum parliamentum etc.

[5] *Gernereye*.—Ad petitionem abbatis et conuentus de Blanche-launde in qua continetur quod cum ipsi teneant quandam grangiam et quasdam decimas cum pertinenciis in parochia sancti Martini de la Bellouse in perpetuam elemosinam de dono Ricardi quondam ducis Normannie ad celebrandum imperpetuum etc., balliui Otonis

de Grandissono custodis insularum etc. distringunt ipsos abbatem et conuentum ad inueniendum duos monachos celebrantes apud grangiam predictam pro animabus regum Anglie, occasione cuiusdam inquisitionis facte coram Henrico de Guldeford' et sociis suis iusticiariis nuper itinerantibus ibidem, cum ipsi nusquam celebrare consueuissent alibi quam in abbacia sua Normannie:—

Dictum est etc. quod habeant ad proximum parlamentum cartam predicti ducis quam habent de dono predicto. Et mandetur Henrico de Guldeford' de recordo et processu inquisitionis predictae mittendo etc.

[6] *Gerseye*.—Ad petitionem Reginaldi de Carteret qui dicit quod abbas et conuentus de Monte sancti Michaelis minati sunt ei de implacitando ipsum Reginaldum in curia christianitatis occasione quod idem¹ Reginaldus cepit in manum domini regis prioratum sancti Clementis per iudicium inde redditum coram iusticiario ultimo itinerante ibidem etc.:—

Responsum est quod quia non fit mencio in petitione predicta de aliqua iniuria sibi facta, quod nichil inde fieri potest ad presens etc.

[7] Ad petitionem Iohannis de Cartret qui dicit quod cum ipse tempore guerre inter dominum regem Anglie et regem Francie tenuisset quedam tenementa et terras alienigenarum que sunt de feodo ipsius Iohannis, ac idem Iohannes postmodo per formam pacis inter dictos reges inite reddidisset predictis alienigenis predicta tenementa sua et terras cum exitibus inde medio tempore perceptis, et hoc per preceptum balliuorum Ottonis de Grandissono custodis insularum etc., balliui ipsius Ottonis nichilominus distringunt eum pro predictis exitibus eidem Ottoni soluendis:—

Responsum est quod quia videtur quod peticio ipsius Iohannis est rationabilis etc., fiat breue predicto Ottoni vel eius locum tenenti pro predicto Iohanne secundum formam petitionis etc.

[8] *Germeseye*.—Ad petitionem² Radulfi Esterling' qui dicit quod

¹ Altered from "ipsum".

² The original petition A.P. 13553 reads as follows:—

A nostre seignour le rey prie Rauf Esterling qe come il eust este demorant en le idle de Gernereye grant tens e par la pleunte vn Robert Lyhot, persone del eglise de seint Perre Port, Gyllame le Marchant, adonques prouost de la ville auantdite, le eust arrestu menant vers la prisone nostre seignour le rey,

cum ipse ad querelam cuiusdam Willelmi le Marchant dudum arestatus fuisset in insula de Gernereye et superuenisset tunc statim quidam Willelmus de Culeford et suborta contencione inter ipsos Willelmum et Willelmum vterque ipsorum Willelmi et Willelmi interfecisset alium, presente ipso Radulfo Esterling', et idem Radulfus ob timorem confugisset ad ecclesiam etc., et ibi abiurasset insulas etc., vnde idem Radulfus petit gratiam de domino rege de abiuracione predicta et catallis suis etc. :—

Responsum est quod mandetur custodibus placitorum corone parcium illarum etc. quod certificent regem de causa, forma et modo abiuracionis etc. ad proximum parliamentum etc.

[9] *Iereseye*.—Ad primam petitionem Willelmi filii Radulfi Payn de quodam tenemento cum pertinenciis etc. quod vocatur Rosel quod Drogo de Barentyn tenet :—

Responsum est quod quia Henricus de Guldeford et Iohannes de Ditton' nuper iusticiarii itinerantes ibidem recordantur quod predictus Drogo sumonitus fuit ad respondendum predicto Willelmo de predicto manerio in itinere predicto et quod idem Willelmus non fuit prosecutus, per quod consideratum fuit quod predictus Drogo iret inde sine die etc., dictum est ei quod sequatur alias in curia domini regis ibidem versus predictum Drogonem si sibi viderit expedire.

[10] Ad secundam petitionem ipsius Willelmi in qua continetur quod Henricus de Guldeford et socii sui iusticiarii nuper itinerantes etc. liberauerunt seysinam de omnibus rebus, terris et catallis ipsius Willelmi in parochia sancti Saluatoris, occasione cuiusdam

e a ceo qil fust enalant vers la prisone suruint vn Willame de Coleford, coustemer de la dite ville, e defendi le dit Gillame le Marchant qil ne faist nul despit a le auantdit Rauf Esterling. E a ceo paroles sourderent entre les ditz Gillame le Marchant e Willame de Colford qil sentretueront. Le dit Esterling, veant cest countec entre eus mew, pur doute des parens le dit Gillame le Marchant e pur peril qi li pout estre auenuz, senfuy a mouster e foriura les idles. Pur qei le dit Rauf Esterling prie la grace nostre seignour le rey del abiuracion auantdite e qe ses bons e ses chateaux feussent restorez qil lessa, qar pur autre chose ne feseit il la abiuracion, e de ceo est il prest de acordre bone enqueste.

[*Dorse*]. Scribatur custodibus placitorum corone insularum de forma et causa abiuracionis mittendis ad proximum parliamentum.

This endorsement has been altered from :—Scribatur Ottoni de Grandisono custodi insularum vel eius locum tenenti [etc.].

processus inter eos habiti de quodam placito transgressionis etc. ad querelam ipsius Drogonis et cuiusdam alterius placiti consimilis coram magistro Roberto de Leysete nuper iusticiario etc. inter ipsum Willelmum filium Pagani querentem et predictum Drogonem :—

Responsum est quod mandetur predicto Roberto et eciam predicto Henrico de recordo mittendo ad proximum parlamentum etc.

[11] *Iereseye*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Cartroco [et] ¹ Lucie vxoris eius, qui clamant wreccum maris ratione libertatis qua ipsa Lucia et antecessores sui vsi sunt a tempore quo non exstat memoria etc. :—

Responsum est quod quia Henricus de Guldeford et Iohannes de Ditton' iusticiarii nuper itinerantes ibidem testantur quod predicti Iohannes et Lucia venerunt coram ipsis et allegauerunt prescriptionem predictam et super hoc sunt ibidem ad iudicium sine inquisitione etc. et iudicium nondum inde redditum, et similiter testatum est per eosdem iusticiarios quod placita de insulis etc. pendencia in iudicium debent terminari in proximo itinere subsequente etc., quod predicti Iohannes et Lucia exspectent vsque aduentum iusticiariorum proximo ad partes illas etc.

[12] *Iereseye*.—Ad petitionem ² Roberti le Galicien qui dicit quod quedam tenementa in parochiis sancti Martini de Grouilla et sancti Laurencii que fuerunt ius et maritagium cuiusdam Iohanne matris ipsius ³ Roberti qui sequitur pro se et parcenariis suis cuius heredes ipsi sunt, sesita fuerunt et occupata sunt per quemdam Petrum de Arcis ballium et firmarium Ottonis de Grandissono, qui quidem Petrus ipsos inde eiecit :—

Responsum est quod mandetur predicto Otoni vel eius locum tenenti quod inquiret de iure et sesina predicti Roberti et aliorum et omnibus articulis et circumstanciis factum predictum tangentibus, et inquisitionem etc. scire faciat sine dilacione domino regi etc., et secundum inquisitionem fiat eis iusticia etc.

¹ MS. omits.

² A.P. 13264: printed in translation by Société Jersiaise, *Ancient Petitions of the Chancery and the Exchequer* (1902), pp. 24–5. This petition was at the bottom of a file and is endorsed: "Petitiones hominum de insula de Gerneseye."

³ Altered from "predicti".

[13] Ad petitionem ¹ episcoporum et abbatum tenencium terras et tenementa in insulis, qui clamant dilaciones habere diuersas in somonicionibus placitorum et ad quod non potest responderi nisi scrutatis prius rotulis de diuersis itineribus insularum predictarum :—

Dictum est quod predicti rotuli scrutentur etc. et de articulis inuentis in rotulis predictis certificetur dominus rex per Otonem de Grandissono etc. ad proximum parliamentum etc., et tunc fiat quod de iure etc.

[14] *Gerneseye*.—Ad petitionem Thome le Tayllur de Londoniis qui petit xxij. solidos et iiij^{or} denarios de vadiis suis in seruicio domini regis [in insula de] ² Gerneseye tempore quo Nicholaus de Cheyny fuit custos insularum etc., et asserit quod ipse alias habuit breue de cancellaria ad distringendum predictum Nicholaum ad soluendum predicta vadia et quod nichil inde est actum etc. :—

Dictum est quod si constaret per cancellarium quod predictus Thomas alias habuit inde breue etc. tunc habeat inde breue de nouo vt prius etc.

[14A] Abbas ³ et conuentus de Monte sancti Michaelis in Periculo Maris de manerio quod vocatur prioratus sancti Clementis etc. vnde seisinam suam uersus eos coram Henrico de Gildeford et sociis iusticiariis itinerantibus ibidem die Lune proxima post festum [Aduin]cule anno xxxij.⁴ eo quod predicti abbas et conuentus noluerunt inde coram prefatis iusticiariis respondere :—

Responsum est quod vnde abbas et conuentus habeant ius in predicto manerio vt de iure ecclesie sue etc., quod ostendant cartas et scripta sua et doceant de iure ecclesie sue in hac parte, et sequantur inde alias graciā domini regis quando sibi viderint expedire etc.

¹ A.P. 13241 : printed in translation by Société Jersiaise, *Ancient Petitions*, pp. 16–17. The endorsements on the original petition should be noted :—

Quia responderi recte non potest ad istam petitionem quousque rotuli de itineribus precedentibus videantur, ideo scrutentur rotuli de eisdem itineribus extra proximum parlamentum et tunc fiat iusticia etc.

Et scribatur magistro Roberto de Leset qui fuit primus iusticiarius nominatus in itinere illo.

² Tear in MS.

³ This paragraph has been vacated, with the marginal note "alibi".

⁴ 3 August, 1304.

[15] Ad petitionem ¹ abbatis et conuentus de Meremoster qui dicunt quod eorum possessiones in insula de Gerneseye capte sunt [in manum domini regis per Henricum de] Guldeford et socios suos iusticiarios ultimo itinerantes ibidem, eo quod predictus abbas non venit personaliter coram eisdem iusticiariis etc. :—

Responsum est quod sequantur breue de cancellaria prefato Henrico de recordo mittendo coram [rege] etc., et tunc fiat iusticia etc.

[16] Ad petitionem ² Otonis de Grandissono custodis insularum de Gernereye et Gerseye in qua continetur quod episcopus de Costances et officiales sui fatigant et fatigare faciunt homines domini regis predictarum insularum, trahendo eos ad diuersa loca

¹ The original petition A.P. 6203 reads as follows :—

A nostre seynnur le rey e a sen counseyl mostre le procuratour le abbe e le couent de Meremoster ke cum lour possessiouns en le idle de Gernereye appendaunt a eus, par la cause des eglises ke eus tenent illeukes en propres vs, seyent seysi en la meyn le rey par sire Henry de Guldeforde e ses cum-paynouns iustices illeukes dreyn herraunz, pur ce ke le dit abbe ne fut pas a cel heyre en propre persone mes par procuratour ke ne pout estre alouwe, par quey requerent le diz abbe e le couent de Meremoster ke les dites possessiouns lour seyent restabli en fourme de dreyte, kar eus serrunt prez dester a dreyt solum la ley e les vsages del dit idle.

[Dorse]. Iusticarii recordantur quod quidam Willelmus le Jeofne et alii questi fuerunt de predicto abbate in itinere suo vbi secundum consuetudinem patrie nullus debet per procuratorem respondere, et ideo coram rege.

Sequatur breue ad faciendum venire coram rege et fiat ibi iusticia.

Coram rege.

² The original petition A.P. 5662 reads as follows :—

A nostre seignour le rey e a son conseil prient les attornes Ottes de Graunson del idle de Gernereye e de Ierseye qe pur ceo qe le euesqe de Costaunces e ses officiaus trauaillent e funt trauailler les gentz nostre seignour le rey de memes les idles en diuers leus en Normaundye par lour somonces, ausi bien pur tote maniere de trespas, contratz de dette, come pur testament e pur matrimonie, en grant destruccion des pources gentz du pays e en damage nostre seignour le rey, e encountre la tenour de vne bulle qe le pape Honore lor graunta qe il ne feussent point treit hors des idles en pleitz nient plus qe les gentz de Engleterre hors du reaume de Engleterre, qe il voille maunder ses prohibicions a le auantdit euesqe e a ses officiaus e a ses autres ministres, e defendre qe ses gentz des idles auantditz ne facent trauailler par lor somonces hors des idles, encountre la forme de la bulle auantdite, ne dedens les idles, si ceo ne fust par cause de testament ou de matrimonie.

Tenor bulle patet in dorso.

Dorse. Coram rege.

Fiat prohibicio regia in generali.

There is no further endorsement giving the effect of the bull.

in Normanniam¹ per somonicones in placitis de transgressionibus, contractibus et debitis, que [non sunt] de testamento vel matrimonio, contra² a domino papa concessi domino regi etc. :—

Responsum est quod fiat prohibicio regia in generali etc.

Dorse. [17] *Gereseye*.—Ad petitionem abbatis de sancto Salvatore etc. de generali atornato faciendo etc. in omnibus placitis motis et mouendis etc. :—

Responsum est quod habeat huiusmodi attornatum duraturum per duos annos et habeat breue balliuo insule Gereseye de attornato recipiendo etc.

[18] *Gereseye*.—Ad petitionem ³ Giloti Tongart qui petit graciā domini regis de quadam abiuracione facta ad ecclesiam de seynt Eler etc. :—

Responsum est quod mandetur balliuis et custodibus placitorum corone ibidem quod certificent dominum regem de modo et causa abiuracionis etc.

[19] *Gerneseye*.—Ad petitionem Ricardi de Catello qui petit xiiij. s. iiij d. de vadiis suis tempore Nicholai de Cheyny custodis etc. :—

Predictus Nicholaus sic inde allocutus dicit quod ipse inde nondum computauit. Et ideo predictus Ricardus audiatur in redditione predicti conpoti, et ibi fiat ei iusticia.

[20] *Iereseye*.—Dominus rex mandauit breue suum [*etc.* as in *Rotuli Parliamentorum*, I, 180–1 (no. 14)].

Responsiones facte ad petitiones Hibernie et insularum Gereseye et Gerneseye exhibitas coram Iohanne de Berewyk, Heruico de Staunton', Willelmo de Dene, Willelmo de Mortimer et Rogero Beaufou quos rex assignauit ad huiusmodi petitiones recipiendas etc.

¹ About four words illegible.

² About five words illegible.

³ A.P. 13556: printed in translation by Société Jersiaise, *Ancient Petitions*, p. 26. The endorsements on the original petition should be noted :—

Non potest petenti in cancellaria subueniri eo quod petit perdonacionem domini regis de quadam abiuracione quam idem petens fecit pro latrocinio, ideo coram rege.

Coram rege.

Mandetur balliuis insule quod certificent regem de modo et causa abiuracionis.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, AUGUST 1312

Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 17

The two membranes of this roll are undated, but the date can be established without difficulty. The first petition is presented by John Leek, archbishop of Dublin from November, 1310, and the pardon which resulted from the petition is dated 20 May, 1313.¹ Another petition (no. 5) is from William of Wargrave asking that he may be reinstated in the office of coroner of Eskdale: since he was superseded on 20 December, 1311,² the petition must be subsequent to this date. Another petition (no. 6), from Bartholomew of Well, burgess of Lynn, refers to an action before Richard of Welford, sheriff of London, 1311-1312: this petition resulted in a commission dated 8 December, 1312.³ Clearly, therefore, these petitions must have been presented between December, 1311, and December, 1312: but during this time only one parliament met, that summoned for 20 August, 1312, the Sunday after the feast of the Assumption.⁴ In further confirmation of this ascription it may be noted that, after two adjournments in the action of Maurice of Berkeley against Nicholas Fermbaud to the morrow of Michaelmas and the morrow of All Souls, Berkeley is told to sue out a writ from the chancery addressed to the lieutenant of the treasurer and the chamberlains of the exchequer. The lieutenant is doubtless Walter of Norwich, who was appointed to act from 17 May, 1312, in consequence of the refusal of the barons to recognise Walter of Langton, bishop of Chester, the treasurer appointed by the king.⁵

¹ *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1307-1313*, p. 595.

² *Cal. of Close Rolls, 1307-1313*, p. 390.

³ *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1307-1313*, p. 544.

⁴ *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, vi. 86.

⁵ See Tout, *Place of the Reign of Edward II in English History*, p. 332; J. C. Davies, *Baronial Opposition to Edward II*, pp. 389-92.

The two membranes are probably a fragment of a larger roll containing the record of the proceedings before the council in this parliament.

[1] *Archiepiscopus Dublinensis*.—Ad petitionem ¹ Iohannis archiepiscopi Dublinensis petentis remedium super eo quod escaetor regis in Hibernia seisiuerat in manum regis quedam terras et tenementa pro eo quod Ricardus de Feryns quondam archiepiscopus ibidem, predecessor suus, dimiserat eadem terras et tenementa diuersis personis ad feodi firmam ad commodum ecclesie sue Dublinensis, licencia regis super hoc non petita, ita responsum est :—

Mandetur per breue de cancellaria iusticiario Hibernie quod inquireat de contentis in petitione et quid et quantum dicte terre et tenementa in petitione contenta valeant per annum etc., et si sit ad dampnum vel preiudicium regis etc., et certificet regem.

[2] *Ioneston' et Wadenhou*.—Ad petitionem Elie de Ioneston' et Rogeri de Wadenhou petencium exonerari de quibusdam negociis quibus onerati fuerunt post mortem magistri Philippi Martel, vel quod haberent rationabilem sustentacionem eis assignatam vel aliam sufficientem pro expedicione negociorum predictorum, ita responsum est :—

Quant les autres clerks qe sont ordenez dentremettre des busoignes de Gascoigne vendront, le roi serra auisez par eux de queux seruise et peniblete les ditz Elys et Roger li ont seruy et leur ferra due reguordoun solom lour desser et solom lour demande.

[3] *Wallia. Beaumareys*.—Ad petitionem Henrici Cankour burgensis de Conewey petentis solucionem sibi fieri de lx. li' xviiij. d. sibi debitis pro victualibus ab eo captis per Waltherum de Wynton' ad operationes castri de Beaumareys, ita responsum est :—

Sequatur breue in cancellaria de faciendo venire Willelmum de Wyncestr' ad reddendum compotum suum de tempore quo intro-misit se de operacionibus castri de Beaumareys, sicut alias fuit ordinatum. Et interim sequatur penes thesaurarium de scaccario vt faciat sibi auxilium de vna marcha vel xx. solidis, si idem thesaurarius id facere velit pro Deo.

¹ A.P. 5251.

[4] *Goldyngton*.—Ad petitionem Willelmi de 'Goldyngton' petentis partem cuiusdam finis leuati coram Radulpho de Hengham et sociis suis iusticiariis de banco, termino sancti Michaelis anno regis nunc secundo, inter Iohannem de Tany et Iohannam vxorem eius et ipsum Willelmum et Margaretam vxorem eius de vno mesuagio et tribus carucatis terre cum pertinenciis in villa de Tarlynge et Parua Badou, quas quidem partes iidem iusticiarii hactenus penes se retinuerunt et adhuc retinent et quas prefatis Iohanni et Iohanne Willelmo et Margarete reddere nolunt, ita responsum est :—

Habeat breue sicut alias et indorsetur per consilium.

[5] *Scocia. Wergrau*e.—Ad petitionem ¹ Willelmi de Wergrau ammoti ab officio coronatoris in valle de Esk' in comitatu de Dumfries in Scocia, petentis restitui ad illud officium, ita responsum est :—

Mandetur per breue de cancellaria camerario Scocie quod, viso waranto predicti Willelmi de officio predicto, ipsum officium illud rehabere faciat nisi ex causa rationabili et sufficienti inde sit amotus, etc.

[6] *Lenn'. Pro Bartholomeo de Welle*.—Ad petitionem ² Bartholomei de Welle burgensis de Lenn' petentis remedium de eo quod cum idem Bartholomeus habuit quandam nauem suam carcatam de lxxvj. dolis vini ancoratam in partibus de Oleroun in quodam loco qui vocatur Palitium de Retibus,³ venit quidam Iohannes de Goseford clericus, nauem suam vi et armis et contra pacem cum quibusdam personis ignotis intrauit, et vnam anchoram et duas cabulas cum quibus naus predicta fuerat ligata amputauit et asportauit, vnde naus sua predicta et vina et alia bona in eadem carcata perierunt ad valenciam mille marcarum, de qua quidem transgressione placitauit ipsum Iohannem clericum coram Ricardo de Welleford' vicecomite Londoniarum, qui quidem Ricardus, licet compertum fuisset per inquisitionem coram eo captam in premissis quod idem Bartholomeus amisisset bona sua vsque ad summam quingentarum librarum et dampna sua ad centum libras fuissent taxata et idem Bartholomeus prosecutus fuisset de habendo iudicium in hac parte, nullum tamen inde iudicium habere potuit, set ipsum de die in diem adiornauit et medio tempore fecit sedere duos clericos suos qui considerarunt ipsum Iohannem inde quietum sine

¹ A.P. 7427. ² A.P. 7441. ³ Original petition reads "Paleis de Reith."

die et predictum Bartholomeum in misericordia quia non est persecutus, ita responsum est :—

Adeat cancellariam et assignentur ei iusticiarii ¹ etc.

m. 2 [7] *Pro Mauricio de Berkelee*.—Mauricius de Berkelee exhibuit domino regi et consilio suo in hoc parlamento quandam petitionem per quam peccit remedium sibi fieri de eo quod Nicholaus de Feronbaud',² tempore quo fuit constabularius castri Bristollie et iusticiarius de treillebaston', apropiavit ad opus regis Edwardi patris regis nunc quasdam libertates in suburbio ville Bristollie quas ipse Mauricius et antecessores sui habuerunt et tenuerunt a tempore quo memoria non existit tanquam pertinentes ad manerium suum de Bedministr', et eadem peticio indorsata fuit sic :—

Mandetur Nicholao de Ferombauid quod veniat coram consilio regis apud Westmonasterium in crastino sancti Michaelis, instructus sufficienter de contentis in ista peticione et de contingentibus eandem, ita quod de facto suo et de iure regis possit plenius informare consilium predictum.

Pretextu cuius responsionis mandatum fuit prefato Nicholao quod esset hic coram consilio regis ad diem predictum ad informandum consilium regis super contentis in peticione predicta. Et ad diem illum venit predictus Nicholaus coram consilio regis predicto et dicit quod istud negocium tangit dominum regem et quicquid fecit in hac parte fecit ad commodum regis etc. Tamen petit sibi ostendi quas libertates ipse apropiavit etc., et paratus est de facto suo respondere et consilium etc. de iure regis in hac parte informare etc. Et quia predictus Mauricius non venit nec aliquis pro eo sciens declarare contenta in peticione etc., datus est dies prefato Nicholao in statu quo nunc essendi hic coram consilio etc. in crastino Animarum proximo futuro. Et dictum est³ valecto ipsius Mauricii presenti etc. quod premuniat ipsum Mauricium quod sit hic ad eundem diem ad declarandum libertates predictas et vterius faciendum quod etc., si sibi viderit expedire. Et interim sequatur breue in cancellaria Iohanni de Botetourt', qui fuit capitalis iusticiarius de treillebaston' in comitatu Gloucestrie, quod habeat hic coram consilio ad eundem diem rotulos suos etc., et similiter tenenti locum thesaurarii et camerariis de scaccario quod

¹ Original petition adds : " ad audiendum et terminandum apud sanctum Martinum magnum Londoniensem etc ".

² *Sic*.

³ Space for name left blank.

habeant similiter ad diem predictum rotulos Willelmi Howard', qui fuit associatus prefato Iohanni in iusticiaria predicta, in thesauraria regis in custodia ipsorum camerariorum existentes etc., vt auditis rationibus prefati Mauricii in hac parte, visisque recordo et processu tangentibus negocium predictum, vltius inde fiat quod etc.

Glouc'. De attornato.—Mauricius de Berkleë ponit loco suo Iohannem de Elkeston' versus Nicholaum de Ferombaud de placito transgressionis. Per consilium

[Dorse]. *Petitiones irrotulate de quodam parlamento apud Westminsterium tempore regis nunc.*¹

¹ In early fourteenth-century hand.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, HILARY 1315

Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 18

When the editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* printed this roll,¹ quite arbitrarily they included certain vacated entries² and omitted others. We print below three entries which were omitted. The first of these should follow no. 101 on page 314 of the printed text and is not to be found elsewhere on the roll. The other two are different versions of entries found elsewhere. The petition from William of Radstone, which should follow no. 175 on page 325 of the printed text, corresponds to part of no. 143 on page 320: the petition from the archbishop of York, which should follow no. 178 on page 325, is a very abbreviated Latin rendering of no. 204 on page 329. These three entries all come from those membranes which record the proceedings before the auditors of petitions. Another vacated entry which we do not print, but which also throws some light on the method of writing the roll, should follow no. 40 on page 299. This comes from the section of the roll which records proceedings before the great council and corresponds to no. 4 on page 289: there are only slight verbal variations in the body of the entries, but the marginal notes are different. The printed entry has a note against the petition "*Petitio specialis de falso scripto quiete clamancie porrecto etc.*" and a note against the reply "*Generalis Responsio ad Peticionem precedentem etc.*" while the unprinted entry has the notes "*Pro Katerina que fuit uxor Roberti Iurdan de Curtelyngton*" and "*De falsis scriptis quiete clamancie.*"

m. 16 *Pro Waltero Fohiot et Ada uxore eius.*—Ad petitionem Walteri

¹ For a brief analysis of this roll see *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 151.

² *Rot. Parl.*, I. 297, no. 35 (= p. 312, no. 95), 304, no. 67 (= p. 313, no. 98): these entries were not marked in any way by the editors.

Foliot et Ade vxoris eius suggerencium ipsos super prosecucione iuris sui coram Rogero le Brabazon et sociis suis iusticiariis domini regis per breue domini regis versus Walterum de Pauey et alios de manerio de Dauteseye per diuersa breuia sub priuato sigillo eisdem iusticiariis directa impediri, super quo petunt remedium sibi prouideri, responsum est per consilium :—

Habeant breue iusticiariis secundum formam ordinacionum quod procedant ad iusticiam partibus faciendam.

Pro Willelmo de Rodeston.—Item ad aliam petitionem eiusdem m. 20 petentis allocacionem sibi fieri de lxxij. libris, sex solidis et xj. denariis quas¹ idem Willelmus liberauit Ricardo Foun pro sustentacione haracii domini Edwardi patris regis per breuia de scaccario et tallias, petentis eciam allocacionem sibi fieri de ix. libris, ij. solidis, vj. denariis quos per breue de scaccario et per preceptum thesaurarii liberauit Willelmo de Beauxami pro expensis suis per duos annos, et de x. libris quas soluit per breue de scaccario Iohanni le Spenser executori testamenti Iohannis de London', et de xxvj. solidis et viij. denariis pro expensis predicti Willelmi versus Preston' in Holdernesse euntis² ad regem per breue de priuato sigillo, et de xxx. libris pro dampno quod habuit de moneta que dicitur cokedons quos recepit vnumquemque videlicet ad valorem vnus denarii et post in solucione eorundem quilibet sibi fuit allocutus ad valorem vnus oboli, responsum est :—

Liberetur billa in garderoba ad videndum ibidem si illi qui infrascriptas summas receperunt inde computauerint et si de summis illis onerauerint, et si sic, tunc habeat ibidem billam liberandam in cancellaria et per billam illam habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario de allocacione habenda super summis predictis.

Pro archiepiscopo Eboracensi.—Ad petitionem³ archiepiscopi m. 20d Eboracensis petentis iusticiarios assignari ad inquirendum super iurisdiccione habenda in ecclesiis et vicariis de Loudham, Estmarkham, Westmarkham etc., in diocesi sua, prout per quoddam breue tempore domini Edwardi patris regis fuerat ordinatum, sic est responsum :—

Assignentur Edmundus Deycurt, Iohannes de Insula et Iohannes de Donecastre et duo eorum, quorum Iohannes de Insula sit vnus

*Vacat quia
in alio
rotulo*

¹ Sic.

² MS. "eunti."

³ A.P. 98, printed *Rot. Parl.*, I. 329, no. 204.

quociens omnes vacare non possunt, ad inquirendum etc. super contentis in petitione et ad certificandum inde regem, vt vltius inde fiat prefato archiepiscopo quod de iure fuerit faciendum, quia alias fuerunt iusticiarii ad hoc assignati qui nichil inde fecerunt etc., ideo videatur assignacio in cancellaria et assignentur nunc sub eadem forma qua prius.

PARLIAMENT AT LINCOLN, HILARY 1316

Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 19

The entry printed below comes immediately after *Rotuli Parliamentorum*, I. 343, no. 23. It is vacated and was omitted by the editors without notice. The entry is unfinished and corresponds to no. 33 on page 345, of which it is evidently a Latin version.

Pro Petro Corbet et Henrico filio Henrici consanguineis et heredibus m. 6 Rogeri de Vautori.—Ad petitionem eorumdem suggerentium regi et eius consilio, sicut ad parliamentum Westmonasterii proximo futurum anno octauo fecerunt, quod cum Petrus de Corbet castrum et manerium de Tremynton' et villas ¹ de Esse, Sutton', Tamerton' et Makerton' et ² manerium de Calstok', cum feodis militum et pertinenciis suis, per cartam suam dedisset Ricardo quondam regi Alemannie et comiti Cornubie et heredibus de corpore suo exeuntibus, et si predictus Ricardus obierit sine heredē de corpore suo exeunte ac eciam si heres predicti Ricardi sine herede de corpore suo exeunte similiter obierit, quod predicta castrum et maneria predicto Petro et heredibus suis retornassent, et factum regis Alemannie de isto porrexerunt, et loquela fuit porrecta coram domino Rogero le Brabanzon etc., per quod preceptum fuit per breue regis executoribus testamenti Edmundi quondam comitis Cornu. ³

¹ MS. "ville".

² Repeated.

³ Ends thus.

PARLIAMENT AT YORK, MICHAELMAS 1318

- A. Parliament and Council Proceedings, Exchequer, Roll no. 20 ;
Ancient Petition E. 712
- B. Ancient Petitions 9518, E. 459 ; Additional MS. no. 41612,
fo. 53
- C. Parliament and Council Proceedings, Exchequer, 1/22, mm. 2, 3

A. The roll is a late fourteenth-century transcript of a document said to have been taken "A rubro libro in parlamento tento apud Lincolniam anno xij. regis Edwardi secundi." There can be practically no doubt that this "red book" is the volume now known as the *Vetus Codex*,¹ and that we are thus able to supply some of the matter lost both from it and from Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 21, upon which the scribe of the *Vetus Codex* apparently drew.² The transcriber, or whoever noted on the transcript the source of the document, blundered over the name of the place at which the Parliament was held, a mistake evidently due to hasty reading. The transcript does not supply a copy of the petition stated to be sewn to the roll, but by a fortunate chance the original has survived, with the marks of sewing at the side, although the membrane to which it was attached has not been recovered. This petition (E.712) we have reproduced.

B. These three texts supply a document which, as we know from a marginal note on m.11 *d*, once existed on a later membrane of Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 21.³ As indicated by the interlineations and endorsements, E. 459 appears to be the original petition presented by the bishop of Ely. It was this document that was used for the enrolment, as indicated by the endorsement "irrotulatur." A.P. 9518 may be a copy of the enrolment or a

¹ It was known as "*Liber Rubeus Parliamentorum*" to the Elizabethan antiquaries: cf. Hearne, *Curious Discourses* (1771), II. 116.

² *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 152.

³ Cole, *Documents illustrative of English History*, p. 46.

fair copy of E. 459 : it does not, however, follow the latter entirely literatim and includes one bad mistake. Add. MS. 41612 follows E. 459 more closely and may be a copy of the duplicate petition which, we assume, was in most cases retained by the petitioner. The heading, which enables us to identify the parliament at which the petition was presented, is, of course, given only by Add. MS. 41612.

We have adopted A.P. 9518 as our main text but have noted any variant readings of importance, and, in particular, those additions provided by E. 459 which give valuable information regarding procedure. Minor variations in spelling are too numerous to record. We have printed in its appropriate place, but in italics, the advice given by the committee to which the petition was referred.

C. This document is unique among the parliamentary miscellanea that have come down to us. It contains lists of petitions in different categories presented at the Michaelmas parliament of 1318 :—those for the great council, those for the personal consideration of the king, those concerning the king's debts, those not fully expedited because of various difficulties, and finally petitions that had been expedited. With few exceptions, no petitions save those in the last category can be identified on Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 21, but a large number of those stated to have been expedited correspond with the petitions entered on that roll : since these are readily to be found in Cole's *Documents* we have not burdened our text with references. We may note, however, that none of the petitions mentioned on the dorse of membrane 3 of the document here printed seems identifiable with any of those on the parliament roll. This may possibly be due to the defective state of the roll, although the entries on the roll do not in any way follow the order of the entries in the present document : we can in any case hardly account in this way for the almost total absence from the roll of petitions corresponding to the entries on membrane 2, and the conclusion appears to be that the parliament broke up before its business was completed. There are two pieces of corroborative evidence. The first entry under the heading *Peticiones non plenius expedite propter aliquas difficultates* is "*Peticiones Ricardi de Lustreshull' et Ade de Eglesfeld' cum quodam processu etc.*"¹ These petitions without doubt concerned a dispute between the two men named regarding the office of warden of St. Katherine's

¹ Below, p. 74.

by the Tower which was remitted to the barons of the exchequer on 10 February, 1319 with instructions that they were to proceed without delay to a final discussion of the matter. From the entry on the Memoranda Roll we learn that the barons had already sent certain information in this behalf to the king in his last parliament at York "et negocium illud in eodem parlamento suo concussum non fuerit."¹ It also happens that there has survived a wrapper of a file² which bears the endorsement "Petitiones coram rege et magno consilio quibus non fuit responsum in parlamento conuocato apud Eboracum anno xij^{mo}", and it is highly likely that the parliament to which this refers was that of Michaelmas 1318, although, since the wrapper has been separated from the petitions,³ we cannot be certain that it was not the following Easter parliament.

It may be noted that in the manuscript the entries are arranged in columns; for the purpose of printing we have arranged the material in the order indicated by the scribe.

A

Processus habitus coram consilio regis Edwardi patris regis Edwardi etc. super petitione quam Hugo de Courteneye porrexit in parlamento ipsius regis apud Westmonasterium post octabas sancti Hillarii anno etc. octauo . . . in proximo parlamento etc. [*as in Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 19, mm. 1 and 2 (Rot. Parl. I. 334-6, no. 1)*].

Et predictus Hugo ponit loco suo Ricardum de Chisebech' ad prosequendum, petendum et recipiendum versus dominum regem per petitionem suam in parlamento omnes terras et tenementa in Insula Vecta que quondam fuerunt Isabelle de Fortibus comitis Deuonie et manerium de Christi ecclesia cum pertinenciis in comitatu Suthamptonie.

Memorandum quod dominus Robertus de Askeby clericus cancelarie, qui in ultimo parlamento tento apud Lincolniam assignatus fuit ad petitiones et querelas liberatas in parlamento predicto percipiendas, legendas et irrotulandas, misit in hoc parlamento, habito apud Eboracum a die sancti Michaelis in tres septimanas anno xij^o,

¹ L.T.R. Mem. Roll 12 Edw. II (E. 368/89), m. 85.

² Ancient Petition E. 1389.

³ Many of the entries on membrane 2 can be identified with petitions between E. 356 and E. 417 in the modern file S.C. 8/319, and the wrapper probably belongs to this series. None of these petitions bears a reply on the dorse.

istum processum sub sigillo suo ad sectam Hugonis de Courteneye, qui quidem processus continuatur vsque ad parliamentum proximo futurum in statu quo nunc, pro eo quod ad eius finalem discussionem procedi non potuit in hoc parlamento sine maiori auisamento etc.

Et predictus Hugo adiornatur ibidem.

Et memorandum quod dominus Robertus istum processum misit in hoc parlamento Eboraci pretextu responsionis facte ad quandam petitionem dicti Hugonis huic rotulo consutam que fuit in presenti parlamento liberata.

[*The petition follows :—*]

A nostre seigneur le roi moustre Hugh de Courtenay qe com il ad longement suy en diuerses parlementz pur son heritage qil cleyme en les terres del Isle de Wyth et le maner de Cristechurch oue les apurtenances en le counte de Suth[anton], et, al darrayn parlement tenuz a Nichole en le temps nostre seigneur le roi qore est, fust le dit Hugh aiornez deuaunt le consail nostre seigneur le roi a Westmouster a la quinzeyne du Pasch prochainement suant, au quel iour mys fust vn escrit encontre le dit Hugh qi supposa estre fet par Isabelle de Fortz, sa auncestre, et se contynt en soi grant, reles et quite clamance, au quel fet dit lui fust qil respoundit. Et pur ceo qe la chose serroit en despleisaunce nostre seigneur le roi a dedire fest troue en sa mayn, le dit Hugh pria vne auysement tauntqe al procheyn parlement, qi ore est, par quei le dit Hugh ne poet ne ne voet le dit escrit conustre par la reisonne qe Isabelle du Fortz sa auncestre fust hors de memorie deux iours auant qele deuya et morist, einz ceo qe nul fet se fist, issint qele ne sauoit de nul escrit lui vyuant. Par quei le dit Hugh prie a nostre seigneur le roi qil vuelle enquere par chiualers et bones gentz le quel le dit escrit soit fait Isabelle sa auncestre, et sy ele morust seysie en son demeyne come du fee ou ne mye. Et si troue soit qe ceo seit son fet et qele ne morust seisie come desuz est dit, le dit Hugh grante, pur lui et pur ses heirs, destre barre a touz iours des ditz tenementz. Et sy troue seit qe ceo nest mye le fait sa auncestre et qe ele morust seisie en son demeyne come du fee, le dit Hugh prie qe les ditz tenementz lui seont renduz come son dreit.

[*Dorse*]. Mittatur ista peticio Roberto de Askeby, qui fuit intendens recepcioni billarum et petitionum porrectarum in parlamento Lincolnie, de quo peticio ista facit mencionem, quod informet se super isto negocio, etsi processus inde resideat penes illum tunc totum processum illum cum hac petitione remittat in presenti parlamento.

Postea, remissa petitione cum isto processu, responsum est eidem vt patet inferius :

Quia dominus noster rex ad finalem discussionem negotii infra contenti absque maiori deliberacione et auisamento commodè procedere non potest, continuatur istud negotium in statu quo nunc est vsque ad proximum parlamentum, et prædictus Hugo super hoc adiornatur ibidem.

B

PETICIO FACTA DOMINO REGI PER EPISCOPUM ELYENSEM VIDELICET DOMINUM IOHANNEM HOTHAM PRO CONFIRMACIONE CARTARUM ELYENSIVM IN PARLIAMENTO SUO APUD EBORACUM ANNO REGNI XIJ.¹

A nostre seigneur le Roi prie leuesque de Ely que² li pleise que les chartres des fraunchises grantes par ses auncestres as predecessours le dit euesque soient rehercez, grauntez et confermez oue la clause que sil y eit point desusez de ceste houre enauant peusse estre vsez.³

Et que les fraunchises que ly ou ses predecessours ont eu et usez cea en arriere et clamez en eire et allowe peussent estre par chartre affermez et confermez en la fourme auant dite.

Item come le dit euesque et ses predecessours eient eu en lor terres et en lor feedz queux part qil soient chateux des felons et des futifs,⁴ qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi granter au dit euesque que lui et ses successours par eux e par lor baillifs peussent les ditz chateux⁵ seisir, tenir et auoir issi que visconte,⁶ villee ne nul autre ministre se medle si tost comme les felons serront atteint et chateaux des futifs forffaitz.⁷

¹ Title from Additional MS. 41612.

² Additional MS. inserts *si*.

³ E. 459 adds "et sil y eit point en les chattres oscures pur veilles paroles qeles soient esclarsies et mis en chartre par paroles vsueles et conoisables." This clause has been cancelled.

⁴ E. 459 adds the words (subsequently cancelled) "et an et wast des terres et tenements meismes ceux".

⁵ E. 459 adds the words (subsequently cancelled) "an et wast".

⁶ E. 459 inserts *ne*.

⁷ E. 459 adds the words (subsequently cancelled) "ou fute facent duement". The following reply to this paragraph has then been inserted and subsequently cancelled :—

"Il semble as iustices, clerks et autres [*substituted for sergeantz*] qe le roi poet granter a leuesque qe maintenant apres le felonie atteint et fine faite il

Item comme le euesqe et ses predecessours de tout temps eient eu en lor demy hundred ¹ de Mitford en le Contee de Norff' retourn de brief e totes les franchises auantdites qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi granter que le dit euesqe et ses successours eient en le dit demy hundred coroner esleu par brief le roi come appent.²

Soient assignez les iustices, les sergeanz le roi et deux clerks des sages et plus auisez de la chancellerie a ver les chartres des queux la petition fait mencion e sauissent des articles contenez en yceles e queux pointz ount este vsez et quex nemye, et sauissent si la confirmation des ditez chartres soit a granter ou nemye, et le quel les pointz nyent usez puissent estre grantez a user des ores boneement sanz faire preiudice a la coroune ou nemie, et leur auisement de ceo reportent au roi. Et quant a la secunde et la tierce petition sauissent et en mesme la manere reportent lur auys. Et quant au coroner soit enquis en due manere etc. et retourne en chancellerie, et si troue soit que ceo nest pas a damage du roi ne dautre soit grante et fait de la grace le roy.³

Vis ⁴ est as iustices, clerks et sergeantz qe le primer point demande est bien a granter oue la clause qe les pointz nyent vsez soient des ores vsez.

Quant as articles clamez et alouez en eyre, vis est a eux qe ce qi est en record alowe poet estre mys en chartre.

Il plect au roi qe cestes choses se facent par fyn.

Et qe sil pleust au roi et as grantz ⁵ qe ce serroit a faire pur le roi et pur seignurs qui tieux fraunchises vnt et qe ce serroit grant profit de li et de eux de si tost seisir et auer meisme tieu chateux. Car par lattent

puisse par ses baillifs les ditz chateux seisir, auer et tenir de la grace le roi parce qil les ad du droit de sa eglise par chartres des rois.

"Il plect au roi etc."

¹ A.P. 9518 reads erroneously "hundred et demy".

² To this paragraph E. 459 inserts the following reply, subsequently cancelled:—

"Quant au couoroner [*sic*] il semble qil est bien a faire solunc ce qi est endosse de cel endroit.

"Il plect au roi."

³ E. 459 adds "si li plect".

⁴ This paragraph, which we print in italics, is found only in E. 459 and has been struck through to indicate that it is not to be enrolled.

⁵ This sentence originally began "Quant al article des chateux des futifs et des felons, vis est a eux". These words have been deleted.

*asis en eire auenent grantz damages au roi et a eux en moutz de maneres*¹
et de ce fut mis auant petition en parlement ore depart le poeple.

Puis le roi, par auisement des iustices, sergenteantz et clerks auanditz, qui deligealment ont regardez et examinez les pointz des dites chartres et les articles touchauntz cestes petitions autrepert en touz pointz solonc ceo qils estoient chargez, et par lassent elauisement des grantz et autres de son² consail, sacorde et grante de sa grace que leuesqe eit confirmation de ses chartres od la clause que si omission eit este faite³ de user nul des pointz contenuz en yceles desores, ce nient contr'esteaunt, les puisse vser etc. Qant⁴ a ses fraunchises clamez et alowe en eire le roy sest acorde que ce qe est alowe en record lui soit mys en chartre. Qaunt as chateaux de futifs et des felons par mesme lassent et lauisement sest acorde et plect a lui que⁵ leuesque et ses successours les facent seisir et eient e teignent solonc la fourme de sa petition. Et qaunt a coroner auoir etc., il plect au roi qe soit enquis et fait en la manere desusescrit et si troue soit que nient a damage, etc., qil leyt sicome il est demande.

C

PETICIONES SUBSCRIPTÆ [DE] VTRAQUE PARTE . . . LIBERATE . . .
 PRETER ILLA QUE NOTANTUR DE DEBITIS—IN D. . . ASKEBY.

Coram Magno Consilio.

m. 2, r^o,
col. 2

[Specialiter] petitiones

⁶ Hominum de communitate ville de Scarthburgh'.

⁶ Gilberti Ackil.

⁶ Arnaldi de Cames.

Clericorum de cancellaria regis.

Dominorum libertatum et burgensium et ciuium de libertatibus
 suis manutenendis.

¹ The following words have then been written and struck through: "Et ceste chose pleise au roi et as grantz."

² In E. 459 *son* has been substituted for *leur*.

³ In E. 459 *omission* has been substituted for a word in the plural, now illegible, and continues "ont este faites". Additional MS. reads "omissioun ont este fait".

⁴ A.P. 9518 *sic*.

⁵ E. 459 reads "qil les face seisir et eit et teigne", without mention of the bishop's successors.

⁶ These entries are struck through.

Due petitiones pro clero regni de prohibicione.
 Alia peticio de extorcionibus curie Romane.
 Peticio Iohannis de Enderly.
¹ Iohannis de Fre. . . .
 Christiane que fuit vxor Alexandri de Bonkile.
¹ Alicie Loue de comitatu Deuonie.
 Petri de Burgate.
 Roberti de Humfrauill' comitis de Anegos.
 Roberti de Talliolu.
 Hominum dudum burgensium Berewic'.
 Hugonis Daudele et Margarete vxoris sue.
¹ Communitas Surreie de strata abbr[euiata] in attintis.
 Fulconis filii Warini.
¹ Iohannis de Weston'.
 Peticio de ordinando qui vti debent pelluris.
 Peticio contra marescallum ferr[ando] equos indebite.
 Peticio Iohannis de Moubray.
 Peticio de ordinando maiorem certitudinem circa custodiam cune-
 orum Londoniarum et Cantuarie.
 Peticio de corrodiis concessis per regem in diuersis locis et abbaciis
 qui ² non debent onerari etc.

Coram Rege.

*m. 2, r^o,
col. 2*

[Petitiones] de Burgh'.

.

Prioris de Doura de. . . .
 Johanne de Leylton.
 Walteri de Gosewic.
 Hominum Karlioli de garnistura.
 Prioris de Melton'.
 Alia peticio Hugonis Daudeley.
 Philippi de Montgomery.
 Iohannis Cosyn.
 Agnetis Burdon'.
 Iohannis Dirland.
 Iohannis de Cestria.
 Philippi filii Ricardi de Ros.

¹ These entries are struck through.

² Sic MS.

Radulphi de Dreyton'.
 Iohanne que fuit vxor Iohannis de Chaumbre.
 Nicholai Kiriel.
 Roberti le Taillour.
 Henrici le Taillour.
 Beatricis de Ryhill'.
 Cassandre que fuit vxor Wadini de Rosse.
 Luce de Wardon'.
 Ankenny de Martmall'.
 Ricardi de Reddyngs.
 Canonicorum Karliolensium.
 Iohannis de Penreth'.
 Agnetis que fuit vxor Iohannis de Walton'.
 Iohannis de Warthull'.
 Iohannis Baudewyn'.
 Iohannis filii Henrici de Cestria.
 Willelmi de Beneley.
 Rogeri de Flechcher,¹
 Petri ² Cicestr'.
 Thome de Bekering'.
 Willelmi de Houeden'.
 Gilberti de Birton'.
 Willelmi de Weston'.
 Roberti de Blakeborn.
 Ricardi de Kirkebrigg'.
 Iohannis Veys de Briseit.
 Iohannis de Salopia.
 Willelmi Dacre.
 Alexandri de Stanford'.
 Willelmi de Horkesly.
 David de Beton.
 Ricardi ³ de Denton'.
 Willelmi Sauuage.
 Roberti ⁴ de Esslyngton'.
 Episcopi Karliolensis.
 Margarete que fuit vxor Ade Banastre.
 Iohannis de Preston'.
 Willelmi Sauuage et Iohannis Hardi.

¹ *Recte* le Flechcher: see A.P. E. 380.³ Substituted for *Radulft*.² Substituted for *Prioris*.⁴ Substituted for *Iohannis*.

Edwardi Baillolf'.
Dougall mac Douwell.
Dougallus Mcdioll'.¹

Wallia.

Maddoci Glodeich.
² Griffini de la Pole.
Maddoci ap ³ Griffid'.
Griffini Thloit.

Wallia.

Adhuc petitiones coram ipso rege

Due petitiones Gerard[i] Saluayn.—*Reseruatur Ade.*⁴
Peticio Thome filii et heredis Guydonis de Bello Campo.
Peticio Iohannis Knokyn.—*Reseruatur Ade.*
² Peticio Iohannis de Brytannia comitis Richmondie.
⁵ Iohannis de Britannia.
² Peticio clericorum de cancellaria.
Peticio Henrici Redmane.

*m. 2, r^o,
col. i*

Petitiones populi North[antonie].
² Cristiane de Hauuill'.—*quia expeditur.*
Illorum qui traxerant moram in castro Ber[ewic'].
Iohannis de Stirilisle.
Iohannis Oggol.
. ton'

expedite

Item petitiones de debitis petitis de rege, videlicet :—

*m. 2, v^o,
col. i*

Manetti Fraunceys.
Petri de Besaaz.
Iohannis Cosyn, Arnaldi de Luk' sociique eorum Vasconie.
Arnaldi de Luk'.
Manetti Sausene mercatoris Vasconie.
Omnium vinetariorum Vasconie.
Ricardi Cosyn.
² Willelmi Kelpyn.
² Mercatorum Anglie de dando mutuum de sacco[is] lane.

¹ Substituted for *Dougall' Mac dowell'*.

² These entries are struck through.

³ Substituted for *de*.

⁴ Presumably Adam of Limber.

⁵ Written after deletion of preceding entry.

Warini Ballard'.

¹ Willelmi Latymer.

Iuonis de Aldeburgh'.

Nicholai de Kyngeston'.

Abbatis et conuentus de Cokersend.²

Ricardi Bret de Hibernia.

Gilberti Makaskil'.

Peticio Marie Heron'.

¹ Peticio Thome de Heton'.

Peticio Ingelbright' de Ferst et sociorum suorum mercatorum de
Almannia.

m. 2, v^o,
col. 2

*Peticiones non plenius expedite propter aliquas difficultates,
videlicet :—*

Peticiones Ricardi de Lustreshull' et Ade de Eglesfeld' cum quodam
processu etc.—*coram rege.*

¹ Tres petitiones tangentes clericum mercati de hospicio.

Peticio communitatis comitatus Not[ingham'] petentis perambula-
cionem fieri.

Peticio tangens mercatores Alemannie super quadam carta regis.

Peticio archiepiscopi Eboracensis de portu habendo apud Hull'.

Peticio Roberti Hastang' custodis ville de Hull'.

Peticio com[itatus] Deunie de remedio super leuacione viridis cere.

Peticio religiosorum de archiepiscopatu Eboracensi.

Peticio archiepiscopi, decani et capituli Eboracensium de corn[agio]
habendo.

¹ Due petitiones cleri Anglie de prohibicionibus porrectis in iudicio.

Peticio Henrici de la Pomeray.

Peticio Constancie que fuit vxor Henrici de Mortuo Mari.

Peticio Thome comitis Norff'.

¹ Peticio Hugonis Daudele et Margarete vxoris sue.

Peticio mercatorum Anglie de dimidia marca ad saccum.

Willelmi Kilpin.

Willelmi le Latimer.

¹ Thome de Heton'.

Roberti de Cliderhou.

Abbatum de Riualis et de Byland'.

¹ These entries are struck through.

² Substituted for *Croyland*.

Prioris sancti Oswaldi.

Roberti de Grimeby.

Nicholai Peche.

Iohannis Vays et Katerine vxoris sue.

Auisamentum populi de ordinacione aliqua contra prouis[ores] etc.

Peticio mercatorum Alemannie scripta comiti Lancastrie.

Episcopi Eliensis.

Petitiones expedite.

Petitiones liberate Roberto de Askeby.

m. 3, r^o,
col. 2

Petitiones fratrum sancti Lazari de Burton'.

Peticio pro ciuibus Londoniarum.

Peticio Scolastice que fuit vxor Godfridi de Melsa.

Peticio Edmundi de Passelewe.

Peticio Willelmi de Furneys.

Peticio Thome de Warthill'.

Peticio hominum de Derby.

Peticio hominum ville de Hedon'.

Peticio Nicholai Dauue.

Peticio pro hominibus de Brampton'.

Peticio Edmundi Euerard'.

Peticio Iohannis de Clif'.

Peticio Alexandri de Monte Forti.

Peticio hominum de Cornubia.

Peticio Gilberti de Ellesfeld'.

Peticio prioris de Kirkham.

Peticio Walteri de Bedewynd'.

Peticio Cecilie de Bello Campo.

Peticio Rogeri de Appelby.

Peticio Roberti de Monte Alto.

Peticio episcopi Karliolensis.

} liberantur H. de Edenestowe.

Due petitiones hominum Huntyng[don'].

Peticio Thome Danuers.

Peticio communitatis Deuonie.

Peticio Mathei de Crouthorn'.

Alia peticio Deuonie.

Item peticio Deuonie.

Due petitiones de Kermerden.—liberantur W. de Clif'.

} Welleford'.

Peticio Milonis de Sanford'. } *Tynton'*.
 Peticio abbatis de Thopholm'. }
 Peticio Willelmi de Barton'.—*coram rege*.
 Peticio magistri Iohannis Bussh'.—*per Cosyngton'*—*Burgh'*.
 Peticio ciuium Londoniarum.—*Norton'*.
 Peticio Stephani Guychard.—*Burgh'*.
 Peticio de Thamworth.—*Clif'*.
 Peticio executorum W. de Mayndenstan'.—*Clif'*.
 Recordum et peticio I. de Claueryng'.—*eidem Iohanni*.
 Peticio abbatis sancti Dogm[ael] in Wallia. } *Tynton'*.
 Peticio abbatis de Leycestria. }
 Peticio hominum de municione Berewik'. } *Bamburgh'*.
 Peticio hominum de Cantebrigia. }

*m. 3, r^o,
col. 2*

Item liberantur Galfrido de Welleford'.

Peticio Henrici de Stanton'.
 Peticio heredis de Daubeney.

Peticio ciuium Cantuarie.—*liberatur I. de Norton'*.

Edenestowe.

Peticio prioris de Bridelyngton'.
 Peticio Iohannis Osiom.
 Peticio Thome de Goldesburgh'.

Eyrem[ynne].

Peticiones tangentes Flandrenses.
 Peticio Roberti Valeyns cantoris ecclesie Eboracensis.

Peticio burgensium Cantebrigie.—*Norton'.*

Peticio tangens coket Londoniarum. Peticio de emendacione ville Eboraci. Peticio de gaola de Wyndesore. Peticio Walteri Bedewynd'. Peticio Petri de Chenedon'. Peticio fratrum sancti Thome de Acre. Peticio Willelmi Maghtild'. Peticio Ricardi de Hoghton'. Peticio Ricardi Arblaster.	}	<i>Burgh'</i> .
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Peticio Matillidis Berelem'.	}	<i>Ricardo de Nassington'.</i>
Peticio Willelmi de Ryhill'.		
Peticio Iohannis de Foxle.		
Peticio Alicie de Lincolnia.		
Peticio canonicorum Beuerlaci.		
Peticio Iohannis de Drokenesford'.		
¹ Peticio Iohannis Osiom.		
Peticio I. de Ricardyn.		

² Peticio Arnaldi de Luk'.
 Peticio abbatis de Burgo sancti Petri.—*Askeby*.
 Peticio burgensium Norhampton'.—*Welleford'*.
 Peticio de Gernemuth'.—*Botetourt*.
 Due petitiones abbatis de Meaux.—*liberantur eidem abbati*.
 Peticio de Kiper'.—*Herlaston'*.
 Peticio Iohannis de Snayth. } *Askeby*.
 Peticio Willelmi Percrik'. }
 Peticio hominum de Waynflete.—*Tynnton'*.
 Peticio Edmundi de Donyngton'.—*Bamburgh'*.
 Peticio priorisse de Marryng'.—*Herlaston'*.

Askeby.

*m. 3, r^o,
col. 1*

Simon de Wakfeld.
 Rogerus le Taillour.
 Marion de Newerk'.
 Andreas de Harcla.
 Andreas de Harcla.
 Adelardus de Wynchelse.
 Homines de comitatibus Oxonie et Berk'.
 Homines de Pontefracto.
 Iohannes Clareles.
 Philippus de Kyme.
 Alina Louel.
 Alina Louel.
 Willelmus prebendarius de Coringham.
 Robertus de Gisburgh'. } *W. Barton'*.
 Willelmus de Shepeye. }
 Nicholaus de Boleuill'.—*Tynnton'*.

*m. 3, r^o,
col. 2*

¹ This entry is struck through.

² It is not clear to whom this petition is assigned.

¹ Communitas comitatus Leycestrie.

Beatrix de Ryhull'.

Benet Athelard' de Wychelse.

Iohannes de Osmundthorp'.

Hugo de Hoghton'.

Prior de Ellerton'.

Iohannes de Gysborn'.

Willelmus de Ryhull'.

Tenentes episcopi de seynt David.

m. 3, r^o, Nicholaus le Latimer.

col. 3 Burgenses ville Notingham.

Canonici Karliolenses.

Nicholaus de Blokeuill'.

Pro beneficiatis pauperibus.

Edmundus de Wodstok'.

Iohannes de Wroghale.

Radulphus de Borestalle.

Willelmus de Bathel.

Iohannes de Feriby clericus.

Mercatores de Spyna.

Ricardus de Hoghton'.

Homines Cumbr'.

Comitissa Lincolnie.—*Tynton'*.

m. 3, r^o, Abbas de Thornton'.

col. 1 Willelmus de Shepeye.

Communitas cleri aliquando plur[alis].

Ricardus de Podmore.

Willelmus de Stokhith.

Willelmus de Ryhill.

Iohannes Veys.

Iohannes filii Rogeri de Doen.

Iohannes de Cokeshale.

Priorissa de Brodholm'.

Prior hospitalis sancti Iohannis.

Peticio contra Robertum de Kendale.

Margeria de Treuerbyn.

Nicholaus de Lyndewod.

m. 3, r^o, Lucas de Coleuil'.

col. 1

¹ This and the following entries to the next cross-heading appear to be all assigned to Askeby, except where noted.

Philippus de Rosse.
 De plumbo tronando.
 Henricus de Bucton'.
 Burgenses de Kyngeston'.
 Communitas Estredyng' comitatus Eboraci.
 Margeria que fuit vxor Iohannis Cnokes.
 Radulphus de Harlewod.
 Thomas de Weylond'.
 Iohannes de Ridel.
 Magister et fratres hospitalis sancti Leonardi.
 Radulphus filius Iue Todde.
 Robertus filius Angeis de Daneby.
 Henricus de Shiracos.
 Adam de Hoperton'.
 Prior de Wirksop'.
 Iohannes filius Willelmi de Hesilrige.
 Robertus persona de Saxmunham.
 Burgenses de Appelby.
 Robertus de Hokesham.
 Persona Lombard'.
 Oweyn de Montgomery.
 Pro villa de Bullewell'.
 Iohannis Weston'.
 Iohannis de Gore.
 Gilberti Makasky.
 Roberti de Clifton'.
 Gilberti de Stapelton'.
 De passagio Douerie.
 Hominum de Bamburg'.
 Hominum Karlioli.
 Hominum Noui Castri super Tynam de compoto ing[eniatoris].

m. 3, 7^o.
 col. 3

Adhuc petitiones expedite.

Peticio Thome de Heton.
 Peticio Willelmi de Felton'.
 Peticio Dauid de Langeton'.
 Thome de Corbrigg.—*ipsi Cancellario*.
 Iohannis de Cromwell.
 Philippi de Laghton'.
 Griffiny de la Pole.

m. 3, 10^o.
 col. 1

1318] ROTULI PARLIAMENTORUM ANGLIE

Peticiones hominum de Nouo Castro super Tynam.
 Item de sectis mutandis in placito debiti.
 Philippi de Mongomery.
 Communitatis foreste de Galtres.
 Thome de Condroi.
 Roberti de Well'.
 Henrici filii Hugonis.
 Roberti de Hornclif'.
 De eo quod clericis ¹ de cancellaria et scaccario non sint attornati.
 Iohannis de Britannie comitis Richemondie.
 Executorum testamenti Willelmi de Ros etc.
 Griffiny filii Willelmi de la Pole.
 Gilberti de Glenkarny.
 Ciuium Karlioli.
 Alianore abbatisse de Berkyngg'.

*m. 3, v^o,
 col. 2* Petri de Asherug'.—*Burgh'*.

¹ *Sic MS.*

PARLIAMENT AT YORK, EASTER 1319

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 4/25

This single undated membrane contains four petitions presented at the parliament summoned to meet in a month of Easter, that is 6 May, 1319. The date can be established without difficulty. The first petition, from John of Clavinger, is clearly subsequent to the petitions which he presented at the Michaelmas parliament of 1318 and obviously refers to the writ to the treasurer and chamberlains of the exchequer which was then authorised.¹ The third petition, from the dean and chapter of Chichester, resulted in a writ of 25 May, 1319, enrolled on the Close Roll, which refers to this petition as having been presented in the parliament at York.²

Another membrane containing petitions presented at this parliament has survived and forms part of Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 22. This roll was printed by Cole in his *Documents Illustrative of English History*, pp. 47-54. It records proceedings before the council, and the present membrane has probably the same source: the petitions and responses are in similar form and their subject matter is such as would come before the council. The parchment is, however, wider than that of Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 22, and a slight variation is introduced by writing "Responsio" in the margin. This membrane then is not likely to have formed part of that roll, although it may well have been written for a duplicate roll of the parliament.

[1] *Peticio Iohannis de Claueryng*.—Ad petitionem³ eiusdem suggerentis quod licet ipse, iam diu est, implacitauerit Adomarum de Valencia comitem Pembr[okie] per breue etc. coram Willelmo de

¹ Cole, *Documents*, pp. 19-20, 23-5. Cf. *Cal. of Close Rolls, 1318-23*, pp. 198-9, for later writ of 15 June, 1320.

² *Ibid.*, pp. 74-5.

³ A.P. 4938.

Bereford' et sociis suis etc. de manerio de Possewyk' cum pertinenciis, et per aliud breue etc. de j. mesuagio l. acris terre, xxviii. solidatis redditus cum pertinenciis in Filebye, idemque Iohannes ob quasdam causas quoddam breue etc. thesaurario et camerariis etc. ad certificandum prefatos iusticiarios si predicta tenementa per prefatum Iohannem petita ad manus domini Henrici regis aui regis nunc tanquam escaeta sua¹, prout idem Adomarus placitando coram prefatis iusticiariis supponit, asserendo predictum Henricum regem manerium et tenementa predicta Willelmo de Valencia patri ipsius Adomari cuius heres etc. dedisse, tenenda eidem Willelmo et Iohanne vxori eius et heredibus de corporibus etc., predicti tamen thesaurarius et barones, pro eo quod in predicto breui ipsis directo nulla fiebat mencio coram quibus iusticiariis etc. terre et tenementa predicta in manu domini Henrici regis predicti tanquam escaeta deuenerunt, predicti thesaurarii et camerarii nesciuerunt quos rotulos vel que memoranda incipere scrutari super premissis, propter quod inde nichil facere potuerunt, super quo predictus Iohannes, asserens manerium et tenementa predicta in manu dicti Henrici regis anno regni sui xlvij. deuenisse, petit sibi de remedio prouidere, ita responsum est :—

Responsio.—Corrigantur breuia in forma debita et mandetur sicut alias et certificent iusticiarios etc.²

[2] *Pro eodem Iohanne alia petitio.*—Ad consimilem petitionem³ eiusdem Iohannis de manerio de Reydon' petentis remedium vt supra, responsum est vt supra.

[3] *Petitio decani et capituli Cicestrensis.*—A⁴ nostre seigneur le roi et son consail prient le dean et le chapitre de leglise de Cicestre, southcoillors des dismes grauntez a nostre seigneur le roi en leueschee de Cicestre, que come eaux de eaux⁵ demoergent vncore chargez par le tresorier et les barons de leschekier de cj. s. iiij. d. de chescune disme issint a nostre seigneur le roi grante, outre la summe comprise et contenue en les roulles le pape et de chief coillors des taxacions des benefices de mesme⁶ sunt attachez a ceste bille, et les queles nouns pur pouerte et petitesce des benefices furent de tout oustez

¹ Supply "deuenerint".

² The original petition adds :—"Scrutentur rotuli de anno regni regis Henrici aui regis nunc quadragesimo octauo et deinceps de scriptis eiusdem regis."

³ A.P. 4937.

⁴ A.P. 4935.

⁵ Sic.

⁶ Sic.

et sustrait hors de roulles del apostoille et des roulles du tax de benefices del dit euesche par lauctorite des euesques de Nicole et de Wyncestre nadgaires principals coillours des dismes assignez et deputez par le pape en Engleterre, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil maunder par bref as auaunt ditz tresorrier et barons de lescheker que, si il puissent sauoir ou estre certifie par les chiefs coillors des dismes nadgaires au roi grantez, que les nouns des auant-dites persones et vicaires et de lor benefices furent oustez et cancellez en les roulles lapostoille et des chiefs coillors, sicome auant est dit, adonqs facent descharger les auaunt ditz dean et chapitre sur lor acounte des auaunt ditz cj. s. iiij. d. dount il demoerent vncore chargez sicome auant est dit. Ita responsum est :—

Responsio :—Mandetur per breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod, si possit eis constare, per inspeccionem rotulorum principalium collectorum decimarum domino regi concessarum et similiter decimarum clero Anglie impositarum, quod nomina rectorum et vicariorum in cedula hic consuta¹ contenta, et eciam nomina beneficiorum suorum, a dictis rotulis extracta et ammota fuerunt propter pauperitatem et exilitatem beneficiorum eorundem, vt in petitione continetur, et quod infrascripti decanus et capitulum adhuc remanent onerati ad scaccarium predictum de cj. s. iiij. denariis de singulis decimis domino regi concessis ratione beneficiorum predictorum, tunc nomina predicta a rotulis taxationum de beneficiis ecclesiasticis in diocesi Cicestrensi in scaccario existentibus extrahi et predictos decanum et capitulum de pecunia predicta exonerari et quietos esse faciant.

[*Schedule*].—De ecclesia de Esshyngton' que taxatur ad xl. s.,
vnde decima iiij s.
De ecclesia de Braclesham que taxatur ad vi. marcas et dimidiam,
vnde decima viij. s. viij. d.
De ecclesia beate Marie de Westouere que taxatur ad x. marcas,
vnde decima xij. s. iiij. d.
De vicaria de Wilmyngton' que taxatur ad vj. marcas, vnde decima viij. s.
De vicaria de Hillyngleghe' que taxatur ad viij. marcas, vnde decima x. s. viij. d.
De vicaria de Bodiham que taxatur ad vj. marcas, vnde decima viij. s.

¹ A.P. 4936.

De ecclesia de Sedelescombe que taxatur ad vii. marcas, vnde decima ix. s. iiij. d.

De vicaria de Dalyngton' que taxatur ad vj. marcas et dimidiam, vnde decima viij. s. viij. d.

De vicaria de Nymnesfeld' que taxatur ad vj. marcas et dimidiam, vnde decima viij. s. viij. d.

De ecclesia omnium Sanctorum Cicestr[ensi] que taxatur ad lx. s., vnde decima vj. s.

De vicaria de Clyue que taxatur ad iiij. marcas, vnde decima v. s. iiij. d.

Summa cj. s. iiij. d.

[4] *Pro executoribus testamenti Willelmi de Hamelton'*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustrent Martyn de Grimeston' et Robert Meek Deuerwyk' que come sire Iohan de Merkingfeld' et eux soient executeurs du testament sire William de Hamelton' et ensemblement eient resceu administracion des biens le dit sire William en commun, le quel sire Iohan par son poer ad pris et acroche a luy les biens auaunditz a la montance de x.^m livres et plus, et pur ceo qil se dutta que les ditz Martyn et Robert voleint demander de lui acount et comunicacion de ceux biens en court christiene, il procura que vn acount des dettes que le dit sire William deuoit a nostre seigneur le roi de sa dette demeigne et de la dette sire Robert Burnel iadis euesque de Bath', qui executeur il feust, feust en rendaunt en leschequier, et fist venir ses executeurs Martyn et Robert par bref de rendre od luy le dit acount a la quinzaine de Pask' en lan nostre seigneur le roi oitisme, et quant le dit Martyn se presenta en leschequier a meisme le iour, par absence du dit sire Iohan et dascons des executeurs le dit sire Robert Burnel, qui par le procurement sire Iohan se absenterent pur delaier le dit acount, feust le dit Martyn, qui iiij. foiz se presenta en propre persone, iiij. foiz aiourne de terme en autre et Robert Meek aussint, et au tierce iour lour feust dist qil departissent tant qil feussent autre foiz garniz, et puis cel temps en cea garniz ne furent destre sur le dit acount en leschequier. Et come meisme ceux Martyn et Robert feisent somondre le dit sire Iohan deuant iuges de seint eglise de rendre acount et de faire a eux comunicacion des biens dont il pussent faire gree au roi de sa demand et as autres creanceurs solonc la volonte le morte, tantost auoit il bref hors del eschequer que lour iuges surseissent de lour proces tant que lacount feust

rendu al roi et issint print il et detint les biens deuers luy sanz rien paer au roi ou a nul autre par colour du dit acount qy pent en leschequier a nul auantage du roi mes tant soulement a desturber lacount qi touche le testament auantdit, par quei les ditz Martyn et Robert prient etc.

Responsio.—Mandetur per breue de cancellaria iudicibus ecclesiasticis, coram quibus negocium infrascriptum inter predictos Martinum et Robertum ex parte vna et Iohannem de Merkingfeld' ex altera extitit inchoatum, quod non obstante prohibicione ipsis sub sigillo scaccarii, si que fuerit inde facta, procedant in eodem negocio cum ea celeritate qua de iure poterunt et prout ad legem et forum ecclesiasticum pertinet, ita videlicet quod omnia bona dicti defuncti in communi custodia executorum testamenti predicti custodiantur vt inde domino regi de eo quod sibi debetur, cum de debito illo constare poterit, ac aliis similiter, tam creditoribus quam legatariis, debite satisfieri possit. Et mandetur thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod, vocatis coram eis executoribus predictis et facta computatione coram eis de debitis in quibus dictus Willelmus domino regi tam de debitis propriis quam de debitis episcopi Bathoniensis infrascripti die quo obiit tenebatur, debita illa in certo ponant, et inde dictos executores onerent vt est iustum, et quod negocium predictum in curia christianitatis per huiusmodi breuia de scaccario non impedian in futurum.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, MICHAELMAS 1320

- A. Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 43/20
- B. Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 23

A. This document is a speech prepared for delivery, and presumably delivered, at a parliament which met at Westminster on the octave of Michaelmas. This parliament had been preceded by a parliament on the octave of Hilary at York, and in the meantime the king had done homage to the king of France at Amiens. These particulars leave us in no doubt that the year is 1320. Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 23, however, makes no mention of this speech, but begins with a statement of the arrangements for trying petitions.¹

B. This roll was before the transcriber of the *Vetus Codex*, who apparently copied the whole ; but by the time the volume returned to the Tower a number of leaves had been lost, with the result that the text printed by Ryley breaks off abruptly, in the middle of a petition from the abbot of Ramsey, with the word "avandit." ² The editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* did not have the roll before them and were therefore unable to print more than Ryley had given. We therefore print from the roll the whole of the petition and also the lengthy proceedings arising out of it. Following upon this entry are notes of the appointment of attorneys by the parties : these notes, which complete the matter on the roll, are also printed below. Attached to the roll are the original petition from the abbot and a writ to the sheriff of Huntingdon endorsed with the return : the petition has been helpful in establishing the text of the enrolment ; the writ and return we have thought it well to print.

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, I. 365.

² *Vetus Codex*, fo. 93b ; Ryley, *Placita Parliamentaria*, p. 430, whence *Rot. Parl.*, I. 386.

A

Nostre seigneur le roi, a son drein parlement a Euerwyk apres les octaues de saint Hillerie drein passez, moustra a les grantz de son reaum, qiloque furent assemblez, coment auant le temps il auoit pris iour oue le roi de France destre a Mi Quaresme prochein suant en les parties de Fraunce pur faire lui homage pur les terres qil tient de lui en les parties dela, et, purce qe le temps se hasta tant et le chemin fut longe, se ne poait il mie demorer iloques a parfaire totes bosoignes tochantz le dit parlement, si se voleit il haster en son chemin, et par assent des grantz assigna parlement a Westmoustier as oitaues de la Trinite prochein suanz pur a parfaire les bosoignes qi demoreront audit parlement Deuerwyk, et pur espleiter autres bosoignes du reume touchantes parlement ; et apres, pur diuers empeschemenz et excusacions de par le roi de France, si failli le dit iour de Mi Quaresme et fut continue de temps en temps ieques a la Natiuite saint Iohan le Baptistre, a queu temps il fut a Amiens et fit son homage et ses autres bosoignes bien et beal, la Dieu merci, issi qe par cestes enchesons ne se poait mi le dit parlement tenir a Westmoustier as dites oitaues de la Trinite. Par quei nostre seigneur le roi a seon retourner en Engleterre, eant grant desire et volonte a faire totes les choses qi a bon seigneur appendent au profit de seon reume et de seon poeple, ordena de tenir son parlement ci a Westmoustier a ces oitaues de la saint Michel a plus eise ben de son reume et plus couenable temps pur son poeple apres la seson Dagst, et voet nostre seigneur le roi et engoit a vous toutz, prelatz, contes et barons et autres qi ci estes assemblez a ceo parlement, qe vous aillez auant en les bosoignes de ce parlement sicome il appent.

B

Peticio abbatis de Rameseye.—Memorandum quod abbas de Rameseye liberauit quandam petitionem in hoc parlamento in hec verba :—

A nostre seigneur le roi et son counsail moustre labbe de Rameseye qe come en temps le roi Henry, ael nostre seigneur le roi qore est, labbe et le couent de Rameseye auoyent par chartres de ses progenitours, rois Dengleterre, et par conferment de meisme le roi, fraunche faire a saint Iue, duraunt du iour de Pask' par wyt iours

suantz, cest asauoir tanqe le mardi prochain apres la cluse Pask', oue tutes maners des issues et profitz de ceo venantz, e le dit roi Henry soleit auoir tut le residue de la dite faire apres le mardy auandit ¹ ausi longement come ele durast. E meisme le roi Henry, pur salutz de salme e de ses auncestres et ses heirs, et ensemment par fyn de cynt cent mars qe les ditz abbe et couent oue lui firent, dona et granta et par sa chartre confirma pur lui et pur ses heirs as auantditz abbe et couent tut le residue de la faire auandite, oue toutes les appurtenauntz, a auoir et tenir a eux et a leurs successeurs, issint qe oue les primeres vyt iours queux il auant auoynt, auereynt de ceu temps enauant enterement tut le residue et tote la feire auantdite pur toutz iours par cestes paroles 'quantumcumque feriam illam deinceps durare contigerit', si come la dite chartre plus pleinement tesmoigne, rendaut al eschequer par an cinkante liures. Iohan euesqe de Ely, nient eiant ² a ceo regard, ad tenu, et se afforce vncore de tenir, vne faire a Ely a comencer la veille del Assencion, qest tut le meillour temps de la dite faire de seint Iue, en apert anientissement de la dite ³ feire de seint Iue, contre la fourme du doun le dit roi Henry, la quele il ont eu et vse pesiblement tanqe le dit euesqe les destourba, par quei le dit abbe prie a nostre seigneur le roi et a son counsail quil ⁴ lui pleyes le dit doun son ael meyntenir e mettre y ceu remedie qe la dite faire lui soit sauue, et qe la dite ferme puisse de ceo de an en an estre leue et au roi paie sicom ele ad este cea en arere.

Ad quam petitionem ita responsum est:—

Assignentur cancellarius et thesaurarius ac Walterus de Norwico, Willelmus de Bereford' et Henricus le Scrop' ad audiendum negocium interius contentum inter episcopum Eliensem et abbatem de Rameseye, et ad deliberandum super eodem, et postea referant regi auisamentum suum etc.⁵

Et predictus abbas ponit loco suo fratrem Iohannem de Grendon' concanonicum suum, Willelmum de Corton' vel Iohannem de Ol sub alternacione ad prosequendum versus predictum

¹ Vetus Codex ends here.

² Sic original petition: roll reads "eaunt".

³ Original petition reads "meisme la".

⁴ Original petition reads "q'".

⁵ Original petition has this further endorsement: "Dies datur abbati ad prosequendum negocium istud in octabis Purificacionis beate Marie per fratrem Iohannem de Grendon' attornatum suum, et premuniatur episcopus Eliensis per breue de cancellaria essendi ad eundem diem."

episcopum in loquela que est inter eos super contentis in predicta carta.

Postea pro eo quod dicti cancellarius et thesaurarius et alii assignati per dominum regem non potuerunt vacare in eodem parlamento ad tractandum finaliter de negocio predicto pro quibusdam arduis negociis dominum regem tangentibus, dederunt diem prefato abbati prosequenti coram eis per dictos attornatos suos coram consilio domini regis apud Westmonasterium in octabis Purificationis beate Marie proximo futuris ad audiendum et faciendum quod ibidem foret considerandum in premissis. Et quia dictus episcopus deuillauerat ante prefixionem diei predictę, preceptum fuit vicecomiti Hunt[ingdon'] per breue de magno sigillo quod scire faceret predicto episcopo quod esset coram eodem consilio ad diem predictum pro negocio predicto si sibi viderit expedire etc. Ad quem diem predictus abbas venit coram eodem consilio per attornatos suos, et predictus episcopus per premunicionem sibi factam per vicecomitem Hunt[ingdon'] similiter venit per attornatum suum, et adiornantur vlterius vsque quindenam Pasche proximo futuram in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem predictus abbas venit per predictum Willelmum de Corton' attornatum suum et predictus episcopus similiter per Ricardum de Notingham attornatum suum, et adiornantur vlterius vsque quindenam sanctę Trinitatis proximo futuram in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem partes predictę veniunt per attornatos suos et adiornantur vlterius vsque quindenam sancti Michaelis proximo futuram in eodem statu quo nunc etc. prout Willelmus de Bereford', recordatur. Ad quem diem partes predictę veniunt per attornatos suos et adiornantur vlterius vsque a die Pasche in xv. dies proximo futuro in eodem statu quo nunc etc., prout Walterus de Norwico et Willelmus de Bereford' recordantur. Postea ad instanciam partium datus est eis dies in crastino sancti Iohannis Baptiste in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem partes predictę veniunt per attornatos suos, et datus est eis dies in eodem statu quo nunc in xv^{am} sancti Michaelis etc. Ad quem diem predictus abbas venit etc. per Rogerum Hillary attornatum suum ad hoc admissum per Walterum de Norwico, prout recordatur, et predictus episcopus per Ricardum de Notingham attornatum suum. Et datus est eis dies in eodem statu quo nunc in xv^{am} sancti Hillarii per ipsum Walterum de Norwico. Ad quem diem partes predictę veniunt per attornatos suos et datus est eis dies in eodem statu quo nunc etc. in crastino sanctę Trinitatis per predictum W. de

Norwico. Ad quem diem predicte partes veniunt per attornatos suos et datus est dies eis apud Westmonasterium a die sancti Michaelis in xv. dies in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem predicte partes veniunt per attornatos suos et adiornantur vltcrius in eodem statu quo nunc vsque crastinum Purificacionis beate Marie etc.—per W. de Norwycō. Ad quem diem veniunt hic partes predicte per attornatos suos et datus est eis dies hic a die Pasche in vnum mensem in eodem statu quo nunc. Ad quem diem veniunt hic partes predicte per attornatos suos et habent diem hic a die sancti Michaelis in xv. dies in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem predicte partes veniunt hic per predictos attornatos suos, et datus est dies vltcrius eisdem a die Pasche in xv. dies in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem predicte partes veniunt hic per attornatos suos, et adiornantur vltcrius vsque octabas sancti Iohannis Baptiste proximo futuras in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem veniunt per attornatos suos, et datus est dies eis vltcrius hic in eodem statu quo nunc a die sancti Michaelis in xv. dies etc. Ad quem diem partes predicte veniunt hic per attornatos suos, et adiornantur vltcrius vsque quindenam sancti Hillarii in eodem statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem dicte partes veniunt per attornatos suos, et habent diem vltcrius, videlicet a die Pasche in tres septimanas eo statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem eodem partes veniunt per attornatos suos et adiornantur vltcrius vsque crastinum sancti Iohannis Baptiste etc. Ad quem diem dicte partes veniunt per attornatos suos, et habent diem vltcrius videlicet a die sancti Michaelis in xv. dies eo statu quo nunc etc. Ad quem diem partes predicte veniunt hic per attornatos suos et adiornantur vltcrius eo statu quo nunc vsque quindenam sancti Hillarii.¹

Humi'.—Iohannes Eliensis episcopus ponit loco suo Ricardum de Notingham versus abbatem de Rameseye super quadam dissensione feriarum sancti Iuonis et de Ely inita inter prefatos episcopum et abbatem per petitionem coram consilio domini regis per ipsum abbatem in parlamento exhibitam et vltcrius audiendum et recipiendum quod curia considerauerit in premissis.

Abbas de Rameseye ponit loco suo Rogerum Hillary versus predictum episcopum Elyensem ad audiendum et recipiendum quod etc. in loquela et processu predictis per W. de Norwico, qui ipsum attornatum ad hoc admisit, prout recordatur vj. die Nouembris anno xvj. regis nunc.

¹ These many adjournments are in several different hands.

[*Original writ between m. 9 and m. 10*]

Edwardus Dei gracia rex Anglie, dominus Hibernie et dux Aquitanie vicecomiti Huntyngdon' salutem. Cum inter dilectum nobis in Christo abbatem de Rameseye ex parte vna et venerabilem patrem Iohannem episcopum Eliensem ex altera in vltimo parlamento nostro coram nobis et consilio nostro, per petitionem dicti abbatis ibidem exhibitam, super feria ipsius abbatis de sancto Iuone et feria prefati episcopi de Ely dissensio nuper fuisset, ac nos in presencia eorundem abbatis et episcopi certas personas de consilio nostro ordinassemus ad negocium illud discussiendum eedemque persone ob alia ardua negocia nos tangencia nondum vacare potuerunt ad negocium predictum terminandum, per quod negocium illud vsque ad octabas Purificacionis beate Marie proximo futuras coram consilio nostro apud Westmonasterium adiornarunt, et prefatus episcopus non interfuit nec aliquis pro ipso in hac parte attornatus recipiendi adiornamentum predictum, tibi igitur precipimus quod scire facias predicto episcopo quod sit apud Westmonasterium ad diem predictum coram dicto consilio nostro pro negocio predicto si sibi viderit expedire. Et habeas ibi hoc breue. Teste me ipso apud Shene x. die Decembris anno regni nostri quartodecimo. Per ipsum regem et consilium.

[*Dorse*]. *Responsio Alani de la Zusche vicecomitis.*

Returnum huius breuis factum fuit Roberto de Grauenhurst' balliuo libertatis episcopi Elyensis, qui plenum habet returnum omnium breuium et eorum execucionem, qui michi sic respondet : Scire feci Iohanni episcopo Elyensi quod sit ad diem et locum in breui contentos, factururus quod idem breue requirit, per Iohannem Edmond et Galfridum Waye.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, MIDSUMMER 1321

Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 24

The two membranes of this roll which now remain are damaged, but very little of what they contained has actually been lost, since the arrangements for receiving and trying petitions in the parliament of Michaelmas 1320 appear to have been repeated and Exchequer Parliament Roll, no. 23, can be used to restore, with almost complete certainty, what has gone from the upper part of the first membrane. The title must be conjecturally restored from the writs of summons. The remaining three entries are to be found either on the Statute Roll or the Close Roll¹: these we have not reproduced.

m 1, 7^o [ROTULUS PARL]IAMENTI DOMINI REGIS E[DWARDI FILII REGIS EDWARDI APUD] WESTMONASTERIUM A DIE SANCTI IOHANNIS BAPTISTE [IN TRES SEPTIMANAS ANNO REGNI EIUS XIV^o].

[1] Inprimis dominus rex ordinavit et precepit quod [Adam de Lymbergh' et Willelmus de Herlaston' clerici] reciperent omnes petitiones Anglie et Wallie liberandas in [eodem parlamento, quodque prelati et alii sub]scripti responderent eisdem petitionibus, videlicet:—

Episcopus Londoniensis.	Iohannes de Somery.	Robertus de Bardelby.
Episcopus Couentrensis et Lichfeldensis.	Ricardus de Grey.	M[agister] Henricus de Clif].
Episcopus Cicestrensis.	Willelmus de Herle.	G[alfridus le Scrop].
Abbas de Sancto Albano.	Iohannes de Stonore.	

¹ The last is also on the Coram Rege Roll: see *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 143.

Item predictus dominus rex ordinavit et precepit quod magister Edmundus de [Londoniis et magister Henricus de Cantuaria] clerici de cancellaria reciperent omnes petitiones Vasconie, Hibernie et [Insularum liberandas in eodem parliamento, quodque prelati et alii subscripti responderent eisdem petitionibus, [videlicet :—]

Episcopus Bathoni- ensis et Wellensis.	Hugo de Curtenaye.	Magister Iordanus [Moraunt].
Episcopus Wygorn- ensis.	Willelmus Martyn.	Magister Ricardus [de Burton].
Episcopus Hereford- ensis.	Gwydo Ferre.	
Abbas de Ramesey.	Walterus de Frisken- eye.	Gilbertus de [Tou- theby].

[2] *Les articles proposees cointre monsire Hugh le Despenser le fuiz [et monsire] Hugh [le] Despenser le piere en cesti parlement oue lagard des piers de [la] terre :—*

Al honur de Dieu [etc., as in *Statutes of the Realm*, I, 181-4]

[3] *La supplicacion des grantz du roialme faite a nostre seigneur m. 1, le roi pur acorder et assenter de faire estatut de pardoun sur les matires qui sensuent :—*

Come pur les mauweistes desusdites poursuivre et attendre [etc., as in *Close Roll* 15 Edward II, m. 30, v^o].¹

[4] *Lestatut asentü et acorde par nostre seigneur [le roi, prelatz, m. 2, countes] et barouns [sur l'es matires contenues c[idesouz] :—*

Come nadgairs . . . des choses susdites [as in *Statutes of the Realm*, I, 185-7].

¹ See *Calendar of Close Rolls*, 1318-23, p. 495.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, MIDSUMMER 1325

Diplomatic Documents, Exchequer, E. 30/1582

We have here, firstly, what is evidently a speech by the king and, secondly, the advice given in reply to the king's request. Who gave the advice it is a little difficult to say, but apparently some of those who had been concerned with the administration of Gascony and, in particular, the defence of La Réole in 1324. Of the occasion on which the speech was made and the advice given there seems no doubt. La Réole capitulated on 23 September, 1324¹: the news had not reached England by 6 October, when a letter was written to the duke of Brittany saying that the town was besieged,² although presumably the bare fact at least was known soon after. A parliament assembled on 20 October, but we can definitely exclude that as the occasion of the speech and the enquiry, for in the reply to the eleventh article put to them, the councillors (whoever they may have been) refer to a mission to Spain which has not yet returned. This can be none other than the embassy to the court of Castile which included John of Stonor and William of Weston,³ who left England on 15 February, 1325, and returned on 27 August following.⁴ The parliament in question must therefore be that summoned for the morrow of Midsummer, the only one assembling during the absence of the embassy.⁵ This parliament, to which the commons were not summoned, was convened specially to consider the affairs of Gascony⁶ and the intention doubtless was to lay before the parliament an authoritative statement, which would, as the king's speech indicates, be entered on the parliament roll, a roll that has not survived.

¹ For date see J. Petit, *Charles de Valois*, p. 213.

² *Foedera*, II. 573-4.

³ *Ibid.*, 586-7.

⁴ *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1324-7*, pp. 88, 90; *Cal. of Close Rolls, 1323-7*, p. 417.

⁵ *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VI. 88.

⁶ *Parliamentary Writs*, II. 328 ff.

There may have been some expectation that this statement would exculpate the king's immediate circle of friends, and notably the younger Despenser, upon whom the archbishop of Dublin had apparently laid the responsibility for the disasters.¹ It is obvious from the present document that the countercharge of treachery made against the archbishop had been launched before any adequate enquiry had been made.

Seignurs, ieo vous ai monstre ascunes choses qi appendent a la coroune qi cheent en debat, come celi qest vostre chief et qi en ad la souereyne garde et come celi qi prest est a meintenir la coroune en touz ses dreitz, par conseil et eide de vous, et a defendre le come vn homme purra fere par la puissance de tutes voz forces, sur quele chose iai touz iours voz conseals demandez et rien en la dite busoigne sanz conseil nay fet, par qoi ie entenge auoir fait ce qi a moy apertient ; et sur ce la vous ai maunde voz consalx, eides et poers, qe a vostre peril le me feissez, deissez et monstressez, sicome vous le vousisiez meismes auower ore et en temps auenir, et qe chescun de vous seueralment et a par ly me deist son conseil et son auis ce qe ie en deierei faire ; queu dit, ie veul qe soit entree a perpetuele memoire en roule de parlement, par qoi vncore vous demaunde ie sur voz foys et voz ligeaunces qe vncore le me diez par bouche, chescun de vous seueralment et a par lui. Car tut seit ce qe vous me auez monstre en bille touz voz auis et resons en general, quele chose puist estre ordine et mys en bille par lauis et conseil de vn ou deux de vous qi mielz vous sauereient a lur assenz attrere et mener, iadumeyns, ie veul auer voz respouns seueralment et de chescun a par ly et qe chescun par my sa bouche die ce qil sente, issint qe ie puisse estre pleinement aise de la dite busoigne et de tutes les circonstances de point en point, et en tieu manere veul ie estre respondu aussibien de clerks come de lays, issint qen temps auenir chescun puisse respondre a son dit sanz couerture general et qe voz respouns soient entrez en escrit et ce qe ie vous ai monstre et ce qe vous respondrez. Car ie ne veul entre nous a si haute busoigne nulle couerture ne nulle gaundissement sotile, mes clerement et distinctement estre responduz par bouche

¹ *Foedera*, II. 600. This is the king's letter to the pope of 28 May which accused the archbishop of wrongfully counselling the earl of Kent to surrender the town and castle.

solom ce qe les choses vous sount destinctement et apertement monstrez.

m. 2, r^o

Au comencement dauisement doner sur lestat de la duchee selonc ce qi ad este et selonc ce qest a venir, dioms qe les choses come sont alees, a vous dit par creance veraiment et loialment et baille par escript, et pur le temps auenir, a vous baille nostre consal par escript, as touz iours sumes prest plus conseiller selonc qe plus saueroms.

Au primer point si Angleis ou Gascoun eit este de couyne etc. Dioms qe li sire de Lebret, le counte Darmanhac, sire Bernard Durford et touz les autres Gascouns qi furent au siege furent de couyne, consail et eide ouesque les Fraunceys encountre nous, ia soit ce qe auscuns deux disoient qil ce fesoient pur peur plus qe pur mal de nous, cest a sauoir le counte de Cominge, le sire de Lidle e leur partie, e ensi le disoit lour entre nous. Qant a touz ceux qi furent deintz la Ryole od mon seigneur le counte, dioms qe nous ne veismes, ne seumes, ne aperceusmes qe nul feist chose forsque bien, saue qe murmure de poeple fu contre Vidan de Cons et Raymon del Auison, borgeys de la Riolle, qil auoient en parlaunce od le sire de Lebret, pur quoi il furent arestuz en chastel, mais riens de certain ne fu troue contre eux, e sauue qe, pur ce qe lour diseit a la Rirole qe ascunes parlaunces se fesoient entre seriauntz dedointz et dehors, fuit pris conseil qe les portes fussent murrees, non pur qant qe nous seumes qe ascunes parlaunces se feissent a damage de nous ne du roi, eintz feusmes ascune foitz garniz par ceux dehors quant il nous entendent assaillir.

Item au second point come la parlance de rendre le chastel comencea etc. Dioms qe en tretant la trewe furent molt des choses demaundees pur les Fraunceis. Primes tote la duchee, et nous demandasmes tot ce qil auoient pris e tendismes pleges pur faire droit selonc la costume du paiis. Puis nous tendirent tot ce qi fu en nostre obeissaunce, forspris la Rirole od ses partenaunces, ensuit qe nous leur baillissioms en gage pur prendre droit, Bordeaux, Bayone, Seint Maqari, Pome e Puymirol, a quoi nous desaccordasmes. Finablement apres yceles e molt dautres voies traitees, nous tendirent tot ce qi fu en nostre obeissaunces forspris la Rirole od ses apartenaunces, en queles entendant le chastel, sur le quel chastel assez fu debatuz. Item dioms qe en celes parlaunces furent moltz des messagers et tretesons esluz, toutes foiz par commun conseil de la garneson et de les gentz de la ville, et baillez a lour certains

pointz qi deuient dire et faire, les quiels il ne poeient passer. A la parfyn, oiez les tretementz et le regardez touz noz meschiefs, sicome autre foiz lauoms dit, feist acorde par commun conseil de touz, qe autre chose ne purrioms faire a sauuer la terre e lestre de monsire le counte.

Item au tiercz. Dioms par nostre serement qe riens ne sauoms fors ceo qe nous auoms dit du murmur de voz burgeis qi furont arestuz.

Item au quart, si nul prist riens de Fraunceis etc. Dioms qe nous ne sauoms riens, forsque tant qe quant les choses furont acordees, qe Alphons de Sponha e sire Antaigne¹ enuoierent au counte raysns,² pesshon e pullail.

Item au quint. Dioms qe riens ne sauoms, forspris qe vne femme disoit lem qi auoit troue lettres en la rue de la ville de la Ryole et les leua et les bailla a auscuns des jurez, e conteneient, solonc ce qi feust dit, tiele fourme : As sages esqens de la Roiole saluz. Sachez qe nous vous auoms touz iours ame et vous auoms et vodrioms vostre bien a nostre poair, et sauoms bien qe vous estes sages, si vous prioms et vous conselloms qore fetes sagement voz busoignes, car vous auez plus grant busoigne qe vous ne eustes, et especialment dymeinche proschein venaunt, et ce feust le qe nous deuereoms partir.

Item au sisme. Dioms qe moltz des messagers par iour et par nuyt vindrent plusours foiz a monsire le counte de part noz villes et de ceux qi se tenent ouesques nous, et auxint nostre seignur le counte lour rescriuoit et les conseilleit au meiltz quil poait, mes que auscun message alast ny venist au damage du roi, nous nel aperceumes vnqes.

Item au setisme, de queu volunte etc., Dioms qe, duraunt le sege, les gentz de Burdeux, de Sentonge e des autres villes monstrenterent fieble couyne, auxi come hom nous reporta et sembla par fait, car quant nous les demaundasmes eide et secours, il ne nous en firount nul, einz demaunderont eide de nous en cas qe nous ne poioms eider a leur ne a nous, et auxint nous reporterent [Alexandre]³ lerceuesque de Dyuelyn et sire William de Weston' e tout le conseil de Burdeux, et ceo feust vn de noz resons pur prendre la trewe ; et quidoms qore e touz iours serront il de bone volunte,

¹ Antony Pessaigne (or di Passano) : see Delpit, *Documents français qui se trouvent en Angleterre*, p. 54.

² Sic.

³ Blank left for name.

sil sentent le seignur fort e bien arraie de eux garentir et deffendre. Et en ceu cas du nombre de eux qe le seignur sen purra eider, creoms qe liu tenant le chargea quil sen eidera de d. hommes en cheuaux e de xx. e xxv. milles hommes de pie. En autre manere creoms qe chescun a garder sa ville.

Item al oitisme qe les alliaunces etc. Ly sire de Lescu et mon-sire Pieres de Galicien, qi sont enuenaunt et ont parle de cella, ont a respondre de part nous : quant en nous est, pur noz parentz e pur noz amis, enduiroms, allieroms e attreroms a la part le roi touz ceux qe nous purroms, e creoms qe nous y ferroms auscun bien.

Item au neuisme. Si nostre seignur le roi vient oue pouer couenable, creoms certainement qe oil.

Item au disme. Creoms dessus proscheinement, en ceo qe nous et les autres de nostre seignur le roi entre tant auoms trete et parle.

Item al vnzisme. Le noumbre nous semble assez petit. Des alliaunces ne sauoms riens. Le pouer du pais nous vous auoms signifie. Par quei nous ne loseroms conseiller par nous, e semble qe fet a entendre les messagers Despaigne e, adonqs lour resons oys, prendre bon collacion.

Item au douzisme si la guerre durra etc. Creoms qe par grant diligence, bon afforcement et pur sen et pur despendre bien et largement, et sur ceo qi est molt general est bon auer auisement.

Item au treszisme qe mester William de Cases iurra etc. Il ad iurre autre foy et loialment lad meintenuz a son poer e le meintendra a son viauant et lui plest faire le comaundement le roi.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, EPIPHANY-
CANDLEMAS 1327

- A. Canterbury, Dean and Chapter, Register I, fo. 416-18
- B. Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 6/1
- C. Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, roll no. 11
- D. Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, roll no. 1
- E. MS. Cotton. Titus E. I, fo. 2-24

A parliament was summoned for the morrow of the Epiphany 1327 in the name of Edward II.¹ Politically its purpose was to arrange the abdication of the king, but no official record of the proceedings directed to this end has survived. It is unquestionable that a deputation of all ranks in the parliament was elected to visit the king at Kenilworth, and that this deputation was accompanied by William Trussel as proctor.² The form he used in renouncing homage and fealty appears to be the only formal document connected with these proceedings that has come down to us.³

Edward III's coronation followed on 1 February and parliament reassembled on 3 February, the morrow of Candlemas.⁴

It can hardly be doubted that technically there were two parliaments, but for all practical purposes they appear to have been treated as two successive sessions of one parliament, petitions presented at the Epiphany session being apparently dealt with at the Candlemas session and certainly answered under Edward III.

¹ *Parl. Writs*, II. ii. 350.

² The clearest statement regarding the deputation is given in the Lanercost Chronicle (p. 258) which is in part supported by the contemporary letter from a Canterbury Register printed in *Parl. Writs*, II. ii. 354. The account given by Geoffrey le Baker (*Chronicon*, pp. 26-7) is obviously inaccurate, but appears to be correct as to the number of bishops. For other accounts see M. V. Clarke, "The Deposition of Edward II" in *Historical Essays in honour of James Tail*, pp. 35 ff.

³ For this, see below, p. 101.

⁴ *Foedera*, II. ii. 684; *Rot. Parl.*, II. 3.

A. The grievances of the clergy would appear, from the heading, to have been presented during the earlier session. The original of this document has not been preserved, but the transcript was apparently written not many years after the event.

B. The two petitions of Louis de Beaumont, bishop of Durham, are preserved in a separate roll. The heading states that the petitions were presented in the parliament of Edward III first called for the morrow of Epiphany. It is certain that they were discussed by the council at the Candlemas session and they may have been then presented direct to the council by the bishop.

C. The roll from which we print the petitions of the "commonalty" of the realm is not, strictly speaking, an official record at all. It bears an eighteenth-century endorsement, part of which is illegible, but which contains the name "John Topham" and a date, apparently "July ye 3^d 1774". This is sufficient to identify it with the roll which Astle and Topham purchased at James West's sale and which they asked leave to use for the *Rolls of Parliament* then going through the press.¹ It is quite certain that they did not in fact use their roll for this purpose, but it must be presumed that it was kept at hand in the Record Office in the Tower of London and finally became incorporated among the chancery records deposited there.

Besides these petitions the roll contains the form of renunciation of homage pronounced by William Trussel, the judgement on Hugh Despenser the younger, and a form of coronation office (with no specific reference, however, to Edward III).² It bears a resemblance to another contemporary roll (Harl. E. 16) containing the first and second statutes of 1 Edward III, between which is written William Trussel's form of renunciation of homage. The purpose of these rolls is obscure, but it is clear that they were not official. They are neatly but carelessly written, with omissions and mistakes which mark the ignorant scribe. It would seem as though they were produced rapidly and cheaply to supply a demand for copies of documents connected with the revolution.

Let us say in passing that they afford a better text of William

¹ *Bull. Inst. Hist. Research*, IX. 16.

² Printed by J. Wickham Legg, *Three Coronation Orders* (Henry Bradshaw Soc.), pp. 121-4.

Trussel's speech than the text hitherto printed from the copies in the *Annales Paulini*¹ and in Knighton's Chronicle,² both of which are considerably later in date, or than that in the *Litterae Cantuarienses*, which is more nearly contemporary.³ Since the document is of great constitutional interest and is essentially parliamentary in character, the opportunity may be taken to print a reliable version :—⁴

Coment William Trussel rendist les homages a Edward pere nostre seigneur le roy qore est.

Jeo, William Trussel, procuratour des prelatz, contes et barons et autres gentz nomez en ma procuracie, eiant a ceo plein et suffisant pouer, les homages et les fealtes a vous Edward roy Dengleterre come au roy auant ces heures, de par les dites persons en ma dite procuracie nomez, en noun de eux et chescun de eux par certaines causes en la dite procuracie contenuz, renk et rebaile suis a vous Edward, deliure et face quites les persons auantditz en la meilloure maniere qe ley et custume donne, et face protesta-cioun en noun de eux touz et de chescun de eux, qeux ne voilent desore estre en vostre fealte ne en vostre ligeance, ne cleyment de vous come de roy riens tenir, einz vous tiegnent desore priuee persone sanz nule maniere de real dignete.

The petitions represent an earlier version than that printed in the *Rolls of Parliament* (II. 7–11) from Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 1, which is the actual *bille endentée* presented to the council. From the point of view of procedure our version is therefore of the greatest interest, for it shows that, as originally drawn up, the petitions were in a different order and lacked seven clauses included in the final version authenticated by the commons. These seven clauses are nos. 26, 29, 31, the first paragraph of no. 38, and nos. 39 to 41, in the printed *Rolls of Parliament*. The fourth of these items is noteworthy, for it is a petition on behalf of the commons

¹ *Chronicles of Edward I and Edward II* (R.S.), I. 324.

² *Chronicon* (R.S.), I. 441–2: previously printed by Twysden, *Decem Scriptores*, col. 2550, whence it was reprinted in *Foedera*, II. 650, and by Stubbs, *Constitutional History* (4th ed.), II. 380.

³ *Litterae Cantuarienses* (Rolls Series), III. 414.

⁴ From Harl. E. 16, with some corrections, mainly from Parl. and Council Proc. (Chanc.) Roll 11. See also Latin version by a Bridlington writer in *Chronicles of Edward I and Edward II* (Rolls Series), II. 90.

from north of the Trent and was evidently included at their instance at a late stage. Now the counties north of the Trent had been specially represented by two knights on the deputation from parliament which visited Edward II at Kenilworth,¹ and the two facts taken together suggest a territorial division in the primitive house of commons which has escaped notice.²

We have indicated in footnotes the correspondence between the petitions in the present version and in the final version, and it will be obvious that there was a drastic rearrangement: no. 8 in the earlier text becomes no. 17 in the final text, no. 13 becomes no. 33, no. 23 becomes no. 32, and so on. In places, too, the language is considerably modified. The relation between our roll and Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 1, is, however, obscured by the incredible garbling of the first page of text as printed in the *Rolls of Parliament*. The original manuscript runs in this fashion:—

(i) The first 26 lines of (1) and lines 5 to 14 of (5) represent a single petition corresponding to our first paragraph.

(ii) (2) then follows: this corresponds to our second paragraph.

(iii) Lines 28 to 30 of (1) are a fragment of a separate petition which has been vacated: it should apparently read:—

Item prie a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil la bone gentz del comunalte qe lestat du realme soit [auxi entierement] tenu et referme a nostre seigneur le roi come a nostre seigneur le roy qi luy lessa.

This corresponds to the first clause of our fifteenth paragraph.

(iv) Another vacated petition which has been printed as lines 1 to 3 of (5). Nothing corresponding to this occurs in our roll.

(v) (3) together with lines 1 to 3 of (4) represent a single petition. This corresponds to the first sentence of our paragraph 3 and the whole of our paragraph 15 except the first clause (already used for (iii) above). There is nothing in our roll corresponding to the last two lines of (3) and the first three lines of (4).

(vi) The rest of (4) corresponds to our paragraph 3 with the exception of the first sentence (already used for (v)). More can be recovered than has been printed, and although not enough remains legible to enable the text to be fully reconstituted, it is evident that the first version had been modified and was further amended by interlineation.

¹ *Chronicon de Lanercost*, p. 258: "duo milites ultra Trentam".

² Cf. *Rot. Parl.*, III. 424, no. 59.

This extraordinary confusion is doubtless due to attempts by the editors to recover more of the text from the sadly injured Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 1, and to consequent corrections in proof. The version we now print will enable the text to be intelligibly reconstructed not only at the beginning but at a number of other points. On the other hand, the text in the *Rolls of Parliament* will enable some corrupt passages in our version to be corrected.

D. This roll of petitions from the citizens of London contains forty-four articles. To some of these no reply is recorded and they have been vacated, probably for this reason. It will be noted that the series from 36 to 40 duplicate matter in 3, 5 and 8: why replies were not returned to 17, 26, 27 and 34 is not readily apparent, except that 27 contains a request substantially the same as one put forward by the commons.¹ Of the thirty-five articles to which replies were returned twenty-four are the basis of the charter to the city of 6 March, 1327: these are 2 to 16, 18 to 20, 22, 24, 25, 29, 30 and 41, and the clauses of the charter are drafted in precisely this order.² There remain eleven articles, most of which, as indicated in the margin of the roll, gave rise to an instrument under the great seal. Certain of these articles are to be found entered in another manuscript, which now forms a portion (fo. 206-222) of Faustina B. I: this is a fragment from a register or book of memoranda once belonging to the city of London, the leaves being originally numbered 75 to 92, one of which (83) is now missing. On the first three leaves are written eight of these eleven articles: there are some minor variations between this text and that of our roll, but the remarkable fact is that it supplies the replies to articles 31 and 32 and also an article entirely missing from the roll which we have numbered 32A. There are, therefore, nine articles in all, entered in the order 23, 33, 42, 21, 28, 31, 32, 32A, 44, and they are prefixed by a statement that "Iste petitiones sequentes non sunt in carta de libertatibus". This section of Faustina B. I has recently been printed by Dr. Martin Weinbaum,³ and we need say no more of it than that we have noted a few of

¹ Below, p. 121, no. 13; *Rot. Parl.*, II. 10 (33).

² *Annales Paulini* in *Chronicles of Edward I and Edward II*, I. 326-32; Birch, *Historical Charters of the City of London*, pp. 52-8.

³ *London unter Edward I. and II.*, II. 256-60.

its variants and have used it to supply the matter missing from our roll, missing, it may be remarked, at the very end of the first membrane, as though the omission were due to a careless copyist. But Faustina B. I omits also articles 1, 35 and 43, although the substance of these is not in the charter of liberties and although among various instruments entered on later leaves we find the general pardon of 28 February, 1327 (fo. 211), which is based upon article 1, and the letters patent of 4 March, releasing the citizens from all bonds to the late king and his predecessors (fo. 211b), which is based upon article 35.¹

The roll appears to collect the petitions of the citizens of London which were presented direct to the council: it will be evident from the text that originally they were written as six or seven separate documents. Another petition from the City of London will be found in the general roll of petitions²: this petition therefore would seem to have been presented to the receivers and tried by the auditors, although why it should have been dealt with differently from the other London petitions does not appear.

E. The eleven membranes which at one time composed a roll of petitions of this parliament are very unequally represented in the abstract contained in Titus E. I. The abstractor or his copyist has not always noted the membrane in the margin nor has he entered all his entries in the order of the roll, and there are, consequently, occasional doubts as to where one membrane ends and another begins: but with tolerable certainty we get this result:—

1-9 (m. 1), 10-21 (m. 1*d*), 22-28 (m. 2), 29-30 (m. 2*d*), 31-39 (m. 3), 40-42 (m. 3*d*), 43-47 (m. 4), 48 (m. 4*d*), 49-50 (m. 5), 51 (m. 5*d*), 52 (m. 7), 53 (m. 7*d*), 54-56 (m. 8), 57 (m. 8*d*), 58 (m. 9), 59-61 (m. 9*d*), 62-63 (m. 10), 64 (m. 10*d*), 65-67 (m. 11), 68-69 (m. 11*d*).

The only indication of the contents of the sixth membrane is a note to no. 42.

We have possibly a fourth or a fifth of the entries on the original roll represented in abstract, which we can in a number of cases supplement or replace by the still surviving original petition. Still more might perhaps have been conjecturally restored by utilising

¹ For these instruments see *Annales Paulini*, I. 325-6, and *Cal. of Patent Rolls*, 1327-30, p. 27.

² Below, p. 163, no. 48.

petitions which could be more or less satisfactorily connected with entries on the chancery rolls of instruments arising out of the parliament, but we have thought it best to confine ourselves to petitions which could be related to the abstract.

Titus E. I was unaccountably overlooked by the editors of the *Rolls of Parliament* who, however, had before them a copy of a small portion of the abstract in what is now Stowe MS. no. 1029 (fo. 115b-120b) and, where this failed them, an English adaptation in Harleian MS. no. 252 (fo. 137-164). The result was a text very far from the original.¹

Titus E. I appears to have come into Robert Cotton's hands after the accession of James I, for folio 2 bears his signature with the addition *Bruceus*. It is composed principally of copies, in various hands, of the abstracts of the parliament rolls made by William and Robert Bowyer. But neither of these keepers of the records in the Tower seems to have been acquainted with this roll of 1 Edward III; and although Henry Elsynge, who was joint keeper with Robert Bowyer from 1604 to 1612, cites it several times in his treatise on the *Manner of holding Parliaments in England*, he cites nothing that is not in the abstract.² There is, indeed, no evidence that the roll ever was in the Tower, and it may have been in one of the repertories at Westminster, whence it was, perhaps, borrowed by some antiquary who either made an abstract or permitted one to be made. It was a copy of this that Cotton secured, for Titus E. I is certainly copyist's work throughout.

The original roll belonged, we believe, not to the auditors of petitions but to the council in parliament, and contained those petitions which the auditors deemed it prudent to refer to a higher authority. This seems plain for two reasons. The stage in the procedure is in a number of instances evidently before the council: and we should expect, if the roll was one made up for the auditors, that it would not include both English and Irish petitions, for at this period Irish petitions were rarely taken by the same panel as that which took English petitions.³

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II, 430-40. Another manuscript containing the same abstract is now in the British Museum, Additional no. 36824. We have collated it, and found it but a poor copy of the manuscript which underlay Titus E. I or of one nearly related to it.

² *Bulletin Inst. Hist. Research*, IX, 16.

³ *English Historical Review*, 197-8, 381, 384 n.

It should be noted that certain of the petitions, for example those from the citizens of Norwich (2), John of Sigston (18), and John Corbet and Henry de la Pomeray (59), were evidently presented when Edward II was king, while equally certainly others, such as those from Thomas of Berkeley (17) and William Dautre (30), were presented after the accession of Edward III.

A

fo. 416 GRAUAMINA PRELATORUM ET CLERI PROPOSITA IN GENERALI PARLIAMENTO APUD WESTMONASTERIUM IN CRASTINO EPIPHANIE DOMINI ANNO EIUSDEM M^oCCC^{mo} VICESIMO SEXTO, ET RESPONSES FACTE AD EADEM.

[1] Pur ceo que ascunes prohibiciouns passent hors de la curt nostre seignur le rey entre parties ad iuges de seynt eglise, par quels prohibiciouns napert mye de noun cely qi les purchasa, et sunt les iuges de saint eglise, prelatz et autres, attachetz a res-poundre pur quei yl tyndrent plee countre la fourme de cele prohibicioun et sunt diuersement greues que la, ou yl y a instaunce de partye, suffist a iuge athache de se purger qe rien nad fait countre la prohibicion, et pur ceo qe le rey est partye en tel bref, qi est general et sauns noun, le iug[e] athache est destreynt de soy mettre en enqueste de lais, ou il ne put auer nul exceptioun countre les persones menees en lenqueste si le atorne qi fust pur rey die qe il est bon pur nostre seignur le rey, et meske le iuge de seynt eglise face coustages, mises et diuers damages suffre, neqedent nul recouerer naad, quant a ceo qe nul noun napert contre ly yl le puist auoyr; e pur ceo prient les prelatz de seynt eglise qe le bref *ex relatu plurium* ne seit mes graunte entre priuatz persones, et qe ad iuges de saint eglise, athaches et lesses par iugement, seit purueu de bon recouerer pur lour mises et damages.

Responsio :—Acorde est qe al bref de atthachement *ex relatu plurium* qe le iugge seit a sa lay si yl voile, ausi cum as seute de partye, si yl ne seyt en cas la ou le rey est dessuy apres par enqueste.

[2] Item ou prohibicioun est purchasee en noun de certeygne persone et le iugge de saint eglise est parmy cele prohibicioun atthache et se purge et est dimys de court, le faux purchasour de cele prohibicioun, solonc le graunt nostre seignur le rey, sil seit

riches et sufficient doyt fayre bone satisfaction al iugge issi traueylee, ou si il seyt poure serra puny en son corps par enprisounement, quel graunt nostre seigneur le rey nest pas mys en oeure par bon execucioun, de quei les prelatz de seint eglise se tiennent mult greuetz et prient qe les poynes susdites seynt gardetz solonc le grant nostre seigneur le rey.

[3] Item le bref qi est appelle *indicaui*, qi de sa nature ad lieu *fo. 416b* tansoulement en cas certaignes, par ascunes iustices est tret a causes pledes en curt de seint eglise come sur spoliatioun des dimes ou sur reseus countre comun droyt en autre paroche, et ioukte cel bref est furme ore tart vn autre sur tiele fourme *indicaui etc. quod cum tales religiosi teneant quartam partem talis ecclesie de aduocacione propria et talis rector trahit eos in placitum etc.*, pur quoy la cognition de spoliacion des dymes et les causes de resseu de dymes deyns autre paroche sount toletz de seynt eglise, et come nul plee en ces caas ne pust estre suy en curt seculiere, seynt eglise ne puist faire ceo qe ele deuereyt de drayt, tels tors demurent saunt punisement et remedie en graunt peril des almes, de quoy prient les prelatz qe remedie seyt ordyne.

Responsio :—Il ount la cunisaunce de spoliatioun en quelcunque cas qi touche seynt eglise.

[4] Item clers pris pur suspession de crime soient detenutz par pouair lay, et countre lestat de seint eglise sunt iugges par enqueste des laitz gentz, et al dreyn liueres a lour ordinaries qi les demaundent, si apres eschapent hors del prisonz des ordinarie[s], sauntz lour coupe, le rey lour demaunde pur leschap c. liures, la ou vn autre qi ust la garde, qi quyl fust, ne serreyt demaunde forsque deskes a c. s., de quey etc.

Responsio :—Soyent serches les auncienes eires de temps passe de ceo qi en ad este fait et, le rey et son cunsail certifie, soit de ceo ordine qe dreyt et reson vodront, e eient bref de sursise taunt que trie seit si les ordiners¹ deyuent paier pur tieux eschaps ou ne mye.

[5] Item la commission des euesques qi funt a demaunder tiels clerks enprisones nest pas resseu par les iustices nostre seigneur le rei si les nouns des iustices assignetz ne soient nomes en la com-

¹ *Sic. MS.*

missioun, de quoi auient qe si les iustices nostre seigneur le rey seynt chaunges et autres mises en lour leu, la commission primer nest pas resseu et demeurent les clers en graunt peril sauntz nule coupe des prelatz qi nient ne seuent de teles eschaunges des iustices.

Responsio :—Acorde est qe la lettre tigne lieu mes qe les nouns des iustices ne seynt mye mys.

[6] Item gentz qi fuent a seinte eglise, demaynters qil sunt en seint eglise sur la protectioun del imunte de seint eglise, par poaur des lais sunt si estreit gardes qe mult de fayz ¹ viaunde lour est sustrait, et demurent les gentz qi gardount le futyf a la foitz deyntz leglise, a la foitz deyns la cimiterie, par quey multz des mals et ordes choses sunt faites, de quei etc.

[7] Item quant home est escumenge pur ceo que il ne paie mye ceo a quei il est condempne par iuge de seint eglise, et a la priere de seint eglise est cely escumenge pryst en prisonne par nostre seigneur le rey, apres maunde nostre seigneur le rey par ces lettres qe le ordinarie resseyue caucioun de cely escumenge et le face liuerer, et si le ordinarie ne voyle pur ceo qe il ne poent, maunde le rey al visconte qe il face liuerier,² en graunt preiudice del estat de seint eglise, cum caucion nont mye lieu en tel cas mais couient qe lescomenge face assetz a la partie a quele il est condempne auant qe il seit asautz et par consequent del prison liuere, de quei etc.

Responsio :—Acorde est en conseil qe les prelatz certefient des ore en la chauncellerie en lour lettres a maunder a prendre les escumenges les causes pur quey il sunt escumenges, et sils issoient escumenges pur choses en quey ils sunt condempnes ou pur autre affere, ne sait ³ mais le bref grante de *caucione admittenda*.

[8] Item quant erceuesques, euesques, abbes et priories sunt vacauns, les deutes a les gardes ne entrent mye soulement les temporaltes mes les eglises et benefices apropiies, et occupiunt les dimes et oblaciouns qi sunt choses espirituels et en nule manere ne appartient a persone laye, de quei etc.

Responsio :—Acorde est par le conseil qe les ministres le rey ne se deiuent meller forsque de temporalites et ne mye des eglises approprietez, prouendres, ne dautres choses espirituels.

¹ *Sic.* MS.

² *Sic.* MS.

³ *Sic.* MS.

[9] Item quant a priere de seynt eglise par capcioun personnes sunt pris et enprisonnes, les vicountes, auant ceo qe tiels personnes seient duementes de la prisone liueres, les seuffrent aler par pais la ou il vodrent, noun countre esteaunt le maundement le rey, en deceyuance de seynt eglise, de quei etc. fo. 417b

Responsio :—Acorde est qe sur teu demonstraunce seit maunde a viscounte de respandre les issink deliueres et les garde solonk le primer maundement, e outre par due proces seit le viscounte atthache etc. sy yl ne face.

[10] Item si persone de seynt eglise ou autre soit tret a la court laie en cause apertinaunte a la cunisaunce de seynt eglise et ils boute auant par voye de exception qe cele cause ne apartient point a la court laie mais a seynte eglise, ou sil boute auant exception qe cele cause est de seynte eglise et illoques determine par sentence diffinitive, noun countre estaunt tiele exceptioun le iugge lai veet auant en proces, en grant damage et blemissement del estat de seynt eglise, de quei etc.

[11] Item si clerk accuse de crime en curt seculere allegge deuant iustices qil est clerk et ne poent sauntz ces ordinaries respoudre et veinent ces nusurs et alleggent countre ly bygamy, cest a dyre qe yl ad heu deux femmes esposes ou qil ad prise vne femme veue, les iustices countre lestat de seynt eglise vount auant a lenqueste, et si troue soit par le enqueste des leys qil ad esposes deux femmes ou vne femme veue, les iustices pronuncient countre celi clerk et mais qil sait en ordre de prestre par tiel colour le condempnent al mort, de quey etc.

Responsio :—Qe la conisaunce de bygamy apent a iugge de seynt eglise et a nul autre.

[12] Item mes qe la conisaunce de pleneyte et de vacatioun de benefice de seynt eglise apartaigne de cheskune lai ad iugges de seynt eglise, nepurquaunt si en la curt nostre seigneur le roy en plee pledaunt seit allegge vn benefitz estre vakaunt, mais qe le clerk qi tient meyme cel benefice veigne en court et moustre son title et le dreyt qil ad de tenir cel benefice, ceo est a sauver les lettres de son euesque de institutioun et de inductioun, qi ly donnent title en cel eglise, les iustices nostre seigneur le rey respoignent et dient qe tieles lettres taunt soulement donnent euidence al pais, et noun countre estaunt tieles lettres vont auant et pernent enqueste le quel fo. 418

la eglise sait vacaunte ou nemye, et si lenqueste dye qe ele est vacaunte, tauntost maudent al ordinarie q'il resseieue le presente dun tel a cel eglise, *non obstante reclamacione etc.*, et issint des-trainent le ordinarie¹ de ostier cely qi verreymentes et drey-turelmentes est entitle en la eglise, ou qe la baronie leuesqe del lieu serra pris en la mayn nostre seigneur le rey pur ceo qe il ne fait, pur ceo qil ne peut, ceo qe le bref wlt yssynt a ly maunde.

Et mesmes ceste chose auyent la ou vne eglise est pleigne de dreit et de fait et vn patroun countre vn autre porte vn brief *quare impedit*, et lun patron allegge qe la eglise est pleygne de vn tiel son clerk et lautre patroun die 'ne mie pleigne, pur ceo qe cely vostre clerk a resigne et renunce al dreit qil auoit en cele eglise', les iustices nostre seigneur le rey sur cel resignement pernent en-quest, et si lenqueste die qe cely clerk ad resigne cum fust allegge, les iustices nostre seigneur le rey maundunt cum est sus escrist, *quod non obstante reclamacione etc. personam ydoneam ad eam ad-mittat et in possessionem corporalem eiusdem inducat*, de quei etc.

[*Responsio*]:—En caas ou plenerete est allegge en la court le rey en bref de possessioun et plenyerte est attrier, la conisaunce appent a court cristiene.

[13] Item mes qe la conisaunce del presente au benefice de seint eglise parteigne pleignement a ministres de seint eglise, neqedent par prohibicioun nostre seignur le rey qi contient *quod iudicia regia in casibus prescriptis promulgata quidam infringere inobedientes per procuraciones et appellaciones ad sedem apostolicam et pro tuicione ad curiam Cantuariensem ea impedire conantur*, par quei est defendu al official de Cant[er]birs et a ces commissaries qe par colours de tiels appels en preiudice nostre seignur le rey ne de tiels appels iuggement rendu rien ne sait attente ne fait, et si rien sait fait ou attente qe tauntost sait repelle, issi qe la iurisdiccoun de saynt Eglise est notoriement destourbe, de quei etc.

[*Responsio*]:—Sauise le chaunceler, qi pur le temps serra, qe desore nule prohibition ne soit graunte autre qe ne soit pur le dreyt de la coroune le rey meyntener.

B

[In parl]iamento apud Westmonasterium in crastino Epiphanie Domini anno regni regis Edwardi filii regis Edwardi filii regis Ed-

¹ MS. inserts "destre", a false start which has been left uncanceled.

wardi primo conuocato quedam peticio ¹ ex parte Ludowici [Dunolmensis] episcopi porrecta fuit in hec verba :—

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustre Lewis euesque de Duresme qe come de droit de sa eglise il ad et doit auoir fraunchise roiale dedeinz les eaus [de] Tyn et de [These et en Norham]-shire et en Bedlington' shire et y ad son chauncellier, ses iustiz, viscontes, corouners et autres ministres de seruir au poeple et droit faire, si qe nul ministre nostre seigneur le roi ne doit entrer sa dite fraunchise par son comandement ne par son bref de nul comandement ne de office faire, si le dit euesqe ne soit atteint deuant le roi ou ses iustices son lieu tenant qil eit failli de droit as gentz de ses dites fraunchise; et forfaiture de guerre appent al dit euesqe dedeinz sa dite fraunchise come du droit de sa eglise auant dite. Et come sire Antoigne nadgaires euesque de Duresme, predecessour leuesqe qore est, fist seiser en sa mein le chastel et le manoir de Chastel Bernard et ses manoirs de Gaynesford et Midleton' oue les appurtinances dedeinz sa dite fraunchise roiale par forfaiture sire Iohan de Baillof', iadis roi Descoce, qi les forfit de guerre, et autres terres et appurtinances a dites manoirs, et auxi fist seiser et prendre en sa meyn le manoir de Hert' et de Herternesse dedeinz la dite fraunchise par la forfaiture sire Robert de Brus, qil forfit de guerre, et plusours autres terres dedeinz la dite fraunchise. Et des queles terres le dit sire Antoyne fust seisi aunz et iours tauncome il plust a sire Edward fiutz a roi Henri, par ascuns resons, qi furent surmys al dit sire Antoyne, de prendre la dite fraunchise en sa meyn et la retint pur vn temps; et la dite fraunchise issi esteaunt en sa meyn, la quele il rendit apres au dit sire Antoyne auxi enterment et pleinement come il la fist seiser. Dedeinz quel temps la dite fraunchise en sa meyn esteant, il oste le dit euesqe de totes les terres et tenementz auandites, saunz iuggement ou estre appelle en court, entendant forfaiture de guerre estre son droit et a lui apartener dedeinz cele fraunchise reale de Duresme auxi come aillours dedeinz son roialme, dount le contrair fut altre foitz aiugge en temps le roi Henry, sicome piert par la chartre le dit roi Henry en les paroles qi sensuent :—

Henricus ² Dei gracia rex Anglie, dominus Hibernie et dux Aqu-

¹ A.P. 5385. The verso is almost entirely illegible. The variant readings and additions supplied by the endorsement are noted below.

² Entered on Patent Roll, no. 66, m. 17, which has been collated.

tanie, omnibus ad quos presentes littere peruenerint salutem. Cum nuper post confictum habitum apud Euesham, de consilio magnatum et fidelium nostrorum, quedam terre et tenementa inimicorum et rebellium nostrorum, in turbacione habita in regno nostro per fideles nostros predictos occupata et seisita, in parlamento nostro Wyntonie vt nobis forisfactura in manum nostram reddita fuissent, et nos postmodum manerium de Gretham quod fuit Petri de Monteforti inimico nostro et quod est in libertate episcopi Dunolmensis de Aliwarthfolk' contulissemus dilecto et fideli nostro Thome de Clare, credentes huiusmodi collacionem nos infra libertatem predictam sicut alibi in regno nostro facere posse, ac ad insinuacionem predicti episcopi et aliorum fidelium nostrorum et eciam per consilium nostrum intellexerimus quod predictam collacionem facere non possemus sine predicti episcopi et ecclesie sue preiudicio et libertatis predictae lesione, in qua quidem libertate iura regalia habet, nos vnique iusticiam facere et ius suum tribuere volentes, vt tenemur, predictam collacionem nostram per nos factam pro nobis et heredibus nostris penitus reuocamus, volentes et concedentes pro nobis et heredibus nostris quod predictus episcopus de manerio predicto et aliis terris et tenementis infra regale suum predictum forisfactis et sibi escaetis faciat voluntatem suam sicut nos de huiusmodi terris nobis forisfacturis alibi facimus in regno nostro, ita quod collacio predicta a nobis de predicto manerio facta, sicut predictum est, futuris temporibus in consequenciam non trahatur nec predicto episcopo vel successoribus suis aut eciam libertati sue predictae in aliquo preiudicet in futuro. In cuius rei testimonium has litteras nostras fieri fecimus patentes. Teste me ipso apud Stratford' xxij. die Maii anno regni nostri l. primo.

Les quiels tenementz le dit sire Edward dona par sa chartre a monsire Guy adonc counte de Warr[ewyk] atener a lui et a ses heires, et le manoir de Hert' oue les appurtenaunces a monsire Robert de Clifford atener a lui et a ses heires, sauue le dreit del eglise de seint Cutbert de Doresme et leuesqe de meisme le lieu et ses successours, par qui le dit Lewis euesqe prie a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil qe des terres et tenementz forfaites a guerre qi sont en sa meyn voillez la mein oster, et oster ses ministres ministrantz en la dite fraunchise, et seuffrer le dit euesqe auoir totes les forfaitures de guerre illoeqes sicome a autre foitz feust aiugge a son predecessour, et qe mes ne soit delaie de son droit,

le quel il a suee tout son temps de parlement en autre et ne poeit vnqes estre respondue ne droit auoir.¹

Et quia per predictam cartam ipsius Henrici proai regis nunc coram ipso rege et consilio suo in eodem parlamento per prefatum episcopum exhibitam, transcripto² in petitione illa³ contento de verbo ad verbum in omnibus concordantem, compertum est quod prefatus proauus regis nunc collacionem suam quam prius credidit ipsum de predicto manerio sic forisfacto infra libertatem illam sicut alibi in regno suo posse fecisse, postea intelligens per consilium suum ipsam collacionem illam infra dictam libertatem in qua episcopus loci iura habet regalia sine lesione eiusdem facere non posse, pro se et heredibus suis, vt premittitur, reuocauit, volens et concedens pro se et heredibus suis quod predictus episcopus⁴ sicut supra, necnon inspectis et examinatis reponsionibus ad alias petitiones ipsius episcopi consimiles in aliis parlamenti domini Edwardi regis patris regis nunc inde exhibitas pro informacione iuris eiusdem patris, si quod ei in hac parte compeciit, per thesaurarium et barones de scaccario et camerarios ac custodem rotulorum cancellarie sue et capitalem iusticiarium ipsius patris regis nunc ad placita coram eo tenenda assignatum ad mandata sua factis,⁵ quas quidem responsiones idem nunc rex coram consilio suo in predicto parlamento, simul cum aliis memorandis in thesaurario et cancellaria repertis negocium illud tangentibus, venire fecit, et nichil inuenitur per quod predictus episcopus a petitione sua in premissis excludi debet, concordatum est per ipsum regem et consilium suum in eodem parlamento quod predictus episcopus habeat libertatem suam de huiusmodi forisfacturis, prout predicta carta plenius testatur et prout alias concessum fuit per consilium ipsius proai regis nunc supradicti, et quod rex ammoueat manum de omnibus terris et tenementis infra libertatem predictam per forisfacturas guerre in manu sua existentibus, et quod non est intencionis regis et consilii quod aliqui, qui terras seu tenementa de huiusmodi forisfacturis ex concessione progenitorum ipsius regis iam tenent, inde virtute consideracionis predicte absque responsione amoueantur.⁶

¹ A.P. 5385 is endorsed: "Vieigne [deuant] le conseil ce qad este fait de ceste chose auant ces hures en parlement." There then follows the further endorsement as in text above.

² A.P. 5385, *transcriptum*.

³ A.P. 5385, *ista*.

⁴ A.P. 5385, *etc.* for *sicut supra*.

⁵ MS., *factos*: A.P. 5385, *factis*.

⁶ A.P. 5385 continues: "Ideo fiat breue de amocione illa."

Item in eodem parlamento quedam alia peticio ex parte eiusdem episcopi porrecta fuit in hec verba :—

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustre Lewis euesqe de Duresme qe la ou sire Iohan de Baillof', nadgaires roi Descoce, par sa chartre dona a Dieu et seint Cutbert et sire Antoyne, nadgaires euesqe de Duresme, et ses successours, la quele le roi Edward fuitz le roi Henry conferma par sa chartre, cinkaunt liure de terre oue les appurtinances en Tyndale et lauoweson del eglise de Simoundburn', de la quele terre le dit euesqe fust seisi en Grendon' et en Belingham et en autres villes en Tindale, et feust seisi de la dite auoweson del eglise de Simoundburn' e le dona cum ordenier du lieu a vn son clerk Thomas de Braytoffe par nom et lui fist institution, et apres par son purchace se tient en propre oeps, et puis apres ce[o do]n le dit roi Descoce par sa chartre dona au dit euesqe Antoyne le manoir de Werk' en Tyndale oue les appurtinaunces a lui et a ses successours atener en pure et en perpetuele aumoynge a toutz iours, la quele chartre le dit roi Edward fuitz le roi Henry conferma par sa chartre, et des dites manoirs terres et auoweson le dit sire Antoyne euesqe fust seisi come de droit de sa eglise de Duresme. Et apres le dit sire Edward manda son brief de *scire facias* a son viscount de Northumberland' de garnir le dit euesqe destre a son parlement a Cardoill as oytaues de seint Hillar' lan de son regne xxxv., a moustrer sil vst rien pur lui en dire sauoir par quoi le dit roi le manoir de Werk en Tyndale et lauoweson del eglise de Symondburn' auanditz, qi feurent au ditz sire Iohan de Baillof, ne deuioient en sa main prendre [et] tenir et outre affaire ceo qe la court le roi agarderait, le quel viscount returna qe le dit euesqe feust garni selonc la tenur du brief¹ seisee [f]aite a tiel temps, outre ceo² saunt regard auoir qil ne auoit mye bref eus [de sa] chauncellerie³ seit sui de mesmes les tenementz deuant iusticz en nul place, ne chose enroule ne record par fyn ne par iugement due nul part, et a la commune lei de la terre et a la grante chartre et a la secunde estatut de Westmoustier. Sur le quele processe auantdit sur le dit brief de *scire facias*, issu saunz garant et encontre lei de terre, agarde fust qe le dit roi recouereit sa seisin de manoir et de lauoweson auantditz, et par colur de ceo iuggement fust il oste par le dit roi de les cinkant liure de terre auanditz. Et [soit] qe le dit sire [Antoyne] en son temps

¹ Two or three words illegible.

² Five or six words illegible.

³ Two or three words illegible.

suyt deuers le roi qi a donques fust, et sire Richard euesqe de Duresme sun successeur suit en son temps, [et] leuesqe qore est ad suy de parlement tout son temps et vnqes ne poiet estre respondu, par quey il prie a nostre seigneur le roi pur Dieux et pur lonur de corpseint seint Cuthbert de Duresme et pur les almes des ses auncestres, qe droit lui soit fait en les choses susdit qi mes ne soit delaie.

Et quia, inspecta petitione predicta scrutatisque rotulis et memorandis cancellarie et thesaurarie, nichil inuenitur quod dicta manerium et aduocacionem contingit, nisi tantum quod thesaurarius et camerarii patris regis nunc ad mandatum suum retornauerunt ad quoddam parliamentum ipsius patris regis nunc quod, scrutatis rotulis et memorandis scaccarii quo ad predictam terram de Tyndale que fuit Iohannis de Balliolo quondam regis Scocie, compertum est quod Iohannes de Kirkeby nuper vicecomes Norhumbrie tenuit in manum domini regis manerium de Werk' in Tyndale cum pertinentiis et alia terras et tenementa que fuerunt Iohannis de Balliolo, et respondit in compoto suo de exitibus predictorum manerii et terre a decimo die Maii anno regni Edwardi filii regis Henrici xxiiij. vsque xx. die Decembris eodem anno xxiiij., per quod dominus rex et consilium suum intendunt quod predictus Iohannes de Balliolo, tempore quo forisfecit versus predictum dominum Edwardum filium Henrici auum domini regis nunc siue de fide sua recessit, fuit seisitus de predictis manerio et terra et tenementis et aduocacione in predicta petitione contentis in dominico vt de feodo, per quod forisfactura eorumdem ad ipsum dominum regem pertinebat et ad ipsum regem nunc ea de causa pertinere debent, et ea ratione intendunt quod peticio Ludowici episcopi non est iusta. Ad quod idem episcopus presens in parlamento respondit et dixit quod predictus Iohannes de Balliolo per cartam suam predictam feoffauit predictum Antonium episcopum de predictis manerio et aduocacione antequam idem Iohannes forisfecit siue a fide recessit, et sic fuit idem Antonius, tempore quo predictus Iohannes de Balliolo forisfecit siue a fide regis recessit, in predictis manerio terra et aduocacione vt de iure ecclesie sue seisitus, et hoc paratus est verificare. Ideo iurata; et assignentur per cancellarium sufficientes et discreti ad inquirendum etc., et retornata inquisitione vlterius certioretur etc.

Memorandum quod recordum et processus predicta, in pleno parlamento predicto coram consilio lecta et intellecta, liberata fuerunt decimo nono die Februarii Michaeli de Wath', clerico magistri

Henrici de Cliff' custodis rotulorum cancellarie; execucioni de mandando, anno supradicto.

C

[1] A ¹ nostre seignour le roi prie la communalte du roialme qe come nadgueres, par examenement de prelatz, [contz] et barons et la communalte du roialme en pleyn parlement, fuist trouez qe Hugh le Despenser le pier et Hugh le fitz estoynt agardes traiteours et enemis du roi et du roialme et de la coroune, et pur tiels, par comune assent du roy et [de son] barnage, les ditz Hugh et Hugh estoient exulez du roialme Dengleterre saunz iamaiz reuenir si ne fist par comune assent de tuz et ceo en pleyn parlement a ceo [duement] somonz, le quel agard et exil fuist afferme de [comun] assent par estatut en mesme le parlement. Et apres quel parlement ascuns prelatz, par abbetement des ascuns clerks aherdauntz des traiteours, suppliront au roy qe les ditz enemis furent repellez en le roialme: si aiugerent lexil de traiteours susditz areynez, par quei le roy les repella en le roialme, encontre la condicion de lexil. Les queux enemis li firent chiualcher en guerre sur les ² pieres de la tere pur vengeance prendre de lour faux querele, contre ley et reyson e contre la grant chartre, tant qils auoient mortz le bon cont de Lancastre et le bon cont de Hereford et multz des autres grantz et petitz mortz et enprisonnez et exulez et le fist tollir leurs biens et leurs teres. Par quoi le communalte du roialme prie, de par les bons prelatz, contz et barouns, qe de par eux soient solempnes messagers enuoiez a nostre saynt pere le pape a ly mostrer les grantz meschiefs qi sont auenu en le roialme, en suppliant qe il sen ³ voile suffrir desormes a faire reseruacion s[ur les pr]elacies et dignites Dengleterre et suffrir les eglises auoir franchises eleccions solonc les grantz des roys cea en arere e so[lonc la con]firmacion de sayntz peres papes ses predecessours.

[2] Item ⁴ qil pleise a nostre seignour le roy et a son conseil [et

¹ Written above, but not as an original heading, are two lines in a small hand:—"Pointes de parlement. Ici commence la suite de Hugh . . ." The first petition corresponds to the first entry on Chancery Parliament Roll No. 1: see above p. 102.

² MS. *le*.

³ *Sic* MS.

⁴ This petition corresponds to the second entry on Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 1: see above, p. 102.

as toutz les] prelatz et as autres gentz de comune assent, al honour de sainte eglise et pur le hancement de lestat du roialme, supplie a faire par lours lettres et par les auantditz messagers sur la canonization de noble cont de Lancastre et de saint memorie Robert erscheuek de Cant[erburis].

[3] Item ¹ qil pleise a nostre seignour le roy qil voile maintenir lestat de saint eglise en toutz pointz oue la grant chartre de franchises issint qe les pointz qi vnt meistere destre esclarsie soient esclarsiez a cest parlement. Et qe record et proces de faux iugement par faux consails de sire Hugh le piere et Hugh le fitz, Edemund counte Darundel, Robert de Baldok et autres de lour assent deuers le counte de Lancastre et tutz autres de sa querele, dont les vns sont mortz et ascuns exuliez et desheritez et ascuns mys a graues ranzon pur lours vies et teres saluer et ascuns ostes de lours bailies de fees, soient repellez et quassez, et les heirs de eux qi sount mortz soient enheritez sanz estre en garde de nuls chiefs seignours et soient mariez a lour auantage demesme par conseil de lour amys, pur le despit faitz a lours auncestres, issint qil ne tourne autrefoitz en preiudice de nul chief seignour. E les femmes de les auantditz issint iugez eynt lour douuer et lour ioint purchace et heritage. Et qe ² les exiliez, enprisonnez et desheritez soient renouelez, restituez a lour teres et lour bailies ouek lour chateux nient venduz, par comandement le roy, et de ceo qe le roy ad fait leuer de lours teres et chateux face restitution de sa grace, si li plest, et quankest arere de fins ranzouns cea enauant seyt pardonez. Et qe desormais soit nul mys a la mort par record le roy saunz responz iugez, et les rentes et les teres de queux auantditz de la querele le dit conte de Lancastre, et la recognisance fait a nostre seignour [le roy] ³ et les auantditz traiteours, faux consailers et altres aherdauntz de gre, cest asauoir puis lexil le dit sire Hugh le piere et le fitz, et les rentes chargez et chescun manoir de ferme et fins leuez par force de lours seignourie, en bank, en chauncelrie, en lescheke, et toutz autres obligations faites aliors en court ou horz de court, et chescun manoir de alienacions de teres ou de rentes ou de autres possessiouns ou dautre profist de quele condition qil soient, et chescun manoir maynprises, suites et seruices

¹ This petition corresponds to the fifth and sixth entries on Chancery Parliament Roll no. 1: see above, p. 102.

² MS. *qi*.

³ MS. omits.

faites et leuez atort par cause de la querele ¹ susdit, soient anientes et defaites et pur nuls soient tenuz a toutz iours.

[4] Item ² moustre la comune a nostre seignour le roy qe Edward soen pier e tant come il fuist roi, par malueise conseil et abbetement de Hugh le pier e le fitz, Edemund count Darundel, Robert de Baldok iadis chaunceler et autres malueis consailers saunz cause et arenement fit prendre les temporaltes des eukes e a sa mayn et oue tutes les biens et chateux deinz trouez, et les dites temporaltes tient en sa mayn par long temps et prist totes les issues en mesme le temps, et grant damage, wast et destruccion furent faites en chatels, parkes, boys, de quels choses auantnomez ladite comune prie qe droit restitution soit fait as ditz eukes et as autres de saint eglise en tiel cas.

[5] Item ³ auxi le dit Edward, par abbet de ses malueis consailers auanditz, atort dona les prouendres et les eglises qe furent voydz en le dit temps qil auoit les ditz temporaltes en sa mayn, et purceo qe les ditz eukes ne voilent ne poaynt, saunz offendre Dieux et la disheritance de lours eglises, suffrir receyuer les presenteez, le roi et les auantditz malueis consailers fesoient porter breff de *quare impedit* vers les ditz eukes, les suites contentuandz vers eux tant qe a la grant destrescce, et ascuns iugements renduz vers eux par defalte et issues perdues a grant somme ⁴ quant ils nauoient dereyntz les temporaltes, queux iugements faites et desore a faire contre tiel cas, pur lamour de Dieux et de dit saint eglise saluer, prie la dite comunalte qe soient anientez et repellez et mes ne ceo ⁵ facent.

[6] Item ⁶ prie la comune qe come Hugh le pier et le fitz et autres tindrent plusors manoirs, teres et tenements de diuers seignourage, fesoient felonies par quey ils furent penduz et traynez, qe chescun seignour de qi ils tindrent saunz mene poet auoir les tenementz les queux ils tindrent de eux come lour eschete.

¹ MS. *quele*.

² *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8a, first paragraph : 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 2.

³ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8a, second paragraph.

⁴ The next six words are vacated in Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 1, and are omitted in the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*.

⁵ *Sic* MS.

⁶ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8a (6).

[7] Item ¹ prie la comune qe par la ou le roi Edward, ael nostre seignour le roi qorest, auant ces heures auoit pardone a soen pople issues et amercimentz tantqe lan de son regne xx., qe mesme cel pardoune estoyse vncore en sa force, ensemblement oue totes les dettes des Iues.²

[8] Item ³ prie la comune pur comun profist qe les marchaunz estranges repairaunz en tere ouek lour marchandise ne deyuent ne soleynt demorer en pays qe xl. iours apres lour venuz, et apres ⁴ cel temps deyuent et soleint lour marchandise vendre a grantz seignours et bones gentz de la tere pur lour vser et a bones gentz del lieu v ils furent repairaunz et a nuls autres, mes qe il fuist ⁵ de ael nostre seignour le roy qils puissent demorer en la tere a lour volunte, la quele chose ad este meintenu tant qen cea par les grantz douns qils vnt done a les malueises conseillers le roy qi fuist, qil pleise a nostre seignour le roi grantier qe les estranges soient tenuz desormes ametter auendre totes choses vendables et qils eynt venduz leurs chateux deinz xl. iours sur forfaiture de ceo qi demora de lour marchandise outre le temps susdit. Et pleise a nostre seigneur le roi auoir regard qe le dit grant fuist saunz assent ⁶ de la tere, et pur ceo qe marchaunz estranges demorgent en la tere a lour volunte et tiegnent lour marchandise desuenduez tant qil vnt outraisement les biens encherrez, a grant damage de la comune-alte et tut le roialme, et cele demore est en coru vsage contre les aunciens leys Dengleterre, les queux sount grantez par la grant chartre et agardez par la grant sentence sur ceo done.

[9] Item ⁷ prie la comune qe tresorer ⁸ et barons del eschekere puissent terminer et estaller tutes maners dettes dues a nostre [seignour] ⁹ le roi solonc lestat de les dettours, sauue lour contenance, et qil ne chargent vicontes ne bailiffs de franchis ne autres qi vnt a compter a leschekere, ne nul summe leuer de nuli, sil ne charge tantqe ile poet leuer par son serement saunz abasement

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II 8a (7) : 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 3.

² MS. *issues*.

³ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9a (17).

⁴ *Sic* MS : *Chanc. Parl. Roll*, no. 1, dens.

⁵ A word such as *granté* is wanting.

⁶ *Chanc. Parl. Roll*, no. 1, inserts *prelatz, contes et grands*.

⁷ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8a (8) : 1 Edw. III. St. 2, cap. 4.

⁸ MS. *tresores*.

⁹ MS. omits.

de la contenance le dettour, mes soit les respons de vicontes acceptez solonc lour serement.

[10] Item ¹ prie la comune qe nul desormes soit destreint daler en guerre contre lour gre en les teres ou ils ne sount mye tenuz encounter la maniere de lour tenancie, nen les teres ou ils ne sount mye tenuz a fere service, nen autre maner qils ne deyuient fair solonc la forme de lour tenancie, ne gentz de comune ne soient mye destreint de eux armer de lour costage de mesme encontre lestatut de Wyncestre, ne nule part aler hors de lour costage mes a les costages du roy.

[11] Pur ceo ² qe le roy assigna ses iustices en Engleterre doyer le acompt de chief taxours apres le acompt de chief taxours renduz et les deners payes al eschequer, cest assavoir de xx.,³ xvj., xvij., xxx.⁴ livres, le queux iustices voileynt auoir retaxes chescun homme a la verray value de ses biens et chateux, pur la quele duressce ladite comune fesoient lour fine de grant somme d'argent dont tut la plus est paye, si prie la comune susdit qe ceo qest arere del paye ne courge mes en demande ne qe tiel duressce mes ne se face, mes soient les taylages leuez solom la manere cea en arere vsez. Ensement qe le fin qe ladite comune fesoit pur la desport auoir daler al pount de Birton [et] en Gascoigne courge mes en demande, mes soit pardone. Ensement pur ceo qe commissiouns vnt este mandez a certayns persons de ditz contes araer gentz de armes et amener en Escoce et en Gascoigne as costage de la comune et de ces rayours et menours saunz ren prendre du roi, dount la comune et les araiours et les menours vnt este greuez grantment, dount ils priount remede, issint qe quant le roi enuoie ses comissiouns pur choses q'li touchent, qe la execucion se face as costage du roi, et qe nul soit destreint daler en Escoce nen Gascoigne ne nul part hors du roialme ne autre service faire qe ses tenementz ne deyuient de droit faire.

[12] Item ⁵ prie la comune qe soit contenu com en lestatut de Marleberg qe nule rien soit done ne demande pur bien ⁶ pleider des

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8a (9): 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 5.

² *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8b (10): 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 6, 7.

³ Recte xv.

⁴ Recte xx.

⁵ *Rot. Parl.*, II, 8b (12): 1 Edw. III., St. 2, cap. 8.

⁶ MS. *biens*.

autres de vse,¹ si ne soient dun rent ou certayne fine done de temps limite en mesme lestatut ² ne counte et la ou vse de nouel qi vnt les prouours le roi vnt demande et leuez deners pur bien pleider, et tutz les vicontes les font nomer de arente en fine en pouerissement del poeple, dount ils priount remedie.

[13] Item ³ prie la comune qe omme mette bones gentz et couenables et sages entour le roi de li bien consailer, et qe eux soient esluz par les grantz par assent de la comune, qe nul deux ne nul autre grantz de la tere, ne nul del hostel le roy ne grant ne petit, ne nul ministre qi soit desuth le roi, ne meintiengne ne par li ne par nul auter, ne par mandement de lettres, partie ne querele par quey qe la comune lay est ⁴ destourbe, et sil poet estre troue qe nul ayt fait, soit a procheyn parlement moustrer et soit ouste du conseil le roy, et la partie qi soit endamage eyt recouerir vers li de ses damages.

[14] Item ⁵ prie la comune qe femmes parmye la tere soient dowes de tenementz queux furent a lours barons, tut soient lours barons attayntz de felonie et iugez, sicome eles sont mariez a grant costage de lours amys, et droit de douuer lour encrest parmye les esposayls.

[15] Item ⁶ prie la comune qe lestat du roialme soit auxi enterelement tenu et referme a nostre seignour le roi come a nostre seignour le roi qi le lessa, et ⁷ qe la chartre de forest soit tenu en toutz pointz et oue vne addicion qe nul homme soit ataynt ne mys a raunzoun, en heir ne hors, saunz qe la poueraile qi fuist chiuache, de quei nous auoms este seisi par chartre du rois pur du nostre donant, estoise si come ele est chiuache et enchartre, et qe toutz les assartiz qi sount arentez en lescheker de autre soil qe du soil le roi, qi sount chiualche hors de foreste, soient anientez pur toutz iours. Et qe chescun qi ayt boys deinz foreste puis prendre en sa

¹ Chanc. Parl. Roll, no. 1, reads: "pleider a torns des viscontes ne a letes".

² From this point the text of the paragraph is corrupt, due to a misreading of an abbreviation for *viscontes* as *vse* and a subsequent attempt to make sense.

³ Rot. Parl., II. 10b (33).

⁴ Repeated in MS.

⁵ Rot. Parl., II. 8b (13).

⁶ Ibid., 7a (1: lines 28-30): see above, p. 102.

⁷ Ibid., 7a (3: lines 6-20): 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 1.

boys de mesme housebot, haybot, saunz estre attache par ministres de foreste, issi qil le face par veu de forester.

[16] Item ¹ qe par la ou faux iugement est done en court de baroun et la partie port breff de faux iugement, et les suiters vunt forger vn iugement autre qe ne fuist pleide, et botent deuant iustices, qe la partie pleintif puiss auoir due auerrement encontre les suitours qe le ple ne fuist en la maner plede ne le iugement issint done, ou autre remedie qi vaile.

[17] Item ² qe burgs, cites et viles de franchise eynt lours frankes vsages et costumes saunz desturbance de nuli ne nient blemes.

[18] Item ³ qe vescontes ne hundreds ne autres bailies ne soient lesses a ferme, sinoun a tiels qi vnt teres et tenementz deinz mesme la bailie dont ils puissent suffisaument respondre al roi et al poeple, et mesme le ordeynement de baylies, cites, burgs, viles de franchise, parmye tut la tere soit tenuz.

[19] Item ⁴ qe tutz ceaux qi vindrent oue nostre dame la reigne en ayde de ly, de la poursuit Hugh le piere et Hugh le fitz et autres mauueises consailers, ne soient enchesones de quereles de nuls choses pris de nul homme le mescredye procheyn deuant la fest de saint Michel dreyn passe ⁵ tantqe le iour qe Hugh le fitz fuist mys a la mort.

[20] Item ⁶ qe par la ou breff de trespas qest porte deuers plussours, dount [un] ⁷ de eux par assent de pleintiff se mest qil nest de rien copable, et lenquest procure par le pleyntiff et contre plede par le defendant, par quey lenquest passe contre le defendant a damages de mille liures ou plus, la ou le trespas ne amount qe a xx. sous ou xl., et si autres defendeunz teignent apres et pledent au pays, et soient attayntz du trespas contenuz en mesme le breff original, ils sont charges en mesmes les damages, de quei la comune prie remedie qe nul desormes soit destruit par tiel enquest, a quey ile ne fuist mye partie, par quei les damages furent issi taxes.

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8b (11): cf. 1 Edw. III, St. 1, cap. 4.

² *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8b (14): 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 9.

³ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 8b (15). ⁴ *Ibid.*, 8b (16). ⁵ 24 September, 1326.

⁶ *Rot. Parl.*, 9a (19).

⁷ MS. omits.

[21] Item ¹ pur ceo qe multz de gentz sont desheritez par faux enquest qi passe deuant iustices de bank, par la reisoun qil voient porter le attaynt, pur ceo qe delays en attaynt sont si grantz et les costages et la suite auxi, a quei mene gentz ne poent suffir, cest asauoir de faire venir en bank deuant iustices xxiiij. chiualers ou plus de foreyns et de longs countes, bon serroit qen breff pledable de attaynt deuant iustices en bank, qe poissent estre pris en pays par le *nisi prius*, auxi com autres enquestes sont qi sont pledez en bank, ou autrement ² multz de gentz serront desheritez.

[22] Item ³ par la ou vescontes ou autres ministres le roi pernent enquestes de lour office de trespas fait encountre la pees le roi, deuant queux ascuns sont enditez, auxi bien clerks come leys, par gentz iurez qi entendirent de dire verite, et mesme ceaux endites par autres gentz procurez sont deliueres deuant iustices, et apres lour deliuerance sont ⁴ en chapitres par voie de diffamacion vers ceaux qi les enditerent et les fount escumanger atort, de quei la comune prie remedie.

[23] Item ⁵ qe quant bailiffs de franchise fount faux retour, qe ome eyt mesme le verement vers eux come deuers le viconte.

[24] Item ⁶ pur ceo qe le roialme est pouer et chescun homme est bosoignous de soi trouer, il couendra qe les fitz le roi et les frers viuent de lour estat de mesme. Primes ⁷ qe monsieur Iohan de Elteham soit ordeyne qil puis viuere come fitz le roi de les eschetes qi resonablement deyuient demorer au roy, saunz prendre rien en la tere sinoun pur ses deners.

[25] Item ⁸ qe la volunte nostre seignour, ael nostre seignour le roi qest, soit parforni vers monsieur Thomas cont marschal et monsieur Edemund counte de Kent ses fitz, si pleynement come lour chartres purportent, issint queux neynt enchesoun de rien prendre en la tere si noun pur lour [deners].⁹

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9a (20).

² MS. *atrement*.

³ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (21): 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 11.

⁴ *Sic* MS.: *rectius suent*.

⁵ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 10a (32): 1 Edw. III, St. 1, cap 5.

⁶ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (23).

⁷ *Sic* MS.: *rectius prioms*.

⁸ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (24).

⁹ MS. omits.

[26] Item ¹ qe tresore ne ayle hors de la tere par aliens de rent de saynt eglise, kare le poeple est mult encreu en la tere et couendra quil viuent et deussent viure partie de almoigne de saint eglise, par quay la comune prie qe ceux qi tiegnent les rentes veignent et demorgent en la tere et viuent de lours rentes.

[27] Item ² qe nul qi ad este en le office le roi ne soit mes remys en le office tant qil ayt final acompt rendue et qil ayt respondue a chescun pleint qe ome bute vers ly, par le issue coment il se ad porte.

[28] Item ³ pur ceo qe lays gentz sont malement greuez et enprisonnez, a grant amenussement de eaux, par faux apels de appellours, qe par la ou les faux vescontes et gardeyns de gayole sont fait par force et par outraiose destressce et faux record de corouners, si prie la comune qe iustices assignez pur gaiole deliuerer eynt pouer denquer de ceux vescontes et gardeyns de gaioules qi eux appellours en destressce de faire eux apels, issint qe, sils soient attayntz, eynt greuos ⁴ enprisonement a la volunte le roi, et qe nul corouner face record saunz son compaignon, et ceux qi de eux faux appels soient quites, qils sont fait par destressce par les vescontes ou par les gayolers qi serront de la dite malueiste copable, eynt breff denprisonement vers le vesconte et gayoler.

[29] Item ⁵ qe nul homme face purchace de teres ou de teneementz qi sont tenuz en chieff du roi et est entre saunz conge, qe purtant celes teres ne tenementz ne soient seisis en la mayn le roi ne gardez come forfeites, mes ordeyne soit par comune consail ascun certain fin de ceo a doner solom la value de purchace.

[30] Item ⁶ endroit de dettes dues a nostre seignour le roi qi sont demandez de gardeins de teres en noun de garde, prie la comune qe tiels dettes soient leuez des executours ou des heirs quant ils serront de pleyn age, issint qe les gardeyns ne perdent mye lour profitz de lour gardes.

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (25).

² *Ibid.*, 9a (18).

³ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (22): 1 *Edw. III*, St. 1, cap. 7.

⁴ *MS. graueff.*

⁵ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (27): 1 *Edw. III*, St. 2, cap. 12.

⁶ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 9b (28).

[31] Item ¹ qe par la ou tenementz sount tenuz com de honour ou de purchace nient en chieff de la coroune, et le tenant alien mesme cel tenement ou partie, qe les escheteours par cele alienacion ne deyuent entrer nie seysir ne le roy profist prendre plus auant qe ne fra le seignour de qi les tenementz furent auant tenuz.

[32] Item ² si come la noretur de tenement tenu en sokage afiert de droit a prochein amy a qi le heritage ne poet descendre, dount ile doit acompter a le heire quant ile vendra de age, et le roi auant ces houres auoit seisi tels tenementz en sa mayn par reisoun de ceux tenementz tenuz de li en chialrie, qe desormes ceux tenementz demorgent a prochain amy de sank, sicom doit faire par lay et reisoun.

[33] Item ³ pleise a nostre seignour le roi auoir le tenementz tenuz de li en chialrie ensemblement oue les mariages, issint qe les autres seignours de queux tenementz sount tenuz en chialrie eynt la garde de tenementz de eux tenuz en chialrie.

[34] Item ⁴ pur ceo qe grant debate ad este entre frers dont lun nasquist deuant les esposails et l'auter apres, et grant delaye ad este en court cristien, qe [desor] ⁵ mes ne soit tiel delaye, mes qe les iustices pernent enqueste sil nasquist deuant ou non et sur ceo face iugement.

[35] Item ⁶ pur ceo qe multz de gentz vnt este chacez par faux conseil le roi deux lier par escript de uenir au roi par force et armes en chescun temps qils fuissent mandez, sur payn de perdre vie et membres et quantke ils puissent forfaire, par force de queux escripts plusours de la tere ount este diuersement destruitz, qe desormes ne soit nul homme enchace de faire tiel escript, et ceux qi sount faites soient voidez et les liurez a les parties qi les fesoint a force, pur peril qi purra apres venir.

[36] Item ⁷ prie la comune au roy et a son conseil qe toutz les pointz auantditz, ensemblement oue autres pointz queux nostre

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 10a (30): cf. 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 13.

² *Rot. Parl.*, II. 10b (34).

³ *Ibid.*, 10b (35).

⁴ *Ibid.*, 10b (37).

⁵ MS. omits. ⁶ *Rot. Parl.* II. 10b (36): 1 Edw. III, St. 2, cap. 15.

⁷ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 10b (38: second and third paragraphs).

seignour le roi et son conseil pur profist de la comune et du roialme voudrent grantier et accepter, soient mys en escript, le quel escript soit enseale de grant seal et liuere a chiualers de counte seueralment pur checun counte, et soit mandes al vescontes de proclamacion faire par toutz les countes, auxi bien deinz franchise com dehors, qe totes les choses de les ditz grantz contenuz de ¹ tut soient tenuz fermes et estables pur toutz iours, et qe homme face en chescun counte la comune iurer, auxi com nous auoms iure, de meintenir lenprise ore en comence, et auxi soit maunde a les euekes de faire la clergie en mesme la manoir.

D.

[1] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prient, si lour plest, maire, aldermans et tote la communalte de la cite de Loundres qe² en temps auaunt ne seit appelez ne chalengez pur homicides, roberies, trespas, quele qele soit q'i faites sount, par reson de la³ et ne soit pris, enprisonnez⁴ iugement menez par eux ne par autre⁵ ne nulle part⁶ chescun de eux soit relese et surce totes maneres⁷ par⁸ de la⁹ ycele manere si ceo soit en aucun temps passe soit de¹⁰ d'armes ou de prise des persones ou duresces ou de arsouns ou de alliaunces queles qeles soient, ou en autre manere¹¹ dite querele. Et qe touz ceux q'i lettres ouertes de graunde seal nostre seigneur le roi de pardoun des dites choses voudrent auer, celes lettres puissent auer saunz ren paier.

Responsio. Eient les lettres de la grace le roi, mes pur ceo qe le roi ad done le fee du seal au chaunceller, le conseil priera ouesque vous au chaunceller qil vous soit graciosus.

[2] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prient le meir et les citeins de Loundres qe come en la grande chartre est contenuz qe la cite de Loundres eît tous ses fraunchises, articles et custumes, et sentence soit sur les contreesteauntz la chartre done, et par les

¹ Repeated MS.

² About ten words illegible.

³ About six words illegible.

⁴ About six words illegible.

⁵ One long word illegible.

⁶ About fifteen words illegible.

⁷ About fifteen words illegible.

⁸ About fifteen words illegible.

⁹ About twenty words illegible.

¹⁰ Two or three words illegible.

¹¹ About ten words illegible.

bones ordinaunces du roialme soit la dit graunde chartre affirme qe [ils] puissent auer et rete[ni]r totes fraunchises, articles et custumes, les queux eux et lour predecessours auoient en temps de la confeccion de la dite chartre et en temps du dit roi Edward le roi et confessour, sibien la chartre¹ en temps dautres rois, auxibien par chartres come saunz chartres, et qe les purprises faites countre fraunchises et custumes sus dites en eire et en leschequer et en les autres places le roi, queles qil soient, soit ceo par iugementz, estatuz ou par establissementz, soient desore repellez et anyentez.

Responsio. Eient leur fraunchises selonc la grande chartre et les ordinaunces, et les purprises faites countre y celes soient repellez.

[3] Ensement prient qe eux peussent auer iustice de eux mesmes qi qe ils vodrout de la cite, a garder les plees de la corone et a pleder et terminer mesmes les plees, selonc ceo qils auoient par graunt le roi Henry le primer, et qe nul autre iustice soit assigne sur les citeyns auantditz. Et qil peussent auer infangenthef et outefangenthef et [chateux] de felouns et amerciementz et fyns de touz les citeyns de la cite, de quele court de nostre seigneur le roi² qe p³ [auen]dra fyn faire ou estre amercie. Et qils peussent auer leur attourne a chalenger et a resceure pur la dite cite les ditz fyns et amerciementz qi serront prises par estreites des viscontes, plusages en les acomptes des ditz viscontes, en eide de la cite.

Responsio. Acorde est qe le meir de Loundres qi pur temps serra soit vn des iustices et norme en chescune commission qi serra pur la deliuraunce de la gaole de Neugate, et qils eient infangenthef et outfangenthef et chateux des felouns de totz qi sont aiuggez et de eux mesmes en la fraunchise de la cite, et auxint de touz qi sount de la fraunchise de la cite aiugge a Neugate.

[4] Ensement prient qe come grauntez leur soit par chartre des progenitours nostre seigneur le roi, et par son pierre et par ses progenitours confirmez, qe eux eyent et teignent [les] viscountez de Loundres et de Midd[lesex] pur ccc. livres rendaunt a leschequer a deux termes, la sount il ore chargez de cccc. livres countre la tenour des ditz chartres et confirmementz, a graunt damage et destruccion des bones gentz de la cite, par quoi ils prient qe de les c. livres qi

¹ Three or four words illegible.

² " en les dites " erased.

³ The end of one word and the beginning of another illegible.

sount issi demaunde countre la tenour des ditz chartres et confermentenz, qe eux peussent desore estre deschargez.

Responsio. Pur ceo qe serche fait nest pas troue cause par quoi ils deiuent des ditz c. livres ore chargez countre lour chartres, teignent desore les viscountes pur ccc. livres rendaunt etc., selonc la fourme des chartres et confermentenz auandiz.

[5] Ensement prient qils peussent lour tenementz deuiser a qi qe eux voudront, sibien en mortmain come en autre manere, selonc qe eux soleient feire de tutz iours auant. Et qe eux ne soient chargez de garde des felouns ou des futifs qi fuierent en eglises et de lour eschapes respoudre en autre manere qe [eux] soleint feire. Et qe les viscountes de Loundres qi vnt este et serront ne soient amerciez pur nul eschap plus qe c. sous, et si plus courge en demande sur les viscountes qi vnt este, soient deschargez iesques a la somme auandite.

Responsio. Pur ceo qe cest point de deuys touche lour fraunchises et eles serront confermez, acorde est qils peussent lour tenementz deuiser solonc ceo qils demaudent. Et quanqe a lamerceimentz des viscountes pur eschapes, acorde est qe lour chartre soit amende et qils soient en la condicion des autres viscountes de cea Trente. Et quanqe au point tochant garde etc., acorde est qils ne soient chargez autrement qils ne furent en auncien temps, nient contestant le derrein eir de Loundres.

[6] Ensement prient il qils peussent oster, remuer et prendre les kidels et gortz, et totes autres maneres des reitz trop estretez et artes, mis[es] en la ewe de Tamise et de Medewey par tot, et les corps des trespassours attacher, et la forfaiture sur ceo ordeine de ceux trespassours recouerer et auer al eide de la cite sicome [soleint] fere deuaunt.

Responsio. Acorde est qils eient les kidels et les punissementz tauncome appartient au roi, mes ceo nest mye a entendre quant as gortz, pur ceo qe chescun qi se sent greue ad son recouerer a la commune ley.

[7] Ensement prient qe come marchauntz estraunges, repirauntz en Loundres oue lour marchandises, ne deuoient ne ne soleint demorer en la terre qe xl. iours proscheinement suauntz apres lour venue illoeges, et dedeinz tiel temps soleint et deuoient lour marchandises vendre as grauntz seigneurs et as bones gentz de la terre pur lour

vser, et as bones gentz de la cite ou ils furent repeirauntz et a nul autre pur reuendre, tanqe a ore tart qe eux purchacerent del ael le roi qore est qe eux peussent demorner en la terre a lour volunte, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi graunter qe, nient countresteaunt le dit graunt son ael, les marchauntz soient tenuz desore a mettre a vente et vendre totes les choses vendables qils meurent deinz la terre deinz les xl. iours proscheins apres lour venue par la fourme desusdite, sur forfaiture de tot ceo qi demorra desuenduz outre le temps, et ensemment de ceo qi serra vendu countre la fourme desusdite. Et pleise au roi auer regard qe le dit graunt son ael fu fait saunz assent des prelatz, countz et autres de la commune de la terre. Et pur ceo qe les marchauntz estraunges demoerent a lour volunte et teignent leur marchaundises desuendues tancome ils voillent, totes les choses vendables sount par eux si outraiousement encherez, au damage du roi et de tot la communalte du roialme. Et cele demoere des marchauntz estraunges issint a volunte est countre les vsages et les auncienes fraunchises des citez Dengleterre, les queux sont confermez par la grande chartre et deuient estre tenuz et gardez. Et qe les bones gentz de la cite peussent auer les dites forfaitures qi serront forfaitz deinz la cite, en eide de la ferme. Et qe les ditz marchauntz estraunges qi vendront en la cite oue leur marchandise et facent herberger en hostel des bones gentz de la cite ne nul hostel ne teignent par eux, mes soient a la table de fraunk homme de la cite et dedeinz son clos sicome auncienement soleint estre.

Responsio. Acorde est qe touz les marchauntz aliens venauntz en Engleterre vendent leur marchaundises dedeinz les xl. iours apres lour venue, et qils demoergent as tables des fraunks hostes de la cite et des autres citez et villes en Engleterre, saunz tenir hostiels ou compaignies par eux mesmes.

[8] Et qe seneschaux et marchaux, ne clerk du marche ne nul ministre qi a lour offices appendent, ne vsent lour offices deinz la fraunchise, desicome la cite est hors de la verge. Ne nul fraunk homme de la ville treient en plee deuant eux hors de la fraunchise, countre la fourme de leur chartre.

Responsio. Pur ceo qe auis est au conseil qe seneschaux et mareschaux et clerk de marche sont compris entre autres ministres, acorde est qe seneschaux ne mareschaux ne clerk de marche mes ne cessent ne vsent office de deinz la fraunchise de la cite.

[9] Et qe nul eschetour ne ministre qil eit vse desore office de escheterie deinz la fraunchise mes la ou le roi deyue eschete auer, qe le meire de la cite, qi pur temps serra, face loffice solonc ceo qi auncienement soleit faire.

Responsio. Acorde est qe nul eschetour ne autre ministre vse desore office descheterie deinz la fraunchise de la cite, et qe le meir face loffice come demaunde est, par issint qil soit sermente afaire loialment loffice et de respoudre au roi solonc ceo etc.

[10] Et ¹ ne nul de la cite coudre son gree aille en nulle guerre hors de la cite, ne homme darmes pur luy hors de la cite, mes qe eux en temps de guerre peussent dedeinz lour cite demorer pur sauuacione de mesme la cite.

Responsio. Acorde est qils ne soient mie destreintz daler ne de mauder en guerre hors de la cyte.

[11] Et qe nul conestable de la Tour de Loundres, qi pur le temps serra, ne face prise, par terre ne par ewe, de vitailles ne de nulle autre manere des biens des gentz de la cite ne dautres venauntz deuers la cite ou issauntz hors de la cite, ne nulle arest ne face des neefs ne des batels de ceux qi issi meinent les vitailles et autres biens, ne de ceux qi les remenant, coudre launciene vsage de la cite.

[*Responsio*].² Et quant al point tochaunt prises faites par le conestable de la Tour, purce qe troue est qe tieles prises ne venent pas au profit du roi mes sont en oppression du poeple, eient leur demande.

[12] Et pur ceo qe les citeins de Loundres soleint auer gardeins en totes [les] bones faires Dengleterre et tener les plees de gent de la cite, totes maneres de plees sauue plees de terre et de la coroune, et ceste fraunchise vnt ils vse puy temps de memore iesques a ore tart qils ount este destourbe, prient au roi qe cel point leur voille par sa chartre graunter.

Responsio. Acorde est qils les eient solonc ceo qils vnt vse, tancome en le roi est.

[13] Et prient qe les viscountes de Loundres, qi pur temps serront faitz en la dite cite, ne soient desormes serementes a leschequer, pur

¹ " qe nul atteint soit graunte sur gentz de la cite " struck through.

² *In cedula.*

ceo qils fount serement deuant le meir aldermans et la communalte quant ils sount faitz viscountz.

Responsio. Pur ceo qe les viscountes ne soleint faire serment fors sur lacompt tanqe al temp sire Roger Beler, come tesmoigne est etc., acorde est qe desore ne soient destreint afaire serment fors sur lacompt.

[14] Ensement prient qe come ils estoient chacez, countre lour aunciene vsage, a clamer lour fraunchises et fraunches custumes queles seen de homme ne poet remembrer, et sur ceo eient certaines fraunchises clame par pointz des chartres de nostre seigneur le roi et de ses progenitours, et autres custumes et fraunchises de ceo qe homme poet remembrer vnt clame par auncienne vsage, et issint est la chose pendaunt deuaunt le roi, qe solonc ceo qils vnt clame et vse qe la chose lour soit allowe et qe par nul estatut contrariaunt a lour vsages et fraunchises ne soient desore liez. Et qils peussent leur fraunchises et fraunches custumes, dount ils nount chartres, de bouche recorder deuant le roi et ses iustiz et autres ministres qi qils soient, quel heure qils veignent en questioun ou en demaunde, et qe celes fraunchises et autres qil ount par chartres lour soient allowez sanz bref le roi porter, et qe ren ne soit pris pur la louaunce de dites.

Responsio. Acorde est qil vsent et eient les fraunchises etc. solonc ceo qe auncienment vnt vse, et qils peussent recorder lour fraunchises par manere qils vnt fait auant ces heures, nient contresteaunt statut ou iuggement fait en contraire. Et quant au point tochaunt allouance sanz bref, vn bref suffit en chescune place pur temps du roi.

[15] Et qe nulle manere de somonse ne dattachement ne execucion depar le roi ne soit fait dedeinz la fraunchise de la cite, par bref ne sanz bref, par mareschaux ne autres ministres nostre seigneur le roi queux qils soient, forsque par meire, viscountes et les ministres de la cite.

Responsio. Acorde est qe desore eient ceo qils demaundent par la peticion.

[16] Ensement pur ceo qe les forfaitures qi auendront estre aiuggez en la cite, des marchaundises et vitailles et de totes autres choses, deyuent remeyndre as viscountes de la cite qi pur temps serrount, en eide de la ferme de la cite, et ceo solonc chartre et

aunciene vsage, prient qe desore ne soient les viscountes pur ces choses enpeschez, molestez ne greuez.

Responsio. Acorde est qils eient pleinement forfaiture des vitailles solonc lour chartre etc., et qe les viscountes ne soient mes empeschez countre lour chartre.

[17] La ¹ declaracion sur le point de forfaiture des vitailles et des marchaundises en Loundres solonc les pointz de chartres ²: Et quod nullus mercator vel alius obviam eat mercatoribus venientibus per terram vel per aquam cum mercandis et victualibus versus ciuitatem illam ad emendum vel reuendendum quousque ad dictam ciuitatem venerint et mercimonia sua ibidem vendicioni exposuerint, sub forisfactura rei empte et penam carceris a quo sine graui castigatione non euadat. Et quod nullus exponat vendicioni mercimonia sua que custumam debeant quousque debita custuma leuetur, sub forisfactura tocius auerii de quo secus fieri continget.

[18] Ensement prient qen eyres de la Tour qi auendroit en temps apres, soient menez par mesmes les leis et mesmes les vsages qils soleint estre menez en temps des eyres des progenitours de nostre seigneur le roi, come piert par les eyres tenuz en le temps le roi Iohan et en temps le roi Henry, issi qe si rens soit fait ou attempte en leir de la Tour ore derein passe qi soit countre lour fraunchise et auncienes custumes, qe la chose ne tourne en preiudice de eux qil ne peussent estre menez solonc ceo qi auncienment soleint estre menez.

Responsio. Acorde est qils eient lour demaunde solonc la petioun.

[19] Ensement prient qe eux ne soient taillez ne destreintz a nulle eide faire countre lour gree, si noun pur le corps le roi rendre.

Responsio. Acorde est qils eident desore oue la commune come gentz des countez et ne mye come gentz des citez et burghs, et soient quites de totes autres taillages.

[20] Et qe pur nul personel trespas ou personel iuggement de nul ministre de la ville ne soit la fraunchise prise en la meyn le roi

¹ This article has been vacated.

² Cf. *Munimenta Gildhallae Londoniensis: Liber Custumarum*, p. 254

ne gardeyn mis en la cite, mes soit le ministre puny solonc ceo qe le trespas demaunde.

Responsio. Soit fait ceo qest demaunde.

[21] Ensement ¹ prient qe eux peussent auer lour voide place qest deuant le Tour, oue le gardyn qest de la place, et totes autres voides places de la dite cite, pur sauucioun et eide de mesme la cite.

Responsio. Acorde est qe maunde soit au conestable de la Tour de oster la destourbaunce, et le roi voet faire serche de son droit et de ceo qe pur luy serra troue auisera la dite communalte, issi qe reson soit fait.

[22] Ne qe nul pernour ne purueour le roi ne dautre face prise en la cite ne de hors des biens des bones gentz de la dite cite coudre lour gree et lour volunte, si eux ne facent meintaunt due paiement, ou sil ne peussent de ceo auer respit de la volunte le vendour. Et qe de lour vyns nulle prise ne se face par nul ministre nostre seigneur le roi ne dautri, cest asauer de vn tonel deuant le mast et vn autre derere ne en nulle autre manere.

Responsio. Quant au primer point touchant qe nul pernour etc., soit fait ceo qest demaunde, et quant au point tochant qe nul prise des vyns, acorde est qils soient quites a touz iours solonceo qils demandent.

[23] Et ² prient qils peussent auer la ville de Suthwerk oue les appurtinaunces a rendre par an a nostre seigneur le roi la ferme due pur mesme la ville. Et nomement pur ceo qe larouns et felouns qi vnt fait lour felonies et larcines en la cite et aillours, et puy sont espiez en la cite et sount en point destre pris, tapissauntment fuent en Suthwerk et la demoerent tot en apert ou nul baillif de la cite ne les poet attacher, et par taunt sont il le plus enbaudez de faiere lour felonies.

Responsio. Eient solonc ceo qils demandent.

[24] Ensement prient qe nul officer ne purueiour del hostel le roi ne marchaunde des choses touchauntz son office ne nul par luy.

Responsio. Acorde est qe ensi soit.

¹ Against this article there is the marginal note "Fiat inde breue."

² Against this article there is the marginal note "Fiat carta per se".

[25] Ensement prient qe les terres et tenementz en foreyn de ceux qi ount este et serront ministres de Loundres, soient liez pur sauuer la cite saunz damage deuers le roi, si auaunt come lour tenemenz dedeinz la fraunchise.

[*Responsio.*] Acorde est qil soit fait.

[26] Ensement ¹ prient qe come les tauerners de Loundres eient este greuez et amerciez auant ces houres de an en an, en graunt empouerissement de lour estat, qe eux ne soient amerciez forsqe a la fyn de vij. ans.

[27] Ensement ¹ prient qe nostre seigneur le roi teigne son parlement a Westmoustier chescun an taunqe il soit de plenere age. Et qe ceux qi serront assignez destre pres de luy soient remuez au commencement de parlement, et qe chescun qi se sache par reson pleindre de eux soit oi.

[28] Et ² qe les foires de saint Botulf, Destaunford, et de Wyncestre et les autres feires Dengleterre ne estoient plus longment qil ne soleint faire en auncien temps, sur peyne al seigneur de perdre la feire a touz iours.

Responsio. Acorde est qe les ³ feires se teignent par temps limite et ne mye outre, et sur ceo soient brefs maunde as seigneurs des feires par tot qils teignent les feires en cele manere. Et auxint est acorde qe les seigneurs de mesmes les feires soient somone de uener deuant le roi etc. a moustrer par queu garaunt ils teignent les feires et coment etc., issint qe outre soit faite reson.

[29] Pur ceo qe auncienment nulle marche ne ville marchaunde soleit estre enpres de Loundres a meyns de vij. lues, pur amender les marchez de Loundres, la ou totes gentz priuez et estraunges repeirent, prient a nostre seigneur le roi qe cel point lour voille graunter par sa chartre.

[*Responsio.*] Acorde est qe desore en auant le roi ne graunte a nulli marche de deinz les vij. lues a lenuiron de Loundres. Et si nul soit ore proschein et nusaunt, soit sur ceo fait ceo qe la lei voet.

¹ This article has been vacated.

² Against this article there is the marginal note "Fiant inde breuia et littera patens ciuibus".

³ Supplied by Faustina B.I, fo. 207.

[30] Ensement prient qe si deuant iustices ou aillours auendra as parties qi eux se mettent en enqueste qe deyue estre prise des gentz de Loundres, qe lenqueste soit prise a saint Martyn le grant deinz la fraunchise et ne mye aillours.

Responsio. Acorde est qe les enquestes qi serront prises des gentz de Loundres soient prises a saint Martyn le graunt en Loundres et ne mye aillours. Mes nest pas lentencion du conseil qe ceste acorde sestent a les eires de la Tour ne a la deliuerance de la gaole de Neugate.

[31] A ¹ nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustrent maire, aldermans et la communalte de Loundres qe come lospital de saint Giles hors de Loundres fust establi pur les malades de la dite cite et pur eux sustiner, les bones gentz de Loundres donerent al dit hospital diuers tenementz et rentes, et lour mistrent gardeyn ² de la dite cite, et puyz purchacerent del apostoille Alisaundre qe nul autre ordre ne y serroit mys en nul temps auenir et sur ceo dona sentence, puyz sount venuz le freres de Burthou et taunt procurerent au roi Edward ael nostre seigneur le roi qore est qe le dit roi graunta a eux la dite garde del dite hospital, en recompensacioun de xl. mars qe le dit roi lour auoit done a resceiure a leschequer, et issi sount les ditz freres de Burton coudre lestat de saint eglise, qi ne deit mye estre vendue, et encountre lestat de la dite cite, entrez en le dit hospital et illoeqes nouel ordre autre qe de malades ³ ordene, et ⁴ destruent et emportent les biens del dit hospital a grande esclaundre de saint eglise, par quoi le dit maire ⁵ et communalte prient qils peussent auer la dite garde et qe les ditz freres soient remuez, issi qe la volunte de ceux qi donerent al dit hospital lour terres et rentes soit parfourni.

Responsio. ⁶ Soit ceste peticion maunde par bref as iustices en bank le roy qi, veue ceo qils ount pur eaux et appelez ceo qi sunt appeler et oyr leurs resons dune part et dautre, facent dreit.

[32] Ensement ⁷ prient qil peussent auer la garde de la meson saint Thomas Dacres pres du Conduyt de Loundres, qest destrut

¹ This article has been vacated. ² Faustina B.I, fo. 207b, *gardeyns*.

³ MS. *maldes*: Faustina B.I, *malades*.

⁴ Supplied by Faustina B.I.

⁵ MS. *moire*.

⁶ The reply is found in Faustina B.I only.

⁷ This article has been vacated.

par mal garde de ceux qi se fount mestres de la dite meson, et les chaunteries qi illoeqes furent deuisez par gentz de Loundres et autres aumoignes par les ditz mestres sustretes, a graunde esclandre de seinte eglise.

*Responsio.*¹ Pur ceo qe le roi et son consail ount entendu la delapidacion de la meson, si plect il a roi et a soun counseil qe le meire et la communalte eient poer a surueez lestat de la mesoun et les defautes de iceles, et si defautes i seient de mettre amendement auxi souent come il verrount qe mester serra, et qe de ceo eient maundement par bref, saue tous iours les dreits le roi et de touz aultres.

[32A] Ensement ² prient qil puissent auoir lermitage de Crepilgate qi est deins la puraille de la citee.

Responsio. Soit la chose moustre au roi, ceo est de lavouerie le roy, pur ceo le roy en die sa volente.

m. 2 [33] A ³ nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustrent meire, aldermans et la communalte de Loundres, qe le honorable ael nostre seigneur le roi qore est en lan de son regne x^me maunda son bref a Henry le Galeys, adonques meire, et as viscountes de Loundres, qils feissent chastier pestours, mouners et autres de diuers offices et mestiers par peynes corporeles et autres chastie-mentz solonc la discrecioun du meire, viscountes et autres bones gentz de la cite. Par vertue de quel bref la claye des pestours qi payn firent encountre lassise, et pur mouners qi blee emblemerent as moleyns, et le tonel pur trespasours nuitaundre alaunz countre la pees, par commun assent furent ordenez. Pur ceo qe graunde partie des bleez au molyn pur moudrer maundez par les mouners souent foitz furent emblez, a graunde damage del commune poeple de la cite, par commune assent et pur commune profit des bones gentz de la dite cite fut ordeine a peser le blee venaunt des molyns a sauuer qe chescun homme ont sa plein. Et a ceo furent ordenez peiz, balaunces, et certaines mesons en diuers lues en la cite, a prendre de chescun quartier ob' ⁴ pur les custages de ceux qi se entre-mettoient des choses susdites garder. Et la quele ob' ⁵, par com-

¹ The reply is found only in Faustina B.I, fo. 208.

² This article is found only in Faustina B.I, fo. 208.

³ Against this article there is the marginal note "Fiat littera patens per se".

⁴ Faustina B.I, fo. 206b, *une maille*.

⁵ Ibid., *maille*.

mune assent de tote la communalte, al meire pur faire garde et custages des choses susdites aprendre fut assigne. Et prient qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi de sa grace les choses susdites pur commun profit ordenez renoueler et par sa chartre confermer.

Responsio. Eient de la grace le roi ceo qils demaudent, issint qe nul forrein soit destreint de peiser son blee.

Edwardus¹ etc. maiori et vicecomitibus Londoniarum salutem. Quia accepimus quod pistores et braciatores ac molendinarii in ciuitate predicta minus bene frequenter se habent in officiis suis, et quod malefactores noctanter cum gladiis, bokelariis et aliis armis per ciuitatem predictam incedentes, ad aliorum instigationem seu propriam maliciam suam quosdam verberare et male tractare ac alia flagicia et enormia multiplicia contra pacem nostram perpetrare solent, in nostrorum fidelium dispendium inmodicum et grauamen, nos de consilio nostro ad omnia premissa remedium oportunum adhiberi et hiis et aliis timorem delinquendi incuti volentes, vobis mandamus firmiter iniungentes quod huiusmodi pistores, braciatores et malefactores per penas corporales, alia flagicia iuxta discrecionem vestram prouidendas taliter castigetis, quod alii in casibus consimilibus timorem prebeant delinquendi, et quod omnia blada molenda ad molendina infra ciuitatem et extra per pondus liberentur molendariis ita quod iidem molendinarii de farina inde proueniente per pondus consimile respondeant, et hec premissa et omnia alia que ad pacem nostram ibidem pertinent inuiolabiliter obseruari facietis. Teste me ipso apud Westmonasterium, xxviij. die Nouembris anno regni nostri decimo.

Et² super hoc post ordinacionem predictam super premissis dominus rex misit aliud breue suum in hec verba: Edwardus Dei gracia etc. maiori et vicecomitibus Londoniarum salutem. Precipimus vobis quod ea que per vos ad mandatum nostrum sunt prouisa super quibusdam pistores, braciatores et malefactores molendinarios contingentibus, iuxta tenorem mandati nostri predicti firmiter facietis obseruari. Et hoc nullatenus omittatis. Teste me ipso apud Diuisas, xxviii. die Marcii anno regni nostri decimo.

[34] A³ nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustrent les citeins de Loundres qe come il vnt lour mesons en la ville de petite

¹ Against this writ there is the marginal note "Breue".

² Against this paragraph there is the marginal note "Aliud breue".

³ This article has been vacated.

Iernemuth et Gorleston, et eux et leur auncestres vnt vse del temps dount memorie ne court en leur dites mesons leur harang correier et apparailer, et tote pars en le roialme fraunchement ceo et autre marchaundise vendre et achater, herberger et amener, charger et descharger a leur volunte, la sount venuz les gentz de graunde Iernemuth et vnt purchace vne chartre de roi Edward ael nostre seigneur le roi Edward qore est, et ceo par procurement de sire Wauter de Langton, adonques tresorer, hors du parlement, ou saunz nul autre processe de ceo faire, qe totes les neefs qi venissent ou ariueint de deinz le port de grande Iernemuth chargerent et deschargerent illoeqes et ne pas ailours, par quele chartre il serreiount enservagez, et de leur fraunchises ostez, et restreint en leur porte de petite Iernemuth et Gorleston leur profit faire. Dount ils prient qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi cele chartre en countre leur fraunchise et en desheretaunce de eux faite repeller et anyntier, issint qil peussent leur harang et autres marchandises charger et descharger, herberger et amener, a leur volunte, solonc ceo qil ount tot temps vse pur leur profit faire.

[35] Ensement prient les bones gentz de Loundres qe come reson soit qe nul pur autri trespas soit punisable, qe totes obligacions ou demaundes de queles choses ou causes qe ceo soient qi touchent nostre seigneur le roi ou ses progenitours et la communalte de Loundres, qi vnt este faites en temps nostre seigneur le roi, piere nostre seigneur le roi qore est, ou de nul de ses progenitours, soient de tot anintiez et esteinz pur touz iours.

Responsio. Acorde est qils eient leur demaunde.

[36] Ensement ¹ prient qe come ils soleint de tot temps auer les chateux des felouns annexe a la ferme de la cite et ore de nouele voluntriement leur soient toluz, qe eux les peussent desore reauer en eide de la dite ferme.

[37] Ensement ² prient qe la ou de nul temps dount memore court et eux ne soleint garde faire ne mettre sur felouns ou futifs qi fuierent en eglises ne de leur eschaps respoudre, forsque ore de nouele en le drein eire a la Tour de Loundres qe einz furent chacez

¹ This article has been vacated, with the marginal note "Vacat quia alias"

² This article has been vacated.

a ceo faire countre lour aunciene fraunchise, qe mes de tiels gardes faire ne soient chargez.

[38] Ensement ¹ prient qe come en auncien temps les viscountes de Loundres furent amerciez en eyres a la foitz pur eschap de laron a xx. livres et ceo par volente de iustiz qi adonques furent, et puy en entendement de ostier tieux outraiouses amerciementz purchacerent par vn point en lour chartre del ael le roi qore est et pur nul trespas feussent amerciez si noun come autres viscountes de la terre, entendaunz al heure par ascuns del conseil le roi qe par reson de cel point ne serroient amerciez pur eschap de laron a nient plus qe a c. sous come autres viscountes de la terre, et pur quel point qi fust al heure conferme en lour chartre donerent graundement de lour, et ore en le dereyn eire a la Tour furent les viscountes de Loundres amerciez pur eschap de laron a xx. livres, countre la entencioun de lour purchace de la dite chartre, pur taunt qe les iustices lour disoient qe la chartre ne fist pas mencion deschap, et ceo qi demaunde fust pur eschap nest pas amerciement, qe graunte lour soit expressement qils ne soient amerciez pur eschap de laron qe a c. sous, et si plus courge en demaunde sur les viscountes qi vnt este, qe eux soient deschargez iesques a la somme de c. sous auandite.

[39] Ensement ² prient qe la ou solonc launcienes fraunchises de Loundres et pur taunt qe la cite solonc sa franchise est hors de la verge, seneschaux et mareschaux ne autres ministres ne soleint seer ne lour office faire deinz la fraunchise de la cite, taunque les seneschaux et mareschaux purpristrent sur lour fraunchise a seer et tenir plee en countre lour chalenge de fraunchise, qe desore seneschaux ne mareschaux mes ne seessent ne vsent lour office deinz la fraunchise contre lour fraunchise de la cite et encontre la graunde chartre qi voet qe la dite cite eit totes ses fraunchises.

[40] Ensement ³ prient qe la ou eux soleint auer auncienement tiele fraunchise queux aueint iustiz de eux mesmes a pleder et terminer les pleez de la corone, et qe nul autre iustice fust sur eux, et mesme ceo lour fust graunte par certain point en la chartre le roi Henri le primer, la quele chartre fut ars par le roi Iohan, et pur ceo qil nest pas en certain si en temps le dit roi chartre de rois

¹ This article has been vacated.

² This article has been vacated.

³ This article has been vacated.

fussent enrroulez come ore sount, par quoi sur serche des roulles ne serreit demorer, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi de sa grace especiale cele fraunchise ore de nouel a eux graunter.

[41] Et qe nul fraunk de la cite ne soit somonse, attache, nenquerele par bille a leschequer ne en autres places le roi a sute de partie, mes par bref. Et sils deiuent venir par bref qe eux eient l'espace de xv. iours au meyns, et qe les execucions de mesme la place a sute de partie se facent par bref come sus est dit.

Responsio. Acorde est qe nul fraunk de la cite soit empesche a leschequer ne aillours par bille sil ne soit de chose qi touche au roi.

[42] A¹ nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prient maire et la communalte de Loundres qe quant auendra lour chartres des fraunchises qi sount a eux grauntez par les progenitours nostre seigneur le roi, ou qi deiuent de nouel a eux de sa grace estre grauntez, est² confermez, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi les ditz confermentz a eux graunter sanz ren prendre de eux.

Responsio. Acorde est qils les eient de la grace le roi saunz fyn faire, mes le fee du seal est done au chaunceller come deuaunt.

[43] Ensement prient qe come les bones gentz de la cite eient este tret et mene en pleee, countre la fourme de lour chartre, hors des mures de la cite deuant seneschaux et mareschaux, et sur ceo eient les ditz seneschaux et mareschaux les dites bones gentz amerciez et partie de les estretes vnt liurez as barouns del eschequer, les queux barouns ount commaunde auaunt ces heures as viscountes de Loundres les dites estretes a leuer les ditz amerciementz, et partie des estretes eux mesmes vnt liurez as ditz viscountes a leuer, et sur quele greuance eux ount mys auaunt ces heures petition deuant le conseil en temps de son pere, qe luy plese graunter qe desore les estretes de seneschaux et mareschaux susditz qi sount a leuer en les maneres susdites ne courgent plus en demaunde mes cessent tot outre, et ceo qi ad este sinoun duement leue lour peusse estre restore.

Responsio. Acorde est qe les citeins ne soient mye trete en pleee hors de Loundres et qe les estretes de seneschaux et mareschaux qi sount a leuer etc., pur ceo qe lour fraunchises sount grauntez quant as seneschaux et mareschaux, les gardent desoremes; quant

¹ Against this article there is the marginal note "Fiat inde patens".

² Faustina B.I, fo. 206b, reads *deiuent estre*.

as amerciementz de temps passe, il touche singuler persone, ou chescun qi se sent greue poet auer son recouerer a leschequer.

[44] Ensement prient qils peussent la ¹ purale envyroun la dite cite plenerement sursiser,² et totes les nusaunces qi de deinz la dite purale serront trouez qils les peussent ³ remuer ou seiser al oepe de la dite cite,⁴ come de droit deiuent faire.

[*Responsio*]. Icheet ⁵ en leur conisaunce si ren soit mespris en destourbaunce de la purale et de le redrescer.

E

PETICIONES IN PARLIAMENTO APUD WESTMONASTERIUM TENTO
ANNO PRIMO REGIS EDWARDI TERCII A CONQUESTU.

[I] *Badlesmere*.—Ad petitionem Margarete que fuit vxor Bartholomei de Badlesmere ostendentis regi quod, cum ipsa coniunctim feoffata fuisset cum prefato Bartholomeo de terris et tenementis subscriptis, videlicet, de maneriis de Bourne et Laghton cum pertinenciis de dono regis, de maneriis de Draiton cum pertinenciis de dono Iohannis Prichard, de maneriis de Westden et Leghynton cum pertinenciis in comitatu Sussex' de dono Iohannis Maufe, de manerio de Hameldon cum pertinenciis vna cum aduocacione ecclesie eiusdem manerii, de vna carucata terre cum pertinenciis in Tyrefield in comitatu Buck', de manerio de Sunningdon cum pertinenciis in comitatu Bedford' de dono Gilberti de Clare quondam comitis Gloucestrie, de manerio de Mardele cum pertinenciis de dono Iohannis Sandale quondam episcopi Wyntoniensis, de maneriis de Bokeland cum pertinenciis de dono Ricardi de Bokeland, de manerio de Plesssets cum pertinenciis de dono Ricardi de Clare, de aduocacione ecclesie de Northmymmes in comitatu Hertford' de dono dicti Iohannis de Sandale, de manerio etc., quousque rex per ministros suos intrauit et dictam Margaretam amouit et cartas, fines et munimenta inde in prioratu sancte Trinitatis Londoniensi et alibi inuenta per magistrum Robertum de Baldocke et alios

¹ Faustina B.I, fo. 208, *lour*.

² Faustina B.I, *seisir*.

³ Faustina B.I. inserts *auoir*.

⁴ Faustina B.I. inserts *si*.

⁵ *Acorde est qe struck through and Icheet conisaunce substituted.* Faustina B.I reads: "Acorde est qe si rien soit meppris en desturbaunce de la puraille de redrescer le tort".

ministros suos capi et carriari precepit vsque Turrim Londoniarum. De quibus terris, cartis, finibus et munimentis dominus rex adhuc est seisisus, et de quibus terris et exitibus medio tempore perceptis vna cum cartis, finibus et munimentis predictis predicta Margareta petit restitutionem.

Ad quam quidem petitionem responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod ipsi assignent aliquem sufficientem ad scrutinium faciendum in Turri Londoniarum de cartis, finibus et munimentis ibidem existentibus, et omnes cartas, fines et munimenta que ibidem reperiri contingerit dictam Margaretam sic contingencia liberari faciant prefate Margarete. Et habita inde liberacione, prefata Margareta veniat in cancellariam et ea ostendat ibidem, et fiat ei ibidem iusticia. Et si forte huiusmodi carte et munimenta non inueniantur, tunc inquiratur de statu quem prefata Margareta clamat in tenementis predictis. Et iuxta inquisitionem, cum inde facta fuerit et retornata, fiat ei ibidem iusticia.

[2] *Norwic*.—*At the petition of the bayliffs et proborum hominum ville de Norwic* petencium allocacionem of 200 markes which the kinge Edward II borrowed of them anno quarto and of 100 markes which he borrowed anno septimo and promised repaiement (at a daie paste),

Responsum est :—Ostendant in cancellaria literas regis obligatorias et breuia, et habeant breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod allocent eis summas infrascriptas iuxta formam istius petitionis.

A.P. 3474.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail prient les baillifs et les bones gentz de la ville de Norewyz qe com nostre dit seigneur le roi sensust en alaunt en sa guerre Descoce en lan de son regne quart resceut cc. marcز de les auanditz baillifs et bones gentz par my les meyntz sire Iohan de Sendal adonques tresorer demprest, et des queux cc. marcز nostre dit seigneur le roi leur promist dauer paye a la feste de Nowel adonques proscheyn suaunt, come plus pleymentes piert par sa lettre patente de ceo fait. Les queux cc. marcز les auauandiz baillifs et bones gentz prient quil puissent alowance auer en leur primer payer de leur ferme ou de autre dettes al escheqere si pleyisir leur soit. Et estre ceo prient les auauanditz baillifs et bones gentz de la dite ville quil puissent alowance auer en leur primer payement de leur ferme e de autre dettes de c. marcز aprestes a nostre dit seigneur le roi en lan de son regne sepme, les queux c. marcز sire Iohan de Okham adonques garderober resceut de les auauanditz baillifs et bones gentz. Et les queux c. marcز nostre dist

seigneur le roi leur promist d'auer alowe en leur primer payement de leur ferme a son eschequer, come piert par sa lettre patente de son graunt seal de ceo fait. Et ceste dette auoms suy de ceo tens dekes enca et nent alowe, en graunt empouerisement de la vile auantdyte.

[Dorse]. Ostendant in cancellaria litteras regis obligatorias et breuia, et habeant breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod allocent eis summas infrascriptas iuxta formam istius petitionis.

Irr[otulatur].

Meltone.

Coram magno consilio.

[3] *London'*.—Ad petitionem Alani Gille et Roberti Carder ciuium Londoniensium supplicancium quod cum ipsi nuper in villa de Abbeuille in Pontif frumentum emerunt quod in villa sancti Wallerici carcarunt¹ ad veniendum versus Londonias ad modum mercatorum, de quo quidem frumento balliui ville sancti Wallerici arrestarunt ad valenciam c. librarum, scilicet ad sectam Willelmi de Cauntepye de Crotey in Picardia, et illud contra voluntatem dictorum mercatorum eidem Willelmo liberarunt, eo quod imposuit eis quod nauis ipsius Willelmi capta fuit super mare per homines de Bayona, quam quidem nauem predicti Alanus et Robertus in portu Londoniarum inuenerunt carcatam² et eandem nauem per breue de cancellaria directum vicecomitibus Londoniarum aretari fecerunt quousque prefatis mercatoribus de c. libris predictis restauracionem fecerint. Quod placeat regi et consilio ordinare quod satisfaciant eis de denariis predictis antequam dicta nauis prefato Willelmo sit liberata.

Responsum est sic :—Habeant breue in cancellaria vicecomitibus Londoniarum quod faciant iusticiam super contentis in ista petitione secundum legem mercatoriam.

[4] *Lanc'*.—Ad petitionem Henrici comitis Lancastrie et Leicestrie supplicantis quod cum post mortem Thome nuper comitis Lancastrie fratris sui, cuius heres ipse est, omnes carte et munimenta, terre et tenementa que dictus comes habuit de dono regis Henrici et Edwardi filii sui etc. ad manus domini regis deuenerunt et in manu sua adhuc existunt, quod eadem carte et munimenta sibi liberentur.

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario etc. quod ipsi liberent eidem comiti omnia cartas et munimenta dictum comitem tangencia.

¹ MS. *cartaruni*.

² MS. *cartatam*.

A.P. 8318.

A nostre seigneur le rei e soun conseil moustre Henri counte de Lancastre e de Leicestre qe com apres la mort Thomas counte de Lancastre soen friere, qi heir il est, touz les chartres e munimens tochauns totes les terres qe le dit counte auet le iour qil morust de doun le rei Henri e le rei Edward soun fiz fait a Eumoun soen piere e al dit Thomas, e auxi les chartres des terres qe les ditz Eumoun e Thomas purchacerent de autrs genz, deuyndrint en la mein nostre [seigneur]¹ le rei e vncore sount, prie le dit Henri qe les ditz chartres e munimens lui soient renduz.

[Dorse]. Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et camerarius de scaccario et aliis in quorum custodia carte et munimenta infrascripta existunt, prout dictus comes informabit, quod ipsi liberent eidem comiti omnia cartas et munimenta dictum comitem sic tangencia.

Irr[otulatur].

[5] *Berkeleye*.—*To the petition of Thomas Berkeleye for a writt to the abbott of St. Augustines Bristoll to deliver him his writeinges and oher goods etc. arrested per ministros regis and in the abbotts keepeinge under theire seales,*

Responsum est sic :—Mandetur per breue de cancellaria illis qui bona etc. certificand' in cancellaria de causa arrestacionis eorundem et super certificacione illa fiat ei iusticia.

A.P. 694.

A nostre seigneur le roi prie Thomas de Berkeleye qil puyse auoir bref al abbe de seynt Austyn de Bristuyt de auoir deliuerance de ces munementz et autres bienz et chateux qe furent arestuz par monsire Richard Louel et autres ministres nostre seigneur le roi et demoerent en leur garde desoutz leur seals

Berkeleye.

[Dorse]. Soit mande par brief de la chauncellerie a ceux qi aresturent les choses contenues en ceste petition qil certifient en la chauncellerie de la causa ² del arest de mesmes les choses. Et sur cele certificacion lui soit fait droit.

Irr[otulatur].

[6] *Vyenne*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis Vyenne monstrantis quod cum dominus rex anno regni sui decimo concessit eidem Iohanni officium contrarotulatoris lanarum in portu Londoniarum ad totam vitam ipsius Iohannis per cartam domini regis, per quam cartam habuit dictum officium vsque octauum diem huius regis, quo tempore per procuramentum Alani de Tesdale camerarii Hugonis le Despencer iunioris versus regem dictus Iohannes ab officio predicto amotus fuit sine causa et petit restitui etc.,

Responsum etc :—Mittatur ista peticio per breue de cancellaria

¹ MS. omits.

² Sic MS.

thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario, et mandetur eisdem quod ipsi videant cartam regis quam dictus Iohannes habet [de] officio predicto, quam consilium inspexit, et si nulla causa fuerit quare dictus Iohannes etc., tunc idem officium prefato Iohanni restituant etc.

[7] *Iude*.—Ad petitionem abbatis de Iude in Hibernia nuper per Iohannem de Glenton' custodem aque de Sulwath¹ in marchia Scocie arrestati et in prisiona detenti etc., petentis quod deliberetur a custodia illa ex quo sine causa detentus est,

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria Iohanni de Glenton quod certificet etc., et si comperiatur quod causa non fuit rationabilis tunc deliberetur etc.

A.P. 7841.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a soun consail mostre soun chapeleyn labbe de Iude en Hirlaund qe, come il vient hors Dirlaund vers la meere meson de Holmcoltram pur bosoignes del ordre, par ventes contrariouses fust enchace en Escoce e iloesques fust pris et amene a sire Robert de Bruys. Et le dit sire Robert pur Dieu et par charite lui dona sa proteccion de passer parmi la terre Descoce al dit abbey de Holmcoltram. Et quant il vient a la marche de sceae le ewe de Sulewath fust arestuz par vn gardayn del ewe Iohan de Glenton, et par mesme celi Iohan fust tolle de lui quanqil auoit, et apres lui mena a sa meson en Kardoil et en sa dite meson iloesques lui enprisona et issi grant duresse lui fist, q' pur les space de vj iours prist de lui xij marc3 desterling pur suete de prison et, quant il auoit le dit argent pris, lui enuoia a sire Hugh Despenser q' ne fust pas bien voillant a lui, et pur ceo fust il enuoie al abbey de Stratford et de yloesques remewe et mene par la lettre le roi al abba' de Bealeu pres de Suthampton pur demorer iloesques en garde tank le roi vst maunde sa volunte, et la ad demore vn an et demy. Par quoi a nostre seigneur le roi et a soun consail prie deuotement soun dit poure chapeleyn le abbe de Iude en Hirland q'il voille comander si lui plese pur lamour de Dieu sa deliuerance, q' saunz encheson ad issint demore et vncore demoert, qar sa meson peryt pur defaute de gournail.

[*Dorse*] Habeat breue in cancellaria Iohanni de Glenton' quod certificet in cancellaria de causa capcionis infrascripti abbatis et, habita inde certificatione, si comperiatur quod causa non fuerit rationabilis, tunc deliberetur a custodia qua detinetur.

Irr[otulatur].

[8] *Clare*.—Ad petitionem Isabelle de Clare que fuit vxor Mauricii de Berkleye defuncti, monstrantis quod cum Gilbertus de Clare nuper comes Gloucestrie frater suus dederit et concesserit per cartas suas prefate Isabelle maneria de Shipton' et Burford² etc., per quod supplicat dicta Isabella domino regi quod placeat ei quod

¹ MS. *Sulworth*.

² MS. *Barford*.

dicte carte, simul cum cartis regis de confirmacione quas inde habet, videantur et dicta tenementa ei restituantur vna cum exitibus medio tempore perceptis,

Responsum est sic :—Ostendat cartas suas in cancellaria et fiat ei ibidem iusticia.

[9] *Burghersh'*.—Ad petitionem Bartholomei de Burghersh' monstrantis quod dominus rex voluntarie per abettum et malum consilium, vbi ipse Bartholomeus de aliquo contra pacem regis coronam seu eius dignitatem non indictatus fuit, ipsum Bartholomeum imprisonari fecit etc., ac omnia terras et tenementa, bona et catalla sua in manum suam capi precepit etc., super quo petit quod possit terras et tenementa sua rehabere etc.,

Responsum est sic :—Mandetur thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario de certificando consilium super causa capcionis terrarum etc. in manum regis. Fiat eciam scrutinium in cancellaria si aliquid in eadem causa inueniatur et certificetur consilium inde.

[10] *Penrethe*.—Ad petitionem Ade filii Roberti de Penrethe supplicantis quod cum ipse longo tempore secutus est versus [dominum regem] de habendo restitutionem de vno mesuagio et vna carucata terre etc., de quibus Iohannes de Harcla frater Andree de Harcla ipsum Adam disseisiuit et de quibus dictus Andreas post mortem dicti Iohannis seisisit fuit quousque versus dominum regem forisfecit, per quam forisfacturam dicta tenementa simul cum aliis terris et tenementis que fuerunt in manu eiusdem Andree in manum regis capta fuerunt. Et licet per inquisitionem inde per breue de cancellaria, virtute petitionis per dictum Adam in parlamento exhibite, in presencia custodis terrarum predictarum comperiat petitionem suam veritatem continere, tamen cancellarius qui tunc fuit sibi liberationem terrarum predictarum concedere noluit nisi per expressum mandatum regis ad quod ipse venire non potuit. Quod placeat regi et consilio suo dictam inquisitionem inspicere et iusticiam inde sibi facere.

Responsum est sic :—Sit ista petitio liberata in cancellaria vna cum inquisitione, et fiat ibi breue custodi terre predicte si adhuc in manu regis existat ad liberandum eandem terram prefato Ade.

[11] *Warthcop*.¹—Ad petitionem Thome de Warthcop monstrantis

¹ MS. *Warthrop*.

quod cum custodia terrarum forisfactarum in comitatibus Cumbria et Westmerland' vna cum custodia castri de Brouham¹ per commissionem de cancellaria sibi commissa fuerit etc., et supplicantis quod allocacio sibi fiat de sumptibus per ipsum ibidem apposis.

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod sibi faciant debitam allocacionem de petitis.

[12] *Thornton*.—Ad petitionem² abbatis et conuentus de Thornton' super Humbre monstrancium quod cum Thomas quondam abbas eiusdem loci nuper recuperasset versus Ieruasium Auenell et Iohannam vxorem eius vnum messuagium etc. coram Willelmo de Bereford et sociis suis de communi banco ad ius ecclesie beate Marie de Thornton' et per iudicium super eodem breui redditum, idem Thomas abbas per breue de iudicio in seisinam positus fuisset et inde seisitus extitisset quo usque, per procuramentum et malivolenciam Hugonis le Despenser iunioris, magister Iohannes Wallewyn tunc escaetor citra Trentam ipsos disseisiuit. Super quo idem abbas secutus fuit petitionem in parlamento anno duodecimo regis nunc quod remedium sibi fieret in premissis. Ad quam quidem petitionem responsum fuit quod recordum et processus predicta recuperacionem illam tangencia monstrarentur in parlamento ita quod ius inde fieret. Et modo recordum et processus predicta venerunt hic sub sigillo Henrici le Scrope iusticiarii de banco regis dicto anno duodecimo, coram quo dictum recordum et processus pendent.³ Supradicti abbas et conuentus petunt quod idem recordum et processus inspiciantur et quod iusticia eis fiat.

Responsum est sic :—Assignentur in cancellaria certe persone ad inquirendum si infrascripti Ieruasius et Iohanna fuerint ad fidem regis xxviij. die Februarii anno nono regis nunc, tempore videlicet date breuis de recto de quo in ista petitione fit mencio, et in crastino Purificacionis beate Marie anno decimo regis nunc, quo tempore iudicium redditum fuit super eodem breui, et similiter de seisinam predicti abbatis si quam habuit virtute iudicii predicti, et si sic tunc queritur in presencia videlicet Willelmi Trussebutt qui sequitur pro rege⁴ et, retornata inde inquisicione in cancellaria, fiat ulterius iusticia iuxta tenorem dicte inquisicionis.

¹ MS. *Bromeham*.

² A.P. 868E. : see Appendix, p. 283.

³ MS. *pendeunt*.

⁴ Original petition supplies "super hoc premuniendi."

[13] *Trym*.—Ad petitionem Henrici de Trym petentis rehabere extra manum¹ regis quinque acras terre etc. que, pro eo quod Thome comiti Lancastrie adherebat, in manu regis capte fuerunt,

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria Roberto de Goddeley in cuius custodia dicta terra et redditus existunt de certificando in cancellaria de causa capcionis dictarum terrarum et redditus in manu regis.²

[14] *Dynyeton'*.—Ad petitionem Edmundi de Dynyeton' nuper camerarii Norhwallie monstrantis quod cum assignatus fuisset per commissionem regis Edwardi filii regis Edwardi ad leuandum et colligendum quintam decimam anno regni sui duodecimo in subsidium guerre sue Scocie sibi in partibus predictis concessam, et idem Edmundus ea occasione ibidem continue moratus sit etc., computauit ad scaccarium et se onerauit de nongentis et viginti octo libris. De expensis tamen suis nulla allocacio sibi facta fuit hucusque. Quod placeat domino regi et consilio suo mandare thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario etc.

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod faciant infrascripto Edmundo debitam allocacionem de expensis predictis.

[15] *Zousche*.—Ad petitionem Willelmi filii Eudonis la Zouche supplicantis quod cum idem Eudo pater suus pro morte Rogeri Beler, ad appellum Alicie que fuit vxor eiusdem Rogeri, per breue regis in exigendis positus fuisset, et idem Eudo, ob timorem mortis, quam Hugo le Despenser ei absque iudicio promiserat si in Anglia captus esset, versus partes Francie transfretasset, et ibidem moratus fuisset vsque festum sancti Martini proximo preteritum, quo die Parisius moriebatur, et postea vtlagaria super ipsum Eudonem adiudicata fuit, videlicet die Iouis proxima post festum sancti Petri ad vincula in comitatu Leicestrie, quod dicta vtlagaria super dictum patrem suum post mortem suam pronunciata secundum legem terre reuocetur,

Responsum est sic :—Veniant recordum et processus coram iusticiariis de banco domini regis et ibi doceantur iusticiarii de morte predicti Eudonis meliori modo quo poterunt et fiat iusticia.³

¹ MS. *manu*.

² A note follows :—"Many petitions of this nature and the like answers."

³ A note follows :—"Many petitions of this nature."

[16] *Bredon'*.—Ad petitionem Willelmi de Bredon' nuper valetti Thome quondam comitis Lancastrie supplicantis a domino rege et consilio suo remedium sibi fieri de eo quod etc. liberacionem cartharum et munimentorum etc.,

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breuia in cancellaria fratribus etc. infrascriptis etc. quod liberent eidem Willelmo omnia cartas etc.

[17] *Berkeleye*.¹—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son counsail prie Thomas fiz Thomas de Berkeleye qe la ou ces auncestres du temps dount il niad memorie auoient le manoir de Bedeministre et Radecluyestret iuste Bristut, oue le hundred, dauer weyf, infangenethef, vewe de francplegge amendes de assise de pain et de seruoise enfreinte, et quant qe a vewe apent, com apendaunt au dit maner, taunqe au derein trailebaston en temps le roi Edward ael nostre seigneur le roi qore est a Bristut laan de son regne xxxij., deuaunt sire Iohan Butetourt et ces compaignouns iustices assignes de oier et de terminer chescun manere de trespas, qe pur trespas qe monsire Thomas de Berkeleye ael cesti Thomas qore est et Morice son filtz auoient fait la dite franchise par les dites iustices fut seisi en la main le roi, par quei le dit Thomas prie qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi qil puisse, de sa grace ou par fin faire, sa franchise reauoir.

A quel peticioun issint est respondu : Habeat breue in cancellaria de venire faciundo recordum et processum habita super contentis in ista peticione coram consilio.

[18] *Siggeston'*.²—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail prie son bachiler Iohan de Siggeston' qe come nostre dit seigneur le roi lui soit [tenuz] en diuerses dettes pur son fee et pur ses gages del temps qil ad demoere ou le roi et par son assignement en la marche Descocé en temps de guere, auxi come plus pleynement moustrera par billes de la garderobe queux il ad de son fee et gages auantdit, qil voille graunter al auaunt dit Iohan qil puisse auer allouaunce des feez et gages auantditz es dettes en queux il est tenuz al roi en son eschequier.

Responsum :—Ostendat billas in cancellaria, quibus ibidem visis,

¹ The text has been taken from A.P. 8512 which was evidently copied on to the roll.

² The text has been taken from A.P. 15467, which was evidently copied on to the roll.

mandetur thesaurario et baronibus quod allocent id quod rex debet vt peticio supponit, in eo quod regi debetur onerando etc.

[19] *Langeton*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Langeton' militis monstrantis domino regi et consilio suo quod cum ipse habuisset manerium de Dalburye in comitatu Derb' de domino rege ad firmam etc.,

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod etc.

[20] *Anglia*.—Ad petitionem ¹ hominum regni Anglie, qui debent computare de terris vnde dominus Edwardus pater regis nunc ordinauit in camera sua responderi, supplicancium quod possint computare ad scaccarium, et quod mandetur thesaurario et baronibus de eodem scaccario quod ipsi eandem computacionem audiant et prefatis hominibus iusticiam faciant,

Responsum est sic :—Mandetur per breue de cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod audiant compota omnium et singulorum coram eis computare volencium de terris et tementis de quibus nuper responsum fuit in camera regis Edwardi patris regis nunc, et faciant vlterius super eisdem compotis quod ad finalem execucionem compotorum fuerit faciendum.

[21] *Perers*.—Ad petitionem Ricardi de Perers petentis xlj. li'. vj. s. ij. d. quas rex ei debet per billam de garderoba sibi allocari in arreragiis compoti sui de tempore quo fuit vicecomes Essex' et Hertford',

Responsum est sic : Monstret billam suam cancellario et habeat breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod faciant prefato Ricardo allocacionem secundum formam petitionis.

A.P. 7922.

Au conseil nostre seigneur le roi mostre Richard de Perers qe come xlj. li' vj.s. ij d. lui sont dewes par vne bille de la garderobe, des queux le dist Richard souent foith ad prie alouance sur les arrerages de son accounte du temps quil fuist viscounte, ad quele alouance il ne peut auenir pur male veillance le esuesqe de Excestre nadgeres tresorer Par qei prie le dist Richard au dist nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil de lui comander brief en la chancelerie a tresorer et as barons de lescheqere de lui faire alouance de sa diste bille en le deners quil doit au roi ore sur son accounte

[*Dorse*]. Moustre sa bille en la chauncellerie et eit brief as tresorer et barons del eschequier de faire lalouance selonc la fourme de la petition.

¹ A.P. 8336 : see Appendix, p. 284.

[22] *Plumton'*.—Ad petitionem Willelmi filii Roberti de Plumton' monstrantis quod cum boscus de Foulewith' pertinere ad manerium de Plumton' etc.,

Responsum est sic :—Assignentur certe persone in cancellaria ad inquirendum quis antecessorum predicti Willelmi ratione bosci infrascripti etc.

A.P. 870.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustre le soen lge William le fiuz Robert de Plumton qe come le boys de Foulewyth, qest appurtenant a son manoir de Plumton en le counte de Euerwyk, soit son droit et son heritage, de quel boys par les boundes desouth escritz ses auncestres furent pleinement seisis, cest a sauoir de Cremples vers le west tantque Oseberneschagenbek tantque a Puttokkstancros et de Puttokkstancros tantque a Harlowe, de Harlowe par la grant vey tanque a Bylton et de Bilton par meisme la vey tantque a Stokbrug et de Stokbrug tantque a Holbek et de Holbek tantque en Nidde, et en autre fiez tantque en Cremples, ensemblement oue totes maneres des profiz de meisme la boys sourdauntez, sauue de la sauuaigne de cerf, bys et cheuerel, tantque le counte Esmon de Cornwaille et seigneur del honour de Knaresburgh Robert de Plumton pere le diz William de profitz du dit boys prendre atort destourba, sauue de housbote et de haybote, et la dite destourbaunce les baillifs du dit honour de Knaresburgh' puis ce temps ount fait et continuelement vnquore fount a grant destourbaunce le dit William, par quei le dit William prie a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil qe lour pleise qe son droit soit triez issint qe leys et reisoun lui soit fait.

[*Dorse*]. Assignentur certe persone in cancellaria ad inquirendum quis antecessorum infrascripti Willelmi ratione bosci infrascripti percepti huiusmodi proficua et per quem amotus fuit et qualiter et quo tempore et de omnibus aliis circumstanciis dictum negocium necessario tangentibus, et retorneatur inquisicio in cancellaria

Irr[otulatur].

[23] *Perers*.—Ad petitionem Ricardi de Perers executoris Iacobi de Perers supplicantis quod cum debeantur prefato Iacobo per billam de garderoba domini regis patris domini regis nunc xiiij. li' xiiij. s. iiij. d. pro feodis et robis suis prout in dicta billa plenius continetur, quam quidem billam idem Iacobus predicto Ricardo assignauit in recompensationem debitorum quibus prefato Ricardo tenebatur, quod idem xiiij. li' xiiij. s. iiij. d. eidem Ricardo allocentur in areragiis compoti sui de officio vicecomitatus predicti,

Responsum est sic :—Ostendat in cancellaria quod sit executor testamenti predicti et billam de qua infra fit mencio, et habeat breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario iuxta formam petitionis.

[24] *Burgh'*.—Ad petitionem Elizabethe que fuit vxor Iohannis

de Burgh' monstrantis quod cum Ricardus de Burgo nuper comes Vltonie per fines in curia regis apud Dubliniam leuatos dedisset prefatis Iohanni et Elizabethhe manerium de Typerarghe etc. et eadem maneria, quousque per ministros regis amota fuit, tenuisset, per quod eadem Elizabetha per petitiones coram iusticiariis et consilio regis in Hibernia secuta fuisset, que petitiones indorsate erant quod ipsa coram rege in Anglia sequeretur, quia idem rex per breue de priuato sigillo suo quicquid eandem Elizabetham tetegisset per procuramentum Hugonis le Despenser, contra legem terre sibi reseruauit, vnde predicta Elizabetha petit remedium,

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria iusticiario et cancellario Hibernie quod, non obstante talibus mandatis regis patris regis nunc eis factis sub priuato sigillo, prefate Elizabethhe de terris predictis faciant iusticiam.

A.P. 6697.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail moustre Elizabeth qⁱ feust la femme Iohan de Bourg qe comme monsire Richard de Bourg nadgaires counte de Vluester dona, par fyns leueez en la court nostre seigneur le roi a Duelyn, a Iohan de Bourg son fiuz et a la dite Elizabeth sa femme les manours de Typerargh, Stristellaueras, Esclom, Bronrath, Strothir, Kilcolgyn, Glancoskery, Kynaleth et Loughmesk, oue les apurtenances en Conneuch et Munestere, come les fyns plus pleinement purportent, auoir et tenir as ditz Iohan et Elizabeth de lauandit counte et de ses heirs [a tute] la vie Elizabeth, rendant par an au dit counte a terme de sa vie dcv.li'. iiij. s. vjd., et apres le descees le dit counte les ditz Iohan et Elizabeth rendrent par an as heirs le dit counte vne rose Et peus les ditz Iohan et Elizabeth lesserent au dit counte les auantditz manours a tenir a lur volente e descharge de la rente susdite. Et peus moreust le dit counte, et la dite Elizabeth entra les ditz manours par son attourne et les tynt tanqe feust oustee par les ministres le roi, par quoi ele sewi par petitions deuant les iustices et le conseil le roi en Irlaunde, quex petitions furent endosses qe se wesist deuant le roi en Engleterre, pur ceo qe le roi par bref de suth son priue seal auoit reserue a lui quantqe touchast la dite Elizabeth par le faux procurement Hugh le Despenser le fiuz contre ley de la terre, dont ele prie remedie. Item moustre la dite Elizabeth qe come le dit counte dona par fyns leueez en sa court demeisne de Creggferggus en Vluester [as ditz] Iohan et Elizabeth les manours de Colrath, Dromtarssy, Porteros, Portkaman, Domsomery et Dauntrom oue les apurtenances, [come les fyns] plus pleinement purportent, auoir et tenir as ditz Iohan et Elizabeth de lauandit counte et de ses heirs a tute la vie Elizabeth rendant [par an au dit] counte, a terme de sa vie d marcs, et apres le descees le dit counte les ditz Iohan et Elizabeth rendrent par an as heirs le dit counte [vne rose]. Et peus les ditz Iohan et Elizabeth lesserent au dit counte les auantditz manours a tenir a lour volente e descharge de la rente susdite. [Et peus] meurust le dit counte, et la dite Elizabeth entra les ditz manours par son attourne et les tynt tanqe feust oustee par les ministres le roi, par quoi ele sewi comme

auant par petitions deuant les iustices et le conseil le roi en Irlaunde, quex petitions feurent endosces qele sewesist deuant le roi en Engleterre pur ceo qe le roi par bref de south son priue seal auoit reserue a lui quanqe touchast la dite Elizabeth par le faux procurement [ledit] Hugh le Despenser comme auant est dist contre ley de la terre, dont prie la dite Elizabeth qele puisse estre restit as manours q[. . . .¹] les solonc la fourme des fyns auantdites [Dorset]. Eit brief en la chauncellerie a la iustice et chauncellier de Irlaunde qe, nient contrestant tieux mandemenz faitz par le roi piere etc. del priue seal, fait droit al auant dite Elizabeth des terres desouzescrites
Irr[otulatur]

[25] *Newenham*.—Ad petitionem prioris de Newenham iuxta Bedford monstrantis quod cum idem prior et conuentus eiusdem loci iiii. libras annui redditus de manerio de Stonebrugge habere debuissent per concessionem regis Ricardi et postea per confirmationem regis Henrici quousque magister Robertus de Baldock' dictum manerium perquisiuit etc.,

Responsum est sic:—Videantur in cancellaria carta et confirmacio et assignentur certe persone ad inquirendum si dictus prior et predecessores sui etc., et retornata² in cancellaria fiat vltcrius iusticia. Et interim fiat scrutinium inter munimenta dicti Roberti si quod inueniatur per quod dictus prior inde debet excludi.

[26] *Clerus Karleolensis*.—Ad petitionem cleri episcopatus Karleolensis supplicantis quod cum ecclesie sue per frequentes accessus Scotorum combuste et distructe sint etc., de decima concessa regi per papam perdonantur,

Responsum est sic:—Quia comitatus Westm' et Cumbr' habent perdonacionem, homines dicti cleri eciam habeant perdonacionem.

[27] *Aubin*.—Ad petitionem Philippi Aubin et aliorum ciuium Wintonie *that whereas the Kinge Edward 2 by the ill counsell of Hugh Despencer and others victualled the castle of Porcestre with wyne etc., and afterwards sent for the said cittizens and imprisoned them sixe dayes in the castle vntill they agreed to buye of the said wyne, being corrupted, and entred into a recognizance of 139¹¹³ for the same, which wyne they had carried parte into Flaunders and parte into Ireland, and could not sell them, but were imprisoned for the same, for which they prayed remedy,*

Responsum est sic:—*Let there bee certeyne persons assigned in the*

¹ About three words illegible.

² MS. *retornato*.

³ Sic: 1291. in original petition.

chauncerye to inquire heereof in the presence of Stephen Abindon then the kinges builer, and uppon retourne of the inquisition into the chauncerye lett it bee shewen the kinge, issint qe li ent die sa volunte.

A.P. 10408

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustrent Philip Aubyn, Roger de Inkepenne, Rauf de Malling, Adam de Chirton, Thomas de Holeputte, Rauf Fraunceis, Nichole le Lyndraper, Robert le Ismonger, Nichole Dexcestre, Iohan Gabriel et Willam le fiz Edward le Draper, citezseins de la cite de Wyncestre, qe come nostre seigneur le roy piere nostre seigneur le roy qore est, par le mauis conseil et abbet Hugh le Despenser le fiz, Robert de Baldok et Robert de Holden, fist garnir son chastel de Porcestre des ueux vyngs gaingnes en mer des enemys, les queux deundrent purriz De puis par conseil des auaunt ditz Hugh, Robert et Robert fist maunder a Wyncestre pur les susdits Philip Roger et les autres citezseins par ses lettres, et les detynt au dit chastel par vij iours purce qil ne voleient de lour grez estre charge des ditz vyngs corrupus Si les comaunda, sur quant qil pussent forfaire, de rescyeure xliij tonels des ditz vyngs, chescun tonel pur lx. s. Et surceo esteient comandez de faire la recoignissance deuaunt le chief iustice de cxxix. li' et chescun de eux destre tenuz en le tout Et quant ils ne poeient les dites vyngs en Engleterre vendre pur leur corrupcioun, si maunderent vne partie en Flaundes et autre partie en Irlaunde a leur grant custages, ou plusurs des founs des dites tonels estoient brisez et leur gentz enprisonnez qe a grant peine eschaperent oue lour vies. Par quei il prient pur Dieu qe couenable remede leur soit ordeyne sur tiel meschief, ou qil pussent paier quant qil ount receu des ditz vyngs par bon acompte, ou qe bone enqueste soit prise en le counte de Suthampton du pris des dites vyngs et surceo apaier la verriere value, et qe en le men temps nul execucion soit fait sur les ditz citezseins par le tresorer et les barons de leschequer

[Dorse]. Soient certeynes gentz assignez en chauncellerie de enquerre, en la presence Estephene de Abyndon adonques botiller nostre seigneur le roi, de ce a sauoir, sil voelt estre, de quel value les vyngs feurent au temps de la liuere faite as gentz deynz escrites et si meismes les gentz les pristrent par force et countre lour volente ou ne mye et dautres circonstances touchantes le matire, et lenqueste prise et retourne en chauncellerie soit moustre au roi issint qe li ent die sa volunte

[28] *Wallia*.—Ad petitionem episcopi sancti David conquerentis de certis transgressoribus qui eidem episcopo et familie sue insultum tecerunt in faciendo officium suum reconciliando ecclesiam de Lampadarvar,

Responsum est sic:—Habeat breue in cancellaria iusticiario Wallie quod, audita querela parcium infrascriptarum, faciat iusticiam.

[29] *Giffard*.—Twoe petitions of Margaret the wyfe of John Giffard, the one for 13s. 4d. rent out of the mannour of Rockhampton which

shee held in dower, the other of the mannour of Syde in comitatu Gloucestrie, which shee held as partner with her husband and gave them to her sonne duringe his life, and hee beeing slaine in bataille against Hugh Despencer, the K. Edward 2 gave them to Hughe Despencer the father whoe held them from her by his greatenes, and nowe they are in the kinges hands per forisfacturam dicti Hugonis etc.,

Responsum est sic :—Assignentur in cancellaria certe persone ad inquirendum etc.

A.P. 7907.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail moustre Margarete qⁱ feut la femme Iohan Gyffard de Brymmesfeld qe come ele et Iohan Gyffard son fitz purchacerent iointement a eux et a les heirs meisme celui Iohan le manoir de Syde oue les appurtenances en le countee de Gloucestre, et de meisme cel manoir feurent iointement en tenance par long temps Et apres la dite Margarete graunta qe le dit Iohan son fitz tendroit soul le manoir auantdit a terme de la vie meisme celui Iohan, le queu manoir puis apres estoit pris en la main le roi par cause qe le roi tint le dit Iohan son enemy et rebeal pur la querele des grantz contre les Despensers, et feut donee par le roi a Hugh le Despenser le pere, et il le tint tantqe a sa mort, issint qe la dite Margarete ne poeit auenir a son droit du manoir auantdit pur la grant seigneurie le dit Hugh Et ore est le dit manoir autrefois pris en la main le roi pur la forffaiture meisme celui Hugh, dount ele prie ore pur Dieu grace et remed[e] et qe le chose soit enquire par bon pais, car les munimentz del purchacz auantdit estoient en la garde le dit Iohan et emporte ouesqe ces autres biens de son chastel de Brymmesfeld par raison de sa forffaiture.

[Dorse] Videatur in cancellaria si manerium infrascriptum captum fuit in manum regis occasione querele comitis Lancastrie Et si sic, tunc assignentur sufficientes persone in cancellaria ad inquirendum in presencia custodis maneru predicti si infrascripti Margareta et Iohannes coniunctim perquisierunt manerium de Syde infrascriptum forma quam peticio supponit, et si inde fuerunt seisi coniunctim et qualiter, et similiter si infrascripta Margareta dimisit dictum manerium predicto filio suo nec ne, et si sic, tunc vtrum ad terminum vite sue tantum vel alio modo, et de omnibus aliis circumstanciis dictum negocium necessario tangentibus. Et retornata inde inquisitione in cancellaria, fiat vltimus iusticia.

[30] *Dautre.*¹—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustre vn seriaunt William Dautre qil ad serui nostre seigneur le roi vostre ael, qe Dieux absoille, et nostre seigneur vostre pere, qe Dieux salue, en diuerses terres trente aunz et plus et ad perdu en son seruice quant qil auoit, et nostre seigneur le roi pere nostre seigneur le roi qⁱ ore est ly granta vn garison en le ospital seynt Leonard

¹ The text has been taken from A.P. 8060, which was evidently copied on to the roll.

Deuerwyk par treis peire des lettres, come est bien tesmoigne en les roulles de la chauncellerie, et mestre Robert de Baudok par malice le ad destourbe de la dite meson tanc come il fuist en son temps chancellor, pur quoi il prie pur Dieu qe ceo doun puisse est[re] parfourne en la dite mesoun de seint Leonard ou par aillours si lui plet.

Responsum est sic:—Liberetur ista peticio in cancellaria et videatur si quid inueniatur ibidem de litteris infrascriptis, quo reperto, fiat vltorius iusticia.

[31] *Tauerner*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis Tauerner and other citizens of Bristoll sheweinge to the kinge and his counsell that whereas the earle of Gloucester came before Bristoll with 20,000 men and more and demaunded the same cittie to bee delivered vnto him, which hee (being then maiour) and the other cittizens denied and defended the cittie, whereunto the said earle by the counsell of Hughe Spencer the father and Bartholomewe Badlesmere purchased of the kinge oyer and terminer againste them to bee inquired of att Gloucester contrarye to their liberties of their cittie, and for that they appeared not and the sheriffe retorned falselye non sunt inuenti, theye were outlawed and their lands and goodes seised for the kinge, they praye that yt would please the kinge and his counsell to cause the record and processe to come before them and to comaund the iustices of the kinges bench to reuerse the said outlawrye and to restore them to the common lawe that they maye recouer their lands and goodes,

Responsum est sic:—Habeant breue in cancellaria iusticiariis de banco regis quod procedant in processu coram eisdem iusticiariis super premissis habito, et si error inueniatur in recordo et processu vltlagarie predictae, tunc errorem illum corrigi faciant.

[32] *Bradeburne*.—Ad petitionem Rogeri de Bradeburne fratris et heredis Henrici de Bradeburne supplicantis quod omnia terre et tenementa que fuerunt de hereditate prefati Henrici capta fuissent in manum regis, eo quod idem Henricus in [comitiua]¹ Thome nuper comiti Lancastrie etc.,

Responsum est sic:—Soit ceste petition liuere en la chauncellerie et, le chauncellier se auisse sur la cause de la prise des terres etc., soient restuts etc.

¹ Blank in MS.

[33] *Bohun*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Bohun comitis Hereford et Essex, *that whereas Ed. 2 graunted the castle and lands of Bluet unto his father and his heyres and Hughe Despencer iuniour qui tunc erat prope regem, covetinge the same land and castle, tore the chartre made to his father, hee praieth liverye of the lands and the chartre to bee renewed,*

Responsum est sic :—Liberetur ista peticio in cancellaria et fiat scrutinium super carta predicta et, si inueniatur, innouetur per rotulum.

[34] *Preston*.—*A petition of Adam de Preston clerke for his lands in the kinges hand quia de adherencia comitis Lancastrie, graunted.*

[35] *Burghfield*.—*A like petition Petri de Burghfield :*
Videatur in cancellaria causa capcionis.

[36] *Filloi*.—Ad petitionem Petri Fillol persona ecclesie de Mortley supplicantis quod cum nuper, occasione dissensionis inter regem Anglie patrem regis nunc et regem Francie mote, eo quod idem Petrus captus et prisonatus fuit et deliberacionem habere non potuit¹ quousque concesserit domino regi c. solidos annuatim ad scaccarium suum soluendos, durante dissensione predicta, pro fructibus et obuencionibus ecclesie sue predictae habendis, quod dicta firma adnihiletur et ab ipso non demandetur,

Responsum est sic :—Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod se vterius non intromittant de fructibus ecclesie supradicte et quod predictum Petrum quietum faciant de c. solidis annuis qui ab eo exiguntur de firma ecclesie infrascripte et eius arreragiis.

[37] *Lucy : Multon'*.—Ad petitionem A. de Lucy et Iohannis filii et heredis Thome de Multon' de Egremond petencium quod iusticia eis fiat de secta quam fecerunt in curia domini regis coram iusticiariis de banco suo versus dominum regem patrem regis nunc, quo ad reddicionem eis faciendam de maneriis de Cockermouth', Skipton' et Rodeston' cum pertinenciis tanquam propinquioribus heredibus Aveline de Fortibus tanquam ius et hereditatem suam,

Responsum est sic :—Habeant breue in cancellaria iusticiariis de banco regis coram quibus dictum placitum pendit quod ipsi proce-

, ¹ MS. *fuit*.

dant in placitum illud cum omni festinacione qua poterunt, saluo quod non procedant ad iudicium, rege inde inconsulto.

[38] *Wigorn'*.—Ad petitionem Thome episcopi Wigornensis supplicantis quod cum de diuersis decimis domino regi patri regis nunc concessis ad scaccarium oneretur, quod eedem decime in certis billis quas dictus episcopus habet de garderoba, paratus ad monstrandum, sibi allocentur, et quod solucio ei fiat de residuo per assignacionem eidem episcopo faciendam,

Responsum est sic :—Ostendat billas suas in cancellaria et habeat breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod allocent ei in debitis ab eo exactis ad scaccarium summas contentas in eisdem billis. Et quoad assignacionem sibi faciendam de residuo summe in eisdem billis contente, ponatur ista peticio coram rege.

[39] *Caue*.—Ad petitionem Ricardi de Caue, consimiliter responsum est.

[40] *Sutton'*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Sutton' et Margarete vxoris eius monstrancium quod cum Hugo le Despencer iunior, pro cupiditate quam habuisset de habendo terras dicti Iohannis que fuerunt prefate Margarete, videlicet castrum de Duddley', maneria de Seggesley', Swynford, Rouley', Somery' et Prestwood in comitatu Staffordie, et villam de Duddley in comitatu Wigornie, et manerium de Bradfield in comitatu Berk' cum pertinenciis, et aliter ad easdem terras euenire non potuisset, capi fecit ipsum Iohannem et ipsum imprisonauit apud Westmonasterium et ei imposuit quod adherens fuit Thome comiti Lancastrie quousque dicto Hugoni de eisdem terris cartas suas fecerit. et postmodum dictum Iohannem coram Galfrido le Scrope pro quadam recognicione facienda et fine de eisdem terris leuando duxisset. Et idem Galfridus vllam recognicionem ab eo recepi noluit, pro eo quod ipsum Iohannem ad modum prisonis in custodia vidit, propter quod dictus Hugo Rogerum Beler et Willelmum Aylmer prefate Margarete misisset pro assensu suo habendo ad finem predictum leuandum. Et ipsa eorum aduentum percipiens ipsam elongasset ob timorem exheredacionis sue, ita quod ibidem non inuenibatur et ita in occultis morata fuisset vsque aduentum domini regis nunc et regine a partibus transmarinis, vnde dicti Iohannes et Margareta petunt per de¹ domini

¹ Blank in MS.

quod possint rehabere terras predictas que sunt in manu regis et que eis iniuste detinentur, vna cum exitibus earundem perceptis post mortem dicti Hugonis.

Responsum est sic :—Assignentur certi iusticiarii in cancellaria ad inquirendum in presencia custodis terrarum predictarum, si interesse voluerit, si dictus Iohannes imprisonatus fuit tempore confeccionis carte de terris predictis et eandem cartam per duriciam prisone fecit, et similiter de liberacione seisine earundem terrarum et omnibus aliis circumstanciis eandem materiam tangentibus, et informetur rex de eo quod per easdem inquisitiones inuentum fuerit, ita quod dicat voluntatem suam.

[41] *Westmerland'*.—Ad petitionem hominum Westmerland, monstrancium quod cum, tempore regis Edwardi filii regis Henrici et toto tempore ante, omnes terrarum tenentes exonerati fuerunt de putura balliuorum regis nisi hoc ex voluntate sua facere voluerunt, vicecomes nihilominus et balliui eiusdem comitatus omnes bouatas terre infra dictum comitatum de putura balliuorum onerarunt ad maximum onus omnium hominum comitatus predicti, qui per inimicos Scoticos pluries sunt destructi¹ ad maximam depauperationem eorundem hominum, licet ad maius dispendium per ministros regis non ponantur, vnde petunt a domino rege et consilio suo quod veritas inde inquiratur et iusticia eis fiat super veredicto eiusdem inquisitionis,

Responsum est sic : Habeant breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario et mandetur eisdem quod ipsi faciant iusticiam super contentis in ista petitione.

[42] *Seldbye*.—Ad petitionem abbatis de Seldbye supplicantis quod cum idem abbas ante hec tempora secutus fuisset petitionem coram rege exhibitam, eo quod predecessor dicti abbatis disseisitus fuit de quibusdam moris et vastis in Inclemore etc. per Henricum de Lacye quondam comitem Lincolnie, que quidem mora, vastum et redditus post mortem Thome comitis Lancastrie, inter alias terras et tenementa que fuerunt eiusdem comitis, in manum regis capta fuerunt, et idem dominus rex volens iusticiam fieri eidem abbati assignasset Willelmum Herle et Iohannem de Denam ad inquirendum veritatem super premissis in presencia Thome de Eiuill' tunc custodis castri de Pontefracto, qui inquisitionem inde

¹ MS. *destructi*.

solempniter ceperunt, per quam ius suum affirmauerunt et, eadem inquisitione in cancellaria returnata, idem abbas sepius secutus est pro deliberacione super eadem inquisitione habenda, ad quam deliberacionem adhuc euenire non potuit, vnde petit idem abbas quod iusticia ei fiat.

Que quidem petitio primo indorsata fuit sic :—Veniat inquisicio coram consilio.

Postea eadem inquisicio visa et examinata fuit in pleno parlamento, et responsum est dicte petitioni sic :—Habeat restitutionem de mora, vasto et redditu contentis in inquisitione, saluo iure regis et aliorum quorumcumque.¹

[43] *Sampson*.—Ad petitionem Hugonis Sampson monstrantis quod idem Hugo nauem suam vocatam La Portepays de cxi. doliis vini apud Burdegaliā carcasset² ad transfretandum versus partes Anglie vel Hibernie ad comodum suum inde faciendum, et cum eadem nauis taliter carcata versus Angliam transisset, venerunt quatuor naues de potestate regis Francie cum magna multitudine armatorum in mari iuxta Normanniam in quodam loco qui vocatur La Trade sancti Mathei, et dictam nauem ibidem felonice insultarunt et omnes homines in eadem nauī inuentos occiderunt, et eandem nauem ceperunt cum omnibus vinis et aliis bonis, et mercandis infra eandem nauem existentibus secum abduxerunt ad valenciam d. librarum et ad dampnum et depauperacionem dicti Hugonis ccc. librarum, vnde petit remedium,

Responsum est sic :—Soit ceste petition liueree en chauncellerie et eit illeques brief, et droit soit fait selonc ley vsee en cas dareste.

[44] *Masse*.—Ad petitionem magistri Fransisci de Massa sancti Petri fisciciē apud Londonias comorantis, monstrantis quod cum iam tribus annis elapsis et amplius Baukinus Bruneleske mercator de Florencia maximas quantitates lanarum in nauibus carcasset versus partes suas ducendas, infra quas dictus Fransiscus decem saccos lane de lana sua propria habuisset, ac per quamdam distanciam inter dictum Baukinum et mercatores de societate Sclarum iidem mercatores de societate Sclarum tam lanas predicti Francisci quam lanas eiusdem Baukini apud Legemorte in potestate regis

¹ A note follows :—"Diuers petitions of this nature, vide rotulum 6 in dorso."

² MS. reads *cartasset* and similarly elsewhere.

Francie attachiari, arrestari et vendi fecissent, vbi dictus Franciscus eidem societati nunquam in aliquo tenebatur, vnde petit remedium,

Responsum est sic :—Liberetur ista petitio in cancellaria et ibidem vocentur mercatores de societate predicta et auditis hinc inde rationibus, fiat iusticia secundum legem in tali casu vsitam.

A.P. 14653.¹

A nostre seigneur le roi et a soun consoil moustre Fraunceys de Masse seint Piere fisicien demorant a Loundres qe come passe sount treis auns et plus Baukyn Brunelesk marchant de Florence chargea en nefs grant quantite de leynes pur amener en son pays, entre les queles laynes le dit Fraunceys auoit x. saks de ses leynes propres Et pur alcun debat et destauce qe fu par entre le dit Baukyn et les marchauntz de la compaignie de Scale, les ditz marchauntz de Scale fesoient bref a atacher a Legemorte dedeinz le poer de Fraunce auxi bien les leynes le dit Fraunceys come les leynes du dit Baukyn et vendre, par la ou le dit Fraunceys onques ne fu de riens tenuz a la dite compaignie. Entour les queles leynes reauoir le dit Fraunceis depuis encea ad mys grauntz custages et despens sanz riens recouerrir ou auer des dites leynes. Les queles leynes ensemblement oue les despens, damages, custages et mises faites par le dit Fraunceys iekes encea amontent entour ccc. marcs, dont le dit Fraunceys prie pur Dieu a vostre roialte qe remedie couenable li soit fait sur les choses desusdites.

[Dorse]. Soit ceste petition luere en la chauncellerie et soient appelez illoques les marchauntz de la compaignie de Scales et ois lour raisons dune part et dautre, soit fait droit selonc la ley vsee en tiele caas.

Irr[otulatur] ²

[45] *Quinque Portus*.—Ad petitionem baronum Quinque Portuum monstrancium quod cum onerati sint de inueniendo domino regi, quotiescumque dictus rex eos et alios barones regni sui ad eundum cum ipso in guerram suam summonire voluerit, lvij. naues, qui quidem barones pro predicto seruicio habent per cartam regis libertatem in hec verba "considerantes quod nauigium nostrum Quinque Portuum non absque magnis sumptibus et expensis poterit sustentari, et ne nauigium illud deficiat vel pereat in futurum concessimus pro nobis et heredibus nostris quod omnes illi de Quinque Portubus predictis, et alii quicumque aduocantes se de libertate earumdem et inde gaudere volentes, contribuant, videlicet quilibet eorum iuxta facultates suas ad faciendum seruicium nostrum et heredum nostrorum cum a nobis et heredibus nostris hec habuerunt

¹ A.P. 10244 is a duplicate.

² The dorse bears also the inscription "Domino Thome de Sugd[on] per Willelmum de Broklesby", and the impression of an oval seal. Broklesby was a remembrancer of the exchequer.

in mandatis", et supplicancium a domino rege et consilio suo pro saluacione dicti nauigii et regni quod velit dictam cartam confirmare et dicta verba "iuxta facultates suas" vltcrius declarare et expressius ordinare, ita quod illa verba "iuxta facultates suas" intelliguntur tam facultates extra eandem libertatem quam infra existentes,

Responsum est sic :—Videtur consilio quod omnes illi qui volunt cooperiri vel beneficium seu acquietanciam habere per dictam cartam de libertatibus contribuere debent de omnibus bonis suis vbicumque inuenta fuerint, siue infra libertatem siue extra, pro predictis nauigio et seruicio manutenendis, et quod habeant confirmacionem carte sue cum declaracione antedicta si placeat domino regi.

[46] *Moubraye : Midhurst.*—Ad petitionem Alicie, que fuit vxor Iohannis de Mountbraye filii et vnus heredum Willelmi de Brewes, et Iohannis de Bohun de Midhurst, consanguinei et alterius heredum eiusdem Willelmi, monstrancium quod cum Hugo le Despencer senior, postquam rediit in Angliam post exilium eiusdem Hugonis, idem Hugo, contra quem dictus Willelmus conqueri non audebat, manerium de Wicham¹ in comitatu Cancie quod fuit eiusdem Willelmi, per dominium et potestatem suam intrasset sine aliquo eidem Willelmo inde soluendo siue faciendo, nisi tantum quod promisit eidem Willelmo deliberacionem dicte Alicie et Iohannis de Mountbraye filii sui, qui in priona in Turri Londoniarum [per]² predictum Hugonem detinebantur pro cupiditate quam habuit de dicto manerio et aliis habendis, et de eo fecit dictus Hugo eundem Willelmum, apud manerium de Keniton' in camera ipsius Hugonis, facere eidem Hugoni quandam recognicionem de dicto manerio de Wicham, qui quidem Willelmus tunc temporis paraliticus et non bene memorie extitit, vnde petunt predicta Alicia et Iohannes de Bohun a domino rege et consilio suo quod voluit auisamentum habere de recognicione predicta tam prope curiam facta, eo quod dictus Hugo intellexit quod predicta finis in curia non esset acceptanda,

Responsum est sic :—Habeant breue in cancellaria thesaurario et camerariis de scaccario de venire faciendo coram consilio transcriptum pedis finis predicti sub sigillo dicti scaccarii. Et quia continetur in ista petitione quod dicta recognicio capta fuit per Iohannem de Bousser extra curiam quousque Willelmus extitit [in]³

¹ MS. reads *Witham* and similarly below.

² MS. omits.

³ MS. omits.

prisona, mandetur per breue de cancellaria Petro de Ludington' custodi breuium regis in communi banco quod habeat indilate coram consilio breue per quod dictus Iohannes cepit recognicionem predictam.

A.P. 7805

A nostre seigneur le reye a son conseil moustrent Alyne, qi fut la femme Iohan de Mountbray fille et vne des heirs [Willam] de Brewes, et Iohan de Bohoun de Midhurst, cosyn e altre heyr meme celi Willam, qe cum Hugh le Despensir [le piere] pus son reuenir apres le exil acrocha aly del dit Willam de Brewes, par son grant power e segnerye a qi il ne [poet] countredire, le maner de Wychem en le countee de Kent sauns riens doner ou fere aly pur le dit maner, [forsqe] il ly premist la deliuerance de dite Aline sa fille e de Iohan de Mountbray son fitz, les quex esteient detenus [en prison] en la Tour par le dit Hugh par coueytise de dit maner e des autres auer. E de coe fit le dit Hugh par force le dit Willam de Brewes a Kenyton, a maner le dit Hugh en sa chaumbre, devant sire Iohan de Boussir e altres qi esteyent compassours [de] se mauais purchas, fere aly vn reconsaunce de dit maner de Wychem, le quel Willam adonqe esteyt palatyn¹ e o[uste] de bone memorie. De qe les auantdits Aline e Iohan de Bohoun prient a nostre seigneur le reye a son conseil qe eus veillent auer auisement de la reconsaunce issint fete si pres de la comune place, purceo il sauient qe en la dite place ne vst pas este accepte a fyn leueir, de qe eus prient grace e remedie.

Bohoun. [Dorse]. Eit bref en la chauncellerie as tresorier e chaumberlayns del eschequier de faire venir deuant le conseil le transescript del pee de la fyn dedeynz escript desouz le seal del eschequier. Et pur ceo qe contenu est en ceste peticion qe la dite reconsaunce estoit prise par monsire Iohan de Bousser hors de court tantque le dit William feust en prison, soit mande par bref de la chauncellerie a Piers de Ludyngton gardeyn des briefs le roi en commun baunk qil eit sanz delai deuant le conseil le bref par quel lauandit Iohan prist la reconsaunce auantdite.

[47] *Meisye.*—*John de Meysye complains that Hughe Despencer the Elder per regulam domini sui tooke from him the said John his mannour of Morton' Meysye because it was adioyninge to the said Hugh his mannour of FASTERNE.*

Responsum est sic :—Assignentur certe persone in cancellaria ad inquirendum etc.²

[48] *London'.*—Ad petitionem maioris et communitatis Londoniarum in hec verba : Au bon council nostre seigneur le roy requerent les soens liges maiour et communalte de la cite de Londres qe, de

¹ Sic MS.

² A note follows :—There are many petitions of this nature for wronges donne by Hughe Spencer father and sonne.

lour bon auisement, pleise a eux lestat de nostre seigneur le roy ieufne en age ordeiner en manere quil puisse viure en honor come sa roialtie et sa graunt noblez demaudent, et de soen ; et qe le droit de la corone de auncien et de nouel a luy soit sauue et maintenu tanquil veigne en age et conisance eit de son droit et son honor et du serement a la coroune fait, et son tresor sauueement garde en reson al honor de Dieu et de luy, a maintenance de son roialme ; et qe mestre ne luy soit sur son people du roialme, qi mout outraiousement ont esteez grieuez deuant ces houres, desore en auant issint charger, de sicome la communalte de roialme ben entent qe mestre ne serra mye de trop de charge dentirer,¹ par issint qe bon cunciel il soit et son estat meyntheyne et en ytieu manere qe son people sen purra aperceiuer qe sa seigneurie et son royal gouvernement, comence par lenprise des nobles seigneurs du roialme, tourne a common profit du roialme et saluacion de la coroune et en relieuement del estat et le honor abessee—

Responsum est sic : Il semble au conseil qe il est bon affaire.

[49] *Wigton.*—Ad petitionem Gilberti de Wigton nuper clerici magne garderobe Edwardi patris regis nunc, *shewinge that hee made manye payements and liueryes by the kinges comandement, ore tenus without letters of warrant, the parcells whereof were enrolled and examined by certeine comissioners, viz. Roger Beler, Richard Ayremyne and others, and shewen to the kinge whoe acknowledged his comaundments for suche deliuary and payements, yet throughe the yll will of Hughe Spencer the younger and the procurement of Roberte Baldock hee could not have the kinges lettres of allowance, wherefore hee prayed a writt to Roger Waliham then keeper of the wardrobe to allowe the same vnto him in his accompte dependinge before the said Roger,*

Responsum est sic :—*Lett the said sir Richard Ayremyne etc. bee examined vppon the contents of this petition and if theye or anye twoe of them will testefie that the said parcells were shewen to the kinge and that hee acknowledged them, then lett him have the wrytt prout etc.,* a qi soit enuoie la roulle tache a la dit peticioun.

Puis le xxiv. iour de Feuerer vient William euesque Norwiz et liuera deuant le cunciel le copie del roulle tache a la dit petition et tesmoigne qe les auantditz Richard etc. fuerent iurez et examinez en la chambre le roy sur les parcells contenues en mesme le copie, et disoient qe le roy Edward le pier graunta et conust etc.

¹ MS. *dentier*.

[50] *Badlesmere*.—Ad petitionem Margarete que fuit vxor Bartholomei de Badelesmere supplicantis quod ipsa, cum bona voluntate domini regis et domine regine, intrare ac habere possit castrum suum de Leedes cum pertinenciis, vt rationabile perquisitum suum cum predicto Bartholomeo quondam viro suo in excambium pro manerio de Aderle, et si non placeat regi et regine quod ipsa habeat dictum castrum de Leedes, quod ordinare voluerint saluam securitatem pro eo quod possit rehabere dictum manerium de Aderle cum pertinenciis tanquam illud quod datum fuit in excambium pro suo tempore.

Responsum est sic :—Videtur consilio quod ipsa debet habere vnum vel aliud. Et quia dictum castrum de Leedes est in manu regine, loquendum est inde domine regine.

Postea xxvij. die Februarii Willelmus de Clinton' miles nunciauit quod voluntas regine est quod dicta Margareta habeat dictum manerium de Aderle. Et ideo liberetur ista peticio in cancellaria et habeat cartam suam.

[51] *Okeham*.—A nostre seigneur le roy et son councel moustre Iohan de Okeham : *whereas hee, beeing clarke to sir Inglarde de Warle gardian of the kinges warderobe annis v., vj. et vij^{mo} receaued diuers sommes of mony (10 names of whome) wherewith the said sir Inglard is dulye charged, and yett the same are demaunded of him alsoe, hee praiethe a writt out of the chauncery to the thesorer and barrons of the exchequer to bee therof discharged.*

Answered thus :—Lett this petition bee delivered to sir Walter de Norwich of the exchequer that hee maye informe the counsell thereof.

Afterwards this petition was retourned and vppon advise with them of the exchequer agreed to be iuste, and therefore lett him have a writt accordeinge as is desired.

[52] Thomas de Helbek	Isabella	nupta Ricardo de
	vna heredum	Blenkinshope
	altera filia	nupta
		Swinborne
		Thomas de Swinborne
		alter heredum

Swindborne.—Thomas de Swyndburne et Richardus de Blinkenshope et Isabella vxor eius petunt remedium de manerio de Eskelby et medietate manerii [de Holm] ¹ in comitatu Eboraci vnde Andreas

¹ MS. omits.

de Arcla in maxima potestate sua ipsum Thomam de Helbeck disseisiuit, que per forisfacturam sunt in manu regis.

Responsum est sic :—Assignentur certe persone in cancellaria ad inquirendum etc.

AP. 7825.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail moustrent Thomas de Swynebourne, Richard de Blenkinshope et Isabelle sa feme qe, come Thomas de Helbek, ael le dit Thomas de Swynebourne et piere lauandite Isabelle q1 heirs il sount, tynt le manoir de Eskelby et la moyte du manoir de Holm en le counte Deuerwyk, la vynt sire Andreu de Harkela en sa grant seigneurie et atort et saunz iugement disseisi meisme celuy Thomas de Helbek x semaignes auant la forfeiture le dit sire Andreu, et par my cele forfeiture les ditz teneementz vindrent en la meyn nostre seigneur le roi et vnqore sont, dont le dit Thomas, Richard et Isabelle prient grace et remedie.

[*Dorse*]. Soient certeynes gentz assignez en chauncellerie denquere, en la presence del gardeyn des manoirs auant ditz, la verite des choses contenues en ceste peticion et de totes autres circonstances necessaires touchantes cele bosoigne, et lenqueste retourne en la chauncellerie soit moustre au roi. Et soit auxint serche fait entre les remembraunces q1 furent a sire Andreu de Harcla si rien soit troeue par quoi les ditz Thomas, Richard et Isabelle puissent estre barrez.

[53] *Multon*.—*Elleanor late the wife of Thomas of Multon of Egermond shewethe that shee was endowed of the advouson of the church of Natlagh in Ireland, anno 16 Edward 2, the which became voide by the resignement of J.G., the incumbent, anno 17 Edward 2; and R.H., thervnto presented by the chauncellour of Ireland at the procurement quorundam et surrepcionem curie and secretlye inducted. She presented her clerke soe soone as shee knewe of the avoydance and within the tyme lymited, and therevpon sued to the kinge and a writt to the bishopp sicut alias et sicut pluries. Yett the said bishopp iusticiam facere prefate Aelienore, secundum formam brevis predicti quod per billam proscutam in parlamento Anglie concessum erat, hucusque non curavit, for which shee praiethe remedie.*

Answered :—Mittatur ista peticio iusticiario Hibernie per breue de cancellaria et mandetur eidem per illud breue quod continuare faciat processum incoatum, ita quod iusticia fiat prefate Aelienore.

[54] *Lacer*.—Ad petitionem Galfridi de Lacer ciuis et mercatoris Londoniarum supplicantis quod cum idem Galfridus, tempore domini Edwardi nuper regis Anglie patris regis nunc, in partibus Bononie in Lombardia de mercandis suis ad valenciam MD. librarum

bononiensium, que sunt in sterlingis cxxv. libre, depredatus fuisset, et super hoc pro recuperacione inde habenda longo tempore secutus fuisset, ac maior et communitas ciuitatis predictæ, de perdicionem illa informati, dicto patri regis nunc supplicassent quod competens remedium pro dicto Galfrido in hac parte ordinaret, et licet dictus pater regis nunc illis de partibus predictis, qui de transgressionem predicta remedium ordinare debuissent, per litteras suas mandasset, nunquam restitutionem de dampnis que in perdicionem predicta recepit habere non potuit nisi cc. libras de Bononia tantum, quod placeat domino regi et concilio suo competens remedium pro ipso in hac parte ordinare, desicut per diuersas evidencias monstrare poterit suggestionem suam veritatem continere,

Responsum est sic :—Liberetur ista peticio in cancellaria et ibidem videantur ea que dictus Galfridus dicit se habere depredacionem rerum predictarum testificancia et quod iusticia ei non fiebat in prosecucionem sua pro recuperacionem dampnorum suorum in hac parte habenda. Et super hoc ordinetur ei festinum remedium in cancellaria secundum legem in tali casu vsitam.

A.P. 14719.

A nostre seigneur le roi et son conseil prie son marchant Geoffrey le Lacer cytesen de Londres qe come il en temps le roi Edward p[ere] le roi qore est feust derobbe es parties de Bononyne en Lombardie de ses marchaundises a la value de mille et cink centz liures de Bononyne, q1 amountent en esterlyngz a cent vynt et cynk liures, [et sur ceo il] auoit suy pur auoir recouerrir de cel pert, et le mayre et la comunalte de la cite de Loundres de cel pert enfourmez.¹ prierent al dit roi Edward vostre pierre qil [voille] ordeyner remede couenable pur le dit marchaunt de quele² vostre dit pierre manda ses lettres a ceux de celes parties q1 deyuient remede ordiner sur trespas, q1 nule restitution ne poet auer des damages qil auoit resceu en cele part forsque deux centz liures de Bononyne³ par quoi prie le dit Geoffrey qil⁴ despenses qil ad fait en la dite suyte, qe il vuillient ordeyner et commander qe arest se face des soutz [escrites genz quancon]ques vendront en ceste terre oue lour biens et chateux, taunqe le dit Geoffrey ent soit serui de ce q1 lui est deus des dites cxxv. liures esterlings ouesqe ses damages et ses despenses qil ad mys entour la suyte auant dite, ou qe il lour [vuillient] altre remede couenable ordeyner en cel caas et dont le dit Geoffrey ad euidance qil est failli de droit al fait [come il est] prest a mustrer

[Dorse]. Soit ceste peticion luere en chauncellerie et illoeqes soient vewes les lettres qe le dit Geoffrey le Lacer se dit auer tesmoignantes la roberie des choses deynzescrites et qe lui soit failli dauoir droit en sa poursuite pur

¹ One or two words illegible.

² About ten words illegible.

³ A word illegible.

⁴ Three or four words illegible.

recouerir de ses damages de sa part et sur ce lui soit ordeyne hastiue remedie en chauncellerie selonc la lei vse en tiel caas.

[55] *Micol*.¹—Ad petitionem Arnoldi Michol mercatoris: *hee was servante to the earle of Lancastre taken at Ponte de Burgh, imprisoned at Yorke and fyned att five² markes, for which hee and divers suerties were bounden by recognisaunce. Hee desired to bee restored to that which hee had paied in the exchequer and which was not answered to the kinge and hee and his suerties to bee discharged of the reste.*

Answered :—*Eat in cancellaria, et si inueniatur quod sit de querela infrascripti comitis habeat breue thesaurario et baronibus etc. pro eo quod retro est.*

The said Arnold Michol exhibited another petition reciteinge the former and the answer and shewed further that the earle of Lancastre (that nowe is) did by his lettres testefie vnto the chauncellour that hee, the said Arnold, was merchante and servante to the said earle his brother, and that yett hee could haue noe other wrytt then onlye to enquire vppon what occasion the said recognisaunce was made which the said earle dothe testifie, wherfore hee praied againe a writt to the barrons of the exchequer to bee discharged etc.

Responsum est sic :—*For that it is testefied by the said earle and other lords that the said Arnold was taken at Ponte Burgh and imprisoned in the quarell of the late earle of Lancastre, Habeat breue in cancellaria thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario that, yf theye canne bee informed that the said recognisance was made for his deliuerance out of prison onlye and for noe other cause that then theye doe discharge him and his suerties of what is behinde.*

A.P. 12909.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustre Arnald Micol marchaunt, et nadgaires vallet al noble seigneur Thomas iadys counte de Lancastre, qe come il [siwy]st peticion au dit nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil en ceo parlement contenant qil estoit pris en la compaignie le dit counte et en sa querele a Pount de Burgh et detenu a Euerwyk en prison tanque il fist fyn de d. marcs a nostre seigneur le roi pur sa deliuerance hors de la dite prisone, et pur queles d. marcs puruer meisme celui Arnald, sire Robert Hastang, sire William de Deen, sire Ahsaundre de Bergh, Peires de Morers, Iohan de Warton, et Robert de Melton feseient vne reconissance a nostre dit seigneur le roi al eschequier. Par qoi le dit Arnald pria, pur lui et le dit Robert Hastang et les autres [reco]nissours, qe come il [feust] vn de la querele quele le dit counte adonques emprist et pur sa deliuerance de prisone la dite reconissance

¹ MS. reads erroneously "Nicol".

² Supply "hundred".

fait, qe lui [et le] auantditz sire Robert de Hastang et les autres reconissours feussent faitz quitz de ce q1 feust arere de la dite fyn et qe restitution de ce q1 est leue feust faite a eux dount le roi nestoit serui. A la quele feust respondu : Eat in cancellaria et si inueniatur quod sit de querela infrascripti comitis habeat breue thesaurario et baronibus de scaccario quod ipsi eundem Arnaldum et alios infrascriptos quietos esse faciant de eo quod aretro est de d. marcis infrascriptis Sur qoi le noble seigneur counte de Lancastre qore est tesmoigna par ses lettres al honorable piere leuesqe Dely, chaunceller nostre seigneur le roi, qe le dit Arnald feust le marchaunt et du meynnage le susdit counte son frere, et noun pas¹ cele tesmoignance ne peut le dit Arnald pur lui ne pur les susditz reconissours auer autre brief forsqe denquere si la reconissance feut faite par tiele encheson. Par qoi le dit Arnald prie pur lui et ses reconissours qe come tesmoigne est par le noble seigneur le dit counte qore est qil feut de meynage et de la quele le susdit counte q1 mort est, come suz est dit, en la prisone de Euerwyk detenu tant qil feut deliuers par la susdite reconissance faite, qe comander voillez al susdit chaunceller dereschief qil mande brief fesant mencion de cele tesmoignance as susditz tresorier et barons de leschequier qe la dite reconissance soit reitrete et de tut anient et de ce qest leue dont le roi est respondu a eux soit rebaille, come deuant est dit.

[Dorse]. Por ce qe tesmoigne est par le counte de Lancastre et autres nobles qe le dit Arnald estoit pris au Pount de Burgh en la quele Thomas iadys counte de Lancastre et par cele encheson emprisonne, eit bref en chauncellerie as tresorer et barons del eschequier qe sils pussent estre enformez qe la reconissance deynzescrite feust faite pur la deliuerance le dit Arnald hors de prisone et ne mye par autre cause, qe adonques facent descharger et acquter le dit Arnald et les autres deynzescritz de ce q1 est arere de les d. marcs auantdites

Irr[otulatur].

[56] *Ebor.*—A nostre seigneur le roy et a son counciel prie le abbe de Euerwick *that wheras hee is accomptant to the exchequer for diuers dismes of his clergie graunted to the kinge, that, in regard of the great distruccions made by the Scotts, the same maye bee stalled at a 100 markes per annum.*

Answered. :—Il semble al counseil, eant regard as destruccions qe labbe ad eu, il faut graunter a lui couenable estallement, sil please au roy.

Assensu est par le graunt counseil qil ait estallement de la det a paier c. liures per annum.

[57] *Lincolne.*—*The petition of Henrye bishop of Lincolne to the kinge and his counseil, sheweinge that the kinge Edwarde 2 without cause and by the abbetment and procurement of Hugh Despencer the sonne and Roberte Baldocke and others seised on the temporaltyes of*

¹ Sic.

the said bishop to the value of 3,000 li. and receaued the rents therof and committed greate wastes, whereof hee praieth remedie.

Responsum est sic :—Soit le counseil certifie par la chauncellerie et par leschequer si rien soit troue qi touche la cause de la prise des dits temporautes par le transcript dun brief de la chauncellerie et illoeqes enroule qi est tache a ceste petition.

Il semble al counseil qe la cause par quel les temporautes furent prises en la mayn le roy est nul et la prise torciousse.

[58] *Cantebrugge*.—A nostre dame la royne prient ses burgeys de Cantebr[ugge] qe come le chauncellier et la vniuersite de Cantebr[ugge] eient par pointe de charte qe si laye trespas au clerk maintenant soit pris et imprisone tanque il fait resonable amende au clerk, et si clerk trespas au ley soit le clerk pris et imprisone tanque il soit demande par le chauncellier, sauues gree soit au ley, et ceo nestuyt owele ley einz est opertement countre ley, de quoy ils prient remedie.

Responsum est sic : Soit cest petition mande par brief de la chauncellerie a sire Geffrai Lescrope et ses compagnions iustices du bank nostre seigneur le roy, et soit mande qe, appelle deuaunt eux le chauncellier oue la chartre et oye ses raisons, facent outre droit as burgeys.

[59] *Corbet*.—*To our soueraigne lord the king and his counsell shewen John Corbet, brother and heir of Pierce Corbet, and Henrye, sonne and heyre of Henry de la Pomeray, that whereas Peirce Corbett brother of the said John and Henrye (whose heyres they are) in the tyme of Edward 1 did sue by petition in parliament and demanded the castle of Tremington and the townes of Esse, Sutton etc. as their righte and reuertion, by reason that Roger de Vauter their cosen (whose heire theye are) gave the same castle and lands to Richard kinge of Almeigne, earle of Cornewell, and to the heires of his boddye begotten, the remainder to the said Roger and his heyres. And the king Edward 1 comanded by his wrytt to Roger de Brabason and his fellowe iustices that theye should doe righte to the said Peirce and Henrye : and theye sued before the said Roger a longe tyme as maye appeare by the record tanque al fin de plee. And when judgement ought to haue beene giuen for them, the said Henrye dyed, his heire beeing within age and in warde to the kinge. And the said Pierce could not have judgement during that nonage. And afterwards in the tyme of Edward 2 the said Pierce and Henrye the sonne of the said Henrye, beeing of full*

age, exhibited theire byll in parliament for theire right, and therevpon the kinge by his wrytt to Roger Brabazon and his compannions comaunded them to bringe in the record and processe of the tyme of Edward 1 and therevppon theye should haue righte, the which writt was retourned by the justices. And when the kings seriant and attorney vrunt regardee le record et le proces et la chartre enrolle et les enquestes retournes en chauncellerie, eux diseient ceux ne sauerent rien dire pur le roy mes qe nostre seigneur le roy sur ceo deit sa volunte. And afterwards in the parliament at Yorke anno 12 Edward 2 par agarde de tout le conseil agarde feut that the justices of the kings bench should bringe before them the record and processe, the which record and processe was openlye read and nothings found for the kinge whye the kinge should not deliuer them theire heritage, and yt had beene deliuered par agard de tout le conseil but that Mr. Henrye de Spigurnell said that the queene is to bee warned yf shee knewe what was to saie to the contrary. And after this, att the last parliament at Westminster the queene brought her counsell whoe demanded the record and the processe of the whole tyme, which beeinge graunted and the record and processe viewed, theye could not saye anyethinge whye the said heritage should not bee deliuered to the said Pierce and Henrye. Yet was theyre righte att that tyme pecherousement delaye. And the queene did then by her counsell offer them either monye or other lands, and the said Pierce and Henrye did contynewe theire suite from parliament to parliament for theire said heritage to theire greate costs, wherefore the said John and Henrye (the nowe petitioners) praye for Gods sake nowe to haue remedie and that righte bee donne vnto them etc.

Responsum est sic :—Soit ceste petition mande par brief du graund seal a sire Geoffrey Lescrope iustice du bank nostre seigneur le roy, et soit mande a luy par mesme le brief qil face regarder tout le proces dont mencion est fait en cest petition et, appellees eux qi sont appeller, aille auant al final discussion de la dite bosoigne, sauue qil ne eyle mye au iugement saunz auiser le roy.

A.P. 875A.¹

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail moustrent Iohan Corbet, frere et heir Peires Corbet, et Henri de la Pomerai, fuitz et heir Henri de la Pomeray, qe come Peires Corbet frere le dit Iohan et Henri peire Henri, qui heirs eux sunt, en temps nostre seigneur le roi Edward qe Deux assoille piere le roi

¹ Although the endorsement does not correspond with the enrolment, it seems evident that the petition was in terms identical with this.

Edward qe ore est, siwerunt par petition en parlement et demanderunt le chastel de Tremyngton et les villes de Esse, Souttone, Tamertone, Makerton, Kalstoke, oue les feuz auowesons appurtenauntz au dit chastel, com lur dreit et lur reuersion, pur la reson qe Roger de Vautort lur cosyn, qui heirs eux sunt, dona mesme le chastel et les maners oue les appurtenances a Richard roi de Alemaigne, conte de Cornwaille, et a ses heirs de son corps engendretz. Et sil morust saunz heir de son corps engendretz ou heir de luy saunz heir de son corps, qe mesme le chastel et les maners oue les appurtenances retournassent au dit Roger et a ses heirs. Et siwerunt le dit Pieres et Henri par petition en parlement, et nostre seigneur le roi comanda par son bref a sire Roger de Brabazon et a ses compaignons qe il feissent dreit au dit Pieres et Henri. Et eux siwerunt deuant le dit monsire Roger et ses compaignons long temps com il pert par le record del temps nostre seigneur le roi qe mort est, taunqe au fyn du plai. Et com le iugement dust auoir este rendue par eux, si morust le dit Henri et son fuiz de deynz age en la garde le roi. Et Pires ne poet en cel temps estre respondu saunz luy, et demorra la bosogne taunqe a son age. Et ore en temps nostre seigneur le roi qe ore est siwerunt le dit Pieres et Henri fuiz et heir le dit Henri de pleyn age et boterunt bille en parlement et prierunt a nostre seigneur le roi qe dreit lur fait de ceo. Et sur ceo nostre seigneur le roi comanda bref a sire Roger Brabason et a ses compaignons de fere venir le record et le proces deuant eux del temps son pere et sur ceo qe eux lur feissent dreit. Et adonques qe les iustices feissent venir deuant eux la bille enclose de deynt le bref¹ [ser]iant le roi et Iohan de Cestre, qe siwyst adonques pur le roi, de ver le record et le proces et de saueir si sussent ryen dire pur le roi pur quei nostre seigneur le roi ne deueit rendre lur heritage, issint com le record et proces et la chartre en roule en le record et la fyen leuee en eyre et les enquestes retournes en chauncellerie testmoygnunt, et ryen de contrarie de lur dreit nest trone pur le roi. Et quant eux vrrunt regarde le record et le proces et la chartre en roule et la fyen leuee et les enquestes retournes, [ils] disoient qe eux ne sauerunt rien dire pur le roi, mes qe nostre seigneur le roi sur ceo deit sa volunte. Et a vostre proscheyn parlement a Euerwyk par agarde tut le consail agarde fust qe les iustices del bank nostre seigneur le roi feissent veneir le record et le proces deuant eux, le quel record et proces fust lew deuant tout le consail et rien ne fust troue pur le roi par quei nostre seigneur le roi ne dust auoir rendue lur heritage. Et ust rendue par agard de tout le consail si sire Henri le Espigurnel nust dit qe bons soit garnyr la reyne si ele sust ryen dire par quei le roi ne dust rendre lur heritage. Et apres ceo a ceo dareyn parlement a Westmouster nostre dame la reyne maunda a son consail deuant le consail nostre seigneur le roi de oier et de ueer lur demaunde et le record et le proces de tut le temps. Et quant eux vrrunt oy la demaunde et vew le record et le proces eux ne sauent ryen dire par quei nostre seigneur le roi ne dust rendre lur heritage. Et si fust lur dreit a cele foitz pescherousement delaye. Et la dite reyne demanda par son consail si il voleynt prendre deniers ou terre aillours. Et le dit Pieres et Henri ount siwy de parlement en parlement dauer lur heritage a graunt coustage de eux. Par quei le dit Iohan et Henri prient ore pur Deu remede et qe dreit lur seit fait. Et qe eux neyent mes² despendre lur de lur

¹ A name is illegible.² One or two words illegible.

heritage auer. Et qe nostre seigneur le roi et son conseil veillent auer regard de ceo qe eux dussent de droit auer.

Coram rege

[60] *Winton'*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son counciel prie leuesqe de Wincestre remedye de ceo : *whereas the churches of Eastmuner and of Hameldun are annexed vnto his bishopprick as thinges spirituall and whereof the gardeyns of the spiritualtie in the tyme of the avoydance of the said bishopprick ought to meddle only as vse is of other bishopprickes ; that Roberte de Welle and his companions latelye gardeynes of the bishopprick haue lewyed the proffitts of the said churches and accompted for them to the kinge amongst the proffitts of the temporalety to the value of 400 markes, wherefore he praiethe restitution.*

Responsum est sic :—Videtur consilio quod occupacio de fructibus huiusmodi ecclesiarum est iniuriosa propter possessionem habitam in hac parte. Ponatur ista peticio coram rege.

Postea, retractata ista petitione coram rege et magno consilio, concessum est et concordatum quod custodes temporalium infrascripti episcopatus non se intromittant amplius temporibus vacationum de huiusmodi fructibus ecclesiarum.

[61] *Suthampton'*.—¹Pleise a nostre seigneur le roy et a son conseil renoueler vne comission grante par le pere nostre seigneur le roi qore est au maire, bailifs et burgeis de Suthampton de coiller certeynes custumes en eide de reparailler le key illoeqes selonc le tenour de la dite commission, pur saluacion de la dite ville.

Responsum est sic :—Soit fait.

[62] *Ramseye*.—*To our soueraigne lord the kinge and to his counsell sheweithe the abbot of Ramesey that whereas hee hathe auuncient chartres of the kings of England to hold a fayre at St. Ive att Easter for twentie dayes, for confirmacion whereof theye paied 500 markes to Henry the 3^d and 50 li. per annum to the exchequer, that John the bishopp of Elye, not regardinge the clause of the said chartre, forbiddethe ² any other faire at that tyme, dothe keepe a faire at Elye on the eve of the Assension which is the beste tyme of the faire of St. Ive.*

Responsum est sic :—Soit brief forme en chauncellerie pur le roy et pur labbe de faire venir deuaunt le roy le dit euesque a

¹ The text has been corrected by A.P. 8509.

² Sic MS.

responder des choses contenues en mesme la petition, et illoeques soit fait droit.

[63] *Episcopus Lincolniensis.*—*Henrye bishopp of Lincolne praieth a longer tyme for the contynnewance of his fayres of Banburie and Newark etc.*

Responsum :—Habeat breue de gracia regis.

A.P. 877.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie Henri euesque de Nichole qe le temps limite en droict de tenir ses feires de Banbury et Newerk poet estre enlargi, et qe conge lui soit grauntee qe meisme le fiere et chescune de eux puisse demorer et endurer en auenir outre le temps custume en temps passe.

[*Doyse*]. Et de la grace le roi qe ses feires dedeyn escrites et chescune de eux puisse demorer et endurer outre le temps auncienment limite par ort iours, issint qe tiele enlargement ne soit mye damagouse as autres feires es pais ou les dites feires de Banbury et Newerk sount, par cele enlargement du temps. Mes moustre primes en chauncellerie coment et par quel temps il ad vse et doit vser ses dites feires.

Irr[otulatur].

[64] *Bergh*.¹—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son counsail moustre Alisaundre de Burgh qe come Robert Wauwayn et William Barde auoint la garde de la ville et du chastel de Scardeburgh pur cent et vint liures rendaunt par an en leschequer, de quele garde a nul an poet estre leue outre quatre vints liures, et sur ceo le dit Robert ala a Porcestre et, par alliaunce entre sire Hugh le Despenser le fitz, sire William de Clif et le dit Robert de faire le dit sire Hugh atendre au maner le dit Alisaundre de Haterbergh pres de Scardeburgh, ousterent le dit William Barde de la commission a mettre le dit Alisaundre, sanz sen ou volunte de lui. Et apres le retourner le dit Robert en pais, qi aueit deuers lui la dite commission, le dit Alisaundre nient sachauntz, resceut totes les fermes et les issues de la dite ville qi amounterent a seisaunte liures. Et graunt temps apres moustra au dit Alisaundre la commissioun oue vn autre bref de si chargeant comaundement dentendre od lui a la dite garde, le quele il nosat arester pur doute de la seigneurie le dit sire Hugh a qi il feust alie. Et ore le tresorer et les barons de leschequer chargent auxi bien le dit Alisaundre de les deners resceux par le dit Robert deuaunt la commission au dit Alisaundre moustre come de les deners puis leuez, par quoi le dit Alisaundre, qi feust preie et destrut

¹ The text has been supplied from A.P. 8282.

par les enemis Descoce, en quatre rescettes qil auoit pres Byland et Ryuaus si qe rien ne lui fu[st]¹ re [et] ce saunz sa coupe et par default de defens de nostre seigneur le roi piere nostre seigneur le roi qore est quant il relinquis² le conseil le dit sire Hugh et ses autres faux et malueis counseillours, au damages le dit Alisaundre de sis centz liures et plus³ qil pleise a nostre seigneur maunder a suisditz tresorer et barons del eschequier qe eux acomptent oue les ditz Alisaundre et Robert de les arrerages de lour fe[rme] et de totes les autres meimes parces dues a nostre dit seigneur, come dascunes vitailles le roi enbeseillez du temps qe le dit Alisaundre feut ioynt au dit Robert en la garde auant dite, qi amountent pres de cent et vint liures, et qe de ceo qi apent au dit Alisaundre apaier lui soit fait reles en amendement des susdite [perdes] et des autres destruccions a luy faitz par les susditz enemis Descoce du tote ou de la greindre partie. Et qe de ceo qe ne lui plerra relessier qe il le puis estaller a xl. s. par an, si qe lui ne sa feme ne ses enfauntz ailount begauntz lour pain par tieux faux compassement fait en countre lei, iointz od les destruccions et arsouns qe il ad suffert par les ditz enemis Descoce. Et qe sa destruccion fuist [aue]nue come de suis est dit, le dit Alisaundre prie qe il puis estre aiuggee par les quatre wapentakes plues prochains et qe pluis en [ount] conisaunce de les suisditz destruccions.

Responsum est sic :—Por ceo qe la mauye Robert Waweyn est tesmoigne deuant le conseil et qil purchacea tiele commission en absence le dit Alisaundre et leua graundes choses auant ceo qil la moustrera, et tesmoigne est auxint la destruccion le dit Alisaundre par les Escotz, en regard auxi bien as damages et as perdes qe le dit Alisaundre ad suffert par tiele fausyne et as destruccions auant dites come a la pouerte le ditz Robert, graunte est a luy estallement de ce qil deyuent et deueront sur la fyn del acounte a leschequer de la dite ferme et de vitailles dedeinz escritz a x. li' par an a la Pasqe et a la saint Michel par oeweles porcions.

[65] *Londonie. To the petition fullorum et tinctorum Londoniarum against false fullinge of cloth by false workemen to the deceite of the owners of the clothe and the scandall of the mistery, it is answered : Mandetur maiori per breue quod talem custodiam poni faciat in*

¹ Two or three words illegible.

² Two or three words illegible.

³ One or two words illegible.

misterio predicto quam decet et malefactores predictos castiget iuxta discrecionem suam.

[66] *Barton'*.—Ad petitionem Iohannis de Barton' et sociorum suorum mercatorum Anglie monstrancium quod cum ipsi infra dominium et potestatem abbatis de Fiscampo cum quadam naui, diuersis mercandis repleta, fuissent, dictus abbas et homines sui eandem nauem intrassent et bona et catalla etc. ad dampnum cc. librarum, que summa in cancellaria reperta est, propter quod restitutionem faceret, qui non obediuit, de quo dominus rex in cancellaria sua certificatur, per quod diuersos vicecomites per breuia sua precepisset de valore bonorum predictorum de mercatoribus predicti abbatis in Anglia venientibus leuando, qui mercatores se a partibus Anglie elongarunt, vnde supplicant quod placeat domino regi concedere breue de consimili execucione facienda versus dictum abbatem de bonis et catallis terris et tenementis suis que habet in Anglia,

Responsum est sic :—Soit ceste petition liuee en chancellerie et veue illoques le proces etc. *And if the abbott bee found a trespasser or maynteymour or that the goodes came to his proffitt*, adonques soit execucion fait.

A.P. 12890A.

A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil moustrent Iohan de Barton et ses compaignouns marchaundes Dengleterre qe ils estoient en le port de Fiscamp en Normundy en le seigneurie et la poer labbe de Fyscamp oue vne neef replene des marchaundes, les ditz abbe et ses gentes la dite neef entrerent, lour biens et lour chateux lienz esteauntes contre la pees pristrent et emporterunt, et Richard le frere le dit Iohan felonousement tuerunt, a les greue damages les ditz marchaundes de cc. iij^{xx} lures, la quele somme est troue en la chauncellerie, par quoy le piere nostre seigneur le roi qi ore est a la pleint les ditz marchaundes par ses brefs maunda au dit abbe qe solonc ley et reson fait restitution a les ditz marchaundes, le quel abbe au dit maundement point ne obent mes outrement lour defaila du droit, des queux choses nostre seigneur est acerte en sa dite chauncellerie Par quoy il maunda par ses brefs a diuerses viscountes de leuer la value des ditz biens des marchaundes du dit abbe en Engleterre venauntes, les queux marchaunde ceo aperceyuent de venir en Engleterre se reteent, par quoy execucion du dit bref ne poet estre fait Par quoy prient les ditz marchaundes qe pleise a nostre seigneur le roi grantir bref aiair au tiel execucion vers le dit abbe de ses terres et tenementz, bienz et chateux les quex il a [en] cest terre, com grante lour fait vers les ditz marchaundes.

[*Dorse*]. Soit ceste petition liuee en chauncellerie et weu illoques le proces dont mencion est faite en ceste petition, et se enfourment sur meisme le proces par toutes autres voyes qils purront, et si treussent qe le dit abbe font tres-

passour ou maynteniour ou les biens deuendrent a son profit, adonques soit executioun faite des biens et chateux le dit abbe en Engleterre.

Int[er]rogat[ur] 1

[67] *Wellop.*—*William Wellop sheweth that Edward I graunted vnto him custodiam hospitalis sancti Nicholai in suburbia Eboraci per litteras suas patentes, whereof hee was seised for three yeares vntill Nicholas de Huggate² came to the said hospitall and by lettres patentes Edward 2 remooved him vniustlye, whereof hee praieth restitution.*

Answered.—*Ostendat collacionem in cancellaria iusticiariis de banco regis et ibidem vocetur dictus Nicholaus, et iusticia fiat partibus ibidem.*

[68] *Pro Elizabetha de Burgo.*—*Elizabetha que fuit vxor Iohannis de Burgo liberauit in hoc parlimento quandam peticionem in hec verba :*

A nostre seigneur le roy et son counsail moustre Elizabeth de Burgh qe come nostre seigneur le roy pier nostre seigneur le roy qui ore est lui manda par son brief qe le veint a Euerwick a demuerer oue luy la fest de Noel lan de son regne sestime, nostre dit seigneur le roy, par labett et maluais compassement Hugh le Despencer, mestre Robert de Baldocke et sire William de Cliffe, fist arrester la dite Elizabeth et la fit faire vn escript obligatorie qe si ele recettoit nule des contrariants le roy, ou si ele fist aliance de mariage de son corps a nully sanz son conge, ou qe si ele donast terre ou tenement quele tynt en fee ou en dower a nully viuant sanz son conge, qe pur chescun de ces trois pointz si ele fait le contrarie, toutes ses terres, biens et chateux serroient forfaitz au roy, come piert plus pleinement par le transcript de mesme la obligacion a ceste bille attache, dont ele prie grace et remedie de cele duresce et lacquittance nostre seigneur le roy de cele obligacion, ou qe la dite obligacion soit anientie et rebaillee a la dite Elizabeth. Cui quidem peticioni tachiatur quoddam transcriptum in hec verba : A touz ceux etc. *viz. the coppie of the said obligacion.*

Quele peticion entendu, respondu est a ycele issint :—*Porce que tesmoigne est qe le dit escript est en le garderobe, de faire venir lescript deuaunt le counsail sanz delay.*

Par quel endossement mande feust a sire Richard de Ayremynne

¹ There is a further note endorsed : "Expectet propter tractatum h. ."

² MS. *Hurgate*.

gardein del priue seal par brief del grant [seal] ¹ en forme qi sensuit: Edwardus Dei gracia rex Anglie etc. dilecto clerico suo Ricardo de Ayremynne clerico priuati sigilli sui salutem. Monstrauit nobis dilecta consanguinea nostra Elizabetha de Burgo per petitionem suam coram nobis et consilio nostro exhibitam, quod cum dominus Edwardus nuper rex Anglie pater noster ante festum Natiuitatis Domini anno regni sui sexto decimo mandasset per breue suum prefate Elizabethæ quod ipsa ad ipsum patrem nostrum vsque Eboracum venerit secum in dicto festo moratura, idemque pater noster, per conspiracionem et subdolam machinacionem Hugonis le Despencer iunioris, magistri Roberti de Baldocke et Willelmi de Cliff, ipsam Elizabetham ibidem arrestari et quoddam scriptum eidem patri nostro facere fecisset per quod ipsa obligauit se quod ipsa aliquem dicto patri nostro contrarietatem nullatenus receptaret, nec se alicui maritaret seu terras aut tenementa aliqua, de quibus exitit feoffata vel que tenuit in dotem vel alias ad terminum vite sue, alicui viuenti nullatenus concederet sine licencia ipsius patris nostri speciali, et quod si alicui premissorum contraveniret, terre et tenementa sua ac bona ac catalla eidem patri nostro essent forisfacta, super quo nobis supplicauit vt de obligacione sua predicta acquietanciam fieri vel eam adnullari et eidem Elizabethæ restitui faciamus. Et quia testatum est quod scriptum illud in custodia vestra existit, vobis mandamus quod scriptum predictum coram consilio nostro in presenti parlamento sine dilacione venire faciatis ad faciendum inde vltcrius quod per idem consilium nostrum ibidem contigerit ordinari, et habeatis ibi hoc breue. Teste me ipso apud Westmonasterium primo die Marcii anno regni nostri primo. Per petitionem de consilio.

Et mesme celuy Richard, par vertue de mesme le brief, vynt cy le quynt iour de Marcz et liuera cy lescrip̄t auantdit, quel escript examine oue le transcript paramount accord en toutz choses. Et eu deliuerance sur mesme lescrip̄t en pleyn parlement, pur ceo qe auis est as erceuesques, euesques, countes et barouns et autres graundz et a tote la cummunalte de la terre, qe le dit escript est fait contre ley de la terre et encountre tout manere de reison, si feust le dit escript par agard del parlement dampne illoeques et liuere a la dite Elizabeth.

[69] *Querela*.—Accord[e] est pur ceux de la querele, pur hastife

¹ MS. omits.

remedye auoir en droit de lour biens, chateux, issues de terres et arrerages des fermes dont le roy nest pas serui, qils eient briefs del noun de roy de faire venir ceux qi deiuent respondre de tieux biens, chateux, issues et arrerages, destre a leschequer au certain iour de reherser les accomptes ou de accomplter de nouel, et qe les corps de ceux qi sont issint faitz venir, demourgent tanqe ils eient fait gree de cel qi serra du pur accompt illoeques. Et qe quant as robberyes, trespas, wastes, destruccions et imprisonements, qe certaines iustices soient assignez en chescun counte doier et terminer le plainte chescun de la querele, et qe tieux iustices assignez puissent graunter lexicgend quant mestier serra a ore especialement pur la necessite.

PARLIAMENT AT NORTHAMPTON, EASTER 1328

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 6/8

This document is a single membrane containing abstracts of petitions submitted for the decision of the king himself, or of those who decided in his name: it will be observed that in a good number of cases there is no note of the decision. The membrane is without date, but this may be established beyond doubt. The petition (no. 13) from Arnald Micol we can identify with one that resulted in an order, dated 28 June, 1328, to the treasurer and barons of the exchequer and the chamberlains to pay him what he requested: but the very detailed instructions to the exchequer state specifically that the petition was presented in the parliament at Northampton.¹ The petition (no. 6) from the people of Guernsey and Jersey reminds the king that the commissions from Edward II to John de Roche and Robert of "Thorp" had been renewed at the last parliament at London and asks that they might be again renewed. Edward II's commissions were issued in August 1326 and were renewed by Edward III on 29 March, 1327,² quite probably as the result of a decision taken at the Candlemas parliament of that year, held at Westminster, which would be properly called, in April or May 1328, the last parliament at London.³ Roche and his companion were appointed in a temporary capacity to perform the duties which Otto de Grandison, who held for life the keepership of the Channel Islands, at this time entirely neglected. After his death John de Roche was, in June 1328, appointed sole keeper.⁴

¹ *Cal. of Close Rolls, 1327-1330*, p. 301.

² *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1324-27*, p. 306; *ibid.*, 1327-30, p. 63. On both occasions the second name is that of Robert of "Norton". But the names in the present document seem to be carelessly rendered: see note ¹ on following page.

³ See list of parliaments of Edward III in *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VIII. 78.

⁴ *Cal. of Fine Rolls, 1327-37*, p. 96 (12 June); *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1327-30*, p. 301 (14 June).

The instrument granting the request (no. 14) of master John Guitard for the office of controller and half the issues of the seal for contracts of Bordeaux was dated 20 May, 1328, and the various letters of *sauve-garde* (no. 17-20) were issued on 18 May.¹

These dates are all clearly consistent with the presentation of petitions at a parliament meeting on 24 April.

CORAM REGE

[1] Ad petitionem mercatorum vinetorum in Vasconia et mercatorum Anglie de tribus milibus ducentis quinquaginta quatuor libris, quindecim solidis,² per patrem regis eis assignatis, soluendis super noua custuma trium denariorum pro libra in diuersis portibus Anglie quousque etc., eis innouandis.

[2] Item ad petitionem Petri de Besas,³ Iohannis Gouter et Guillelmi de Boos, de quater viginti quatuordecim libris, sexdecim solidis et octo denariis eis debitis pro vinis suis ad opus patris

¹ Gascon Roll 2 Edward III (C.61/40), m. 5. In view of the differences in rendering place-names it will assist identification if we set out in full the enrolment of the relative letters of *sauve-garde* :—

Pro hominibus regis de Tyrano, de Bosco, de parochia sancti Medardi Angilesio, de Ludega etc. Rex senescallis, constabulariis, castellanis, prepositis, maioribus, submaioribus et omnibus aliis balliuis, ministris et fidelibus suis in ducatu predicto constitutis qui nunc sunt vel qui pro tempore erunt ac eorum loca tenentibus ad quos etc. salutem. Volentes homines nostros de Tyrano, de Bosco, de parochia sancti Medardi Angilesio, de Ludega, de Methoys, de Tholozon, de Bernonas et de Coruiaco, Castro Nouo, ducatus predicti, fauore prosequi generoso, ipsos ac domines et familiares, terras, res, redditus et omnes possessiones suas in ducatu predicto suscepimus in protectionem et defensionem nostram necnon in saluam gardiam nostram specialem. Et ideo vobis omnibus et singulis mandamus firmiter iniungentes quatinus ipsos, homines, familiares, terras, res, redditus et omnes possessiones suas iustas in eodem ducatu manuteneatis, protegatis et ab iniuriis et violentiis indebitis defendatis. Et si quid eis forisfactum fuerit id eis sine dilacione faciatis emendari, prout ad vos et vestrum quemlibet noueritis pertinere. In cuius etc. per tres annos duraturas. Teste rege apud Norhampton' xvij. die Maii.

Per petitionem de consilio.

Consimiles litteras regis de protectione habent subscripti, videlicet :—

Ligei homines et subditi regis de parochia sancti Martini de Eydynes et de parochia de Brugea iuxta Burdegalam in ducatu predicto quamdiu regi placuerit duraturas. Teste etc.

² Substituted for "denariis". ³ Substituted for "Baiona".

domini regis captis anno regni sui septimo, de quibus habent billas garderobe, eis soluendis vel assignandis.

[3] Item ad petitionem eiusdem Petri de solucione centum triginta trium librarum, decem solidorum et octo denariorum, que sibi debeantur per billam garderobe, pro victualibus captis et similiter ad opus patris domini regis.

[4] Item ad petitionem Luty¹ Burgundi quod sit de consilio regis sicut erat patris sui ad feodum annuum centum librarum turrenecium et ad vadia triginta solidorum turrenecium per diem in seruicio duc[atus] extra domicilium.

[5] Item ad petitionem Petri de Carduco de Stouerro, valetti regis, de officio custodis regis equorum vel de dampnis suis quinquaginta librarum sterlingorum, vltra denarios² sibi solutos ad deliberacionem suam a carcere Scotorum et pro seruicio suo in guerris, sibi concedendis.

[6] Item ad petitionem gencium de insulis Gerneseye et Ierneseye de³ commissionibus dominis Iohanni de Roches et Roberto de Thorp, per patrem domini regis factis super custodia insularum predictarum et per dominum nostrum regem in proximo parlamento apud Londonias innouatis pro periculis euitandis, ad presens innouandis,
Responsio ⁴ :—

[7] Item ad petitionem Hugonis Otigerii de tresdecim libris sterlingorum sibi debitis pro vadiis suis tempore guerre de garde-roba domini nostri regis sibi⁵ soluendis pro expensis suis versus partes Vasconie.

[8] Item ad petitionem Gaylardi Asseyne de balliua de Bornio et de Herba Fauerea et de remuneracione sibi facienda super balliua predicta pro donacionibus per patrem regis sibi factis et per dominum nostrum regem sibi substractis ad valorem centum marcarum per annum,

¹ *Rectius* Lupi.

² MS. "derios".

³ Substituted for "pro".

⁴ The reply is not inserted.

⁵ MS. "si".

Responsio :—Soit mande a seneschal et a conestable de Burdeaux que la baillie ly soit liure a profit le roi et a son suffisante seurte.

[9] Item ad petitionem executorum magistri Willelmi Testa nuper cardinalis pro ¹ manu regia amouenda a bonis que fuerunt domini Walteri nuper archiepiscopi Cantuariensis.

[10] Item ad petitionem domini de Rosano de equitura amissa et de expensis apud Vasconiam et de decem marcis sibi liberandis in partem solucionis duorum millium librarum turonencium domino suo debitarum pro expensis suis ad partes suas.

[11] Item ad petitionem Guillielmi de Cauo Monte pro Dueto Amoueno de xij. libris sterlingorum annui redditus ad terminum vite sue sibi concedendis super balliua Castri Amorosi in Agenesio in manu Gallicorum existentis cum ad manum regiam peruenerit.

[12] Item ad petitionem Willelmi de Stokes de officio del aprise de peersoners, que home appelle pris fisch de Kardeburgh, qui vaut par an cent south a ferme a tenir, rendaut mesme la ferme tanque purveou lui soit dacun suffisance en meisoun de religion ou aillours,

Responsio :—Pur ceo qil est tesmoigne qil al ² bien et lungement serui et at suffert grauntz peignes et anguses en seruice le seignur, il semble al consail qil lui fet de granter sil plest al roi.

[13] *Arnald Micol*. Ad petitionem ³ Arnaldi Micol de cccc libris sterlingorum pro vinis suis captis apud Kyngeston' super Hul per Hamundum Quarel nuper vadlettum de camera patris domini nostri regis, anno regni sui quinto decimo, ad opus regis eiusdem sibi soluendis vel assignandis super custuma sancti Macari ⁴ in Vasconia,

Dorsa.

Responsio :—Soit ceste bille maunde au chaunceler et soien[t] brefs mandez au gardeyn de Kyngeston sur Hul et au gardoyne de la garderobe le piere le roi et a soun botiler lan xv. de son regne et as autres ministres par quey le roi puisse meutz estre certifiez des choses dens escriptes. Et quant lui roi soit certifiez que les ditz vyns furent trouez a son profit, soit gree fait au dit marcheant par paiement ou assignacion si plese au roi.⁵

¹ Substituted for "pro sequestro s."

² *Sic.*

³ A.P. 15951: but the reply varies from that enrolled: cf. A.P. 10377.

⁴ MS. "Vacari".

⁵ Further endorsement on original petition: "Il plest au roi".

[14] Item ad petitionem¹ magistri Iohannis Gutardi de officio contrarotularii et de medietate exituum sigilli ad contractus² Burdegale ad totam vitam suam per patrem domini nostri regis sibi concessio, et per litteras ipsius domini nostri regis sibi confirmato sub sigillo quo utebatur ante regimen regni Anglie susceptum, per litteras sub magno sigillo suo modo confirmando,

Responsio ad primum :—En regard au bon service qil ad fait et fra, semble au conseil que le roi le lui graunte sa grace ;

Ad secundum, de litteris regis sibi concedendis quod possit honorare constabular[iam] Burdegale de officio suo contrarotulatorii³ per attornatum suum modo consueto,

Responsio :—Soit fait, issint que celui qil enverra soit dassent le seneschal et que le contreroule soit porte subz le seal de Gascoigne⁴.

Ad tertium, de domibus suis et vennis et aliis bonis suis destructis et amissis racione guerre sibi mandandis,

Responsio :—Semble au conseil que leu poet suffrir quant a ore.

[15] Item ad petitionem magistri Iohannis Gutardi petentis saluam gardiam,

Responsio :—Purceo que il ad bien et longement serui, eit lettres de sauue garde qil demande au durer par troys aunz. Et ait bref au seneschal de les faire tenir seurs solonc la fourme des lettres.

[16] Item ad petitionem magistri Iohannis Guitardi de officio seriantarie Willelmo de Deneys per patrem domini regis collato ad terminum vite collato⁵ per dominum nostrum regem confirmando, et quod sit de numero viij. seruicium ad robas domini regis,

Responsio :—Eit la confirmacion od les choses apurtenantes a lestat: ensuit mande au prouost del Humber qil le receiure au nombre des serianz qui portent les robes.

[17] Item ad petitionem⁶ Remundi de la Mote, Roberti de la Mote et Guilliemi de la Mote fratrum de parochia de Bonetan inter Duo Maria, de salua gardia habenda.⁷

¹ A.P. 2413 contains the first and second petitions.

² MS. "constact".

³ MS. "contratulat".

⁴ The original petition has this further endorsement: "Por ceo qe monsire Oliuer de Ingham ad tesmoigne deuant le conseil qil ad veu les lettres, par queles les choses contenues en la peticione li furent grantez a terme de vie, come suppose est par ycele, seoient confermez come il demand."

⁵ Sic.

⁶ A.P. 14207.

⁷ Original petition endorsed: "Habeant literas de salua gardia".

[18] Item ad petitionem¹ Geraudi² de Camboun tenentis³ feodum in villis de Burdegala et de Blauia et petentis saluam gardiam.⁴

[19] Item ad petitionem⁵ gentium parochie sancti Martini de Asynes et de seint Peer de Brigge iuxta⁶ Burdegalam petencium saluam gardiam.⁷

[20] Item ad petitionem⁸ gencium de Tyren, de Bosch', et de Berndenos et de Luge de et de Meillols petencium saluam gardiam, et de Curuiak et de Moriret,

Responsio :—Habeant litteras de salua gardia.

[21] Item ad petitionem Hugetti de Samnak' de custodia castri Marmande habenda ad terminum vite sue ad vadia consueta in recompensacionem dampnorum etc.

[22] Item ad petitionem Arnaldi de Monte Pezato petentis officium maioris Burdegale sibi per senescallum donatum per regias litteras confirmari,

Responsio :—Li rois ad ordene par son grant conseil sur ceste chose que ne puit estre changee.

¹ A.P. 14686.

² Substituted for "Iohannis".

³ MS. "tenend'"; original petition reads: "vostre tenaunt en fee".

⁴ Original petition endorsed: "Habeant literas de salua gardia."

⁵ A.P. 14334.

⁶ Substituted for "pres de".

⁷ Original petition endorsed: "Habeant literas de salua gardia."

⁸ A.P. 14253. In view of the exceptional difficulty of the names and the difference in the reply, we reproduce the original petition in full :—Regie maiestati supplicant homines de Tirano, de Bosco, de Gayaco, de Villa Noua de Tholoron, de Cuyaco, Castri Noui, de Ludeya, de Meyos, de Corbiaco, de Bernonas, et de Moreret, in Medulco, quod cum ipsi cum eorum familiis et bonis in et sub salua garde vestra et vestrorum predecessorum extiterint ab antiquo, vesterque senescallus Vasconie, dominus Oliuerus de Ingham, tempore quo primo fuit senescallus Vasconie litteras sigillo curie Vasconie sigillatas super recepcione salue gardie predictae eisdem concessit, prout in dictis litteris plenius continetur, quatinus in vestra salua gardia et proteccione cum vestris litteris patentibus ipsos homines, familias et bona suscipere dignemini. [Dorse]. Supplicacio hominum de Tirano. Ysemble au conseil que lour requeste est resonable et que les lettres sont a grauntier.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, NOVEMBER 1330

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Exchequer, 2/16

The three membranes of this document are undated, but the reference in one place to the "novele ley ordine sur executours a cest parlement"¹ and in another to the "acord fait a cest parlement des biens de ceux qi furent attachez par reson le conte de Kaent",² leaves no doubt that they belong to the parliament which met on 26 November, 1330. If confirmation were required, it is not difficult to identify instruments issued in pursuance of the replies here given.³ The document appears to be a fragment, perhaps the larger part, of the roll of petitions heard before the council: it will be observed that English, Gascon and Channel Island petitions are intermixed.

m. 1 [1] *William de Grauntsoun*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail moustrent William de Grauntsoun et Sibille sa femme qe come le rei Edward ael nostre seigneur le roi qe ore est dona a les auantditz William et Sibille le manoir de Dymmok et quaraunte quatre liures de terre oue les apurtenaunces en Derteford, en eschaunge pur les manoirs de Ihamme et de Idenne en le counte de Sussex, la ou la ville de Wynchelse est assis, ensemblement oue quatre liures, quatorze soudz et oyt deners a resceiure et a prendre de an en an par la main des baillifs le roi qe pur le temps

¹ Below, p. 196, no. 19: cf. *Statutes of the Realm*, I. 263 (4 Edw. III, c. 7).

² Below, p. 213, no. 59; cf. *Rot. Parl.*, II. 54.

³ e.g. with no. 11, cf. *Cal. of Close Rolls, 1330-33*, p. 183 (Richard of Louth: 12 January, 1331); with nos. 20-4, cf. *ibid.*, pp. 96, 100, 101, and Gascon Roll 4 Edw. III (C. 61/42), m. 3 (Adam of Limber: 20-23 December, 1330); with no. 33, cf. *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1330-34*, p. 127 (Commoners of King's Norton Wood: 20 January, 1331); with no. 39, cf. *ibid.*, p. 45 and *Cal. of Close Rolls, 1330-33*, p. 184 (Peter and Otto de Grandison: 23-25 January 1331); with no. 50, cf. *Cal. of Charter Rolls*, IV. 201 (Citizens of Rochester: 18 January, 1331).

serront des amerciementz issauntz de la vewe de frank plegge de mesme la ville de Derteford, sicome piert par le assignement de leschequier a eux fait, les queux quatre liures, quatorze soudz et oyt deners lur sount ariere et detenuz puy le temps qe le roi Edward pierre nostre seigneur le roi qe ore est dona la realtee et le marche de la dite ville de Derteford a Edmon, iadiz counte de Kaent, de quoi les auantditz William et Sibille prient remede.

A quele peticioun est respoundu issint :—Soit maundee au tresorier et as barons de leschequer par bref du graunt seal qils veyent le assignement fait as ditz William et Sibille de la rente susdite et, si troue soit qe tiel assignement se fist, appelez ceux qe appeler sount, facent les ditz William et Sibille auoir la dite rente oue les arrerages solonc la fourme del assignement, et si cause soit par quoi il ne porrount faire, adonques [certefient] la cause en la chauncellerie desoutz le seal de leschequer.

[2] *Lusteshull*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail moustre Richard de Lusteshull clerk qe come la roine Alianore, iadiz roine Dengleterre, funda le hospital seinte Katerine pres de la Tour de Loundres, reseruante par sa chartre a ly et a les roines Dengleterre ses successeres plener poer de ordeiner ou de puruer maistre ou gardein du dit hospital apres la mort ou cessioun de chescun maistre illeoges, quele chartre est confermee par faits des rois, sicome piert par le transescript des ditz confermementz cosuz a ceste bille, par vertue de quele chartre et confermementz, apres la mort sire Adam Deggleffeld nadgairs gardein del dit hospital, la roine Isabel, miere au roi qore est, dona et graunta par sa lettre patente lauandite garde al auantdit Richard de Lusteshull a auoir a tote sa vie, la quele garde il auoit et tynt del disoitism iour Daueril, lan du regne le roi Edward pierre a nostre seigneur le roi qore est duszym, tantqe al second [iour] Dapril, lan du regne nostre seigneur le roi qore est primer. Au quel iour sa dite dame la roine Isabel le auantdit Richard de lauandite garde volunterement en fist ouster. De quoi le dit Richard prie a nostre seigneur le roi et a sun conseil qe dreit et reson ly soient faitz.

A quele peticioun est respondu issint :—Soit mande ceo petition deuant les iustices du banc nostre seigneur le roi par bref du graunt seal issint qe, appelez ceaux qe appeler sount, facent droit.

[3] *Roger de Eyncourt, Maud sa femme, Robert Pauely et Agneys sa femme*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail moustrent

Roger de Eyncourt, Maud sa femme, Robert Pauely et Agneys sa femme, qe come il enpledunt deuant les iustices errauntz en le counte de Derby Philip de Strelley et Nichole sa femme et Robert de Beck, tenauntz de vynt bouez de terre et cent acres de bois od les apurtenaunces en Repyndon en le dit counte, et les auantditz Philip de Strelleye, Nichole et Robert de Beck enpledaunt ount vouche iointement au garaunt Henri counte de Lancastre, fiz et heir Edmon iadiz counte de Lancastre, et le dit Henri est entre en la dite garauntie, com hom poet veer par proces des roules des ditz iustices, et enpledaunt dit qil tient les tenementz auantditz par la chartre le roi Henri einz faite a Edmon, iadis counte de Lancastre, et a ses heirs a touz iours. Et dit qe nostre seigneur le roi qore est est tenuz a garauntir cel don oue touz les autres douns qe ses auncestres ount, et vouche nostre seigneur le roi en aide, et dit qe sauntz ly ne deyt respoudre, par quoi les auantditz Roger de Eyncourt et Maud, Robert Pauely et Agneys sa femme, prient brief a les auantditz iustices errauntz qil puissent aler auant en le proces et a rendre iuggement entre les parties solonc ley de terre nient contre esteaunt la chartre ne la alleggiance auant dites.

Au quele peticioun est respondu issint :—Eyent bref en la chauncellerie a les iustices de aler auant en le proces, sauue qil ne rendent le iuggement le roi nient cunseille.

[4] *William de Roos*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail prie William de Roos de Hamlak qe come il fust assigne iustice, par la commission nostre seigneur le roi, de oir et terminer diuers trespas et felonies faites en le counte de Nichol, par vertue de quele commission le dit William, ses gentz et ses clers, a ses costages demoerent de la feste de la Trinite tantqe a la feste de seint Lorenz lan de son regne second, qil voille commander qe ses despenses couenables luy soient allouez.

A quele peticioun est respondu issint :—Soit mande as tresorier, barons et chamberleinz de leschequer qe, eux se auisent de les auantages qe roi ad eu des estretes de la iusticerie dount mencion est faite en ceste peticion, facent outre ordiner et faire des couenables despens.

[5] *Kyrkham*.—A nostre seigneur le roi prient, si luy plect, les soens chapeleins et chanoyns de Kirkham qe come Wauter Espek,

iadiz seigneur de Werk et fundour de la Prioraute de Kirkham, entre autres choses qil dona as ditz chanoyns et a leglise de seint Trinite de Kirkham et as chanoyns illeoques Dieu seruauntz, le dismdener de totes ses rentes en Northumberland, ce[st] a sauoir en le manoir de Werk et tut lonur ; de quele rente les predecessours le dit priour furent seisiz d[u temps] dount memoire nest tantqe debat sourdit entre sire Robert de Ros, tenaunt de mesmes les terres, et vn des predecessours le dit priour sur mesme la disme, entre queux acord se prist par composicioun en tiele maniere, qe le dit sire Robert dorreit, pur ly et pur ses heirs et pur le dismdener des rentes auantdites, au dit priour et ses sucessours perpetuelement a durer, cent et cynk soudz et quatre deners par an a paier a la Pentecoust et a la seint Martin de an en an par oweles porciouns ; de quele rente les predecessours le dit priour furent seissiz continuelment par mi les meyns des heirs le dit Robert et des tenauntz de mesme le manoir, tantqe sire William de Ros rendi le dit manoir et lonur au roi, pierre nostre seigneur le roi qore est, pur certeine rente aillours aprendre ; et ia nostre seigneur le roi ad graunte mesme le manoir a sire William de Mountagu, rendaut la value al eschequer par estente fait, la due rente ad este sustrete pur ceo qil rent au roi la value par estente. Dount les [ditz] priour et chanoyns prient de la grace nostre seigneur le roi remedie, si ly plect.

A quele peticioun est respoudu issint :—Moustre en chauncelerie ceo qil ad de la composicioun, et soient certains gentz assignez illeoques a enquerre de la seissine du priour et de ses predecessours et de la cause et du temps de la destourbaunce, et lenqueste sur ceo retourne en chauncelerie, et soit le roi auise siqe il ne face outre ceo qil en deuera faire.

[6] *Aldham*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et son counsail moustre la communalte du countee de Nicole qe come le roi eit assigne par ses lettres patentes son baillif errant Iohan de Aldham en le counte de Nicole qe bien et loialment se port deuers le roi et son poeple en le dit office, le viscounte du dit countee fait de iour en autre plusoures baillif errantz, en graunt charge et oppression del poeple du countee auaunt dit, de quoi iles prient brief a viscounte doster tiel charge, issint qe nul y demorge baillif errant fors cely quest assigne de parte le roi.

A quele peticioun est respoudu issint :—Eyent bref au viscounte

de Nichol qil ouste tote manere de suscharge des baillifs errauntz en le dit c[ountee] qi greue le poeple.

[7] *Rokesle*.—A treshonorable seigneur nostre seigneur le roi prie Isabelle qi fu la femme Wauter de Rokesle qe come vn tenement [en] Lombardestrete en Loundres, qi fust nadgaires as marchauntz de la compaignie de Barde, soit chargee dune anue[le ren]te de cink mars a paier a dit Isabelle a terme de sa vie en¹ apres a les heires le dit Wauter pur touz iours, [lequ]ele tenement soit en vostre mayn et ad este puis le temps de vostre corounement, de queux temps la dite rente est arere, veulez si pleiser vous soit comaunder qe la dite rente soit paie come estre solayt auant [ceo] qe le dit tenement deuint en vostre mayn, et qe ele soit seruie des arrerages du temps auantdit, issint, sire, qe ele ne les heires le dit Wauter ne soient desheritez.

A quele peticioun est respondu issint :—Moustre en la chauncellerie ceo qe ele ad de la rente, et soient certains genz assignez denquerre de la seissine et cause de la disturbaunce et de autres articles touchauntz la matire, et la dit enqueste retornez en chauncellerie, soit droit fait.

[8] *Whyrall*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail moustrent ses poures gentz del hundred de Whirall en le counte de Cestre qi tiegnent [moins qe] xl. sous de terre qe, par la ou ils ne soloient vnqes tesmoignier somouns dehors le dit hundred, la vieignent les ministres le viscounte [sus]dit et enchacent torcenusement et encontre reson les ditz poures gentz de faire somons dehors le dit hundred en les plus loing[ta]ne parties de tut le dit counte, encontre ley et vsage du pais, et faignent panelles et font nomer ycelles hommes [qi vnq]es ne furent nez, pur trauailler et escorcher les ditz poures gentz a lur volunte, issint qe plusours de eux paient par [laun] en tieles raunsouns plus qe lur terre ne vaut, dount ils prient a nostre dit seigneur le roi et a son cunsail qils veullent de ceo ordiner couenable remedie, issint qils ne seient chacez hors del dit hundred y lur resciauntise y est et qe nul pannelle [seit] fausement faint, qar autrement il ne poent viure.

Au quele est respondu issint :—Soit ceste petition mande par bref de chauncellerie au iustice de Cestre qi ore est, et soit mande a ly qil oire la plainte de chescun qi se vodra pleindre des greuances contenues en la petition et face a chescun droit.

¹ *Sic.*

[9] *Vyenne*.—Come nostre seigneur le roi qore est, long temps *m. rā* auant son derrein parlement a Salebir', eust done et graunte a Iohan de Vyenne a sa vie, pur son long seruice fait a son piere et a son ayel rois Dengleterre, la sustenaunce quele Iohan Dassche auait en la priorie de seint Denis pres de Suthampton, solonc qe piert par copie des lettres le roi tachez a ceste peticioun, et sur ce, dymy an apres, par suggestioun faite au roi, il granta mesme celle sustenaunce a Iohan in the Lane. Et desicome le dit Iohan de Vienne nest vnqore aillors regarde en lieu de celle sustenaunce, pleise au dit nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil granter au dit Iohan la dite sustenance come au primer ly fust octrie, nient contrestant autre mandement du roi, ou en recompensacioun de celle sustenance granter voille au dit Iohan la leuage des leines en le port de Suthanton, resceuant a tant come autres ount fait cea enarere pur la dite leuage, de quele leuage le roi ne ces auncestres vnques ne receustrent profit ne vnquore ne font.

A quele est respondu :—Viegne en chancellerie et mostre illeokes le graunt qil ad de celle sustenance, et appelez illeokes qi sont appeler et autres du cunsail le roi, et adoncz ly soit fait droit.

[10] A nostre seigneur le roi mostre Iohan de Vienne qe come le roi vostre piere, qe Dieux assoille, eust done a meisme celuy Iohan par sa commissioun, dont la copie est tachez a ceste peticion, loffice de contreroullour des laines en la port de Londres a sa vie, par vertue de quel doun mesme cely Iohan fust en peisible possessioun vj. aunuz et plus, tantqe, par abbettement sire Hugh le Despenser le fitz, sanz achesoun estoit ouste, et procura loffice estre done a son vadlet Alein de Tesdale, le quel exercea loffice iesqe a la reuenue [le roi qil] ore est en Engleterre, et en son primer parlement a Westmoustier le dit Iohan mist sa peticioun pur les dites duresces,¹ la quele peticioun fust endossee qe le dit Iohan fust restituit al dit office, sicome piert par la copie du bref le roi direct as tresorier et barons de leschequer tache a ceste peticioun. Et sur ceo Iohan de Say de Londres, qest homme lay, par fauoir procura le d[icit] office de contreroullour estre done a ly a sa vie, sicome piert par le transcript de sa commissioun tachez a ceste peticioun, et en tieux manere le dit Iohan de Vyenne ad este oste et engette del dit office, a quel il ad dreit come a son frank tenelement, par tut le dit temps et vnquore est, par quoi il prie remedie.

¹ Two or three words illegible.

A quele est respondu :—Soit ceste peticioun mande deuant le roi, et de illeques eyt bref de faire venir ceaux qe destourbent le dit Iohan de son office, et illeques ly soit fait droit.

[11] *Louthie*.—A la peticioun qe sire Richard de Lue ad fait a nostre seigneur le roi, qil ly veulle doner vne liueresoun a terme de sa vie en les mesons de Westmoster ou de la Trinite de Londres, respondu est qil semble au cunsail qe ceo fait a faire, si plect au roi, illeques ou aillors, et plect au roi de prier pur ly.

[12] *Montclere*.—A¹ nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunseil pri, Iohan de Mountcler executour de testament Frisot de Montclerei son vncler, qe come nostre seigneur le roi, ael nostre seigneur le roe qore est, fust tenu au dit Frisot par vne bille de sa garderobe en cxij. li' ij. s. viij. d. ob', et par vne taille de leschequer de prest l. marcz, pleise au dit nostre seigneur le roi et son cunseil ly paier le susdit argent ou assigner².

A quele est respondu :—Soit mande as tresorer et barons de leschequer queux, vewe la bille³, facent droit et reson⁴.

[13] *Canonliegh*.—A⁵ nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunseil prie labiesse et couent de Canonlegh qe come Maud contesse de Gloucestre, lur fundresse, en son moriant eust done a mesmes celles dames dclxxij. li' v. s. x. d. ob' pur eux purchacer possessiouns, par reson qe elles estoient si poures, et ceux deners eussent mis en depos en la t[resorie] Dexcestre pur estre enseur et de reauoir a lur volente, la manda le roi vostre ael pur defens de sa terre mesme ceux deners fist prendre, fes[ant] sa obligacion a yceles dames. Et sur ceo le roi vostre piere, qe Dieux assoille, a la requeste Gilbert de Clare adonqe conte de Gloucestre graunta qe meisme celles dames fuissent paieez de lur dette, et lur graunta par ses lettres patentes vn assignement de auoir c. livres de terre ou des rentes des primers eschetes qe vindrent en sa main, a tenir tantqe elles resceuz et fuissent parpaez de les dclxxij. li' v. s. x. d. ob', come piert par ses lettres patentes, mes vnqes ne poient auenir a les deners ne a nulle autre chose en regard de celx deners, par quoi prient les dites dames pur Dieux qil voille ordiner quelles soient seruies.

¹ A.P. 3064.

² Original petition adds: "ou il puit estre paie, issint qe la volunte du dit Frisot puit estre parfourny."

³ Original endorsement adds: "et la taille."

⁴ Original petition also endorsed: "Coram rege. Irrotulatur." ⁵ A.P. 4839.

A quele peticioun est respondu :—Soit mande as tresorer et barons de leschequer par bref de graunt seal qe eux, vewes les lettres le ael et le piere dont mension est faite en la peticioun, et senforment si rien y soit paie de la dite dette et de ce qe serra aderiere de la dite dette, facent assignement solonc la tenour la lettre le piere.

[14] *Vyenne*.—A ¹ nostre seigneur le roi mostre Iohan de Vienne qe come vostre piere lauoi² assigne par commission contreroulour des leyne en le port de Londres, a resceuire a tant come nul resceut deuaunt ly, et Albred de Fyscamp et Richard de Lue, qe auoient este procheins contreroulours auant le dit Iohan en le dit port, eussent receus [et] ³ ew les issues del seal appele coket en aide du lur fee, dont alloance lur fust faite en leschequer les rois qi lors estoient, et le dit Iohan de Vienne mesmes celles issues resceust en temps qil fust contreroulour en le dit port tantqe lesuesqe Dexcestre, au temps qil fust tresorier, le dit Iohan de Vienne fesoit charger de xl. livres pur mesmes les issues, les queux deners il ad tut le plus paie au roi, ⁴ prie bref as tresorier et barons qe, sil troessent qe la dite alloance des dites issues fuissent faites a nul temps as auant-ditz Albred et Richard, mesme tiele alloance soit fait au dit Iohan de Vyenne del temps qil estoit en cel office, issint qe le residue de la dite summe de xl. livres qi nest vnquore paie, qe le dit Iohan de Vyenne puisse estre quites, sanz chalenge du roi ou de ses ministres.

A quele est respondu :—Soit mande as tresorier et barons de leschequer queux, oye la reson le dit Iohan de Vyenne, facent alloaunce a ly solonc qils verront qe droit soit et reson.

[15] *Conestable*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son counsaile moustre Roberd le fiz Simond le Conestable qe come le dit Robert emplede Roger Gylt de Sprotle en la court nostre seigneur le roi en comune baunk deuant ses iustices par vn bref de entre de iij. acres de terre et liij. acres de boys oue les apurtenaunces en Sprotle, a quel bref le dit Roger respoundi, terme de seynt Hiller lan du regne le roi Edward piere nostre seigneur le roi quore est xv., qe il tient mesmes les tenements a lui et a ses heireres ⁵ du done mesme cely roi, saunt qi il ne poast respondre et prie eyde de lui, et de ceo moustre chartre du dit roi et auoit eyde, par quoy les ditz iustices

¹ This entry is a paraphrase of the original petition A.P. 14697

² MS. *nauiot*.

³ MS. omits: suppld from A.P. 14697.

⁴ Supply *volenterinement*, as in original petition.

⁵ *Sic*.

ne voillant ne vnquore ne voillent plus auaunt en le dit plee aler saunt la volente le roi, le quele plee vnquore pende entre eux, et issi ledit Robert de son droit delaye, par quoy le dit Robert prie a nostre seigneur le roi de sa grace, si lui plest, qil voille comander a les ditz iustices bref qe eux ayllent auant en ledit plee et qe dreiture soit fait a les parties auaunditz solom la ley de la terre.¹

m. 2 [16] *Causton*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a sun cunsail prie, si ly plest, Iohan de Causton, cytein de la cite de Londres, qe come il fust vn des viscountes de sa dite cite en temps le roi son piere lan de son regne xix^e, dont il demoert vnquore charge al eschequer en acunes dettes, et le dit piere nostre seigneur le roi est tenuz al auantdit Iohan en xxxij. li' x. s. iiij. d. pur naperie et dautres merceries prises de ly al oeps le dit piere nostre seigneur le roi, sicome piert par vne bille enseale de sire Roger de Northburgh adonques tresorier de la garderobe, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi, en oeuvre de charite et pur les almes ses auncestres, commander bref as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe de les deners auantditz ly facent alloaunce.

A quele est respondu :—Eyt bref as tresorer et barons et chamberleins de leschequer et facent alloaunce solonc ² ceo qe la peticion demande.

[17] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail moustre, si ly plest, Iohan de Causton, cytein de sa cite de Londres, qe come Iohan de Acle et Herman Bretoun, nadgaires costumers des leynes a Iernemue en temps le roi piere nostre seigneur le roi lan de son regne xj^e, resceurent de Iohan de Hales, adonques marchaunt le dit Iohan de Causton, xxiiij li' v. s. v. d. daprest, al oeps le dit piere nostre seigneur le roi, entre la custume due des leynes qe le auaundit Iohan de Hales, marchaunt le dit Iohan de Causton, fist carier outre mer, sicome piert par lettres enseales du seal de coket et par lacompte des auantditz costumers a leschequer de ceo rendu, dont prie le dit Iohan de Causton qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi, de sa grace especiale et pur les almes de ses auncestres, commander bref as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe de les deners auantditz luy facent alloaunce en les dettes qil deit a nostre seigneur le roi del temps qil fust vn des viscountes de Londres en temps le roi son piere, qe Dieux absoille.

¹ No reply is entered on the roll.

² MS. *soloc*.

Au quele est respondu :—Eyt bref hors de la chauncelerie as tresorier et barons de leschequer qe, si il puisse mostrer illeoques qe le roi fust serui de la somme contenue en la peticion par lacompte des custumers de les leynes Iohan de Causton et son gre ne soit mie fait, adonqe facent alloance solonc ceo qe la peticion demande.

[18] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail moustre, si ly plect, Iohan de Causton, cytein de sa cite de Londres, qe come maistre Water de Islep, nadgaires tresorier Dirlaunde en temps le roi piere a nostre seigneur le roi qore est lan de son regne xvj^e, prist al oep^s le dit piere nostre seigneur le roi a Deuelyn de Nichol de Causton, marchaunt le dit Iohan, furment a la mountaunce de cv. sous, sicome piert par lacompte le dit maistre Water al eschequer nostre seigneur le roi de ceo rendu, dont prie le dit Iohan qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi, de sa grace especiale, commander bref as tresorer et barons del eschequer de luy faire alloaunce de ceux deners en les dettes qil deit a nostre seigneur le roi del temps qil fust vn des viscountes de Londres en temps le roi son piere, qe Dieux absoille.

A quele est respondu :—Eyt bref as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe eux, veu lacompte Water de Islep, sil troessent qe les cv. sous soient duz a Iohan de Causton par mesme lacompte, adonqes ly facent alloaunce solonc sa peticioun.

[19] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail mostrent Iohan de Causton et Iohan de Dallyng, executours du testament Hugh de Garton iadiz mercer de Londres, qe come Elizabeth, qe fust la femme sire Iohan de Pabenham, fust tenuz al dit Hugh en xij^{xx} livres desterling par sa reconisance faite en leschequer nostre seigneur le roi, sicome plus pleinement piert en le dit eschequer, dauoir paie as certains termes, et apres les termes passez le dit Hugh porta bref de *elegit* as viscountes de Bedeford et de Canteburgh, par vertue de quelx brefs les chateux la dite Elizabeth en bestes et en bleedz en herbe, a la value de lvj. li' ix. s. ix. d., et la moitie des terres, qe furent estendues a xij. li' xvj. s. ix. d. ob', ly furent liuere par les auantditz viscountes a tenir solonc la vertue de la reconisance. Et apres le dit Hugh a ses grantz costages coilli les bleedz et les herbagez, et tantost apres la dite Elizabeth par force engetta le dit Hugh en son mal moriaunt, et ressisit chateux et terres et si les ad detenuz et vnquore detient, atort et a grant damage, dount les executours priount qe remedie lur soit ordine.

A quele est respondu :—Quant a les biens et chateux enportez eyent remedié a la nouele ley ordine sur executours a cest parlement ; quant a la moite de la terre eyent recouerir en la place ou la reconisaunce fust faite.

[20] *Lymbergh*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil mostre Adam de Lymbergh qe come monsire Esmon nadgairs counte de Kaent, vnclre du dit nostre seigneur le roi, adonques lieu tenaunt du roi pierre nostre dit seigneur le roi qore est es parties de la duchee de Guyenne, enuoyast le dit Adam, semblablement oue monsire Robert de Echingham chiualer et autres, hors des dites parties au dit nostre seigneur le roi pierre en Engleterre, en message pur ly enfourmer de lestat du pais et des perils qe hom supposa auenir a mesme la duchee pur la venue del host du roi de France, qe fut adonques euenant as dites parties pur la duchee prendre et seissir en sa main pur defaute de hommage qil demanda du dit roi le pierre, et a exciter mesme nostre seigneur le roi le pierre dy enuoyer par cele cause socours de gentz darmes et a pee, darmures et de vitailles. Et le dit Adam fut enalant des dites parties vers Engleterre del xvij^e iour Doctobre lan du regne nostre dit seigneur le pierre disoitisme, queu iour il senparti de Burdeux pur les choses susdites, tantque a xxviii^e iour de Nouembre donques prochein suant, et puis en Engleterre, auxibien demoraunt le respouns mesme nostre seigneur le roi come entendant de son commandement a faire purueiaunce de armures et de vitailles pur socours doner a les dites parties, tantque au derroin iour Dapril, et desadonques retournaunt as dites parties de Gascoigne tantque le x^{me} iour de May proschein sieuant, quel iour il reuint a Burdeux en la compaignie le conte de Garenne. Et le dit Adam par la main sire Iohan Trauers adonques conestable de Burdeux tantseulement en eyt este paieiz de vynt et deux livres desterling, cestasauoir pur soissante et sis iours checun iour demi marc, parla ou il despendit le double et moult plus, dont le dit Adam prie qil pleise a nostre dit seigneur le roi commander a sire Iohan Trauers qe estoit adonques conestable de Burdeaux, come desus est dit, dacompter sur ceo oue luy, allouant a ly chescun iour de tut le temps auantdit pur ses gages ou despens diz soudz desterling ou ceo qil verront qe soit de reson, et auxint ceo qil paia pur passage de ly, de ses gentz et chiualx outre mer, cestasauer des Escluses en Flaunders tanque en Engleterre, solonc sa bone foi, et de ceo qe duz ly serra par mesme lacompte ly face bille desoutz

son seal, par quele le dit Adam eyt alloaunce al eschequer en son acompte des issues du duchee auantdit.

A quele est respondu :—Eyt bref a sire Iohan Trauers dacompter douesqe ly de ses despens de tut le temps qest suppose en la peticion qil fust en le seruice le roi et qil allowe a ly demi marc le iour, et ces autres costages et despens solonc sa bone foy, et qil face bille a ly de ceo qe ly serra due. Eyt auxint bref as tresorer et barons de leschequer de allower au dit Adam ceo qe ly serra due par tiele bille en son acompte a rendre a leschequier.

[21] *Lymbergh*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail mostre son clerk Adam de Lymbergh, nadgairs conestable de Burdeux, qe en temps qil estoit conestable es dites parties, qoi par la maladie monsire Fouk Lestraunge lur seneschal de Gascoigne languissant illeoques par grant temps, qoi en temps dautres seneschals qe molt estoient chargez de lur offices et ne poeynt tut suffisamment guier ne gouverner come appendoit a lur office sanz eide des autres, pur ceo qe les charges des hautes et grosses busoignes se multiplierent plus en cel temps qe auant ne soleient, pur le profit nostre seigneur le roi et de lur commandement fit plusors voiajes en duers parties du duchee et grantz custages et despens y mist, sicome sauoient plusors des grauntz Dengleterre qe y vindrent depar le roi, les vns pur reformacioun du pes et les autres pur autres causes. Si prie le dit Adam a nostre seigneur le roi qil ly pleise mander as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe, veues les lettres des sensechals de Gascoigne du temps le dit Adam et de autres grant qe y furent enuoyez par nostre dit seigneur le roi le pierre pur reformacion du pais tesmoignantes les voiajes auantditz, eux ly facent resnable alloaunce pur ses despenses le iour solonc lur discrecions, et auxint qe eux ly facent semblable allowance de autre temps qil estoit trauaillaunt entre les busoignes le roi nient touchantes son office, dont il nad nule lettre de tesmoignaunce, solon sa bone foi.

A quele est respondu :—Eyt bref en chancelerie as tresorer et barons de leschequer tiel come est demande par la peticioun.

[22] *Lymbergh*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie son clerk Adam de Lymbergh, nadgairs conestable de Burdeux en temps le roi son pierre qe Dieux assoille, qe come chescun conestable de Burdeux deiue estre entendant as seneschals et a regentz de Gascoigne et a lur lieu tenauntz qe pur le temps serront, quant as

paieimentz faire del argent surdaunt des issues de sa baillie pur les busoignes le roi, et aussint les tresoriers, lieu tenauntz et autres receiours desoutz les ditz conestables es terres de Pieregork, Kaersyn et Lemosyn, Agenois et Centonge, deiuent estre entendauntz as seneschals de celes parties, quant as semblables paieimentz faire, et mesmes les conestables pur alloaunces auer en lur acomptes de tielx paieimentz a leschequer eient euz bref de la teneur de lescrouet tache a ceste bille, qil pleise a nostre dit seigneur le roi commander qil puisse semblable bref auer.

A quele est respondu :—Soit veu en chancelerie si nul tiel bref soit issu auant ces heures, et si soit trouez, adonques face auer au dit sire Adam meisme tiel bref.

[23] Item prie le dit Adam qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi commander qil puisse auer bref as ditz tresorier et barons de allouer a ly paieimentz faitz par commandement de monsire Esmon nadgaires counte de Kaent, du temps qil estoit lieu tenaunt le roi le pere en la duchee, et paieimentz faitz a mesme le counte, a qi yl ly couenoit estre entendaunt et obeissant par fourme de sa commission ; et auxint paieimentz faitz a ly et a lerceuesque de Dyuelin et a autres de lur commandement, du temps qil et le dit erceuesque et maistre William de Weston furent enuoiez as parties de la duchee pur reformacion du pais, a queux il li couenoit estre entendaunt et obeissant par fourme de lur commission ; et auxint paieimentz faitz du commandement leuesque de Ely et de monsire Almarik seigneur de Craoun enuoiez autrefoitz as parties de la duchee pur reformacion du pais ou de vn de eux, a queux il fut entendaunt en semblable manere.

A quele est respondu :—Soit veu en chauncellerie le poair le conte de Kent, lerceuesque de Deuelyn et leuesque de Ely, du temps qils furent en Gascoigne pur la cause contenue en la petition, et si lur poair fut tiel qe le dit Adam serroit entendaunt a eux, come la petition fait mencion, adonques eyt bref as tresorier et barons de leschequer de allower tielx paieimentz dount il auera mostre garaunt.

[24] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil mostre son clerk Adam de Lymbergh, nadgaires conestable de Burdeux en temps le roi son pere qe Dieux assoille, qe come au temps qe le dit Adam lessa mesme loffice, cest a sauver le xiiij. iour de Iuyl lan du regne nostre dit seigneur le roi le pere xviiij^e et lan del incarnation nostre

seigneur mil cccxxiiij., maistre Gerard de seint Seren, qi estoit tresorer ou lieu tenant le dit Adam es terres le roi en Pieregork, Kaersyn et Lemosyn, et maistre William Reymond de Albynoun, qi auxint estoit tresorier ou lieu tenant le dit Adam par acun temps en la terre de Agenoys, et ascuns autres resceiuours qe furent desoutz le dit Adam, feusseient a acompter, cest assauer le dit mestre Gerard des issues de la dite tresorie de vn an entier, et le dit mestre William de vne graunde somme de deners qe ly estoit liuee pur gages paier a gentz darmes et a pee, esteauntz lors en garnissons es chastelx le roi en Agenois contre lost des Franceys, qe estoit adonques enuenaunt vers les dites parties pur prendre la duchee en la main le roi de Fraunce, qi lors estoit pur defaute de hommage qe nostre dit seigneur le roi le piere li dust auer fait et point ne fist. Et ia soit qe les dites terres de Pieregork, Kaersyn et Lemosyn et de Agenois feusseient adonques prises en la main le dit roi de France par la cause susdite et vncore soient en sa mein, et les ditz maistres Gerard et Guilliam et autres resceiuours feussent trouez demorauntz en mesmes les terres, siqe le dit Adam ne autre des ministres nostre dit seigneur le roi celes parties ne les poeient ne vncore ne poent destreindre a lur ditz acomptes rendre ne roules remembraunces ne garauntz vers ly auoier, pur ceo qe le dit roi de France les fist seissir en sa mein et vncore les detient, et ad fait venir deuant ses seneschals et ses autres ministres les ditz maistres Gerard et Guilliam et autres resceiuours auant ditz pur acompter des choses susdites, et ad fait leuer de eux quanqe estoit duz par la fin de mesmes les acomptes, solonc ceo qe le response du contre-roullour le dit Adam du dit temps sur ceo fait au mandement nostre dit seigneur le roi a leschequer le suppose. Nespurquant les tresorer et barons de leschequer, nient eauntz regard as choses auant dites, destreignent le dit Adam a rendre acompte, auxibien des issues des dites terres issint prises en la main le dit roi de Fraunce come des autres terres de mesme la duchee qe furent sauuez au dit roi le piere et sont vncore en la mein nostre seigneur le roi qore est, et ly bient a charger des issues dyceles a grant damage du dit Adam, dont il prie remedie.

A quele est respondu :—Soit bref contenant leffect de la peticioun au seneschal de Gascoigne et conestable de Burdeux qeux senforment de quel temps les resceiuours et tresorier dede[inz nomm]eez eyent acompte deuers sire Adam de Lymbergh et de quel temps il ne ount mie acompte, cestasauoir des terres chiuachez par le roi de Fraunce,

et sur la cause pur[que] ascuns de tielx nount mie acompte deuers ly, et sil eyent acompte des dites terres deuers autres, adonc vers queux et coment et sil soient ou puis les chiauachez, [et sil soient f]aisables dacompter vers le dit sire Adam ou nemie, et sur totes les choses susdites certefient les tresorier et barons de leschequer Dengleterre, et eyt bref a meismes les tresorier et barons que eux surseent de charger le dit Adam sur son acompte des issues des terres issint chiauachez.

m. 2d [25] *Lymbergh*.—A¹ nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie son clerk Adam de Lymbergh que come le roi piere meisme nostre seigneur le roi que Dieux assoille lui assignast a l'office du conestable de Burdeux par ses lettres patentes donees le xxiiij. iour Dauerill lan de son regne xv^{me}, et le dit Adam, resceues meismes les lettres, prist son chemyn vers celes parties et feust en alaunt laundroites de meisme le xxiiij. iour Dauerill tantque le xvij. iour de Iuyn prochain suaunt, queu iour il resceust le dit office a Burdeux a grauntz custages et despens, qil pleise a nostre dit seigneur le roi maunder as tresorer et barons de lescheker de allouer au dit Adam en son acompte resnables despens le iour pur meisme le temps, solonc lour discrecions, et auxint les despens qil fit pur passage de li, de ses hommes chiuais et harneys outre mier, solonc sa bone foi.

A quele est respondu :—Eit bref as tresorer et barons de lescheker ceux senfourment sur le deslay du iour de la commission tantque le iour qil resceust son office, et pur le temps qil fut en alaunt vers les dites parties, facent allouer et li couenables despens selonc lour discrecions et son passage auxint.

[26] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie son clerk Adam de Lymbergh, nadgaires conestable de Burdeux, que come du iour qil lessa le dit office, cest assauer del xiiij. iour de Iuyl lan du regne du dit roi le piere xvij^{me} et lan de nostre seigneur le roi² mil cccxxiiij., tantque le sezisme iour de Feuerer lan du dit roi xix^{me} et lan de nostre seigneur mil cccxxv. il receuist a Burdeux les clerks suzescritz, cest assauer sire William de Lymbergh, sire Hugh de Barhul, sire Wauter de Pembrigge, William de Kelleseye, Iohan Deueneyns, Iohan de Taunton, et Thomas de Tiryngton, auxibien pur ses acomptes arraier come pur acomptes de ministres et resceiuours desouz le dit Adam resceuire et a suire de faire venir

¹ A.P. 2951.

² *Sic.*

ministres et resceiours qi se feurent retret deuers le poer du roi de Fraunce es terres adonques chiuauchees par li et prises en sa meyn, qil pleise a nostre dit seigneur le roi maunder as tresorer et barons de lescheker de faire au dit Adam resnable allouaunce en son acompte, selonc lour discrecions, de despens de ses ditz clerks par le temps susdit.

A quele est respondu :—Eyt bref as tresorer et barons de lescheker ceux senforment de la necessite de retenir clerks en Gascoigne apres qil fut mis hors de sa baillie, et du nombre des clerks retenuz et pur le temps qil busoignoit tiels clerks a demoerer illeques pur suivre vers ministres et resceiours dacompter et les acomptes arraier, facent allouer couenables despens pur les ditz clerks demoerantz par cele encheson, mes quant a les despens demaundez pur fesure del acompte rien ne soit fait.¹

[27] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie son clerk Adam de Lymbergh, nadgaires conestable de Burdeux en temps du roi son pere qe Dieux assoille, qe come le dit Adam feist purueaunce en Gascoigne des issues de sa baillie du maundement le dit roi pur sa guerre Descoce de diuerses vitailles, dount il acounta od sire Roger de Waltham adonques gardein de la garderobe du dit roi et en ad bille de ceo qe li estoit duz par lacompte pur meismes les vitailles, qil pleise a meisme nostre seigneur le roi commaunder qe tailles soient leuees de la somme qe meisme la bille contient, par queles il puisse auer allouaunce en son acompte del office de conestable.

A quele est respondu :—Moustre les billes en chauncellerie et eit bref as tresorer et barons de lescheker ceux facent allouance a ly ceo qe serra due par meismes les billes par taille a leuer ou en autre manere couenable.

[28] Item prie le dit Adam qe come le dit roi le pere li feust tenuz en diuers sommes de deners, auxibien pur chivals perduz en son service es parties de Gascoigne come pur autres causes, sicome piert par billes qil en ad, dount ascunes sont sealees du seal sire Iohan Trauers adonques conestable de Burdeux et aucunes de seal sire Nichol de Hugate resceiour et administrour des deners et

¹ These last four, or some similar, words have been erased on the dorse of A.P. 2951, which reads instead : " soit mande a mesmes les tresorer et barons qils facent a ly les alloances qi ount este faites as autres conestables ou resceiours en cas semblable."

vitailles de dit roi es dites parties, qil pleise a nostre dit seigneur le roi qore est commaunder qe de ceo qest issint duz au dit Adam par mesmes les billes il puisse auer allowance en son dit acompte par semblable manere.

A quele est responduz :—Eyt bref as tresorer et barons de lescheker qe, veues les billes et appelez deuant eux a lescheker Iohan de Trauers et Nichol de Hughgate et eux examinez et lour acomptes veues, de ceo qe serra troue due par meismes les billes facent allowance.

[29] Aussint prie le dit Adam qe come il eit deuers li roulles, remembrances et garauntz, touchauntz les acomptes mestre Gerard de seint Seren et mestre William Reymond de Albinhoun qi feurent tresorers de Peregork, Kaersyn et Lemosyn et Centonge, par commission du sire de Craoun adonques seneschal de Gascoigne de ascun temps deuaunt qe le dit Adam estoit conestable, dont le dit Adam se meddla par reson de la dite commission qil auent pur [ac]ountes oir, qil soit maunde as ditz tresorer et barons de resceiure de li meismes les choses, auxibien pur leuer pur oeps le roi ce qest duz par meismes les acountes come pur euidence auer a terminer les acountes qi sont vncore a rendre de celes parties.

A quele est respondu :—Soit meisme la petition maunde par bref as tresorer et barons de lescheker ceux senforment sur les choses contenues en la petition et facent adonques ceo qils verront qe fait affaire pur le profit le roi.

[30] *Iohan Estodleghe*.—A¹ nostre seigneur le roi prie Iohan Destodleghe qil voille commaunder qe de les vij. s. xj. d. qe le viegnent en demande de an en an hors de leschesquer pur certains wastz del son demein soit iadiz esteiantz dedeinz les bundes de la foreste de Pewesham en conte de Wyltes, et ore hors de les bundes pur la puralee allowee deuant monsire Iohan Mautrauers et iustices errantz en la foreste du dit conte, soit deschargee.

A quele est respondu :—Soit maunde a les iustices des forestes decea Trente denquere sur la matire contenue en la peticioun et, lenqueste retourne en la chancellerie, soit le roi auise de la cause de la demande de la rente et face outre droit.

[31] *Hallingbur'*.—A² nostre seigneur le roi prie Water de

¹ Against this entry is the marginal note: "liberatur in cancellaria".

² Against this entry is the marginal note: "liberatur in cancellaria".

Hallingbur', poure boreler de Candelwykestreet, qil veulle com-maunder qil soit paie de cent et cynk soudz qe son piere ly est tenez pur draps pris de ly par la main sir Rauf de Stokes adonques clerc de la graunde garderobe par ij. billes.

A quele est respondu :—Soit maunde as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe, vewes les billes dont mensioun est faite en la peticioun et sil troessent qe la dette soit due, ly facent paiement ou assignement.

[32] *Hamelyn*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail mostre soen clerc Iohan Hamelin, sa persone de leglise de Penbeir qest de sa auoweson et en sa seigneurie de Emelyn en Gales, qe par la ou le dit Iohan et ses predecessours persones de mesme leglise de grant temps ount tenez la dite eglise entierment sauntz viquer, et ia de nouel maistre Henry Gower euesque de saint Dauby ad fait viquer de mesme leglise et ad assigne porcion au dit viquer la moite des fruytz, obuencions et terres qi appartenent a la dite eglise, en desheritance de nostre dit seigneur et de sa coroune; et pur ceo, seigneur, qe vostre clerc poursuit, a ceo qil poet, vostre droit deuant monsire Henry Lescrop et ses compaignons, le dit euesque quert enchesons de ly greuer,¹ et par extorcioun ad leue de luy plus de ix. marz, et tut plein dautres duresces ly ad fait. Des quelx duresces le dit vostre clerc autrefoitz se pleint a Kenylworth, ou bref fust commande par vostre cunsail au dit euesque de surser des dites dures et maux duresces qil auoit fait repeller. Le dit euesque, nient eyaunt regard al commandement le roi, de iour en autre en aggreggeaunt les duresces, ore de nouel par ses ministres ad mis sequestre sur les biens vostre dit clerc, tantque il seit paie de cent soudz pur vostre clerc enpouerer et destruyre, issint qe le dit vostre clerc rien nad de quoi mettres coustages de poursuivre vostre droit, de quoi le dit clerk prie remedie, et qe, si vous plest, veuillez mander au dit euesque qil surcesse de tieles duresces faire, par quoi vostre dit clerk ne soit desturbe a defendre vostre droit. Et auxint, seigneur, pleise a vous commander a vostre iustice de Gales de meintenir vostre dit clerk en sa possessioun entierment, come en le temps vostre piere ad este.

A quele est respondu :—Pur ceo qe le proces pent en banc le roi parentre leuesque et la dite persone a la suyte le roi, soit mande al dit euesque qe, pendaunt le proces, ne face mal, moleste ne damage a la dite persone sur peril qe appent.

¹ MS. repeats "de ly greuer".

[33] *Kyngesnorton Wode*.—A¹ nostre seigneur le roi mostrent ses poures liges, gentz et comuners en la commune pasture de Kyngesnorton Wode en le conte de Wyrcestre, par la ou sire Roger de Mortimer nadgairs tynt le manoir de Norton de dit nostre seigneur le roi qⁱ, par cunsail Richard de Haukeslowe, son seneschal et visconte de Wyrcestre, auoit enclos de fosse dedeinz la dite commune pasture vne place de terre en vne valeye qe contynt deuz caruez de terre, et les ditz comuners, aperceuiantz lur desheritances de lur commune pasture issint enclose, abatirent le fosse en plusors lieux, come bien lur plust, qe lur bestes y poient entrer et pestre come tut temps auoient fait auant. La vynt le dit seigneur de Mortimer, par enticement le dit Richard, et purchacea vn bref de trespas deuers eux ou ils plederent, et par vne enqueste de lontein pais de la seigneurie le dit Mortimer, qe furent fait venir par le dit visconte, qe fust son seneschal, par vn *nisi prius* a Bremesgraue ou les vns comuners et lur attorne en uenauntz laundreites par chemyn furent batuz, naufrez et malment demenez et manacez, qils noseient illeoques venir de chalenger lur conusours come appendoit, par quele enqueste furent condempnez a la partie en ccc. livres de damages, de quoi les dites gentz prient, pur Dieux, desicome lenqueste fust prise en lur absence, pur doute qils ne oseient illeoques venir, et par gentz de lur commune qe furent fait venir de loyntein pais par le dit visconte, son seneschal, et qe assistrent les damages tut a lur ordinaunce, tantcom il fuist de si graunt poair, qil plese a nostre seigneur le roi de sa grace graunter iustices denquerre si ceo soit lur commune ou ne mye, et, si troue soit qe ceo soit lur commune, qils puissent communer come eux et lur auncestres ount fait, et qils eyent, pur Dieux, pardon des damages qe furent si torcenousement agardez sur eux.

A quele est respondu :—Soient assignez en chancellerie, par commissioun contenaunte le fort de tote ceste peticioun, Adam de Herwynton, William de Schardeshull et Rauf de Perham denquerre sur les choses contenues en mesme la peticioun, et la dite enqueste retornee en chancellerie, face le chaunceler appeler a ly ceux du consail qil verra qe sont appeler, face outre gracieusement pur les poures gentz, solonc lenformacioun ewe par mesme lenqueste ceo qil verra qe fait a faire en descharge de mesme le[s] pour[es] gentz. Et en dementers, cesse lexecucioun de leuer mesme [la dette.

¹ C. 145/116/14/4: see Appendix, p. 284.

[34] *Coket*.—A nostre seigneur le roi prie son marchaunt Iohan *m. 3* de Manneby de Beuerle qe come il lui soit tenutz en vynt mars, deux souds et sept deners dun preste fait a lui des leynes le dit Iohan, lan de regne nostre seigneur le roi primer, outre le dreit custume dount il est respoundu a son eschequier, come piert par lacompte Robert But et Iohan de Multon, cuillours de la custume nostre seigneur le roi en port de seint Botulph, et par les lettres patentes nostre seigneur le roy soutz le seal de coket, queles il en ad, et done a¹ nostre seigneur le roi deust auoir fait paiement piezad et riens nad fait, qil soit de la dite summe pae ou qil puisse auoir allowaunce de meisme la summe en la custume de ses leines propres queles prochainement menera outre mier.

Ad quam petitionem ita responsum est :—Soit maunde as tresorrier et barons de leschequier qe eaux, vewes les lettres patentes, facent allowaunce en le custume de lour leines solonc ceo qe la peticion demaunde.

[35] Consimili modo responsum est ad petitionem Iohannis de Barkarr' de Malyns petentis consimilem allocacionem de x. marcis ij. s. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Iohanni de Barbarr' petenti consimilem allocacionem de vj. li' xv. s. v. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Simoni Colne de Malyns petenti consimilem allocacionem de ix. m. ix. s. ix. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Gilkyno Luchegyn de Malins petenti consimilem allocacionem de cxiiij. s. xi. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Dionisio Fox de Ipre petenti consimilem allocacionem de xi. marcis ij. s. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Iohanni Kastiker de Ipre petenti consimilem allocacionem de xiiij. marcis ii. s. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Lamberto Daman de Malyns petenti consimilem allocacionem de xij. marcis xij. s. x. d.

Et Iohanni Roger de Louayn petenti ² consimilem allocacionem de vij. marcis ix. s. ij. d.³

Et Iohanni Roland de Louayn petenti consimilem allocacionem de vij. marcis xij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Willelmo Broun de Horncastre petenti ⁴ consimilem allocacionem de xj. marcis xj. s. x. d.⁵ regi mutuatis vt supra.

¹ *Sic*: read *dount*.

² A.P. 9311.

³ Substituted for xij.d.

⁴ A.P. 4721.

⁵ Substituted for ix.d.

Et Iohanni Brune de Malins petenti consimilem allocacionem de xiiij. marcis x. s. ix. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Rogero Petit de Lincolnia petenti consimilem allocacionem de xiiij. marcis viij. s. vj. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Iohanni de Rateburgh petenti consimilem allocacionem de xiiij. marcis ij. s. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Henrico de Susch' de Almannia petenti consimilem allocacionem de xxix. marcis iij. s. j. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Petro Blanker de Dendermound petenti consimilem allocacionem de v. marcis x. s. iij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Rogero de la Voyr de Vasconia petenti consimilem allocacionem de iiij. marcis x. s. ix. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Simoni de Algerkyrk petenti consimilem allocacionem de viij. marcis vi. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Henrico de Hillewyten' de Almannia petenti consimilem allocacionem de xix. marcis ix. s. iij. d. mutuatis vt supra.

Et Herberto Schepmarket de Almannia petenti vt supra de xv. marcis x. s. iiij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Willelmo de Snartford petenti consimilem allocacionem de ix. li' iiij. s. viij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Rogero de Bomstede de Norwico petenti ¹ consimilem allocacionem de viij. li' xvj. s. viij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

[36] A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail prie le seon marchaunt Iohan de Friseleigh qe com nostre seigneur le roi lui soit tenutz en viij. li' iiij. s. viij. d. pur aprest fait al dit nostre seigneur le roi suz les leines le dit marchaunt custumes en le port de Londres, solonc ceo qi plus pleinement est contenuz en les lettres patentes ensealees du coket, dount le transcrit est cosu a ceste petition, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi comaunder qe paiement lui soit fait du dit prest.

Ad istam petitionem responsum est sic :—Soit maunde as tresorier et barons et chaumbreleyns de leschequier qeaux, vewes les lettres patentes, facent paement ou allowance en la custume de lour leines propres.

[37] Consimili modo responsum est Antoyne Vsus Maris ad petitionem suam qui peciit consimilem allocacionem de iiij^{xx} iiij. li' xxij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

¹ A.P. 15521.

Consimili modo responsum est Iohanni de Portenar petenti consimilem allocacionem de xxj. li' ij. s. vij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Item Siluestri Bonfilol petenti consimilem allocacionem de vij. li' vij. s. viij. d. ob' regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Bonan de Luca et Siluestri Bonfilol petentibus consimilem allocacionem de vij. li' xj. s. iiij. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Bonan de Luca petenti consimilem allocacionem de xliij. li' xiiij. s. iiij. d. ob' regi mutuatis vt supra.

Et Octobon de Marinis petenti consimilem allocacionem de xlvj. li' xij. s. ix. d. regi mutuatis vt supra.

[38] *Mordon.*—A¹ nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie Gilberd de Mordon qe par la ou le dit Gilberd fuist vn des viscontes de Loundres en temps del piere nostre seigneur le roi qore est, et est tenutz a nostre seigneur le roi de loffice de viscountee auaunt dit en asqunes dettes a son eschequier, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roy, en oure de charite pur les almes ses auncestres, comaunder bref de sa chauncellerie as tresorier et barons de leschequier de allower al dit Gilberd xj. li' vj. s. viij. d., en les queux le tresnoble prince le ael nostre seigneur le roy qore est lui est tenuz pur furment de lui achate, com piert par vne bille de la garderobe.

Ad istam petitionem responsum est sic:—Eyt bref as tresorier et barons de leschequier qe eaux, vewes les billes, sils troessent qe la dette soit clere, facent allowaunce en la dette qil doit, solonc ceo qe la petition demaunde.

[39] *Pieres et Othes de Grantsoun.*—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunsail prient les liggs bachilers Piers de Grantsoun et Othes son frere filz William de Grantsoun qe come le roi E., a qi Dieux face verrai merci, ael nostre seigneur le roi qore est, dona a lur trescher vncle Othes de Grantsoun les idles de Gerneseye et Gereseye oue les autres idles apurtenauntz, a tenir a terme de sa vie et cynk aunz apres sa mort, sicome il piert par sa chartre, et le dit Othes ad done et deuse a les ditz Pieres et Othes ses neueux les auantditz cink derroins aunz apres sa mort en la fourme qe a ly deuereit apendre, sicome piert par son testament et par son fait qil ad fait a ces auantditz neueus, qe nostre seigneur le roi voille de sa grace commander et soeffrir qils puissent auoir et tenir les idles auantditz.

¹ A.P. 6280 A: the wording of the endorsement varies from the enrolment.

au dit terme de cynk auns auantditz, selonc le purport de la chartre le roi E, ael nostre seigneur le roi qore est, faite au dit Othes lur vncle et selonc le purport del testament et lassignement le dit Othes faitz a Pieres et a Othes ses neuveux auantditz.

A quele peticioun est respondu :—Viegnent deuant le chancellor, et appelez a ly ceux du conseil le roi qe sont appeler, et soyent la chartre du graunte, le testament et lassignement, dount mension est faite en la peticioun, issint ceux tretent oue les ditz sire Pieres et sire Othes, et ceux apportent lur auis deuant le roi. Puis fust trete oduesqex eux de celle matere et assente fust qils aueront pur tote lur demande en celle partie cc. livres par an a terme de cynk aunz, et rendront au roi les faitz qils ount deuers eux de celle demande et ferrount reles. Puis fust acorde et assentu par le roi qe le dit monsire Pieres aueroit c. livres par an de la ferme du chastel de saint Breuel et de la foreste de Dene en le conte de Gloucestre, et le dit monsire Othes c. livres par an, cestasauoir l. livres de la ville et du chastel de Roucestre et l. livres del manoir de Osprenge, a terme de cynk aunz par la cause susdite, selonc ceo qest contenu en la peticion tache a cestes.

[40] *R. Bast.*—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son consail mostre Roger Bast qe come le hospital de sainte Ka[teri]ne pres de la Tour de Londres soit lauowerie et de la collacion ma dame Philippe roine Dengleterre, et par les reynes Dengleterre estoit hospital fonde et par elles a la garde del dit hospital mestres assignez, et come ma dame Isabelle ore tart roine Dengleterre, pur certains enchesons et plaintes a ly faitz sur Richard de Lusteshull, adonques mestre del dit hospital, de plusours wastz et destrucciouns faites en la dite meson, manda illeoques monsire William Herle et ¹ mestre Henry de Clyf pur les plaintes susdites trier et la meson visiter, les quelx monsires William et Henry ensi firent et les plaintes susdites verraies trouerent et la meson come destruite a la reine Isabelle renuncierent, par quoi elle, del assent son cunsail et par mesmes les visiteurs, osta le dit Richard de la garde du dit hospital pur touz iours et dona la garde de ycele au dit Roger a terme de sa vie, par quoi prie le dit Roger qil ne soit mie oste sanz estre appelle a respondre.

A quele peticioun est respondu :—Soit ceste peticioun enuoye deuaunt les iustices nostre seigneur le roi oue bref de commandement ceux, facent venir deuaunt eux la visitacion dont est fait mensioun

¹ Repeated MS.

en la peticioun, appelle deuant eux le dit Roger et ceux qe sont appeler, facent droit.

[41] *Lymbergh*.—A nostre seigneur le roi prie soen clerk Adam de Lymbergh qe come au temps qil estoit gardein du priue seal il resceut en garderobe acunes sommes des deners de prest, qil pleise au dit nostre seigneur le roi de mander a sire Robert de Wodehouse et a sire Richard de Bury adonques gardein de mesme la garderobe ceux acomptent sur ceo oduesque ly, alloaunt a ly en noun de gages iorneux et auxint ses despens pur le temps qil estoit hors de court en voz busoignes, et les clers du priue seal auxint oduesque ly a ses custages, solonc ce qi ad este allouez a sire Richard de Ayrmyne ou al auauntedit Richard de Bury ou autres esteauntz en loffice auantdit en temps passe en cas semblable, nomeement desicom le dit Adam nestoit pas auancee par le dit nostre seigneur le roi a benefice ne a autre chose. Et de ceo qe duz ly serra par acompte ly facent billes, chescun de son temps, par queles il ent puisse auoir alloance en son acompte du temps qil estoit conestable de Burdeux, ou en autres dettes qi viennent sur ly en demande a leschequer. Et si par cas le dit sire Robert ne puisse ore bonement acompter a le dit Adam des dites choses, pur ceo qil ad rendu son acompte a leschequer, qil soit mande as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe, veues les liures del acompte du dit sire Robert et eue de ly enformacioun en ceste partie sil busoigne, ils acomptent oduesque ly en la manere susdite, et ceo qe du ly serra par lacompte allouent en lacompte le dit Adam ou en dettes qi viennent sur ly en demande come auant est dit.

A quele est respondu :—Il semble au conseil qe la chose est fesable et qil eyt alloance sur le purport de la bille, et sur ceo eyt brefs a ceux qil voudra.

[42] *Daniel de Burgham*.—A la petition Daniel de Burgham de estre remis en sa baillie de la foreste de Esshesdoun et de la park de Mersfelde come gardein illeoques parmi le doun ma dame la roine, miere au roi qore est, pur son seruice en noun de garisoun, la quele baillie, tantcom le dit Daniel fust en prisoun en Escoce, ma dite dame dona a monsire Bartholomeu de Burwesh, est respondu issint :—

Soit quis en chauncellerie lenroulement de doun¹ le roi oue le

¹ "sa commissioun" struck through.

doun la dite dame et si troue soit qe le roi et la roine le donerent cel office en la manere come mension est faite en la peticioun, adounc soit appele le dit sire Bartholomeu a respondre, issint qe si ceo soit atteint qe le dit Daniel soit oste saunz cause, qe adonques soit remis.

[43] A la peticion mesme celli Daniel de auoir recouerir de ses biens et chateux ¹ a la value de xl. livres liurez a monsire Thomas de Osflete et a sire Morice Drawesueord, a garder tantcom le dit Daniel fust en prisone en la garde monsire Iohan de Weston, par procurement sire Hugh le Despenser, fust respondu :—

Soit ceste peticioun mande deuaunt les iustices du banc le roi, et appeletz illeoques Thomas de Osflet et sire Morice Drawesueord enforme sur la cause, et illeoques ly soit fait droit.

[44] A la peticion le dit Daniel de ceo qe monsire Robert de Prestebur' et autres se ² pristrent en la ville de Gloucestre et illeoques lenprisonerent a la venue nostre seigneur le roi qore est en Engleterre, est respondu :—

Siwe a la commune ley.

[45] A la peticion le dit Daniel de auoir recouerir de ix^{xx} acres de terre qil engagea a Alisandre Gondred de Bourgham pur x. livres, est respondu :—

Sequatur ad legem communem.

[46] A la peticion mesme cely Daniel dauoir recouerir deuers Thomas de Mellehale et Elis le Port de ceo qils lenprisonerent en la ville de Cheltenham, et ses biens et chateux a la value de cc. mars enporterent, est respondu :—

Sequatur ad legem communem.

[47] A la peticion mesme cely Daniel de auoir recouerir vers Clement le Aunpoller, nadgairs baillif de Canterbur', de ceo qe [il lessa] Nicholas de Isle qe fust condempne a ³ Daniel auaunt dit en xl. livres eschaper hors de sa garde, siqe le dit Daniel ne poet estre seruy, et le dit Clement sad demis de quanqe il auoit a son filz par collusion, est respondu :—

Siewe a la ley ordine sur tielx plaintes.

¹ "liure" struck through.

² *Sic*: read *le*.

³ "vers" struck through.

[48] *Iacobz Dalile*.—A la petition Huhgh de Bromschulf, executour sir Iames Dalile, destre paie de cclxxij. li' ij. s. ij. d. qe le piere nostre seigneur le roi gore est deuoyt al dit Iames par bille de la garderobe, est respondu :— m. 3d

Pur ceo qe sire Iames Dalile fust gardein des vitailles le roi, soit mande a tresorer et barons de leschesqer sil eyt acompte des ditz vitailles et deners pleinement et la summe ly soit due, adonques facent paiement et assignement.

[49] *Richard de Elyng*.—A la petition Richard de Elyng de reauoir la baillie de porter les retornes del viscount de Suthampton des briefs le roi a les baillifs del Isle de Wyght, Cryschirche, Twynham, Ryngwode et Forde, et faire les execucions come chef baillif, la quele baillie le roi ad done a vn Iohan Ace de Lodelowe, est respondu :—

Soit ceste petition mande deuant les iustices du banc nostre seigneur le roi et appelez les parties soit fait droit.

[50] *Roucestre*.—A la petition des cyteins de Roucestre de auoir conformement de lur franchises et pauage pur la dite ville, est respondu :—

Quant al conformement suent au roi, et quant al pauage eyent pur treis aunz.

[51] *Badelesmere*.—A la petition Margarete qe fust la femme Bartholomeu de Badelesmere de faire mander as chambreleins qilz certefient la curt ou tote la garderobe, chapele, et dargent bien a cink centz liueres, et vessele darreim, qe fust au dit Bartholomeu et mis en la Tour de Londres ouesque sa chambre, soit ¹ detenuz, siqe elle puisse auoir sa purpartie, est respondu :—

Soit mande as tresorer et chambreleins de leschesqer qils senforment del vessele dor et dargent et darreim, et auxint des choses touchantes la garderobe qe furent a sire Bartholomeu en la Tour de Londres, et en qi mayns il sount deuenuz, et par quel garaunt, et de ceo certefient le roi en chauncellerie.

[52] *Talbot*.—A nostre seigneur le roi prient Richard Talbot et Elizabeth sa femme qe come les chartres et autres diuers munimentz tochauntz leritage Aymar de Valence, iadis counte de Penebrok,

¹ "est res" struck through.

qi vne des heirs la dite Elizabeth est, soient en garde en la tresorie nostre seigneur le roi, qil pleise a nostre dit seigneur le roi mander bref as tresorer et chambreleins de liuerer as ditz Richard et Elizabeth par endenture les chartres et autres munimentz tochauntz la purpartie la dite Elizabeth et la reuersion de dowair la contesse a ly assigne, issint qils puissent eaux de destrucsoun le meulz sauuer.

A quele est respondu :—Eyent bref as tresorer et chambreleins de leschesqer ceux, appelez Daud counte de Atheil, vn des heirs le conte de Penbrok, et le heir Iohan de Hasting, autre des heirs le dit conte, en lur presence facent liuerer as chescun des parceners les chartres et munimentz tochauntz lur purparties.

[53] *Walesby*.—A la petition Iohan de Walesby de auoir remede de vn pount qe les gentz de¹ Donyton en Holand ount fait au bond de mesme la ville, qest appelle Wesenshipbrigge, si bas qe nulle nief ne poet passer par entre la saint Botulf et le pount de Holand, est respondu issint :—

Soient certains gentz assignez en chancellerie denquerre sur les greuances contenues en la peticioun et, lenqueste retorne en chauncellerie, soit fait droit.

[54] *Harcla*.—A la petition² Henry filz et heir Iohan de Harcla de faire venir lenqueste qi fust prise deuant sire Pieres Tiliol et Robert de Barton a dire si le dit Iohan morust seisi come de fee en les³ terres et tenementz en les countez de Cumbreland et Westmerland, est respondu issint :—

Veniat inquisicio.

[55] *Coleshull*.—A la petition des terres tenauntz Iohan de Coleshull, marchaunt Doxenford, dauoir respit et perdoun de x. li' xvij. s. v. d. qe sont a deriere de vne reconisaunce de cc. li' faite a monsire Hugh le Despenser le pere en lescheqer, come piert par vne acquittance, est respondu issint :—

Soit mande as tresorer et barons de lescheqer ceux, vewe laquittance et oye la partie, facent autiel droit a la partie come fust a faire deuers le dit sire Hugh, sil fust en vie.

[56] *Executours W. euesque Dexcestre*.—A la petition les executours

¹ "Walesby" struck through.

² C. 145/110/21/6: see Appendix, p. 284.

³ "dit" struck through.

Walter de Stapeldon, euesque Dexcestre, dauoir remedié de la value de ccl. marz et de plus qe Robert de Bilkemor, seneschal de Cornewaille et gardein de la temporalte¹ de lesueschee, apres decés le dit esuesque esporta, yssint est respondu :—

Soit ceste petition mande par bref de grant seal as tresorer et barons de leschequer et ceux, appelle le dit Robert, facent droit a les executours.

[57] A la petition lexeutours Walter de Stapeldon, esuesque Dexcestre, de reauoir la garde de la terre et del heir Adam le Bryt de Somerset, de la quele garde Simon de Ralegh de Somerset les engettea et le dit heir hors du manoir de Taunton, ou il fust en garde, rauist et amena, et son mariage pur c. livres vendi,² et en son moriaunt la dite garde de terre deuise a vn Warin son frere qe vnqore la tient, et les biens et chateux des ditz executours a la value de c. livres hors de dit manoir enporta, issint est respondu :—

Soit ceste petition mande deuant le roi par bref du graunt seal et, appelez illeokes ceux qe sont appellez, soit fait droit.

[58] *Robert de Tauton.*—A la petition Robert de Tauton de³ auoir remedié de ceo qil fust enprisone au Wyncestre et puis en Corf parmi sire Iohan Mautrauers et William Fauconberge et autres, a damage le dit Robert de x. mille livres et de plus, et de ses biens enportez a la value de c. livres et de plus, est respondu :—

Le roi est bien conyssaunt de la cause de lenprisounement.

[59] A la petition Robert de Tauton de auoir recouerir de la value de cccc. livres qe Henry esuesque de Nichole et Thomas Wake de Bliseworth, adonques viscount de Northanton, pristrent par colur et poair de lur office et enporterent⁴ hors de son manoir de Coldayssheby, tantcom il fust en prisoun en le chastel de Corf par xxxv. semaines, a ses damages de d. livres, est respondu issint :

Eyt bref en chauncellerie au viscount, sur lacord fait a cest parlement des biens de ceux qe furent attachez par reson le conte de Kaent, dauoir restitucioun de ses biens, et sil ne face, eyt bref de attacher le viscounte retournable a leschequer a respoudre a ly de mesme les chateux, et illeokes ly soit fait droit.

¹ "deseche" struck through.

² "Et les bien" struck through.

³ "ceo" struck through.

⁴ "a" struck through.

[60] *Beneyt Fulsham*.—A nostre seigneur le roi prie Beneit de Fulsham qe come il soit tenuz au roi en diueres dettes, auxbien du temps qil estoit son botiller come par autre cause, et nostre seigneur le roi ly soit tenuz en diuerses dettes par billes de la garderobe et en surplusages des acomptes, auxibien par ly renduz a leschequer come des surplusages qe autres ly ount assignez illeokes, qil ly pleise commaunder as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe eux ly facent alloaunce des dettes qe ly sont dues par les dites billes et par les auauinditz surplusages en les dettes qil deyt au roi a leschequer.

A quele est respondu issint :—Eyt bref as tresorer et barons de leschequer qe de ce qils troessent qe du est de cler a Beneit de Fulsham par bille de la garderobe des surplusages des acomptes par ly renduz ou des surplusages a ly assignez, facent alloaunce a ly en dettes qil deyt a leschequer.

[61] *Waynflet*.—A la peticion de les hommes de Waynflet, qe sount tenauntz del maner de Gretham en le counte de Nichole, des duretez qe les baillifs du dit manoir lur faint endroit de ceo qe la ou les ditz hommes, tantcom le dit manoir fust en la main sire Henry de Lacy counte de Nichole, il soloient presenter hu et cry al wapentak le roi, la ou les ditz baillifs les chacent a presenter mesmes les choses a la curt de Gretham, est respondu :—

Eyent bref forme sur la peticion au baillifs de Gretham, qore est en la main le roi, contenaunt leffect de la peticioun, par quel soit mande a eux qe, si la peticion contiegne verite, qils surseent de duretes ou greuances faire par la cause susdite.

[62] *Richard de Bromle*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son cunseil prie Richard de Bromle qe come Gilbert de Bromle, nadgairs vitailier de la ville de Cardoil, aprompta del dit Richard, al oeups nostre seigneur le roi piere a nostre seigneur le roi qore est, vint et treis livres xvj. sous pur achater vitailles pur garnison de la dite ville, sicome piert par liures de la garderobe du temps qe sire William de Melton erceuesque Deuerwyk estoit gardein de la dite garderobe, dount lacompte est rendu en leschequer, qe le dit Richard puisse auer paiement ou couenablement assignement de la dite somme.

A la quele est respondu :—Soit mande as tresorer et barons de leschequer ceux, vewe les liures de la garderobe dount la peticion fait mencioun, et sil troessent qe la dette soit due, facent paiement ou assignement.

[63] *Gilbert de Wygeton*.—A nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil prie soen clerk Gilbert de Wyggetton qe come il, en temps nostre seigneur le roi pere au roi qore est, fust clerk de la grande garderobe, monsire Hugh le Despenser le fitz lui volait auer charge dascun office et il ne le volait mie receiure, par quoi il le surquist tant qil ne poait estre resceu dacounter ne auoir alloaunce de ceo qil auoit despendu en la dite garderobe tantqe le dit sire Hugh vesquist, et a mesme le temps feist chace de faire gree a diuerses gentz des queux il auoit fait cheuisaunce tantqe a la somme de Dc. marcs, et ore en temps nostre seigneur le roi qore est auoit il bref de acompter du dit temps vers ceux qe adonques furent gardeins de la garderobe le dit pere, et ad vn surplusage de cclx. livres, de quoi il prie pur Dieux paiement ou assignement.

A quele est respondu :—Eyt bref as tresorer barons et chambreleins de leschequer qe, vewe lacompte et les billes dount mensioun est faite en la peticioun, et de ce qils troessent qe soit due de cler,

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, SEPTEMBER 1332

Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 3

The record of the proceedings of this parliament on Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 2, implies that, although petitions were received, the early dissolution caused them to be left unanswered.¹ The present roll shows that some progress must have been made with expediting the petitions, and the Gascon Roll shows, further, that a number of petitions answered at the parliament are not included in the present roll.² The purpose of this roll is obscure and its title is rather puzzling: but it is probable that it contains the enrolment of such petitions as were referred to, and decided by, the council. This appears to be established by the original petition which underlies the last entry on the roll and which we print in a footnote. So far as we can observe, the chancery rolls contain no indication that any but Gascon petitions were expedited at this parliament.

TRANSCRIPTA PETITIONUM QUORUMDAM DE VASCONIA EXHIBITARUM
IN PARLIAMENTO REGIS EDWARDI TERCII POST CONQUESTUM
APUD WESTMONASTERIUM IN CRASTINO NATIVITATIS BEATE
MARIE ANNO REGNI EIUSDEM REGIS EDWARDI SEXTO, ET RE-
PONSIONES FACTE AD EASDEM.

[I] *La peticioun Iohan Colum.*—A³ nostre seigneur le roi prie
Iohan Colum qe come monsire Iohan de Haustede, nadgaires vos-

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 67.

² Gascon Roll, 6 Edw. III (C.61/44), mm. 2-5. Most of the instruments issued in pursuance of the replies to the petitions included in the present roll can be found on these membranes as well as perhaps an equal number issued in consequence of other petitions obviously presented at this parliament: they bear dates between 18 and 30 September.

³ A.P. 8852.

tre seneschal de Gascoigne, e monsire Iohan Darcy, a la feste de seynt Michel Larchaungele lan de vostre regne quart, lui feissent venir en Engleterre a vous, sire, en message pur ascunes grosses busoignes tochautes vostre duchee de Guyenne, de quey lui estoient assignez certains gages, cest assauoir j. marc dargent par iour, dount la somme qi lui est due amoute iii^j^{xx} xvj. li' xiiij. s. iiij. d. pur le temps de son aler, demorer e retourner, sicome piert par vne bille enseallee du seal mestre Peres Galicien, adonques vostre conestable de Burdeux, acountauntz les iournees, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi ordeynner en maniere qe le dit Iohan soit payez.

A cest peticioun est respoudez en ceste maniere :—Soit maunde au conestable de Burdeux qore est ou pur temps serra qe, receue deuers lui la bille dount ceste peticioun fait mencion, face payement de la somme dedeynz contenue.

[2] *La peticioun Pountz sire de Chastilloun.*—A ¹ la vostre roiale mageste supplie Pountz, sire de Chastilloun, qe come il eyt este en le seruice monsire vostre pere qe Dieux assoille et en le vostre en les guerres qe ount este en les parties de Gascoigne, et il eyt tenuz xx. hommes darmes et cent seriauntz au pie pur defense de vostre terre de Gascoigne et pur garder vostre honour et pur continuer le seruice qe ses auncestres ount fait a voz auncestres. Et plus, sire, eyt tenuz xvj. hommes darmes et l. seriauntz au pie, sicome piert par lettres ensealles de vostre seal de Gascoigne, en le garnisoun du lieu de Chastilloun, et du temps qil les tynt il eyt acounte oue le conestable de Burdeux, dount lui sont duz par resoun de ses gages et de ses dites gentz darmes et au pie dune part m^lm^lm^lciij^{xx} li'. xviiij. s. chipoteys et dautre part m^lccccviiij. li'. xviiij. s. chipoteys, sicome piert par billes enseallee du seal vostre conestable de Burdeux. Et come pur le dit seruice et defense de vostre terre le dit Pountz eyt engage ses chastels et rentes qe lui estoient demorez, et il ne eyt dount viure ne de quey meyntenir son estat sil ne soit payez des ditz gages, qil pleise a vostre seigneurie lui faire payer des dites summes, issint qil peusse payer ceo qil doit et recourir ses chastels et rentes qil ad engagez, et meyntenir son estat al honor de vous et de lui, qar, sire, vous lui mandastes par voz lettres, queux il ad deuers lui, qil feust obeissaunt a voz ministres en les parties de Gascoigne, par le quel mandement il tynt les gentz darmes e au pie susdites.

¹ A.P. 8856.

A ceste peticioun est ensi respounduz :—Moustre les billes de la dette et oue qy il ad acompte et par quel garaunt. Puis pur ceo qil ad moustre deux billes de les summes contenues deyns ceste peticioun, dount le consail nad poynt conissaunce, acorde est qe soit maunde au conestable de Burdeux qil acompte oue lui de ses gages dount la peticioun fait mencion, et de ceo qe lui serra duz lui face payement ou assignement au plus tost qil purra bonement.¹

[3] *La peticioun Bernard de Scossan.*—A² nostre seignur le roi et son consail supplie humblement vostre lige Bernard de Scossan³ qe come lui soient duz m^cccxlv. li'. v. s. ix. d. de burdeleys pur ses gages et de sa compaignie de gentz darmes a chial et au pie du temps qil estoit en vostre seruice en les guerres de Gascoigne, sicome piert par iij. billes dacompte, dount lune est enseallee du seal mestre Iohan de Weston et les deux enseallees du seal mestre Pierre de Galicien, nadgaires voz conestables de Burdeux, qil vous pleise maunder au conestable de Burdeux qore est ou pur temps serra qil lui paye la dite somme sauntz delay, nient contresteaunt autre maundement ne ordenaunce par vous faite.

A ceste peticioun est respounduz en ceste maniere :—Soit maunde au conestable de Burdeux qe, vewes ses billes qil ad des dettes deyns escrites, lui face payement ou assignement a plus tost qil purra bonement.

[4] *Les peticiouns Elipdis de Bleyues, dame de Ornon.*—A⁴ la reale magestee supplie Elipdis de Bleyues, dame de Ornon, fille et heir sire Geffrei Rudell, seignur iadys de Bleyues, qe come le noble prince sire Edward de bone memoire, roi Dengleterre e duk

¹ On the original petition there is a further endorsement as follows :—

Après le dit Pountz en propre persone tresta oue le tresorier et autres du dit consail et graunta et assenti a pardonner toute la dite dette, dount la somme est m^mm^mm^m d iij^{xx} ix. li' xvj. s. chipoteys qe fount en esterlyngs ix^c xvij. li'. xix. s. ij. d., cest assauoir v. chipoteys acountez pur vn esterlyng, pur estre paye de cccc. marcs desterlyngs en Engleterre pur ses grosses et hastiues busoignes qil auoit affaire. A quey le consail en noun du roy se assenty, et est acorde qil eyt brief de *liberate* au tresorier et as chaumberleyngs pur liuerer a lui du tresor le roy les ditz cccc. marcs ; et soit fait mencion en meisme le brief qe eux receyuent les dites billes en descharge du roy des ditz m^mm^mm^m d iij^{xx} ix. li' xvj. s. chipoteys en chargeaunt ceux qi par resoun sont a charger.

² A.P. 8592.

³ Original petition adds "seignur de Loguoyran".

⁴ A.P. 8887 contains this and the two following petitions.

de Guyenne, ait fait composition et eschange oue la dite Elipdis, cest assauoir qe la dite Elipdis dona et quiteclama a lauand dit nostre seigneur le roi et as les seons la ville et la baronie de Blaynes, qi iadys estoit de lauaundit sire Geffrei Rudell pierre de la dite dame, pur les queux ville et baronie lauaundit nostre seigneur le roi et duk dona et graunta en recompensacion auaundit a la dite dame les petites custumes en la ville de Burdeux, a receyure ensemblement oue autres rentes les queux sont appelletz petites custumes, en les custumes a receyure e a coiller, askuns marchauntz de Burdeux la dite dame destourbent, countredisauntz de le paier a lui. Des queux custumes et autres choses bailletz lauandit nostre seigneur le roi ad apporter bone e ferme garauntie a la dite dame e a les soens, par quei de sicome lauaundite destourbaunce qe les auaunditz marchauntz fount soit en graunt preiudice et despit du dit nostre seigneur le roi et graunt empirement de la dite dame, et countre la parole et promesse de mesme nostre seigneur le roi, pleise au dit nostre seigneur le roi et duk expressement maunder par ses lettres patentes a seneschal de Gascoigne et al conestable de Burdeux qore sunt ou pur temps serront, qils tignent et gardent la dite dame en possesioun des dites custumes et les dits marchauntz constreignent apaier, sicome nostre seigneur le roi et ses ministres ont acostumes a prendre et la dite dame auxi puis la composition faite.

A ceste petition est respounduz en ceste manere :—Soit maunde au seneschal de Gascoigne et au conestable de Burdeux qils facent ceo qest prie par ceste petition solunc la fourme des lettres qe la dame deyns nome ad du roi.

[5] Item par vertu de la dite composition et recompensacion de mesme cele et compliement des susdites choses par le dit nostre seigneur le roi fete, mesme celui nostre seigneur le roi e ses gentz assignerent a la dite dame vn peyage et certains cens et colletz en le lieu et ville de Herbe Fauere dues par les habitatours du dit lieu et des bundes de mesme cele, les queux auaunditz habitantz contredient a la dite dame de lui paier et obeier, en despit et en esclandre de mesme celui nostre seigneur le roi et encountre sa parole, a graunt empirement de la dite dame, par quei pleise a nostre seigneur le roi maunder par ses lettres patentes as ditz seneschal de Gascoigne e au conestable de Burdeux qe, totes destourbaunces et cauteles ostez, les auaunditz habitantz constreignent

apaier e a la dite dame et a les soens obeier, sicome ils ount fait a nostre seigneur le roi auaunt ces houres, e apres la dite dame ad pris sicome le roi auoit acustumee.

A ceste peticion est respounduz en ceste manere :—Soit maunde solunc ceo qe la petition veut.

[6] Item pleise a nostre seigneur le roi confermer les choses susdites graunteez a la dite dame par vertu de la dite composition faite, et la dite confirmacion soit renoueele.

A ceste peticion est respounduz en ceste manere :—Moustre en chauncellerie ses lettres et eyt confirmacion.

[7] *La peticioun Iohan Colum.*—A nostre seigneur le roi et son conseil humblement supplie vostre vadlet Iohan Colum, burgeys de Burdeux, qe come il et toutz ses auncestres eyent toutz iours este en vostre seruice obeissauntz e loialment meyntenuz vostre droit et honor a leur loial poair, et come meyntenaunt il se doute par moutz des resouns de son corps, qil pleise a vostre haute seignurie et a bon conseil a lui graunter de vostre grace especiale la prouostee de Bleynes, a tenir en la maniere et pur meisme le feor qe la tenoyt Pierre de Montausier en sa vie, par greyneur seurtee de lui et des soens a tenir au terme de sys aunz.

A ceste peticioun est respounduz en ceste maniere :—Soit maunde au seneschal de Gascoigne et au conestable de Burdeux qe, sil soit au profit du roy, qils baillent la prouostee de Bleyues a Iohan Colum, burgeys de Burdeux, rendant la verroie value, au terme qil prie.

Dorse.

[8] *La Peticion des hommes de Burdeux.*—A nostre seigneur le roi et son conseil moustrent ses liges hommes burgeys de Burdeux qe ount fonde vne confrairie al honour de Dieu et de seynte eglise et des martirs seint Abdon e Sennen, et pur plus seurement meyntenir la foialte a nostre seigneur le roi Dengleterre et ducs de Guyenne, et pur sauucioun de son poeple demorauntz en la dite cite et a Lansouenans, et pur doner ayde as ministres nostre seigneur le roi, seneschal, conestable, meyr et leur lieux tenauntz, qe eux puissent meyntenir a faire iustice de ceux qe laueront deseruy en la dite cite selonc leur trespas, selonc la ley et la custume de la dite cite, qad este longe temps malement gouverne par defaute de droiturel iustice faire sur ceux qi laueyent deseruy. Et a nostre

confrairie meyntenir auoms ordeyne et meyntenoms plusieurs articles, toute foitz, trestout et pur tout sauuoms la foialte de nostre seigneur le roi et ducs, et voloms qe lui ou son conseil ou ses ministres peussent auoir et regarder toutes heures qe leur plerra les ditz articles et ordeynaunces, pur crestre ou meurir toute chose qe leur semblast qe fait a faire pur le profit nostre seigneur le roi et ducs et de nous et de son poeple de la dite cite. Et lordenaunce de nostre confrayerie vous maundastes assaioir par nos certeyns messages et confreres, Piers de Stours et mestre Piers de Seynt Iohan, et la, voz merciz, par eux nous maundeastes voz lettres de maundement a vostre seneschal et ministres de sauuer et de garder et meyntenir la dite confrairie et ordenaunces. Et ore nous auoms entenduz qe ascuns oue mauueys esperit, qe ne volent qe pees ne iustice soit meyntenuz, sont alez vers vous pur impetrer par leur malice qe par ascune maniere peussent a meurir et deffaire nostre confrairie et ordeynaunces, en donaunt a vous entendre qe nous meyntenoms vostre damage et de vostre comune. Sur ceo, cher seigneur, a vous et a vostre haut conseil en vostre general parlement vous maundoms toutz nos articles de lordeynaunce de la dite confrairie, et a vostre haute seigneurie prioms et requeroms qe vous pleise entendre le tenour des ditz articles, et ceo qe a vous semblera qe soit a crestre ou a meurir ou en tiel estat meyntenir, de vostre especiale grace nous voillez confermer pur iames meyntenir, e doner voz lettres patentes de vostre graunt seal. Les articles dount la peticioun fait mencion sont cozués a meisme la peticioun.

A ceste peticioun est issint respounduz :—Soit maunde au seneschal de Gascoigne et au conestable de Burdeux qe, appelez a eux ceux qe sont du conseil par dela, soi enfourment si la confrairie dount ceste peticioun fait mencion soit profitable pur le roi et pur le poeple de la vile ou ne mye, et certefient ent le roi en Engleterre, issint qe le roi peusse comaunder outre sa volonte.

[9] *La petition Gualhard de Ornone*.—A¹ la reale majestee demonstrent en suppliant Gualhard de Ornone et Marie de Ausenge sa femme, fille et heir de Bernard de Blanquafort iadys seigneur de Ausenge, qe come le chastel de Ausenge oue touz ses droitures et apurtenaunces appartient as auaunt ditz Gualhard et Marie, oue tote sa iuridiccion haut et bas, par cler droit et meslee par reson

¹ A.P. 8851.

de succession du dit mort, et le seneschal de Gascoigne et autres officials du roi en la dite haute iuridiccion et coste de la mer, esteauntz dedeys les fyns et bundes del iuridiccion du dit chastel, destoubrent, nule cause resonable eauntz, mes qe a eux les auant dites choses apartenent et a lur predecessours apartinerent et en possession furent des auaunt dites choses du tant du temps dount memorie de homme du contraire ne est. Par quei a la reale majestee supplient qil plese doner en maundement a lauaunt dit seneschal et conestable de Burdeux qore sont ou pur temps seront, qe de les auaunt dits choses diligence se enforment et enquerent la verite oue diligence et, la veritee troue, qe eux cessent des dites molestacions et perturbacions, et lessent as auaunt ditz Gualhard et Marie vser en les auaunt dites choses, sicome il ad este vsee auaunt ces heures.

A ceste petition est respondu issint :—Soit mande as seneschal de Gascoigne et a conestable de Burdeux qils se enfourment sur les choses contenuz en ceste petition et lour informacion facent retourner en la chauncelrie Dengleterre, issint qe le roi puisse faire entre ceo qe reson vodra.

[10] *La petition Arnald du Boefuille*.—A nostre seignur le roi et a son bon conseil moustre le vostre lige Arnaud de Boefuille qe come vous, la vostre merci, li donastes la bailee de la ville de Pymyrole, sire Oliuer de Ingham et le conestable de Burdeux li ount ouste de la dite bailee par suggestion de ses enemys, car les ditz enemys fount entendaunt a vous et autres qe la susdite ville de Pymyrole ne vodreyent pas auoir le dit Arnaud pur baillif, donk poetz veer le contraire par les lettres qe la dite ville ad maundee a vostre seignurie naidgers, par quei prie et supplie le dit Arnaud a vostre treshaute seignurie qil vous pleise a li confermer la baillie en la manere qe les bones gentz de la ville susdite vous eient mult de foitz suppliez, car si Dieu plest il deservira a la real maiestee tut le temps de sa vie a voz comaundementz. Item prie et supplie le dit Arnaud qe come il ly soient dueez gages pur la guere derreyen passe, et le conestable de Burdeux ne li veolt paer, qe vous pleise qe les biens qi sont encorus de rebelles en le honour de Pymyrole ly soient doneez en paiement de ses gages.

A cestes petitions est respondu issint :—Quant au premer poynt, soit maunde a sire Oliuer de Ingham et au conestable de Burdeux qils certefient le roi par quei il fuist ostee de la baillie de la ville

de Pymerole. Quant a laltre, soit maunde au conestable qorest ou pur temps serra qil acompte oue lui de les dist gages, et ceo qil treoue qe ly soit due par le dist acompte, ly face paier ou assignement auoir a plust tost qil purra bonement.

[11] *La petition Arnaud de la Molere.*—A¹ nostre seignur le roi supplie Arnaud de la Molere qe come vous eitez mandee par voz lettres du grant seal et du petit seal a vostre conestable de Burdeux qil ly payast et acontast de ses fees et de ses gages et des arrerages qi sount duees du temps passee, et il nait volu riens faire, qil vous pleise derechief maunder au dit conestable qore est ou qi pur temps serra qil li conte et lui face paiement de ceo qi lui est due, nyent contrestant autre maundement.

A ceste petition est respondu issint :—Eyt brief *sicut alias*.

¹ The original petition A.P. 8878 contains two articles as follows :—

A nostre seignur le roy supplie Arnaud de la Molere vostre humble clerc qe come il ait demore en vostre court Dengleterre tote lanneye qest passee, et vous, sire, ayant regard al service qil ad fait a nostre seignur le roy vostre pere, qe Dieux assoille, et a vous, par le conseil de vous deus parlamentz a Westmostier loyet rendut loffice de la iugerie del court de Gascoigne, le quel le dit nostre seignur vostre pere lui auoit donee, solom qil apiert par vos lettres, et si tost come il fust departi de vostre court et il fust enaland en son pays et il presenteid les dites vos lettres a vostre seneschal de Gascoigne, venirent les gentz de monsire Berard de la Brit ouesques autres lettres pur vn son clerk tut al contraire, par les queles le dit seneschal ne lui voloit resoeiure en le dit office, qil vous plesse mander a vostre dit seneschal qe nient contreesteant les dites lettres ne autre mandement, qil met et retorne le dit mestre Arnaud en le dit office.

Item supplie le dit Arnaud qe come [*etc. as above*].

The replies endorsed are :—

Quant au premier, il semble au consail qe pur ceo qe autre foitz feust graunte qe Arnaud de la Molere eust loffice deyns escrit par graunt cause et pur son bon service qil ad fait au roi, qil fant a faire qil le eyt vnqore, sil pleise au roi.

Quant au second, eyt brief *sicut alias*.

There follows the note :—

Irrotulatur quant au second, et nemie quant au premiere pur ceo qil ne le veolt suyre.

PARLIAMENT AT YORK, HILARY 1333

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 6/20

As the title endorsed on this single membrane states, we have here the petitions presented by the commons at the parliament which met on the octave of Hilary (20 January) 1333. A record of proceedings at this parliament is on Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 2,¹ but nothing is there said of the commons' petitions.

PETICIO ² COMMUNITATIS EXHIBITA CORAM REGE ET CONSIGLIO SUO
IN PARLIAMENTO TENTO APUD EBORACUM IN OCTABIS SANCTI
HILLARII ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI TERCII POST CON-
QUESTUM SEXTO.

[1] A nostre seigneur le roi et son conseil prie la commune vostre poeple Dengleterre qil [lui] pleise ordiner hastiue remedie pur saluacion de lour Marche Descoce.

Responsio :—Le roi ordenera.³

[2] Item prie la commune qe brefs soient mandez a touz les iustices nostre seigneur le roi, et au tresorer et les barons de leschequer, et a touz les viscountes Dengleterre, qe touz les estatutz et ordenances et les autres choses ordeynnez et puis repellez resteissent en lour force, auxibien des purueours des vitailles come des autres, et qen chescun pais soient esluz et assignez par serment couenables gentz qi eient garaunt du dit nostre seigneur le roi a surueer les ditz purueours qe eux facent les purueances solonc la forme contenue en les ditz estatutz, et affaire punyissement sur eux qi sount a lencontre.

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 68-9.

² Title from dorse.

³ This reply is repeated on the dorse: no other replies are inserted on the recto.

[3] Item prie la commune qe touz les fermes et encrescementz des hundreds qi sont appendantz a la corone, coment que eux soient donez par ses progenitours ou par luy, soient repellez pur profist du roi et de son poeple.

[4] Item prie la commune qe les eschetours, viscountes, hundredours, baillifs errauntz et autres ministres soient de meisme les countees ou ils serront en office, eauntz suffisauntz terres en yceaux solom les estatuz de ceo faitz au parlementz de Nicol'et Westmoustier.

[5] Item prie la commune qe come la terre Dengleterre soit grantment empouere par diuerses oppressiouns et malueis annees qi ount estez, et les chiefs taxeurs des counteez du roialme ne voillent resceyure roules de gentz iurez des villes sils ne passent autres taxes qi ount este einz ces houres, a grant empouerissement du poeple, pur tant qe le tresorer et les barouns de lescheqir ne ount pas volu einz ces houres resceyure les roules des chiefs taxeurs sils ne passassent autre taxe deuant, prie la dite commune qe brefs soient mandez as ditz chiefs taxeurs qe, nient eaunt regard as autres taxes quecunqes ount este, resceyuent les roules des ditz taxeurs solom lour presentement, et qe les roules deuant resceuz, issint encruz encontre la volunte des ditz gentz iurez des villes, soient rebaillez de amendre par le serment des ditz iurez et issint resceuz en lescheqir.

[6] Item prie la commune qe touz les billes nient responduz, donez par la commune a diuers parlementz en temps nostre seigneur le roi qore est, soient duement responduz et execut a ceo parlement, nomement des aportes des alienes, auxibien de religieuses come des autres denzeins et foreins.

[7] Item come plusours gentz soient enditez de diuerses felonies et roberies deuant les iustices de treilbastoun et iustices de la pees, brefs soient issuz a touz les auantditz iustices de faire venir touz les recordes et proces des auaunditz enditementz deuant le roi pur faire la deliuerance de eux illoeqes, prie la commune qe la deliuerance des auantditz enditementz puisse estre faite en pais la ou les enditementz se firent, pur eisement du pais, et qe les bones gentz et les mieuiz vauex du pais puissent estre a la dite deliuerance en aide a destruer les malueis.

[8] Item por ceo qe punissement nest pas compris en lestatut deuers ceux qī vendent vyns, prie la commune qe due punissement soit ordeyne sur ceux qī vendent vyns countre la forme del dit estatut.

[9] Item prie la commune qe nul homme neit poer de granter consultations sur les prohibicions forsque cely qī serra chef iustice de la terre, come il soleit estre en temps del pierre nostre seigneur le roi et de son ael, qar tiels consultations sont ore grauntez trop legerement, a grant damage du roi et enblemisement de sa corone et empouerissement de son poeple.

[10] Item pleise a nostre seigneur le roi prendre en sa proteccion les oeuerours des draps venauntz de outre meer en son roialme, et graunter et faire crier qe nul ne soit arestu ne attache pur tres-pas fait en les parties de outre meer, tanque come ils se portent bien et loialment deuers nostre seigneur le roi et sa seigneurie. Et ceo attrera les oeuerours a venir en ceste terre espessement, et apprendront legerement les gentz de ceste terre a oeuerir les draps, a graunt profist de nostre seigneur le roi et de son poeple.

[11] Item prie la commune qe, en touz les citees et burghs par mye la terre ou nostre seigneur le roi print ses custumes, soient assignez custumers et contreroullours qī soient bones gentz et leaus, et qī eient terres et tenementz suffisemment en meismes les citeez ou burghs ou ils serront assignez dont respoudre au roi et au poeple, et ceste chose prient pur profist le roi et pur diuers perils qī purront venir en lour defaute.

[12] Item pleise a nostre seigneur le roi qe lestatut autrefois fait, qe nule assise soit pris si noun deuant iustices des communes assises, puisse estre enlargi en tant qe si nul proces soit fait deuant nuls iustices especials, quel bref qe leur viegne de la chauncellerie ou de south la targe, qe le proces soit tenu pur nul et erroigne.

[13] Item prie la commune qe la ou peticiouns sont mys en parlement et responduz par les iustices, en cas ou comande est a cercher en tresorie ou aillours si rien de evidence poet estre troue pur le roi, le tresorer et les chaumbreleins respoignent qils ount partie cerche et ne mye tut, et issint de iour en autre a chescun

bref qi leur vient, et les parties sont a touz iours delaiez par tieux respouns en pert de seut, qils ne respoignent rien a les brefs, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil ordeyner qe, apres ceo qe la partie auera suy trois brefs et rien ne soit troue, tut soit il qils facent tiel respouns, qe les iusticz aillent auant pur faire droit as parties, ou autrement le poeple serra plus greue pur le mettre de lour peticiouns qe auauce.

[14] Item moustre la commune de son roialme qe come Iohan Crabbe eit este notorie enemye a nostre seigneur le roi et a ces auncestres tut sa vie, et eit robbe et tue ses marchantz et ses mariners par meer et par terre, et en despit du roi eit pendu ses mariners sur le nief, del mast, sur la costere Dengleterre, de quey prie la dite commune qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi comander couenable regarde au chivaler qi lui ad pris, et qe le dit Iohan eit tiel iuggement come il ad deseruy, solom la ley de terre.

[15] Item come diuerses entendementz soient des gentz de ley des alienaciouns faitz a tenementz donez en forme taille, pleise au roi et son conseil esclarifier lestatut de ceo fait et determiner en certeyn en quele degree alienacion de tieux tenementz se purra faire, come altre foitz ad este requis en parlement.

[16] Item come plusurs meschiefs auenont souent au poeple en cas quant lour aueres sont pris en geldable et de illoeqes menetz en fraunchise, par la resoun qe ballif nostre seigneur le roi ne deyue mye la deliuerance faire, en grant damage de poeple, dount la commune prie remedie.

[17] Item prie la commune qe por ce multz des malx auignent a grantz et petites qi deyuent lour liuerees achater, de ceo qe les draps ne sont mie de assise, auxibien ceux qi passount le seal le auneour come autres, qil pleise a nostre seigneur le roi qe en chescun citee, burgh et ville marchande ou draps sont a vendre, qe chescun se puisse pleindre deuant meir et baillifs des villes en tieu cas, et si nul drap soit troue qi ne soit mie de assise qe le drap soit forfait au roi et launeour puny, nient contre esteaunt qe le seal del auneour y soit mys, et qe chescun en tieu cas qi voudra siuer pur le roi soit resceu.

Dorse. [1] *Ad primam petitionem* :—Le roi ordena.

[2] *Ad secundam petitionem* :—Soient certaines gentz assignez en chescun counte pur garder le dit estatut et denquer de ceux qi ont fait prises contre meisme lestatut, et doier et terminer les entementz qi serront faitz deuant eux des choses faites contre lauandit estatut auxi come des felonies faites contre la pees selonc la fourme de meisme lestatut, et doier les plaintes de touz ceux qi pleindre se voudrent des choses faites contre le dit estatut, et doier et terminer come sus est dit. Estre ce le seneschal et mareschalx de lostel le roi en la presence le roi deinz la verge, et les iustices du baunk le roi en countez ou ils vendront, enquerger de ceux qi sount contre lestatut et outre facent droit.

[3] *Ad terciam petitionem tangentem hundreda* :—Pur ceo qe souent foitz auant ces heures ont este moustrez au roi diuerses damages faitz a lui, et greuances et oppressions faites a son poeple, par la reson qe tielx hundredz, wapentakz et trithinges ont este desmembrez des countez, auis est qe touz tielx hundredz, wapentakz et trithinges qi feurent auncienement a[ioi]ntz as countez et qi sont seueres par lael ou par le piere nostre seigneur le roi qore est ou par lui meismes soient repris en la mein le roi et reiointz as countez, et sur ce soient brefs mandez as tresorier et barons de leschequer de prendre touz tielx hundredz, wapentakz et trithinges en la mein le roi et de reioindre as countez, issint totefoitz qe ceux qi ont chartres des hundredz, wapentakz et trithinges lessees a eux, et qi serront repris en la mein le roi, suent deuers le roi et moustrent lour chartres et le roi lour ferra droit.

[4] *Ad quartam petitionem tangentem eschaetores et ministros* :—Lestatut de ceo autrefoitz fait suffit et soit garde.

[5] *Ad quintam petitionem tangentem taxatores* :—Soit mande as taxours et coillours qils taxent bien et loialment, selonc lour serment et selonc la fourme a eux liuere, et si nul se voudra pleindre des taxours, le roi lui ferra droit.

[6] *Ad sextam tangentem responsiones* :—Soit lestatut garde.

[7] *Ad septimam de indictatis* :—Per dominum cancellarium et alios de consilio ordinabitur inde prout melius fuerit faciendum.

Postea¹ concordatum fuit quod omnia negocia premissa tangencia, que nondum sunt coram rege, terminentur in partibus vbi indictamenta facta fuerunt.

[8] *Ad octauam petitionem tangentem vina* :—Le roi voet qe lacord de ce autrefoitz fait soit tenu, et ce suffit.

[9] *Ad nonam petitionem tangentem consultaciones* :—Les iustices granteron consultacions la ou ils verront qe soit affaire, et le chaunceller ferre ce qest affaire en sa place.

[10] *Ad decimam petitionem tangentem operarios* :—Soit fait ce qest demande par la petition pur touz ceux q'i volent venir pur ouer et a demorer. Et soit [mandez en] escrit a touz les viscontes Dengleterre de crier, deinz franchises et dehors, ceste chose.

[11] *Ad vndecimam petitionem tangentem collectores custumarum* :—Il suffit qe les coillors eient terres et tenementz en les destrictes ou il serront deputez. Et quant as contreroulours il suffit q'ils soient loialx et lettrez et qe chescun demoerge en propre persone de faire loffice. Et acorde est qe mencion soit fait en les commissions des contreroulours q'ils demoergent en propre persone, et si commission soit faite en autre manere soit repellez.

[12] *Ad duodecimam tangentem assisas* :—Lestatut de ce autrefoitz fait suffit et soit garde.

[13] *Ad terciamdecimam tangentem scrutinium* :—Le roi voet qe ses iustices et ses autres ministres facent espleitalment dreit as parties selonc lei et reson.

[14] *Ad quariamdecimam tangentem Crabbe* :—Il semble au conseil, sil plect au roi, qe le bachelier q'i lui prist face son profit de lui, cest assauoir q'il prenne de lui les iiij^m ccc. marcs queux lui sont renduz et plus sil le poet auoir, issint totefoitz qe le corps demoerge sauement en prisone en ferres, tant q'il soit pleinement paiey et q'il soit ensi garde q'il neschape en nulle manere.

¹ This *postea* has been added by the same hand.

[15] *Ad quintam decimam tangentem feoda talata* :—Les iustices et autres sages du conseil sauiseront contre le prochain parlement.

[16] *Ad sextam decimam tangentem [deliberaciones]* :—Le primer grant estatut de ce fait a Westmoustier suffit.

[17] *Ad septimam decimam petitionem tangentem vlnarios* :—Soit fait ce qest demaunde par la petition od cele adiection, qe en cas ou le auneour ad mis son seal autrement qe faire ne deit, qil soit ouste pur touz iours de son office.

PARLIAMENT AT YORK, LENT 1334

Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 4

The circumstances in which this roll has remained unprinted can best be explained by setting down, firstly, a note appended by Roger Twysden to a manuscript copy of a brief English abstract of it :—¹

Memorandum. Mr. William Bowyer was keeper of the Records remayning in the Tower of London (before my Uncle Michael Heneage who dyed [30] December 1600) and did abridge most of the Parliament Rolls there (excepting 21, 46 Ed. 3 and 8 H. 5) from 4 Ed. 3 to the last of Ed. the 4, but the sayd William dying about 1566² Mr. Robert Bowyer his sonne succeeded him in the same Office the 3 of January 1604/5 2 Jacobi some 37 years³ after his fathers death. The originall of these collections are yet remayning (Mr. Robert Bowyer having abbreviated what his father left vndone) and in Sir Simondz D'eux his library a Copy examyned by it, out of which I transcribed this, The Record itself beeing now wanting, as it was in my uncle Heneage his tyme, who in his transcriptions of the Parlyament Rolls hath left this note behind him after the summons of the sayd Parlyament :

Memorandum quod Rotulus Parliamenti predicti tenti apud Eboracum die Lunae proximo ante festum sancti Petri in Cathedra Anno 8^o Regis Edwardi 3 desideratur.

This is now printed in the abbreviation of the Parlyament Rolls set out by Mr. William Prynne of Lincolns Inne, 1657, pag. 15.

¹ Stowe MS., no. 347, fo. 3.

² *Recte* 1576, in which year Thomas and Michael Heneage succeeded to the office : see Historical Manuscripts Commission, *Eleventh Report*, App. VII, p. 139.

³ *Sic.*

The roll was still wanting when the *Rotuli Parliamentorum* were printed. When it came to light we have been unable to discover.

In form the roll is different from other rolls in the Chancery series and we should not be surprised if it came from some other source, which may explain why it did not remain in the Tower after William Bowyer had abstracted it.

ROTULUS PARLIAMENTI DE ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI

TERCII OCTAUO.¹

Fait a remembrer qe come au parlement le roi Edward roi Dengleterre le tierce apres le conqueste somons a Euerwyk le lundi prochain deuant la feste saint Pier in Cathedra lan de son regne vttisme, diuerses petitions furent baillez et liurez en dit le parlement par gentz de commune, dont ascuns furent acordez en dit parlement de faire en estatut, ascunes de enrouller oue les responses faites a yceles a demorrer en chauncellerie, et ascunes nient responduz pur auoir ent meilleur informacion et auis. Et les petitions queles sensuent od les responses furent liurez a sire Michel de Wath, gardein des roules de la dite chauncellerie, a demorrer y, par Henri de Edenestowe, clerck du dit parlement, pur enrouller et a faire ent briefs quand mester serra.

[1] A nostre seigneur le roi prient les bones gentz de la commune qe la grand chartre et la chartre de la foreste, touz les estatutz et leys de la terre, seient tenuz en touz pointz.

Responsio :—Soient la grand chartre, la chartre de la forest et les autres estatutz tenuz en touz pointz, et les estatutz qi sont obscurs seient declarez par bon auisement.

[2] Et purceo qe altre foitz au parlement feust ordine, en seurte et en establissement de la pees, qe en chescun counte Dengleterre serreient certains commissions mandez a ascuns grantz du counte de oier et terminer totes maneres de felonies et trespases faites contre la pees, par vertue de queux commissions les vns sistrent et resceurent enditementz de ascunes gentz et apres sursistrent et rien ne firent, par quoi ceux qi furent issint enditez firent greindre mal, cest assavoir batirent et manaserent les bones gentz par les queux ils furent enditez, par quoi prie la dite commune qe tieux commissions

¹ From dorset.

seient vnqore mandez a ascun grant de bone fame et qil ne soit mie meintenour par lui ne par autre, et a lui associe vn homme de ley de meisme le counte pur reuler la place, et qe eux meismes soient ferment chargez, et qe eux sesent continuelment sur la dite commission tanqe issue soit fait en due manere, selonc la ley de la terre, des choses deuant eux attamez, qe ceux qi sont enditez soient atteintz par vtlagarie ou en autre manere. Et qe meismes les iustices soient chargez qils retournent a fin del an les choses deuant eux terminez deuant le roi, issint qe nostre seignur le roi et son conseil puissent expressement veer qe ils ont bonement fait ce qe en eux est, solonc lour garant des choses susdites.

Responsio :—Le roi par son bon conseil sauiera en queux countez il busoigne qe iustices soient assignez et y ferra assigner bones et conuenables,¹ et le roi voet qe ce qils aueront termine soit retourne en tresorie a la fin del an.

[3] Et qe chartres de pardon ne soient mesgrantez a tieux vtlagez par amitez ne par autre cause suggestiue, sil ne soit en parlement, come il est conteneu en les estatutz de ceo nadgairs faitz.

Responsio :—Soit lestatut ent fait tenu.

[4] Et auxint prient les bones gentz au roi, si lui pleise, qe les iustices auantditz eient du roi vn certain de quoi ils puissent resonablement estre sustenez, sanz rien prendre du poeple.

Responsio :—Le roi ordinera qils aueront couenable fee solonc lour estat.

[5] Item prie la dite commune qe viscontz soient eslutz par chaunceller, tresorer et vn des chief iustices del vn baunk ou de lautre, solonc ceo qest conteneu en lestatut de Nicole et auxint au conseil de Wodestok, qe tant come viscontz soient faitz pur de lour donant ils pernent atort et atrauers, et pernent x. marcs, x. livres, pur vn faux panel, et issint sont les murdrers, felons et recettours acquitez et gentz fausement desheritez. Et qe les viscontz demoergent vn an entier et qils eient terres et possessions suffisantz en meisme le counte de respondre au roi et as autres qi pleindre se vodrent.

Responsio :—Soit lestatut sur ce fait tenu. Et le chaunceller et autres qi sont deputez par estatut a ce faire, facent bons et suffisantz

¹ For these see final paragraph below, p. 239.

viscontz parmy tut le roialme auant lour departir, et qe les ditz viscontz demoergent vn an entier et outre, sils se portent bien.

[6] Item prie la dite commune qe le roi ordeine de faux iurours et de meyntenours de faux quereles, solonc ceo qil verra qe meutz serra pur le roi et en auantage du poeple.

Responsio :—Les iustices de lun baunk et de lautre, et les iustices as assises prendre assignez, et auxint les iustices qi serront deputez daler en countez, eient pouer denquer et oier et terminer, auxi bien a la seute le roi come dautre, santz especiale commission par vertue de ceste acord. Et soient les erceuesques et touz les euesques Dengleterre requis par lettres du roi en fourme patent qils doignent sentence chescun dymenge en chescun eglise parochiele sur felons, mein-tenours des felons, conspiratours, faux iurours, et destourbours de la pees et lour meintenours, et meintenours et empernours des faux quereles.

Et soient auxint requis les erceuesques qils ordinent issint qe la sentence soit pronuncie en lour prouinces en la fourme auant dite, si auant come a eux attient etc.

[7] Item prie la dite commune pur ceo qe la chauncellerie est vne place la ou homme couient auoir recouerer et comencement par brief a pursuere son droit, qil puisse auoir les ditz briefs santz rien doner ostre la fee du seal, desicome la grande chartre voet "Nulli vendemus, nulli negabimus aut differemus rectum aut iusticiam," qar multz des gentz ont este delaiez de lour droit et ascunes desheritez pur ce qe les clerks de la chauncellerie les ont niez¹ briefs qi autrefoitz soloient estre grantez santz rien doner, et auxint le roi ad eu de ce grant pert.

Responsio :—Les briefs qi sont de cours soient de cours, et des briefs qi sont de grace le roi comandra son chaunceller qil soit gracios.

[8] Item prie la dite commune qe bigame desoremes ne soit trie nulle part forsque en la court cristiene.

Responsio :—Il plect au roi.

[9] Item purce qe ministres et ordiners de seinte eglise font grant damage au poeple de ceo qils les font somondre en diuers lieux a

¹ MS. *viez*.

chapitres, consistories et as autres sessions en diuers lieux a vn iour, par causes feintes et nient dreitureles, et pernent redempcions de eux a lour voluntee, a grant oppression du poeple, et pernent trop greuouses prises pur proue de testamentz, prie la dite commune a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil qe, vewes les meschiefs et les greuances auantditz, ordeinent remedie qi soit profitable pur lui et pur son poeple.

Responsio :—Le roi ferra ce qi a lui attient, et priera as prelatz qe eux facent ceo qi a eux attient.

[10] Item purceo qe ordine feust au parlement a Norhampton qe iustices assignez a les assises prendre en countez feissent deliuerance des gaoles en meismes les countez a chescun foitz de lour sessions auant leur aler, quele ordinance quant a les deliuerances faire ne tiegnent en nul point, par quoi execucions affaire sur les felons et les deliuerances de autres fausement et par procurement enditez sont trop targez, a damage de nostre seigneur le roi et destruccion des enditours et enditez en la manere susdite.

Responsio :—Les iustices des assises apres la prise des dites assises ne departent point auant ceo qils deliuerent les gaoles, et en cas qe les iustices nel facent solonc lestatut, perdent lour fee.

[11] Item purceo qe ordine fust par estatut de Norhampton qe nulles deliuerances ne se preissent si noun deuant les iustices assignez a les assises prendre, prie la dite commune qe cele estatut puisse estre tenuz, et qe si nul commission soit grante deuant autre qil puisse estre repelle, auxibien a seute de partie come a la seute le roi.

Responsio :—Soit lestatut ent fait tenu, et si nulle deliuerance se face par autre manere soit tenue pur nulle.

[12] Item la ou gardeins enginent enfantz, qi sont en lour garde par reson de lour noun age, dauoir lour terres quant ils vendrent a lour age, les font faire reconissances par estatut marchant tant come ils sont dedeinz lage xxj. an, par couigne entre les gardeins et les meires de citeez qi sont de lour acorde, par quoi plusours enfantz sont en tieles maneres desheritez, si prie la commune qe ordine soit qe nul tiel estatut ne soit execut la ou lenfant quant il viendra a son age tende dauerrer qil fust dedeinz age a temps de la reconissance faite, mes a tiel auerrement soit chescun resceu qi le voudra tendre.

Responsio :—Il y ad ley qi suffit autre qe par auerrement.

[13] Item prie la dite commune qe la ou nostre seigneur le roi ad ses haies seuerales en ses forestes en diuerses counteez, si bestes y entrent par eschape les foresters les tiegnent forfaitz ou pernent raunson a lour volunteez, et a la foitz les foresters pernent bestes de hors et les chacent dedeinz tanqe ils eient fait fin a lour volunte et ne soeffrent viscontz faire deliuerance, et si gentz soient illoeqes tuez ne soeffrent le coroner faire son office, par qoi felons et felonies sont faitz, de quoi ils prient remedie.

Responsio :—Quant a office de coroner et autres offices tochantz felonies, lentencion le roi est qils facent lour offices auxibien deinz forestes et haies come aillours dehors. Quant as autres durtez, soit mande as gardeins des forestes ou a lour lieu tenantz qils ne soeffrent oppression estre fait sur le poeple et qe il oie chescunz plainte, issint touz iours qe lassise de la foreste soit garde. Et si plainte viegne au roi qe les gardeins et lour ministres ne facent le mandement le roi, soit fait remedie en chauncellerie par autre voie a chescunz plainte.

[14] Item pur ceo qe plusours damages sont avenuz a nostre seigneur le roi et a tut son poeple de ceo qe chescun miler de harang est encherre de xl. deners, par reson de decensions et conteckes qì sont et ont este entre les villes de Grant Gernemuwe et de Petit Gernemuwe, et dont les gentz de Londres, de Cink Ports et des autres villes, et ensement les gentz de estranges terres, ont resceuz grantz mals et pertz, et fait a doubter qe greindre mals auendrent si les choses ne soient plus tost apeisez, par qoi prie la dite commune a nostre seigneur le roi, si lui pleise, assigner certains iustices de oier et terminer les plaintes de ceux qì pleindre se voleient des greuances et des damages, et mettre certains peynes entre les villes auant dites.

Responsio :—Pur ceo qe iuggement ad este rendu auant ces heures sur les debatz par entre les deux villes, soit le dit iuggement tenu en touz pointz. Et si nul se voille pleindre de trespas fait puis le iuggement rendu, soient iustices assignez doier et terminer sa plainte, auxibien a la seute le roi come a seute de partie. Et ¹ assignentur Galfridus le Scrop, Iohannes de Stonore et Iohannes de Cantebrigg', et duo eorum, iusticiarii ad audiendum et terminandum transgressiones in forma predicta.²

¹ This sentence has been added later.

² The next article on the roll duplicates no. 20. It has been vacated with note "quia in dorso".

[15] Item pur ce qe les draps ne sont pas de certain muesou¹ en longure et en laioure, come estre deiuent par reson de assise, et sont resceuz et ensealez contre lassise, a grant damage du roi et du poeple, de qoi ils prient remedie.

Responsio :—Lestatut fait en ce cas est assetz bon sil soit execut, et le roi ordinera coment execucion purra meutz estre fait a ees de son poeple.

[16] Item prie la dite commune qe pur la grant default qe il y ad en la terre de moneie, qe nulle moneie desoremes soit emporte hors de la terre.

Responsio :—Le roi ordinera par son conseil remedi en ce cas.

[17] Et pur ce qe le poeple est molt greue par diuerses prises des autres qe des gentz nostre seignur le roi, si prie la commune qe totes prises soient defenduz sauue les prises le roi, et qe celes prises soient faitz selonc ceo qi ordine fust par estatut.

Responsio :—Soit lestatut ent fait garde.

[18] Item pur ce le tresorer et les barons del eschequer, par somons et estretes de meisme leschequer, mandent a diuerses visconts de leuer al oeps le roi dettes de temps le roi Iohan et le roi Henri, progenitours nostre seignur le roi, queux dettes homme ne seet ou leuer, et les viscontes par garant des celes somons et estretes destreignent en diuerses lieux, surmettant a gentz qils tiegnent les terres chargez, et les destresces retiegnent tanqe ils eient raunson a lour voluntez, de qoi le poeple est molt tarrie et greue, pleise a nostre seignur le roi, pur saluete de sa alme et des almes des progenitours nostre seignur le roi, les dites dettes a son poeple pardonner par queux ils sont outrageusement greuez en la manere susdite.

Responsio :—Le roi sauiera par son tresorer des dettes queux sont clers et queux nient clers et sur les causes de les demandes, entre cy et le proschein parlement, et lour ferra respons couenable.

[19] Item prie la dite commune qe remedie se face sur viscontes et lour resceiours qi font leuer la vert cyre et font entendant a grantz et a menes qils deiuent plus qils ne font, et font leuer et lour font tailles, et ce est communement vsee, par qoi le commune poeple prie qe ascun del eschequer viegne chescun an en les counteez

¹ *Sic* for "mesour".

denquer coment le vert cire est leuee, et qe la crie se face a touz ceux qi ont resceuz tailles des viscontes vieignent deuant lui, et issint serra la malueiste aperceu.

Responsio :—Lestatut fait en ceo cas soit garde.

[20] Item pur ce qe les bones gentz de vostre commune se sentent durement greue de ce qils ne poent vendre lour leines a lour profit, come ils soleient faire, pur ce qe les estranges marchantz ne vieignent de achatre leines, come ils soleient faire, par tote la terre, et de ceo qe la custume est encrue, par qoi pleise a nostre seignur le roi et a son conseil ordiner de ceo remedie couenable qi soit a profist de lui et en auantage de son poeple, et qe draps se facent en la terre come ordine feust.

Responsio :—Pur ceo qe les estaples de leines, quirs et pealx lanutz, nadgairs ordinez en roialme Dengleterre et es terres de Irland et de Gales a la requeste des marchantz, ne furent grantez forke en manere qe le roi par son bon conseil y poeit ent mettre adressement tot foitz qil verroit qe serroit a profit de lui et amedement de ses ditz roialme et terres et ses suthimis en yceux, et nostre seignur le roi, a la peticion des gentz de la commune de sa terre moustre en yceo parlement somons a Euerwyk, ad entendu qe les dites estaples sont a grant damage de lui et de son poeple, voillant le dit damage eschure et purueier le profit de lui et de son dit poeple par totes bones voies qil purra, ad grante, a la requeste des prelatz, countes, barons et les ditz gentz de commune, qe meisme les estaples mes ne se tieignent einz de tout soient oustez. Et voet et grante qe touz marchantz, auxibien estranges come priuez, puissent es ditz roialme et terres franchement entrer et venir dachatre et vendre, paiaantz lour custumes dues. Et pur ce qe nostre seignur le roi nadmie vnqore ordine custumiers de sa custume, tronours, contre-roulours, ne trone ne coket ne autres choses qi appendent pur sa dite custume, aillours qe es lieux ou les estaples ore sont, soit mande as touz les viscontes Dengleterre, et auxint as iustices de Gales et Dirland, qils facent crier et defendre deinz fraunchise ne de hors qe nul marchant ne autre, entrecy et la quinzeine de la Trinite proschein auenir, face carier ou passer leynes, pealx et quirs lanutz hors du roialme aillours qe par les ditz lieux ou les estaples vnqore sont, sur la forfaiture de meisme les leynes, quirs et pealx lanutz, et qe touz les marchantz qi voillent passer lour leynes, quirs et pealx lanutz les facent venir as dites lieux et passer auant la

quinzeine auant dite, entrecy et queu temps le roi ordenera ou il voet qe ses custumers, tronours et contrerouleurs, trone et coket et autres choses qi appendent, soient, et apres queu temps le roi voet qe touz marchantz puissent franchement passer et carier leur leynes, quirs et pealx lanutz come ils firent auant le ordinance de les estaples susdite, paiaantz lour custumes dues. Et sur les dites choses soient fait briefs ou mestier serra.

Ebor',¹ *Lancast'* :—Le seignur de Percy, sire William de Tweng, sire Iohan de Stonore, Richard de Aldeburgh, iusticez, treis [ou]² deux de eux, issint qe vn des iustices soit vn.

Deuon', *Cornub'* :—Monsire Hugh de Courteney le peire, sire Robert Beaupel et Elias de Godley, deux, qe Elys soit vn.

Hereford', *Salop'* :—Le seignur de Berkele, sire Roger de Chaundos, sire Robert de Aston, et Roger de Hillary, treis ou deux de eux, qe lun soit Robert de Aston ou Roger Hillary.

Les iusticez par amount soient assignez doir et terminer touz maneres de felonies solonc³ la noete demoert deuers Benet de Normanton.

Item est acorde qe le bank le roi sesse en le counte de Warr[ewyk] apres la Pasch. Por ce qe monsire Geffrey le Scrop chef iustice, pur autres bosoignes grosses as queux il entend par comandement du roi, ne poet entendre a les plees le roi tenir, soit mande a sire Richard de Wylughby qil entend en son lieu, et soit sire William de Shareshull assigne vne des iustices du bank le roi od le dit sire Richart de Wylughby et autres iustices illoeques.

¹ This paragraph appears to be in effect a *postea* to the reply to the second petition above.

² MS. omits.

³ Substituted for *dont*.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, MID-LENT 1336

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Exchequer, roll no. 88

This roll contains solely the proceedings on petitions relating to a dispute between the prior of Coventry and queen Isabella. The proceedings for the most part took place before the council after the close of the parliament, and from this point of view are very instructive. No other record in the form of a parliament roll has survived for this parliament.

PROCESSUS SUPER QUIBUSDAM DEMONSTRACIONIBUS ET PETITIONIBUS PRIORIS DE COUENTRE ET PETICIONE DOMINE ISABELLE REGINE ANGLIE EXHIBITIS CORAM DOMINO REGE IN PARLIAMENTO SUO APUD WESTMONASTERIUM CONUOCATO DIE LUNE PROXIMA POST MEDIAM QUADRAGESIMAM ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI TERCII A CONQUESTU DECIMO ; et postea per preceptum domini regis coram consilio ipsius domini regis apud Norhantonam die Martis in crastino sancti Iohannis Baptiste tunc proximo sequentis, in presencia venerabilium patrum domini I. archiepiscopi Cantuariensis, ipsius domini regis cancellarii, et H. Lincolniensis episcopi, ipsius domini regis thesaurarii, S. episcopi Londoniensis, Iohannis comitis Warenne, domini Thome de Wake, domini de Lidel, Willelmi de Clynton, Galfridi le Scrop, Willelmi de Herle, Ricardi de Wylughby, et aliorum iusticiariorum et fidedignorum domini regis tunc ibidem presencium, recitatis, quarum quidem demonstracionum et petitionum ipsius prioris tenor sequitur in hec verba :—

Fait¹ a remembrer qe la ville de Couentre fust en aunciene temps tenuz de diuerses seignurs, nomement la vne partie qest appelle Prioreshalf, qest de la fundacion de la meire eglise de Couentre, fuist et est tenuz de la priorie de mesme la ville et lautre partie, qest appelle la Erleshalf, estoit tenuz de counte Randolf, qi de cele

¹ This petition is very incorrectly transcribed, and we have not indicated individual errors.

seigneurie morust seisi sauns heir de son corps, par qi mort son heritage descendist as plusurs de ces soers come a vn heir. Et la seigneurie de cele partie de la ville de Couentre fust alote a la purpartie vn des soers et continue des auncestre en heir tanqe en temps Roger de Mouhaut qi auoit espose vn des heirs le dist counte, cest asauoir Cecile. En qi temps vn William estoit prior de Couentre, qi aparceust tresgrantz mals et greuaunces auoir souent auenuz a sa dite eglise par plusours dubatz et conteks, nomement occisiouns des diuerses gentz, entre les seignurs susditz. Par quei, a tresgrant meschief de sa mesoun, il purchacea tut le maner de Couentre, oue la dite seigneurie del Erleshalf et les fraunchises a ycele maner apendauns, oue touz ces autres appurtenaunces, estre la forprise de Roger de Mohaut et Cecile sa dite femme, pour perpetuel pes faire a sa dite eglise, rendaunt de ceo a ditz Roger et Cecile et as les heirs Cecile par an cent et seat liures, come pluspleynement piert par chartre et fyn de ceo faite et leue, la ou le dit manoir, oue la seigneurie et ces appurtenaunces susditz estre la forprise, ne valut adonques en certeyne qe xvi. liures iiij. s. xj. d. par an, solom ceo qe troue est par remembraunce de ceo fait en registre. Mais pour ceo qe les ditz fraunchises au dite manoir regadauntz demorreient a sa dite eglise par le dit pourchaz, si saforcia il a doner grantment outre la value de la dite certeyn, entendaunt mettre sa dite mesoun en pees et en quiete a touz iours. Des queux manoir, seigneurie et fraunchises, oue les appurtenaunces susditz, le dit priour William et touz ces successors ount este continuellement et peisiblement seisis par tut lour temps, cest a sauoir par iiij^{xx} et x. ans et plus, par vertue de dit pourchas, sauns vnqes estre destourbe ou enpesche pour le dit pourchas, tanqe ore a deus ans passes qe le dit priour par les ministres ma dame mere nostre seignour le roi ad este pleyenement destourbe ses ditz fraunchises et seignuries vseer, par quei il ad perdu touz les profitz et auauntages de iceles venauntz par le temps de deus ans et plus susditz.

Fait ensement a remembrer qe come ma dite dame par son conseil eit fait souent ses cleymes et ses chalenges deuers le dit priour et sa eglise deuaunt le conseil nostre seignur le roi, et ceo primes au conseil tenuz a Notyngham¹ et a touz les parlementz pus tenuz, de deus choses taunsolement, cest asauoir dauoir la

¹ Presumably that which met on 15 October, 1330: cf. *Lords' Reports on the Dignity of a Peer*, IV. 395 ff.; *Bulletin of Inst. of Hist. Research*, VIII. 71.

veve de fraunplegg en totes les terres et tenementz qe sount del pourchas qe soi fit par le dit William, iadis priour de Couentre, des ditz Roger Mohaut et Cecile sa compaigne, auxi ben dehors la ville de Couentre come de deynz, et ensement a prendre ces estouers et palys pour son park de Cherlesmoure et le bois le dit priour a Whitemour saunz wast faire par veve et liure de son forester, la soi sount venutz ascuns del dit conseil ma dame, et nomement sire Thomas de Humpton et William Erneys, et, outre les dites cleymes et chalenges, ount attreit a ma dite dame, par force de sa seigneurie par deus ans et plus, vne feire qe le dit priour auoit en Couentre et ses autres courtz en mesme la ville et dehors, cest asauoir portmonesmot en Couentre, et les courtz en mesme la ville de tener de xv. iours en xv. solonk les vsages de icele, et ensement ses autres courtz de ces tenauntz dehors mesme la ville de Couentre a tenyr de treis symeyns en treis symeyns solonk commune vsage de la terre, les queux feire, portmonesmot et courtz au dit manoir sount appourtenauntz, et les espleez et profitz de iceles courtz et feire venauntz ount touz pris et emportez a le opes ma dite dame, a ceo qil dient, issint qe rien ny est remys de dit pourchas au dit priour et a sa eglise deynz la dite ville de Couentre ne dehors, pour le quel pourchas il rend a ma dame chescun an cvij. liures, forsqe vn petit profit qe namounte mye par an en touz auauntages issaunt del dit pourchas deyntz la ville de Couentre et de hors forsqe a lv. liures vj. s. viij. d. par an.

Estre ceo par la ou le priour qorest et ses predecessours ount tenuz vne place de bois peisiblement en clos et seueralte qest del pourchas fait de les auaunt ditz Roger et Cecile, la quele place ses ditz predecessours fesoient planter lxxv. ans passez et plus, et nostre seignour le roi qorest mesme la place de bois oue autre bois et wast a ycele aioynaunt au ditz priour et couent et lour eglise eit grante et par sa chartre conferme de auoir et tenyr en seueralte come park a touz iours, la quele place contient enviroun trois lues et demy et plus, la soi sount venutz sire Thomas Humpton et William Erneys, seneschals ma dite dame, oue autres de ses ministres, et ensement oue grant noubre des gentz de la ville de Couentre et de pais enuyroun, et les fosses et les hayes del dit park a force et as armes ount touz abatuz et estropes et emportez, et les arbres en ycel park cressauntz ount ensement touz abatuz et emportez, et tut ount fait gastyne deyntz deus ans qe eyns fust espesse bois cressaunt, par quei les gentz de Couentre et autres de pays enuyroun, par comaunde-

ment de ditz Thomas et William, ils sount le dit park entretz et le cressauntz del arbres illeokes coupetz et abatuz, come est susditz, a force et armes par lour bestes ount touz depuis, qe mes ne pount crestre, et vnqore cel malfaire en le dit park continuelment de iour en autre et en pleyne destruccioun del dit bois et perpetuel damage de la eglise, desicome ils sount les plus poures gentz de religioun feffes de bois deyntz la counte de Warrewyk, et autres bois ne que ount pour lour pestrine et bracyne mes soulement ycel.

Estre ceo ascuns del conseil ma dite dame, et nomement les ditz sire Thomas et William, par force de la seignurie ount ensement fait seiser en ses mayns vij. les meillours tenementz qe le dit priour auoit pourchace en la ville de Couentre par conge nostre seignour le roi qorest et de ses progenitours, qe ly soleient rendre par an xvj. li'. ij. s., la quele rente le dit William ad pleynement resceu al oepe ma dite dame par vn an et vn terme, a ceo qil dit, ceste asauoir del darreyn iour de Ienyuer lan de nostre seignour le roi qorest vtisme iesqe a ore, a les queus tenementz le dit priour est auenutz par bone title et suffisaunt, solonk ceo qil ad souent moustre au dit conseil ma dame, et ensement deuant le dit William Erneys tancom il estoit eschetour, et vnqore est prest a moustre si lem bosoigne. Estre ceo ascuns del dit conseil ma dite dame, et nomement les ditz sire Thomas et William, ount ensement fait seiser en ses mayns deus autres tenementz deyntz la ville de Couentre dount la reuersioun est a William de Passenham, et ceo par male voillaunce qils ount conceu deuers lui, et nomement par enchesoun qil est demoraunt deuers le dit priour en soun seruice, les queux tenementz soleient rendre au dit William de Passenham v. mars par an, issint qe de ceux deus tenementz, nadgairs occupetz en la meyn le roi par le dit William Erneys, tancom il estoit eschetour, et ore en les mayns ma dame par deus ans et plus, vnqes dener de sa dite rente en ses mayns ne vient iesqes encea, mes le dit William Erneys lad tut receu.

m. 1d

Estre ceo ascuns des tenauntz ma dite dame et autres gentz du pais, par comaundement, meynテナunce et abbet de dit William Erneys, sount entres a force et armes les preetz et les seuerals pastures le dit priour et ses maners de Sowe et de Haukesbury, qe sount de la fundacion de sa eglise, et iceux preetz et pastures ount si pleynement puz et defolett par lour bestes par deus ans et demy qe le dit priour nad sustenaunce pour soun bestail de ses ditz

manoirs, et ceste outrage vnqore continuent de iour en autre, a greuouse damage le dit priour et sa eglise.

Estre ceo vyndrent gentz desconutz, par comaundement del dit William Erneys, a manoir le dit priour qest appelle le Newelond, et illoeqes les huys dune mesoun ou le feyn le dit priour fust enclos, le feyn il auoit auaunt attache, a force et armes oue haches debruserent, et mesme le feyn en countre le gree le dit priour et le baillif del dit manoir de illoeqes amenerent et a Couentre carierent, a greuouse damage le dit priour et de sa eglise.

Estre ceo par le temps de deus ans et demy susditz ount estetz faitz autres plusours et outraiouses duresces a dit priour et sa eglise, par comaundement le dit sire Thomas et William, ceste asauoir ses bleetz, carietz vers sa priorie pour la sustenaunce de lui et de soen couent et de sa meigne, ount este attachetz et arestutz en mye les ditz rues de Couentre par les baillifs ma dite dame, vnqore sount detenutz. Et ensement ount este attachetz et arestutz en mye les dites rues xv. de ses chiuaux cariauntz ses vitailles pour la dite sustenaunce, des queux chiuaux les x. ly ount estetz mortz et alloignes. Et ensement ount este pris et emparkes plus de cent de ses autres grasses ¹ bestailles a diuers foithe a quatre de ses manoirs iuxte Couentre, dount la greyndre partie ad este pris hors de ses charreues gaynauntz sa terre, le queux manoirs ne sount pas tenus de ma dite dame, des queux bestes six ount este mortz et alloignes; par mye la detenue del remenaunt le dit priour ad grantz damages resceu deuaunt ceo qil poet le deliuraunce auoir. Pur duresce et doute des queux attachementz et prises le dit priour perdy a au ² tut le feyn qe fust cressaunt en soun pree de Fyntford qi valust vynt liures et plus, dount il deueroit auoir sustenutz ses chiuaux et les chiuaux des hostes a lui venauntz, kar les ditz sire Thomas et William comaunderent qe quant le dit feyn serroit carie, qe tut ifust attache et aresteu oue les charettes et chiuaux iceles cariauntz, par quei tut cel feyn gist vnqore descarie et perry deyntz le bois de Willenhale, a greuouse damage le dit priour et sa eglise.

Estre ceo pleise a nostre seignour le roi et a son sage consail de ordyner et faire remedie autre foithe au dit priour endroit des autres plusours duresces et greuaunces faitz a lui et a sa mesoun nyent compris en ceste bille, sicom il lour sauera veritablement moustrer quant il lour plerra.

¹ Altered from *graces*.

² Written over partial erasure.

Sur queux greuaunces et duresces le dit priour ad sui pour remedie auoir a nostre seignour le roi et a son consail deus ans et plus saunz nul espleit prendre, a greue damage de lui et de son couent et a grant meschief de sa mesoun. Par quei il prie a nostre seignour le roi et a son consail, pour Dieux, qe pite lour preigne de lui et de son couent et de la eglise de Nostre Dame de Couentre, qest en poynt destre desherite, et ouesqe ceo qe necessite chacera le dit priour de ses moignes faire despersion et les seruices Dieux et sa meigne abregger et la hospitalte de sa mesoun retrere, saunz ceo qe les dites choses dreiturelment et par temps soient redressetz.

Tenor peticionis regine predicta talis est :—

A¹ nostre trescher fitz le roi moustre sa miere qe come le priour de Couentre souent auant ces heures eit sui en parlementz et prie par ces peticiouns qil peut auoir la lei de la terre endroit des debatz et chalenges qe sount entre lui et le dit priour tochaunt leritage de Mohaut en les parties de Couentre, qe mout plerreit a lui qe les ditz debatz fuissent aiuggetz et trietz en presence de son dit cher fitz le roi, en tieu manere qe le dit priour eust resonablement ceo qe apent a sa eglise et a lui solonc les faitz qil ad des auncestres le seignour de Mohaut, et qe le remenaunt de leritage puisse remeyndre a sa dite miere solonc la forme de son pourchas, et qe lui ne son frere counte de Cornewaille ne soient desherites des fraunchises ne des autres choses appourtenaunces au dit heritage en temps auenir, dount elle prie a soun cher fitz le roi qe lui pleise qe Robert Parueng et Symond de Trewithosa, ses seriaunz, soient demaundetz a reciter les poyntz coment ceux debatz ount demoretz tanqe encea en laissement de son consail, et a mostrier outre, si lui plest, en sa presence ceo qe a sa dite miere appent de mesme leritage solonc ley et raisoun, et qe tieux soient assignetz de aiuggier et trier ensi la verite de ditz debatz qi veullent auoir regard qe draiture ceo face en la forme auandite solonc les faitz auanditz.

Et modo coram consilio domini regis hic venit predicta Isabella regina per Robertum Paruenk et Simonem de Trewodesa et alios de consilio suo. Et predictus prior, per fratrem Iohannem de Southam et fratrem Willelmum de Sheynton' commonachos eiusdem prioris et alios de consilio suo, similiter venit. Et predictus prior pro statu et iure suo in hac parte manutenendis protulit quandam cartam sub sigillis Rogeri de Monte Alto et Cecilie vxoris eius, cuius carte tenor talis est :—

¹ There is a marginal note "Peticio regine".

Nouerint ¹ vniversi ad quos presens scriptum peruenerit quod ego Rogerus de Monte Alto, pro me et Cecilia vxore mea et heredibus nostris, dedi, concessi et presenti carta confirmaui domino Willelmo priori Couentrensi et eiusdem loci conuentui ac successoribus eorum, totum ius et clameum quod habemus vel habere potuimus aut poterimus in toto manerio de Couentre ac in omnibus rebus et locis ad idem manerium infra et extra qualitercumque et vbicumque spectantibus, videlicet in boscis, planis, viis, pascuis, pratis, aquis, excepto tamen viuario nostro nobis et heredibus nostris quod scilicet est infra parcum nostrum, que videlicet ad nos Rogerum, Ceciliam et heredes nostros aliquo tempore vel aliqua ratione spectabant aut spectare poterunt, vna cum aduocatione ecclesie sancti Michaelis omniumque capellarum ad eandem pertinencium, cum omnibus pertinenciis suis ac eciam vna cum warennam quam dominus rex Anglie nobis et heredibus nostris dudum concessit, saluis tamen in eadem warennam nobis et heredibus nostris liberis cursibus cum personaliter aduenerimus et moram fecerimus in manerio predicto. Quod videlicet manerium dictis priori et conuentui ac successoribus
m. 2 suis ego Rogerus, pro me et Cecilia vxore mea ac heredibus nostris, adeo libere possidendum cum omnibus pertinenciis suis, concessi, sicut vnquam nos aut aliqui antecessorum nostrorum illud tenuerunt et possiderunt, exceptis tamen et saluis nobis Rogero, Ceciliæ et heredibus nostris manso nostro apud Cheylesmore cum parco incluso et habitacione fratrum minorum iuxta eundem parcum sita et inclusa ac eisdem fratribus assignata, saluis nobis et heredibus nostris homagiis et seruiciis domini Gilberti de Segraue in Caloudon', Willelmi de Olneya in Asthull' et Olneya, Vitalis de Folkeshull' in Folkeshull', Walteri Deyuill' in Whytel', Stoke et Couentre, Roberti de Stoke in Stoke, Milonis Gerbold' in Whitel', Hugonis de Loges in Sowa, et heredum omnium predictorum cum releuiis, escaetis et omnibus aliis ad terras et tenementa ipsorum pertinentibus, exceptis eciam et saluis nobis et heredibus nostris homagiis et seruiciis Hugonis Dispensatoris in Loughtburgh', Radulphi de Bracebrigg' in Kynnesbury, Willelmi le Botiller in Eccleshale et Folkeshull', heredum Roberti Tuschet in Keresleye, comitis Warrewyk' et

¹ Another copy will be found in the Coventry Priory Cartulary, Exchequer K. R. Miscellaneous Books, no. 21, fo. 77-8. The original counterpart is Anc. Deeds A. 4464, a curious feature of which is that it is expressed throughout in the third person. These have been used to supply some obscure or doubtful words.

Wydonis filii Roberti Iacobi de Audelegh' in Folkeshull' et Eccleshale, Walteri de Langele in Wyk', Thome le Irreys in Anesty, Thome de Neuill', Walteri de Couentre in Stoke, Gilberti de Preston', Iohannis le Pouere in Tackel', Alexandri Deyuill' in Tackel', et heredum omnium predictorum cum releuiis, escaetis et omnibus aliis homagiis et seruiciis militaribus vel non militaribus ad terras et tenementa omnium predictorum pertinentibus, saluis nobis et heredibus nostris seruiciis militaribus cum releuiis et escaetis et aliis pertinenciis omnium aliorum vbicumque fuerint in Anglia ad dictum manerium de Couentre spectantibus, saluis tamen dicto priori et conuentui ac successoribus suis omnibus seruiciis omnium burgagiorum cum pertinenciis, scilicet omnium predictorum militum et omnium aliorum vbicumque fuerint in Anglia si que habent in dicto manerio de Couentre, saluis eciam dictis priori et conuentui ac successoribus suis omnibus aliis tenementis cum pertinenciis ad idem manerium pertinentibus que non sunt de feodo militari vbicumque fuerint, exceptis semper et saluis nobis et heredibus nostris homagiis et seruiciis cum pertinenciis omnium prenominatorum, vt dictum est, absque omni impedimento dictorum prioris et conuentus ac successorum suorum, saluis eciam nobis et heredibus nostris libere tenencium nostrorum libertatibus quas habere debent et habere consueuerunt de iure in bosco et in manerio de Couentre cum pertinenciis, sine impedimento dictorum prioris et conuentus ac successorum suorum, excepta et salua nobis et heredibus nostris domo leprosorum de Spanna cum pertinenciis, saluis eciam nobis Rogero, Cecilie et heredibus nostris lignis focalibus ad focum nostrum et ad carbonem faciendum sufficienter sine wasto quociens apud Couentre personaliter venerimus et ibidem moram fecerimus, et palis ad claudendum parcum nostrum cum necesse fuerit et hoc per visum et liberacionem forestariorum dictorum prioris et successorum suorum sine impedimento aliquo. Quod si forte aliqui malefactores qui de ipsius prioris et successorum suorum fuerint potestate dampnum fecerint in dicto parco et inuenti fuerint, dictus prior et successores sui capient de ipsis festinas emendas ad opus nostrum et heredum nostrorum secundum quantitatem forisfacti. Preterea si aliqui qui non fuerint de potestate dicti prioris et successorum suorum forisfecerint in eodem parco et se in fugam verterint, homines dicti prioris et successorum suorum cum clamore debito ipsos insequentur et capient si fieri possit et liberabunt ipsos balliuis nostris et heredum nostrorum. Item si aliqui de hominibus prioris

et successorum suorum forisfecerint alicui de hominibus nostris et heredum nostrorum, dictus prior et successores sui capient de eis similiter festinas emendas ad opus nostrum et heredum nostrorum. Item quocienscumque nos et heredes nostri necesse habuerimus distringere feoda nostra infra comitatum Warrewyk', dictus prior et successores sui prestabunt nobis et heredibus nostris auxilium per balliuos et homines suos ad distringendum dicta feoda quociens ad hoc fuerint interpellati. Item nos Rogerus, Cecilia et heredes nostri libere faciemus mutuaciones et capturas nostras in villa de Couentre vsque ad terminum quadraginta dierum completum. Item si homines de Cestria vel de aliis locis forisfecerint nobis et heredibus nostris, nos et heredes nostri liberam habebimus potestatem distringere eos in villa de Couentre per balliuos nostros et heredum nostrorum simul cum balliuis dicti prioris et successorum suorum, secundum leges et consuetudines ipsius ville. Preterea fratres hospitalis sancti Iohannis de Couentre habebunt de bosco de Couentre qualibet septimana vnam carecatam bosci per visum et liberationem forestariorum dictorum prioris et conuentus ac successorum suorum. Ego vero Rogerus pro me et Cecilia vxore mea ac heredibus nostris warantizabimus imperpetuum dictis priori et conuentui ac successoribus suis dictum manerium cum suis pertinentiis omnibus, vt dictum est, contra omnes homines et feminas. Pro hac autem donacione et concessione soluent dicti prior et conuentus ac successores sui nobis et heredibus nostris annuatim imperpetuum centum libras sterlingorum ad quatuor terminos anni, scilicet infra octabas sancti Andree viginti quinque libras, infra octabas sancte Marie in Marcio viginti quinque libras, infra octabas sancti Iohannis Baptiste viginti quinque libras, et infra octabas sancti Michaelis viginti quinque libras. Et preterea singulis annis monialibus de Pollesworth' decem marcas ad duos terminos, scilicet ad Pascha quinque marcas et ad festum sancti Michaelis quinque marcas, quas videlicet decem marcas dicti prior et conuentus et successores sui soluent nobis et heredibus nostris ad eosdem terminos annuatim imperpetuum, et sic per manus nostras et heredum nostrorum fiet solucio annua monialibus antedictis. Fiet autem ista solucio, scilicet tam centum librarum quam decem marcarum predictarum, in domo nostra apud Cheylesmore a dicto priore et successoribus suis nobis et heredibus nostris vel attorneyis nostris litteras nostras patentes super hoc deferentibus, quod si dicti prior et conuentus ac successores sui cessauerint a solucione dictarum

centum librarum et decem marcarum aliquo termino predicto, vt dictum est, scilicet infra octabas predictas, dabunt nobis et heredibus nostris infra octo dies dictas octabas proximo sequentes decem libras nomine debiti, quas si tunc non soluerint liceat nobis et heredibus nostris dictum priorem et conuentum ac successores suos distringere infra dictum manerium de Couentre tam pro eisdem decem libris quam pro firma principali. Liceat eciam vicecomiti Warrewyk' qui pro tempore fuerit eosdem priorem et successores suos per terras et catalla distringere in comitatu Warrewyk' extra Couentre vsque ad plenariamolucionem tam dictarum decem librarum quam firme principalis. Quicquid autem nos vel heredes nostri occasione dicte pecunie non solute expenderimus, dictus prior et successores sui nobis et heredibus nostris plenarie refundent per visum fidedignorum et legalium virorum sine omni dilacione, impedimento, dolo et fraude. Dictus vero prior de consensu sui conuentus pro se et successoribus suis subiecit se iurisdictioni domini episcopi Couentrensis qui pro tempore fuerit ad compellendum ipsos ad plenariam et fidelem obseruacionem omnium predictorum sub pena excommunicacionis et interdicti. In quorum omnium robur et testimonium huic scripto inter dictos priorem et conuentum et nos per modum cirographi diuiso tam signa eorundem prioris et conuentus quam sigillum meum vna cum sigillo predictæ Cecilie vxoris mee alternatim sint appensa. Testibus Henrico de Hastyng', Gilberto de Segraue, Galfrido de Langel', Willelmo de Burmyngham, Fulcone de Orreby, Roberto de Hondesacre tunc senescallo, Roberto de Grendon', Willelmo Trussel, Hugone de Loges, Galfrido de Craft', Vitali de Folkeshull' et aliis.

Protulit eciam partem cuiusdam finis nuper in curia domini regis Henrici filii regis Iohannis anno regni sui tricesimo quarto leuati coram Rogero de Thurkelby et sociis suis iusticiariis etc., inter Willelmum quondam priorem Couentrensem querentem et Rogerum de Monte Alto et Ceciliam vxorem eius impediētes, de sexaginta libratīs terre et redditus cum pertinenciis in Couentre, cuius finis tenor talis est:—¹

Hec est finalis concordia facta in curia domini regis apud Westmonasterium a die sancti Michaelis in tres septimanas anno regni regis Henrici filii regis Iohannis tricesimo quarto coram Rogero de Thurkelby, Iohanne de Cobbeham et Alano de Wassaund', iusticiariis, et aliis domini regis fidelibus tunc ibi presentibus, inter

¹ For the foot of this fine see C.P. 25(1) 243/22, no. 14.

Willelmum priorem de Couentre querentem et Rogerum de Monte Alto et Ceciliam vxorem eius impediētes de sexaginta libratīs terre et redditus cum pertinenciis in Couentre, vnde placitum warantie carte summonitum fuit inter eos in eadem curia, scilicet quod predictus Rogerus et Cecilia recognouerunt predictam terram et predictum redditum cum pertinenciis, scilicet omnes terras et tenementa cum pertinenciis que iidem Rogerus et Cecilia prius tenuerunt in eadem villa et cum boscis, pratis, pasturis, burgagiis, villenagiis et warennā et omnibus aliis rebus ad predictas terras et tenementa pertinentibus, esse ius ipsius prioris et ecclesie sue de Couentre vt illa que idem prior et ecclesia sua predicta habent de dono predictorum Rogeri et Cecilie, exceptis capitali mesuagio quod vocatur Chetlesmore, et parco eiusdem ville, et clauso fratrum minorum Couentrensium, et aduocatione hospitalis de Sponne, et feodis omnium militum que sunt de pertinenciis predictę terre, et homagiis et omnibus seruiciis omnium tenencium ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie et heredum ipsius Cecilie qui de eis tenent tenementa sua per seruicium militare, et similiter exceptis homagiis et seruiciis Gilberti de Segraue et heredum suorum de toto tenemento quod idem Gilbertus tenet de predicto Rogero in Caludone, et homagio et toto seruicio Willelmi de Olneya et heredum suorum de toto tenemento quod idem Willelmus tenet de predictis Rogero et Cecilia in Asthull' et Olneya, et similiter homagiis et omnibus seruiciis Vitalis de Folkeshull', Walteri de Deyuill', Roberti de Stokes, Milonis Gerbod', Hugonis de Loges et heredum suorum, et omnibus tenementis que predictus Vitalis tenet de predictis Rogero et Cecilia in Folkeshull', Walteri de Deyuill' in Stokes, Couentre et Whitel', Roberti de Stokes in Stokes, Milonis Gerbod' in Whitel', et Hugonis de Loges in Sowe, et que eisdem Rogero et Cecilie et heredibus ipsius Cecilie per istum finem remanent quietā de predicto priore et successoribus suis et ecclesia sua predicta imperpetuum, et saluis eisdem Rogero et Cecilie et heredibus ipsius Cecilie estoueriis suis capiendis in forinseco bosco de Couentre ad arandum buscam et carbonem sine vasto per visum forestariorum ipsius prioris et successorum suorum et sine impedimento alicuius quocienscumque iidem Rogerus et Cecilia et heredes ipsius Cecilie venerint apud Couentre et quam diu moram ibi fecerint, et similiter ad palos capiendos ad claudendum predictum parcum ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie et heredum ipsius Cecilie cum necesse fuerit. Et quod ipsi Rogerus et Cecilia et heredes ipsius Cecilie habeant prisas

suas in Couentre vsque ad quadraginta dies sine impedimento ipsius prioris et successorum suorum. Et similiter quod possint fugare in warennia de Couentre pro voluntate sua cum apud Couentre venerint vel ibi moram fecerint. Et salua fratribus hospitalis sancti Iohannis de Couentre qualibet septimana vna carectata busce capienda in predicto forinseco bosco imperpetuum. Et si ita contigerit quod aliquis hominum vel tenencium ipsius Rogeri et Cecilie vel heredum ipsius Cecilie deliquerit versus predictum priorem vel successores suos vel homines suos, predicti Rogerus et Cecilia et heredes ipsius Cecilie habebunt inde curiam suam et misericordiam, si inciderit in misericordia, et prior et successores sui et homines sui versus quos deliquerint habebunt rationabiles emendas. Et si aliquis hominum vel tenencium ipsius prioris vel successorum suorum forisfecerit versus predictum Rogerum et Ceciliam et heredes ipsius Cecilie vel homines suos idem prior et successores sui habebunt inde curiam suam, sicut superius. Et si predictus Rogerus et Cecilia vel heredes ipsius Cecilie necesse habuerint ad distringendum feoda sua in comitatu Warrewyk', idem prior et successores sui inuenient ei sufficiens auxilium ad districtionem illam faciendam ad custum ipsius Rogeri et Cecilie et heredum ipsius Cecilie per balliuos et homines ipsius prioris et successorum suorum ad summonicionem ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie et heredum ipsius Cecilie, ita quod si idem prior vel successores sui aliquod dampnum vel iacturam habuerint occasione alicuius districcionis quam fecerint per summonicionem ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie vel heredum ipsius Cecilie, iidem Rogerus et Cecilia vel heredes ipsius Cecilie restituent eis omnia dampna et iacturas que habuerunt occasione predicta. Et residuum tocus manerii de Couentre cum omnibus pertinenciis suis quod ipsi Rogerus et Cecilie prius tenuerunt in eodem manerio, sicut predictum est, et cum homagio et toto seruicio Vitalis de Folkeshull' et heredum suorum de toto tenemento quod idem Vitalis prius tenuit de predicto Rogero et Cecilia in Styuechal, et cum homagio et toto seruicio Walteri de Langel' et Alicie vxoris eius et heredum ipsius Alicie de toto assarto quod idem Walterus et Alicia prius tenuerunt de predictis Rogero et Cecilia in Wyke et Couentre, exceptis homagio et seruicio militari predictorum Walteri et Alicie et heredum ipsius Alicie, remanebit predicto priori et successoribus suis et ecclesie sue predictae tenendum de predictis Rogero et Cecilia et heredibus ipsius Cecile imperpetuum, ita quod bene licebit eidem priori et

successoribus suis frussire, assartire, includere et excolere et proficuum suum pro voluntate sua facere de boscis, vastis et pasturis in eodem manerio que eidem priori et successoribus suis per istum finem remanent, sine contradiccione vel impedimento ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie vel heredum ipsius Cecilie imperpetuum, saluis eisdem Rogero et Cecilie et heredibus ipsius Cecilie estoueriis suis predictis in eodem bosco capiendis, reddendo inde per annum centum et septem libras sterlingorum ad quatuor terminos in predicto mesuagio de Chetlesmore, scilicet infra octabas sancti Andree viginti sex libras et quindecim solidos, infra octabas beate Marie in Marcio viginti sex libras et quindecim solidos, infra octabas natiuitatis sancti Iohannis Baptiste viginti sex libras et quindecim solidos, et infra octabas sancti Michaelis viginti sex libras et quindecim solidos, pro omni seruicio, secta curie, consuetudinibus et exaccione, ita tamen quod non licebit eisdem Rogero et Cecilie et heredibus ipsius Cecilie aliquod auxilium ad primogenitum ipsorum militem faciendum, vel primogenitam suam maritandam, nec aliquod releuium, wardam, scutagium vel aliquod seruicium forinsecum exigere vel habere de predicto priore vel successoribus suis et ecclesia sua predicta, nisi tantum viginti solidos nomine releuii post mortem vel amocionem cuiuslibet prioris eiusdem loci. Et iidem Rogerus et Cecilia et heredes ipsius Cecilie warantizabunt, acquietabunt et defendent eidem priori et successoribus suis et ecclesie sue predictae omnes predictas terras et tenementa, cum omnibus pertinenciis suis, que eidem priori et successoribus suis per istum finem remanent, sicut predictum est, per predictum seruicium, contra omnes homines imperpetuum. Et si iidem prior vel successores sui defecerint in solucione predictorum denariorum ad aliquem terminum bene licebit eisdem Rogero et Cecilie et heredibus ipsius Cecilie distringere eos per omnia catalla sua in omnibus terris suis infra comitatum Warrewyk' inuenta, vsque ad plenam solucionem denariorum qui aretro fuerint de illo termino imperpetuum. Et preterea iidem Rogerus et Cecilia remiserunt et quietum clamauerunt de se et heredibus ipsius Cecilie predicto priori et successoribus suis et ecclesie sue predictae totum ius et clameum quod habuerunt in aduocacione ecclesie sancti Michaelis Couentrensis, cum capellis ad predictam ecclesiam pertinentibus et omnibus aliis pertinentibus suis, imperpetuum. Et pro hac recognitione, warantia, acquietancia, defensione, fine et concordia, idem prior dedit predictis Rogero et Cecilie trescentas libras sterling-

orum. Et sciendum quod idem prior venit in eadem curia et fecit homagium predicto Rogero.

Profert etiam quandam litteram sub nomine predictorum Rogeri et Cecilie consignatam, que talis est :—

Rogerus ¹ de Monte Alto et Cecilia vxor eiusdem omnibus libere tenentibus suis de maneriis de Couentre et aliis salutem. Mandamus vobis quatinus de cetero sitis intendentes et respondentes Willelmo priori Couentrensi et eiusdem loci conuentui ac successoribus eorundem in omnibus que ad manerium de Couentre pertinent infra et extra, secundum quod in instrumentis inter nos confectis plenius continetur. In cuius rei testimonium hiis litteris patentibus sigilla nostra appendimus. Valete. Datum apud Couentre die dominica proxima post festum sancti Martini anno regni regis Henrici filii regis Iohannis tricesimo quarto.

Et dicit quod predictus Willelmus quondam prior de Couentre predecessor prioris nunc, virtute donacionis, concessionis et confirmationis predictarum in predicta carta contentarum, et etiam virtute finis predicti, seisis fuit de predicto manerio de Couentre cum pertinentiis, tenendo sibi et successoribus suis et ecclesie sue de Couentre imperpetuum, exceptis manso de Cheilesmor et parco et omnibus aliis serviciis tenencium qui de eis tenuerunt per seruicium militare, ita quod totum residuum eiusdem manerii cum pertinentiis remansit eidem priori et successoribus suis imperpetuum. Ad quod quidem manerium predictus visus franciplegii de iure pertinebat, de quo quidem visu Willelmus prior predecessor etc. et omnes successores sui semper pacifice seisisi fuerunt, scilicet per quater viginti et decem annos vsque iam duobus annis elapsis quod idem prior nunc per ministros predictae regine extitit impeditus, videlicet attrahendo homines et tenentes ipsius prioris veniendos ad visum ipsius regine in eadem villa, de quo petit iusticiam sibi fieri per consilium etc.

Et regina dicit quod bene verum est quod predictus visus pertinet ad manerium de Couentre, de quo manerio ipsa seisisa est in dominico et seruicio, quia dicit quod donum quod factum fuit predicto predecessori predicti prioris per predictos Rogerum et Ceciliam fuit sexaginta librata terre et redditus de dominico manerii de Couentre, tenenda sibi et successoribus suis, secundum formam carte et finis predictorum, de predictis Rogero et Cecilia dominis manerii predicti et heredibus ipsius Cecilie per seruicium centum et septem

¹ Another copy is in Coventry Priory Cartulary, fo. 78.

librarum per annum, et sic seruicia illa per donum predictum deuenerunt parcella manerii predicti, loco predictarum sexaginta librarum terre et redditus que tempore doni fuerunt dominicum eiusdem manerii. Et dicit quod manerium de Couentre extendit in quindecim villis et hamelettis, et quod capitale mesuagium illius, quod vocatur Cheilesmore, et parcus et seruicia omnium tenencium per seruicium militare, et certe aduocaciones in villa de Couentre et predicta seruicia sexaginta librarum terre et redditus vnde predictus prior est tenens ipsius regine in predicta m. 3 villa de Couentre, et quicquid fuit de manerio de Couentre et aliis villis et hamelettis, exceptis predictis sexaginta libratis terre et redditu, remanserunt in seisina ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie post donum predictum, que omnia faciunt manerium ita integrum in dominico et seruicio sicut fuit in dominico in seisina ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie ante donum, concessionones et confirmaciones predictas, non obstante quod predicta sexaginta librate terre et redditus que transierunt per donum predictum et que tunc fuerunt parcella eiusdem manerii in dominico per donum illud facta sint parcella eiusdem manerii in seruicio, et dicit quod post leuacionem finis predicti Rogerus et Cecilia et post eorum decessum heredes ipsius Cecilie seisiti fuerunt de visu predicto tanquam pertinente ad manerium predictum, et eciam ipsamet regina seisita est de visu illo tanquam pertinente ad manerium illud de Couentre, quod manerium ipsa modo tenet, vnde petit iudicium, ex quo ipsa seisita est de manerio predicto de Couentre in forma predicta, ad quod manerium predictus prior per petitionem suam supponit visum predictum pertinere, si idem prior visum illum habere debeat etc.

Et predictus prior dicit quod qualitercumque predicta regina asserit nichil transire per predictos¹ cartam et finem nisi tantummodo sexaginta libratas terre et redditus vt parcella manerii, ad quod visus franciplegii pertinere non potest, manerium integrum simul cum visu predicto et aliis pertinentiis suis, excepto manso de Cheillesmore et aliis forpris in predictis carta et fine contentis, virtute carte et finis predictorum transierunt prout in eisdem continetur, et tenentes eiusdem manerii, exceptis etc., eidem priori predecessori etc. attornauerunt etc. Et dicit quod tenentes de feodo militari qui in predictis carta et fine excipiuntur nunquam attornauerunt Henricum de Cliue, cuius statum ipsa regina modo

¹ Sic.

habet ibidem, vnde dicit quod, ex quo manerium predictum, exceptis etc., ad quod visus franciplegii et alie libertates sunt pertinentes, transierunt in forma predicta, et predicti Rogerus et Cecilia donatores etc. limitauerunt sibi certas forprias, prout in carta et fine predictis continetur, que forprise non possunt dici manerium, maxime cum manerium transiit per donum predictum, petit iudicium si in hoc casu predicta regina aliquem visum habere possit seu debeat ibidem, racione forprise predictae, de tenentibus ipsius prioris.

Et super hoc quesitum est per consilium domini regis a prefato priore si predicti Rogerus et Cecilia tempore suo habuerunt vnum visum franciplegii vel duos visus ibidem, qui dicit quod predicti Rogerus et Cecilia habuerunt duos visus pertinentes ad manerium suum de Couentre, vnum videlicet visum tentum de forinsecis apud Wolepitelideyate, alium enim visum in Couentre de hominibus et tenentibus predicti manerii de Couentre, qui quidem visus transiit virtute carte et finis predictorum, et quod ipse et predecessores sui priores etc. seisiti fuerunt de visu illo in Couentre et de omnibus tenentibus dicti manerii, exceptis tenentibus in predictis forprias contentis, post tempus adquisicionis predictae vsque idem prior nunc per ministros ipsius regine extitit impeditus, vt predictum est. Et petit iudicium etc.

Et regina dicit quod predictus prior per petitionem suam supponit tantum vnum visum fuisse pertinentem ad manerium de Couentre tempore doni predicti, per quod ipsa non intelligit quod ipse modo admitti debeat dicendo duos visus adtunc pertinuisse ad illud idem manerium, et licet duo visus tunc fuissent spectantes ad manerium illud, dicit quod ipsamet seisita est de capitali mesuagio manerii illius et de parco et seruiciis omnium tenencium per seruicium militare in quibuscumque villis infra manerium predictum, et de certis aduocacionibus et de seruiciis predicti prioris in villa de Couentre tanquam spectantibus ad manerium predictum. Et ad hoc quod prior dicit quod ipse seisitus est de manerio de Couentre ad quod predictus visus pertinet per donum predictorum Rogeri et Cecilie per cartam et finem predictos predecessori suo inde factos, per quos finem et cartam iidem Rogerus et Cecilia dederunt eidem predecessori et successoribus suis manerium predictum de Couentre, reseruantes sibi et heredibus predictae Cecilie capitale mesuagium eiusdem manerii quod vocatur Cheillesmore et aliis certis forprias in predicta carta et fine expresse contentis,

ita quod totum residuum eiusdem manerii predicto predecessori et successoribus suis remanerent imperpetuum, et sic vt dominus manerii predicti clamat visum predictum ad illud capitale mesuagium et alia que predictis Rogero et Cecilie reseruata fuerunt, licet per nomen forprisarum sunt et faciunt manerium de Couentre, ad quod etc., et ipsi Rogerus et Cecilia post donum illud morabantur domini eiusdem manerii, ex quo predictus prior predecessor etc. per illud idem donum deuenit tenens ipsorum Rogeri et Cecilie, vt dominorum illius manerii, de omnibus tenementis que per finem et cartam transierunt, prout finis predictus testatur, et per consequens, cum tenencia ipsius prioris predicta sit infra manerium predictum et ipse tenens infra idem manerium, non potest dici dominus eiusdem manerii, et ex quo ipse prior est tenens ipsius regine infra predictum manerium et ipsa seisita est de manerio illo ad quod etc., et de seruicio ipsius prioris vt domina manerii predicti, petit iudicium si ille qui est tenens infra manerium illud visum pertinentem ad idem manerium habere debeat, ex quo non conceditur ei per verba expressa in fine seu alio facto contenta. Et vbi predictus prior allegat quod ipse et predecessores sui seisiti fuerunt de predicto visu tanquam pertinente ad manerium suum de Couentre a tempore doni et leuacionis finis predictorum, ipsa dicit quod predictus prior nichil habet infra precinctum manerii de Couentre quod fuit predictorum Rogeri et Cecilie et quod se extendit in quindecim villis et hamelettis, nisi illud quod ipse tenet in villa de Couentre per cartam et finem predictos, quod est sexaginta librate terre et redditus, et inde est ipse tenens ipsius regine vt de manerio suo de Couentre et ipsa seisita est de seruicio ipsius prioris vt de parcella manerii sui predicti et de toto residuo manerii, et sic manerium integrum infra feodum ipsius regine et ipsa seisita de visu predicto tanquam pertinente ad manerium illud. Set dicit quod ipse prior habet in eadem villa quoddam feodum quod vocatur Bisshophalf, quod est medietas eiusdem ville separata a predicto feodo ipsius regine manerii sui predicti, infra quam medietatem predictus prior habuit quendam alium visum, et licet ipse prior seu predecessores sui artarunt tenentes suos, qui tenuerunt de eis infra manerium ipsius regine predictum, veniendos ad visum suum tentum extra feodum ipsius regine, hoc non potest dici esse seisina de visu in iure set pocius purprisa contra legem terre occupata, nec excludit ipsam de visu suo pertinente ad manerium de Couentre predictum, prout ipse prior per petitionem suam supponit, de

quo ipsa seisata est in dominico et seruicio et ad quod manerium seruicia predicti prioris predicta sunt spectancia, vt superius dictum est, vnde petit iudicium si idem prior visum illum habere debeat.

Et quia visum est consilio regis etc. expediens cerciorari super clameis ipsorum Roberti de Monte Alto, Rogeri et Cecilie et antecessorum suorum et predicti prioris et successorum suorum appositis in itineribus iusticiariorum itinerantibus ¹ in predicto comitatu Warrewyk' super visibus predictis in manerio predicto, et qualiter eos ¹ vsi fuerunt et clamauerunt temporibus retroactis, antequam vltius procedatur ad discussionem in negotio predicto, ideo etc.

Et quo ad portmannesmot et curiam de quindena in quindenam *m. 3d* in villa de Couentre tenendas, de quibus fit mencio supra in demonstratione predicti prioris, idem prior dicit quod ipse et omnes predecessores sui a tempore adquisicionis manerii predicti seisiti fuerunt habendi et tenendi duas curias in predicta villa de Couentre, vnam videlicet de quindena in quindenam secundum consuetudinem ville predictae de omnibus tenentibus ipsius prioris in villa de Couentre ibidem conqueri volentibus, et aliam curiam tenendam ibidem de die in diem pro hominibus ibidem transeuntibus se conqueri volentibus, tanquam ad manerium suum de Couentre pertinentes, et eis pacifice vsi fuerunt vsque iam duobus annis elapsis quod idem prior nunc per predictos ministros ipsius regine extitit impeditus. De quibus predictus prior petit remedium per consilium etc. Ad que predicta regina dicit quod ipsa habet duas curias in predicta villa de Couentre, vnam videlicet de forinsecis et aliam de tenentibus suis ibidem, cum liceat vnique domino curiam suam de tenentibus suis propriis habere, ad quas curias predictus prior vt tenens ipsius regine et tenentes ipsius prioris qui sunt de feodo ipsius regine respondere debent per summonicionem et attachiamentum ad querelas cuiuscumque uersus dictum priorem et tenentes ipsius prioris infra dominium eiusdem regine se conqueri volentes,² et modo predictus prior et tenentes ipsius prioris ad curiam ipsius regine venire debent. Et dicit quod si aliquis inuenerit balliui ipsius regine securitatem de prosequendo uersus aliquem tenentem dicti prioris de aliquibus transgressionibus, conuencionibus seu contractis factis infra iurisdiccionem ipsius regine, iidem balliui faciunt processus uersus dictos tenentes per summoniciones, attachiamenta et districciones, veniendos ad curiam ipsius regine ibidem responsuros

¹ Sic.

² Sic.

etc., ita tamen quod si predictus prior vel eius minister venerint ibidem et pecierint curiam ipsius prioris de tenentibus suis predictis de aliquibus transgressionibus et contractibus infra iurisdictionem ipsius prioris factis, eis conceditur et non negatur, vnde petit iudicium si predictus prior aliquam iniuriam uersus eam in hac parte assignare poterit etc.

Et predictus prior dicit quod predicti Rogerus et Cecilia dederunt manerium predictum cum pertinenciis prefato Willelmo priori predecessori etc., vt superius dictum est, et quod curie predictae et portmannesmot que fuerunt dicto manerio pertinentes transierunt per donum predictum, de quibus idem prior continue seisisus fuit, vt superius dictum est etc.

Et regina dicit quod bene concedit quod ipse habeat curiam suam de tenentibus suis, prout de iure communi habere debet, set hoc non aufert quin ipsa regina habere debet curias suas pertinentes ad manerium suum predictum, quod manerium ipsa tenet in dominico et seruicio cum suis pertinenciis, prout ipsa superius sufficienter ostendauit, vnde petit iudicium si predictus prior curiam pertinentem ad manerium illud clamare possit.

Et quoad hoc quod predicta regina dicit quod ipsa habet tenentes in villa de Couentre, predictus prior dicit quod omnes tenentes in villa de Couentre virtute doni predicti integre fuerunt intendentes eidem priori, prout patet superius per predictam cartam et finem et per litteras missas tenentibus supradictis predictorum Rogeri et Cecilie, exceptis tenentibus, forpris etc., et non intendentes predictis Rogero et Cecilie nec eorum heredibus post adquisicionem predictam, vnde petit iudicium etc. Et quo ad hoc quod predicta regina dicit quod predictus prior iusticiari debet in curia ipsius regine per summoniciones et attachiamenta, idem prior dicit quod licet eadem regina habeat curiam in predicta villa de Couentre racione forprise predictae penes predictos Rogerum et Ceciliam reseruate, per hoc idem prior in curia ipsius regine ibidem iusticiari non debet, eo quod predictus prior tenet grossum manerii predicti prout per predictam cartam supponitur, et ad illud quod est reseruatum per predictos Rogerum et Ceciliam grossum manerii nullo modo potest esse intendens nec debet etc. Et petit iudicium etc.

Et regina dicit quod ipsa tenet illud quod est manerium de Couentre et prior non est nisi tenens ipsius regine infra dictum manerium, prout ipsa plane monstraui, vnde petit iudicium vt

prius etc. Et quo ad estoueria pro focali et carbonibus faciendis in claustra parci predicti capienda etc., predicta regina dicit quod ipsa, ratione reseruacionis in predictis carta et fine contentis, cepit boscum pro huiusmodi focali et carbonibus et claustra faciendis in bosco ipsius prioris in aduentu suo, cum ibidem moram fecerit, per visum forestarii predicti prioris ad hoc premuniti et sine visu forestarii si interesse noluerit, sicut ei bene licuit, sicut in fine continentur quod predicti Rogerus et Cecilia ea capere deberent. Et vbi predictus prior supponit quod ipsa destruxit boscum predictum, ipsemet prior et predecessores sui destruxerunt boscum illum, et inde edificarunt duo maneria, et fecerunt bene circa duo milia acras terre arabilis qui fuit boscus tempore leuacionis finis predicti etc.

Et predictus prior dicit quod boscus vbi predicta regina capere deberet estoueria predicta est quidam locus vastatus et destructus per communarios qui in eodem bosco housebote et hayebote habuerunt, et boscus vbi ipsa iam capit estoueria sua fuit vna placea vasti que circiter decem annos post adquisicionem manerii predicti et leuacionem finis predicti per predecessores prioris nunc fuit de nouo plantata. In qua quidem placea ratione estoueriorum suorum predictorum, predicta regina arbores ipsius prioris succidit ad valenciam mille marcarum, prout in predicta demonstracione sua continetur, de quo petit iusticiam sibi fieri etc.

Et predicta regina dicit quod eadem placea bosci, quam predictus prior asserit de nouo esse plantatam post adquisicionem manerii predicti, est ille idem boscus in quo eadem regina capere debet estoueria sua predicta et fuit boscus crescens diu ante confectionem carte predictae et ante finis predicti leuacionem, et hoc parata est verificare etc. Et petit iudicium etc. si predictus prior aliquam iniuriam in ipsam in hac parte assignare possit etc. Et quo ad septem mesuagia que predictus prior per petitionem suam supponit quod domina regina seisisse fecit in manum ipsius regine, eadem regina dicit quod eadem tenementa sunt de feodo ipsius regine et tenentur de ipsa in capite etc., et quod predictus prior perquisiuit tenementa illa ad manum mortuam sine licencia ipsius regine, per quod ipsa regina per ministros suos seisisse fecit mesuagia illa ad manum suam per formam statuti etc. tanquam forisfacta, et sic ea tenet, sicut bene ei licet. Et petit iudicium si predictus prior aliquam iniuriam in personam ipsius regine in hac parte assignare possit vel debeat etc.

Et predictus prior dicit quod predicti Rogerus et Cecilia per cartam suam predictam concesserunt predicto priori predecessori etc. seruicia tenencium predicti manerii de Couentre, exceptis etc., nichil penes se reseruando de dominio, in quo quidem dominio predicta regina nichil clamare potest. Et si videatur consilio regis quod non obstantibus rationibus preallegatis quod dominium dicte regine in hoc casu remaneat, tunc idem prior dicit, quod ad ¹ quatuor mesuagia de predictis septem mesuagiis, quod ipse ea perquisiuit de licencia domini regis nunc inde optenta diu antequam predicta regina aliquid habuit in villa de Couentre. Et quo ad tria mesuagia, dicit quod ea perquisiuit de licencia domini regis nunc et ipse inde fuit seiscitus postquam ea perquisiuit tempore ipsius regine nunc. Ita quod tempus dominorum ingrediendi huiusmodi perquisita per religiosos elapsus fuit diu antequam prefata regina mesuagia illa seiscire fecit in manum suam vel aliud impedimentum imposuit etc. Et petit iudicium si predicta regina ratione forisfacture in statuto regis contente aliquid clamare possit in eisdem etc.

Et super hoc datus est dies tam predictae regine quam predicto priori coram consilio domini regis in cancellaria sua vbicumque etc. die Veneris in crastino festi sancti Petri ad Vincula ² in eodem statu quo nunc, saluis eis hinc inde eorum rationibus dicendis etc. Ad quem diem coram consilio domini regis venerunt tam predicta regina quam predictus prior, et datus est eis dies coram consilio domini regis in cancellaria sua vbicumque etc. in crastino Animarum ³ in eodem statu quo nunc, saluis eis hinc inde eorum rationibus dicendis etc.

- m. 4* Ad quem crastinum Animarum coram consilio domini regis apud Eboracum venit predicta regina per consilium suum. Et similiter predictus prior per consilium suum coram consilio domini regis apud Eboracum venit. Et eadem regina dicit quod Iohannes comes Cornubie, ad quem reuersio manerii ipsius regine post mortem suam fuit reseruans, iam obiit, et quod ad dominum regem nunc post mortem ipsius regine spectat reuersio eiusdem manerii, ita quod quicquid procedendum sit in negotio predicto est in iure ipsius regis nunc. Et pro iure regis declarando dicit quod manerium predictum, ad quod visus etc., non transiuit per cartam predictam, quia dicit quod, qualitercumque in carta predicta nominatur

¹ *Sic: read quoad.*

² 2 August, 1336.

³ 3 November, 1336.

manerium de Couentre, manerium de Cheilesmor in Couentre fuit capitale mansum predictorum Rogeri et Cecilie et modo est capitale mansum ipsius regine in Couentre, quod quidem manerium extendit se in quindecim villis et hamelettis ad quod visus franciplegii pertinebat et adhuc pertinet, et ipsa regina tenet integre manerium predictum in dominico et seruicio, ad quod visus etc. pertinet, et tenencia predicti prioris nichil aliud est nisi sexaginta librate terre et redditus que de predicto manerio exierunt, quod non potest dici manerium set parcella manerii tenta de ipsa regina. Petit iudicium si predictus prior possit affirmare quod predictum manerium transiuit vna cum visu etc.

Et quo ad hoc quod superius quesitum fuit a predicto priore si predicti Rogerus et Cecilia, ante predictas donacionem et concessionem factas predicto priori predecessori etc., habuerunt vnum visum franciplegii in Couentre vel duos visus, et predictus prior dixit quod duos habuerunt visus pertinentes ad manerium predictum, vnum scilicet de forinsecis tentum apud Wolpitlidayate, alium enim visum in Couentre de hominibus et tenentibus predicti manerii de Couentre, regina dicit quod visus franciplegii est quedam libertas regia que numquam potest esse partitus¹ seu diuisus¹ set semper esse integer ad quorumcumque manus deueniat. Et in hoc quod predictus prior cognouit quod ipse habet visum franciplegii de forinsecis tenentibus suis apud Wolpitlidayate, sicut predicti Rogerus et Cecilia habuerunt, qui forinseci nunc sunt tenentes de manerio ipsius regine de Couentre, et in vno eodem manerio non potest esse nisi vnicus visus, licet in diuersis locis et vicibus pro aisiamento tenencium predictorum teneatur, nisi esset ex speciale concessione domini regis, petit iudicium, ex quo predictus prior cognouit ipsam reginam vnum visum habere de forinsecis tenentibus suis de manerio de Couentre, si idem prior alium visum clamare possit habere in eodem manerio, maxime cum visus sit integer in vno et eodem manerio, et idem prior sit tenens ipsius regine de predictis sexaginta libratibus terre et redditus que fuerunt de dominico eiusdem manerii ante donacionem predictam etc.

Dicit eciam quod alias, scilicet apud Norhantonam, dictum fuit per consilium domini regis quod ipsi vellent cerciorari super clameis factis coram iusticiariis vltimo itinerantibus in comitatu Warrewyk' de visu predicto, per quod mandatum fuit thesaurario et camerariis suis quod regem inde certificarent etc., et thesaurarius

¹ S^o.

et camerarii miserunt recordum et processum coram prefatis iusticiariis inde habita per breue regis, cuius brevis tenor talis est :—

Edwardus Dei gracia rex Anglie, dominus Hibernie et dux Aquitanie thesaurario et camerariis suis salutem. Quia quibusdam certis de causis cerciorari volumus super tenore clameorum per priorem de Couentre coram Iohanne de Vallibus et sociis suis nuper iusticiariis domini Edwardi quondam regis Anglie aui nostri vltimo itinerantibus in comitatu Warrewyk' factorum de quibusdam liberatibus et quietanciis in comitatu predicto, necnon recordi et processus super clameis illis inter ipsum auum nostrum et prefatum priorem in eodem itinere habitorum, vt dicitur, vobis mandamus quod, scrutatis rotulis predicti Iohannis de itinere predicto qui sunt in thesauraria nostra sub custodia vestra, vt dicitur, nos de eo quod inde inueneritis reddatis in cancellaria nostra sub sigillo scaccarii nostri distincte et aperte sine dilacione cerciores, hoc breue nobis remittentes. Teste me ipso apud Stryuelin quinto die Nouembris anno regni nostri decimo.

Tenor recordi et processus predictorum sequitur in hec verba :—

PLACITA DE QUO WARANTO DE ITINERE IOHANNIS DE VALLIBUS
ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI TERCIODECIMO

Prior ¹ de Couentre summonitus fuit ad respondendum domino regi de placito quo waranto clamat habere turnum vicecomitis, furcas, et emendas assise panis et ceruisie fracte, weyf, liberam warennam, mercatum et nundinum, pillorium et tumbrellum, in maneriis suis de Couentre, Honynton', Wasperton', Pakewod', Offchirch', Olughton', Merston', Herdewyk', Sutham, Franketon', Oledfilingleye et Sowe, et de hoc quod clamat habere proprium coronatorem in villa de Couentre et respondere coram iusticiariis in itinere per xij. iuratores, et de hoc quod clamat quod omnes sui tenentes sint liberi et quieti de communi amerciamento et finis ² amerciamenti et de sectis shirarum, hundredorum, murdro, latrocinio et auxilio vicecomitis, et de hoc quod clamat quod balliuus suus simul cum balliuis domini regis debet ire ad omnes districtiones et execuciones faciendas pro debitis domini regis et aliis, simul distringere et execuciones facere cum predicto balliuo domini regis in predicta villa, que ad coronam etc., sine licencia etc. Et

¹ See *Placita de Quo Waranto* (Rec. Comm.), p. 778.

² *Sic.*

prior venit et dicit quod dominus Henricus rex pater domini regis nunc concessit et confirmavit ecclesie de Couentre et monachis eiusdem loci predicta maneria de Couentre, Honynton', Wasperton', Pakwod', Offchirch', Olughton', Merston', Herdewyk', Sutham, Franketon', Oledfilingleye et Sowe, cum omnibus libertatibus et liberis consuetudinibus predictis, per cartas predicti domini Henrici regis quas eisdem monachis fecit et quas iidem prior et monachi modo proferunt et hoc idem testantur. Et dicit quod a tempore confeccionis predictarum cartarum vsi sunt libertatibus predictis plene et sine aliqua interrupcione temporis, secundum tenorem cartarum predictarum. Et quo ad quasdam predictarum libertatum que non continentur in predictis cartis, videlicet visum franciplegii, weyf, furcas et emendas assise panis et ceruisie fracte, dicit quod clamat illas libertates a tempore quo non exstat memoria, et dicit quod ipse et predecessores sui a predicto tempore vsi sunt predictis libertatibus plene et integre et sine aliqua temporis interrupcione. Et hoc petit quod inquiratur per patriam etc.

Et iuratores dicunt super sacramentum suum quod predicti prior et monachi habent et habere debent in Couentre duas magnas curias per annum et weyf, et quod balliuis prioris vadit cum balliuis domini regis ad omnes execuciones faciendas que ad regem pertinent, et quod villa respondit per xij., et hoc ab antiquo, warennam, infangenthef, emendas assise panis et ceruisie fracte, mercatum et feriam et que ad ea pertinent, collistruxum, tumberellum et coronatorem de villata de Couentre, et quieti sunt de murdro, latrocinio, sectis shirarum, hundredorum et de auxilio vicecomitis, per cartam domini Henrici regis patris domini regis nunc, et quieti de communi amerciamento. Habent etiam in Sutham feriam et mercatum et que ad ea pertinent. Et habent furcas per cartam domini Henrici regis patris domini regis nunc, que hoc idem testatur. Habent etiam in maneriis suis de Honynton', Wasperton', Pakwod', Offchirche, Olcheton', Merston', Herdewyk', Sutham, Franketon', Sowe et Oldfilingleye in comitatu Warrewyk' et visum franciplegii et emendas assise ceruisie et weyf ab antiquo etc., et in eisdem maneriis habent liberam warennam, infangenthef, et sunt quieti de murdro, latrocinio, sectis shirarum et hundredorum, et de auxilio vicecomitis per cartam domini Henrici regis predicti, et sunt quieti de communi amerciamento et fine et hoc ab antiquo in Honynton', Wasperton', Pakwod', Sutham et Offchirche, et habent ibi furcas ab antiquo a quo

non extat etc. Et ideo predictus prior inde quietus etc., saluo [etc.].

Ad quod predicta regina dicit quod tempore itineris predictæ Rogerus de Monte Alto fuit infra etatem et in custodia domini regis, per quod omnia placita ipsum tangencia remanserunt sine die racione minoris etatis sue etc. Et quo ad clameum tunc prioris de Couentre, dicit quod predictus tunc prior non habuit visum franciplegii in Couentre, et quod ipse et predecessores sui visum m 4d illum habuerunt a tempore quo non extitit memoria, et hoc idem compertum fuit per iurata[m] patrie in quam idem prior se posuit versus dominum regem ad placito de quo waranto, vt plenius patet in tenore predicto, videlicet quod ipse et predecessores sui ab antiquo visu illo vsi fuerunt, quod quidem clameum habet relacionem ad illam partem de Couentre del Bisshopeshalf, que est de fundacione ecclesie sue de Couentre, et non potest habere relacionem ad predictas sexaginta libratas terre et redditus adquisitas infra tempus memorie. Et petit iudicium etc.

Et predictus prior dicit quod ad ¹ hoc quod predicta regina dicit quod predictum manerium ad quod etc. non transiuit per cartam predictam, hoc dici non potest, eo quod manerium integrum de Couentre vt in dominico et seruicio, cum omnibus aliis pertinentiis ad dictum manerium pertinentibus, fuit in seisina Rogeri et Cecilie predictorum, qui quidem Rogerus pro se et Cecilia vxore sua per predictam cartam suam dedit et concessit manerium predictum predecessori prioris qui nunc est, cum omnibus rebus ad idem manerium et infra et extra qualitercumque et vbicumque spectantibus, exceptis forpris in predicta carta contentis, ad quod quidem manerium predictus visus pertinebat, et de quo quidem manerio et visu predictus prior qui nunc est et omnes predecessores sui priores a tempore donacionis et concessionis predictarum de omnibus tenentibus manerii predicti, exceptis tenentibus, forpris etc., tam infra villam de Couentre quam extra seisiti fuerunt pacifice, vt predictum est, quousque prior nunc de visu predicto impediabatur, vt predictum est etc., vnde petit iudicium si predicta regina modo dicere possit quod predictum manerium non transiuit etc.

Dicit eciam quod ex quo ipse prior ius ecclesie sue predictæ de visu predicto consilio domini regis hic ita plane monstauerit, vt superius dictum est, et ipse prior possessionem suam de visu illo

¹ Sic: read *quoad*.

per tantum tempus pacifice continuauit, non intendit quod ipse de visu illo sine iudicio debeat ammoueri, eo quod si dominus rex visui illo clameum suum apponeret et ipsum priorem de visu illo habendo impediret, tamen, antequam ipse prior ius ecclesie sue vel titulum visus illius monstrare aut inde respondere teneretur, oporteret ipsum priorem vel ecclesiam suam ad possessionem illius visus restitui, per quod sibi videtur quod ipse prior nec ecclesia sua predicta uersus dominam reginam etc. in hoc casu de statu peiori esse deberet quam esset uersus dominum regem si etc., unde petit consilio domini regis quod ipse nec ecclesia sua predicta de visu illo absque iudicio depriuatur, set quod ipse et ecclesia sua predicta per consilium hic in possessionem visus sui predicti reponatur, et quod predicta regina de attractu hominum et tenencium ipsius prioris ad visum ipsius regine, per quem attraccionem idem prior impeditur ad visum suum tenendum, totaliter cessare precipiatur etc.

Et super hoc habita diligenti deliberacione per consilium domini regis hic super petitionibus et demonstracionibus predicti prioris et rationibus superius ex vtraque parte super visu predicto allegatis, visum est consilio domini regis hic diuersis rationibus quod ad finale iudicium super visu predicto per modum quem predictus prior sequitur hic per petitiones et demonstraciones suas predictas procedi non potest, quod nec aliqua iniuria in personis ministrorum predictae regine in hac parte potest adiudicari, per quod dictum est prefate regine et ministris ipsius regine, quo ad visum predictum hic, quod eant inde sine die etc. Et similiter dictum est prefato priori quod sequatur inde per aliam viam si sibi viderit expedire etc. Et quo ad portmannesmot et curiam de quindena in quindena, estoueria et septem mesuagia predicta, datus est dies tam predictae regine quam predicto priori coram consilio domini regis apud Eboracum a die sancti Hillarii in xv. dies¹ in eodem statu quo nunc, saluis partibus eorum rationibus inde dicendis etc. Ad quem diem venerunt tam predicta regina quam predictus prior per consilium suum, et datus est eis dies coram consilio domini regis apud Westmonasterium die Lune in prima septimana Quadragesime,² saluis partibus eorum rationibus hinc inde dicendis etc.

Ad quem diem Lune apud Westmonasterium coram consilio domini

¹ 27 January, 1337.

² 10 March, 1337. Note that parliament met at Westminster on 3 March.

regis venerunt tam predicta regina quam predictus prior per consilium ipsorum, et datus est eis dies coram consilio domini regis apud Eboracum a die Pasche in tres septimanas,¹ saluis partibus rationibus suis hinc inde dicendis. Ad quas tres septimanas Pasche apud Eboracum venerunt partes predicte per consilium etc., et datus est dies partibus coram consilio domini regis apud Staunford' in crastino Ascencionis Domini,² saluis partibus rationibus suis etc. Ad quem crastinum Ascencionis Domini coram consilio domini regis apud Staunford' venit predicta regina per consilium suum predictum, et similiter predictus prior per attornatum suum, et datus est eis dies coram consilio domini regis a die sancti Michaelis in xv. dies ³ vbicumque fuerit etc., saluis partibus rationibus suis etc.

¹ 11 May, 1337.

² 30 May, 1337.

³ 13 October, 1337.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, CANDLEMAS 1339

Ancient Petitions, nos. 13584, 13587

These two undated documents contain respectively the petitions of the commons and the replies given to them in a parliament of the early years of Edward III: this is evident from the seventh article which refers to the tenth and fifteenth granted in the September parliament of 1334.¹ The statute made at York, to which reference is made in the eighth article, must therefore be that promulgated in the Ascension parliament of 1335²; and the council at Nottingham mentioned in the second article must be the great council which met there on 23 September, 1336, and which incidentally led to the issue of commissions of trailbaston on 16 October.³ We have thus a *terminus a quo*: the parliament in question must have met not much later than 1336 and was already in session at the beginning of Lent, for the petitions were presented on the eighth day of parliament, and on the first Thursday of Lent the reply was given and the commons then presented a further petition.

The only four parliaments we need consider are those which met on 3 March, 1337, 3 February, 1338, 3 February, 1339, and 20 January, 1340.⁴ In 1338 and 1340 the commons had their writs of expenses before Lent began: in 1337, the first Thursday of Lent was 6 March or the fourth day of parliament. We need therefore have no hesitation in ascribing these documents to the parliament which met on the morrow of Candlemas 1339. The only apparent difficulty arises from the statement at the end of

¹ *Foedera*, II. 895-6.

² *Statutes of the Realm*, II. 269 ff.

³ *Cal. of Patent Rolls*, 1334-38, pp. 367-71.

⁴ See list of parliaments in *Bulletin of the Institute of Historical Research*, VIII. 79-80. For writs of expenses see *Lords' Reports*, I. 492-3; the references there given may be verified from the *Calendar of Close Rolls*.

the petitions that the commons had leave to depart on Thursday in the first week of Lent (11 February), while the writs of expenses are dated 17 February. It seems necessary to deduce that although the commons were originally given leave to depart on 11 February, for some unknown cause they were detained for a few days. This could hardly be by reason of the further petition presented when they were taking leave, for neither was this a petition on behalf of the *commune* nor was any action taken on it.

With reference to the third article of the petitions, we may note the spate of pardons for felonies entered on the Patent Roll, most of them bearing date 3 March, 1339, which must obviously have been in preparation when parliament was sitting¹: and we would connect with the sixth article and the reply made to it, the clause in the commissions of 16 February, 1339, that, in levying troops, the poor and middling class were to be spared.²

Ista petitio liberata fuit viij. die parliamenti

A.P. 13584

[1] A nostre seignour le roi prie la commune qe la grant chartre et la chartre de la foreste et les autres estatuz et ordeinaunces grauntiez seient meintenuz et tenuz en tous poyntz, et auxi lestatuz et ordeinaunces fetez sur les purueours et pernours pur les osteaux nostre seignour le roi et la roine et lur enfaunz seient gardez et meintenuz, pur les greuaunces et damages qe le people sent, encontre estatuz et proclamacions sour ceo fetez.

[2] Item prie a nostre seignour le roi la commune qe com nostre seignour le roi par son bon consail granta a Notyngham en aides des bons et en destruant larons notories et communs destourbours de la pees, en meinteignauce de la pees nostre seignour le roy, commissions a certeignes genz en cheskun countee denquere, oier et terminer totes maneres felonies et trespas, les queux ont bien commence et la pees par tant le mieux asseure, pleise a nostre seignour le roi qe les dites commissions soient meintenuz en tous poyns.

[3] Item pur ceo qe les notories larons et felons enditiez deuant les ditz iustices de diuerses felonies, sei confortont et sei abaudisant de ceo qilz sont en esperaunce daler en la gerre nostre seignour le

¹ *Cal. of Patent Rolls, 1338-40*, pp. 217 ff.

² *Foedera*, II. 1070.

roi devers Escoce ou aillours ou nostre seignour le roi auera a faire et par taunt auer chartre de pardoun des totes maneres de felonies, prie la dite commune qil pleise a nostre seignour le roi de receyure nuls tiels larouns notories escumigies a sa grace, ne daler nule part en son seruice, de pus qil poet auer assez des autres bons et vaillauns de ses liges genz, kar par tieux larouns escumigiez ia bone bosoigne ne se fra nule part.

[4] Et pur ceo qe tieux enditiez se vount defuians et wakerauns en autres counteez qe de ces en queux il sont enditiez, prie la dite commune qe les iustices deuant queux il sont enditiez puissent maunder lur brefs as vicountes en queux counteez il serront trouez, de les pursuire, arestier et prendre, et les amener deuant les ditez iustices [il]eoks aprendre ceo qe lei vodra.

[5] Item prie la dite commune qe come par final acord du parlement, et souent en estatut reduit et pur lei affermee, est ordine qe nul, de quele con[dici]on qil soit, freit prise en le roialme contre gree de celi a qui les choses sont, countre queux acord, estatut et ordinaunce certeignes genz [par] commission pernent, et par autres deputiez desouz eaux prendre font, auxi bien sur la terre marine come en plus haut pais, bleez, [org]les, fenes, peys, bofs et bacouns, argent et armures, sauns paie fete, et asseont et leuont des genz du pais certeigne somme¹ dargent a lur volunte, dount le people se sent outraiousement greuez, et prie qe tieles commissions soient repelez, de sicome nul frank homme ne deit estre assis ne taxe saunz commun assent de parlement.

[6] Item pur ceo qe commissions sont faits par tote la terre de eslire genz armeez de certeignes armures et archers et autres genz au piee, dount le pais auant ses heures ad estee mult greuee de trouver lur armures et lur gages, prie la commune qe a quel heure qil plect a nostre seignour le roi dauer les corps a sa volente, qil les troesue lur armures et les paie lur gages deuant lur aler, de sicom la terre est mult greue et chargee par plusours taxes et autres greuaunces.

[7] Item prie la commune qe come lan vtyme fu grantee a nostre seignour le roi la dyme et la quinzime a la somme dont le roi fust

¹ *in* deleted.

serui lan syme, come piert par les roulles retournez en lescheker lan syme auantdit, a queux temps ceaux qi furont assignez de leuer et receyure les ditz taxes encrutront, de lur teiste demeigne, citeiez, bourghs et les communaltez des contieez a greinoure somme qe ne fust deuant en lan syme, a grant greuaunce et enpourissement du people, countre le grant et lassent de nostre seignour le roi et la commune en plein parlement, pleise a nostre seignour le roi qe lencrees soit oustiee, sulousc lassent et le grant auant dit, pur ceo qe le people est plus enpouri que ne soleit estre.

[8] Item prie la communealte des citeies et bourghs qe com meimes les citeies et burghs soient foundez en afforcement du roialme, et auncienement enfranchiz pur certeignes fermes et rentes paier au roi qe les citeins et burgeis puissent auer et vser lur franchises et lur fraunchs custumes en la manere qils les ont eu et vsee du temps dont memorie ne court, et qe lestatut nad guerres fet a Euerwyk en contraire, a la suite des marchaunz aliens pur lur singuler profit et a damage des auantditz citeiez et bourghs, soit repele et tenu pur nul.

[9] Item prie la commune qe com plusours petitions ont este mys auant en parlement le queux ne ont mie este respounduz pleinement, pleise a nostre seignour le roi qe totes les petitions mis auant en parlement [par la commune] soient totes respounduz auant le leuer du parlement.

Le ¹ jeudy ² en la primere simeigne de Quaresme si estoit respons done as gentz de commune a ceste petition, et meisme le iour auoient ils conge a departir, et si baillerent le dit jeudy vne petition cossu a ceste.³

A.P. 13587

[I] Quant au primer point tochant qe la grant chartre et la chartre de la foreste et les estatutz et ordenances seient tenuz, il plect a nostre seigneur le roi qe les dites chartres, estatutz et ordenances einz ses heures faitz, seient gardez et tenuz en touz points. Et en cas qe nul se sent greue de damage a li fait countre la forme des ditz chartres, estatutz et ordenances, sue deuant eux as queux

¹ This paragraph has been written by a second hand.

² Substituted for "venderdi".

³ A.P. 13564: see Appendix, p. 285.

il attient de mettre remede countre les trespassors, et reson et droit li serront faitz, auximent contre les purueors et ministres nostre seigneur le roi, ma dame la reigne, com countre autres.

[2] Quant au second point tochaunt les commissions de trailbastoun, por ceo qe les dites commissions feurent grante a la request de commune a destruction des malueis, et plusors auant ces heures se sount pleint, et de iour en altre se pleinent, qe les dites commissions tournent en diuerses lieux en damage des grantz et des bons plus qe en chastiment des ditz malueis, le roi commaundera a ses iustices qils vsent les commissions en due et bone manere, et sils les en vsent en bon manere, selonc lentencion de nostre seignour le roi, il sen soeffra, et si ceo noun, il les comaundera de repeller.

[3] Quant au tierce point tochant chartre de pardon, le roi nest pas en volunte de graunter tieles chartres autrement qil deit affaire, solonc son serment fait a son encouronement, et ne il nad fait puis son derrein parlement.

[4] Quant au point tochant qe les endites en vn counte fuent en altre, nostre seigneur le roi voet qe cours et proces vsez en les eyrs et auxint en brefs de oier et terminer se tiegnent deuant les ditz iustices.

[5] Quant au point tochant qe gentz deputez par commissions a prendre bledz font leur prises auxi bien sur terre marine com ailleors, nostre seigneur le roi voet qe nules prises se facent autrement qe nest ordeine par les estatuz, et qe les iustices qi ore sont assignez es countes par commissions eient poair doier et terminer les pleintes et faire droit, auxi bien a la seute nostre seigneur le roi com de partie.

[6] Quant au point tochant les commissions deslire genz armez de certaines armures, nostre seigneur le roi ne voet charger son poeple autrementz nen altre manere qe ad fait en temps de ses auncestres.

[7] Quant au point tochant qe lencre fait es taxes de disme et quinzisme seit hoste, il plect a nostre seigneur le roi qe le tax derainment grante seit paie solonc com qe il est grantez, et qe en

temps auenir tieles taxes seient leuez en manere com ¹ eles serront graunte.

[8] Quant au point tochant qe les citez et burghs puissent vser leur fraunchises, por ce qe le dit estatut ent fait estoit fait pur commune profit, et ce a la request de la commune, il plect a nostre seigneur le roi qe si nul se sent greue, viegne en chauncellerie et moustre sa greuaunce et illoques reson li serra faite.

[9] Quant au point tochant qe les petitions de commune seient respondues, totes les petitions einz ces heures mises par la commune en parlement ount este respoundues pleinement deuant le departir des ditz parlementz, et quant as singuleres petitions ore baillez a yce parlement, nostre seigneur le roi voet qe les auditeurs ore assignez pur les trier les trient et terminent auant leur departir de mesme le parlement.

¹ Substituted for "solonc com qe".

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, HILARY 1365

Parliament and Council Proceedings, Chancery, 8/7

Chancery Parliament Roll no. 23 contains a record of the proceedings of this parliament,¹ but it does not include any reference to the petition and consequent proceedings recorded in the present document.

PLACITA IN PARLIAMENTO APUD WESTMONASTERIUM IN OCTABIS
SANCTI HILLARII ANNO REGNI REGIS EDWARDI TERCII TRICESIMO
NONO

Egidia que fuit vxor Iohannis de Molyns porrexit petitionem suam domino regi in parlamento suo apud Westmonasterium in octabis sancti Hillarii anno regni ipsius domini regis tricesimo octauo tento in hec verba :—

A nostre seigneur le roi et son conseil moustre Gile, qi feust la femme Iohan de Molyns chiualer, qe come Robert de Fiennes de France recoueri nadgairs le manoir de Wendouere deuers la dite Gile par iuggement rendu sur brief de *scire facias* en la chauncellerie de nostre seigneur le roi, et deins le proces, record et rendre du dit iuggement diuerses erreurs auientrent, plese a nostre dit seigneur le roi et son conseil de faire venir les ditz record et proces en parlement, et auxint la dite Gile et son conseil dassigner les erreurs susditz, qe lei et reson lui ent soient faites.

Qua petitione in parlamento audita, dictum fuit per magnates et alios de consilio regis in dicto parlamento existentes episcopo Eliensi cancellario regis quod venire faciat recordum et processum, vnde in dicta petitione fit mencio, hic in parlamento predicto, qui eadem recordum et processum ibidem deferri fecit, quorum copia sequitur in hec verba :—

Dominus rex mandauit breue suum in hec verba :—Edwardus

¹ *Rot. Parl.*, II. 294–8.

Dei gracia rex Anglie, dominus Hibernie et [dux] Aquitanie vicecomiti Buk' salutem. Cum in tractatu pacis inter nos et Philippum nuper regem Francie facte et per nos iurate inter cetera contineatur quod omnia terre, tenementa et possessiones alienigenarum de potestate Francie, in manum nostram occasione guerre Francie nuper capta, prefatis alienigenis restituantur, ac iam ex parte Roberti de Fiennes de Francia nobis est supplicatum vt cum Robertus filius Willelmi de Fiennes defunctus, auunculus suus, seisitus fuisset in dominico suo vt de feodo de manerio de Wendouere cum pertinenciis in comitatu predicto die quo manerium illud occasione guerre predictae seisitum fuit in manum nostram, velimus manerium illud cum pertinenciis eidem Roberto de Fiennes vt consanguineo et heredi predicti Roberti filii Willelmi, iuxta formam et effectum pacis predictae, liberari iubere. Nos, volentes eidem Roberto de Fiennes plenam et celerem iusticiam fieri in hac parte iuxta formam pacis predictae et prout ad hoc vinculo iuramenti tenemur, tibi precipimus quod scire facias Egidie que fuit vxor Iohannis de Molyns que dictum manerium tenet, vt dicitur, quod sit in cancellaria nostra in octabis sancti Michaelis proximo futuris, vbicumque tunc fuerit, ad ostendendum si quid pro se habeat vel dicere sciat quare manerium predictum cum pertinenciis in manum nostram resumere et prefato Roberto de Fiennes vt consanguineo et propinquiore heredi eiusdem Roberti filii Willelmi, iuxta formam pacis predictae, liberari non debeat, et ad faciendum vltius et recipiendum quod curia nostra considerauerit in hac parte. Et habeas ibi nomina illorum per quos ei scire feceris et hoc breue. Teste me ipso apud Yeshampsted' primo die Septembris anno regni nostri tricesimo octauo. Per litteram de secreto sigillo.

Ad quam diem tam predicta Egidia, per premunionem ei per vicecomitem predictum iuxta formam brevis predicti factam et in cancellariam regis retornatam, per Thomam de Middelton' attornatum suum, quam predictus Robertus de Fiennes de Francia, per Michaellem Skillynge attornatum suum, veniunt, et quesitum est a prefato Roberto de Fiennes de Francia qualiter ipse est consanguineus et heres predicti Roberti filii Willelmi, qui dicit quod ipse est filius Willelmi de Fiennes fratris predicti Roberti filii Willelmi et sic est consanguineus et heres predicti Roberti de Fiennes, et petit execucionem iuxta formam brevis predicti.

Et predicta Egidia dicit quod quidam finis quondam leuauit, videlicet in quindena sancti Iohannis Baptiste anno regni regis.

Edwardi tercii a conquestu quartodecimo, inter Iohannem de Molyns chiualer et prefatam Egidiam vxorem eius querentes et Robertum de la Haye personam ecclesie de Datchet deforciantem de eodem manerio de Wendouere, per quem quidem finem predictus Iohannes recognouit predictum manerium esse ius ipsius Roberti vt illud quod idem Robertus habuit de dono predicti Iohannis, et pro hac recognicione, fine et concordia idem Robertus concessit predictis Iohanni et Egidie predictum manerium cum pertinenciis, et illud eis reddidit in eadem curia, habendum et tenendum eisdem Iohanni et Egidie ad totam vitam ipsorum Iohannis et Egidie. Et post decessum ipsorum Iohannis et Egidie predictum manerium cum pertinenciis integre remaneret Iohanni filio eorundem Iohannis et Egidie et heredibus de corpore suo procreatis. Et si contigat quod idem Iohannes filius predictorum Iohannis et Egidie obierit sine herede de corpore suo procreato, tunc predictum manerium remaneret Willelmo fratri eiusdem Iohannis filio predictorum Iohannis et Egidie et heredibus de corpore suo exeuntibus. Et si dictus Willelmus obierit sine herede de corpore suo procreato, tunc predictum manerium rectis heredibus predicti Iohannis remaneret. Et profert hic partem finis qui hoc testatur. Et dicit quod predictus Iohannes de Molyns mortuus est et Iohannes filius predictorum Iohannis et Egidie mortuus est sine herede de corpore suo procreato. Et sic tenet ipsa Egidia predictum manerium ad terminum vite sue, post cuius mortem predictum manerium Willelmo fratri predicti Iohannis filio eorundem Iohannis de Molyns et Egidie remanere debet, qui quidem Willelmus est filius et heres predicti Iohannis de Molyns, et sic tam feodum simplex quam talliatum in persona predicti Willelmi existit, sine quo ipsa Egidia non potest de iure respondere, et petit auxilium de predicto Willelmo et quod premuniatur.

Et Robertus de Fiennes de Francia per Michaellem Skyllynge attornatum suum dicit quod rex iuxta tractatum pacis predicte absque alio processu potest et tenetur prefato Roberto de Fiennes dictum manerium restituere set, vt sciri posset si prefata Egidia aliquod ius habuisset ad excludendum prefatum Robertum de Fiennes ab accione de dicto manerio, idem rex de curialitate sua concessit breue predictum versus prefatam Egidiam de habendo finalem responsionem super declaratione iuris sui predicti, et non ad alium effectum emanauit breue illud, et sic, in execucione istius breuis fundati super pacem predictam quam rex vinculo iuramenti

tenetur obseruari et infra vnum annum a tempore reformationis eiusdem pacis complere, non requiritur talis processus de auxilio petendo aut aliis dilatoriis sicut in aliis breuibz ad communem legem. Et similiter quoddam aliud breue de scire facias prosecutum est versus prefatum Willelmum de Molyns de manerio predicto, qui placitando allegauit se non esse tenentem manerii predicti nec aliquid habere in manerio predicto nisi in le remanere post mortem dicte Egidie iuxta formam finis predicti, nec ad illud breue de iure respondere teneri, et quesitum est ab eodem Willelmo si se pro saluacione iuris sui in hac parte prefate Egidie iungere voluit, qui hoc facere omnino recusauit. Et sic dicit idem Robertus de Fiennes quod auxilium petatum non est in isto casu concedendum. Per quod ex causis premissis et aliis dictum est eidem Egidie quod respondeat sine auxilio eiusdem Willelmi de Molyns si sibi viderit expedire.

Et predicta Egidia, protestando quod non cognoscit quod predictus Robertus de Fiennes de Francia sit consanguineus vel de sanguine Roberti filii Willelmi de Fiennes nec quod predictum manerium seisatum fuit in manum domini regis occasione guerre, dicit quod predictus Robertus de Fiennes qui nunc sequitur natus fuit tempore Edwardi patris regis nunc extra ligeanciam Anglie et non infra, et hoc pretendit verificare, et petit iudicium si idem Robertus de Fiennes de Francia vt heres alicuius execucionem habere debeat, maxime cum hoc contra legem Anglie hactenus vsitatam et approbatam foret manifeste.

Et predictus Robertus de Fiennes dicit quod omnes de vtroque regnorum Anglie et Francie qui occasione guerrarum predictarum exheredati fuerunt de terris et hereditatibus suis, in eisdem iuribus et possessionibus que ante incepcionem guerrarum predictarum habuerunt per pacem predictam integre restitui debent, et sic restitucio illa ad alienigenas vtriusque regni se extendit, que quidem pax per regem, prelatos, magnates ac communitatem regni Anglie in pleno parlamento confirmata et iurata fuit. Et dicit quod manerium predictum occasione guerrarum predictarum et non ex alia causa ad manum regis deuenit, et quod predictus Robertus de Fiennes est heres prefati Roberti filii Willelmi, per cuius Roberti de Fiennes adhesionem parti aduerse domini regis dictum manerium captum fuit in manum regis, et ex quo id quod per pacem predictam per reges vtriusque regni pro communi vtilitate regnorum predictorum et rei publice concordatum est, non per legem communem

Anglie set secundum vim et intencionem pacis predicte deduci debet et terminari, maxime cum predicta Egidia nullum titulum iuris in persona sua ad excludendum predictum Robertum de Fiennes de Francia ab accione sua ostendit, et in voluntate domini regis existit admittendi de gracia sua alienigenas ad hereditates suas habendas in regno Anglie, sicut temporibus retroactis fieri consuevit, et petit quod dictum manerium in manum regis capiatur et prefato Roberto de Fiennes de Francia vt consanguineo et heredi predicti Roberti filii Willelmi, iuxta formam pacis predicte, restituatur.

Et quia, predicto negocio coram domino rege ac magnatibus et aliis de consilio suo deducto et examinato, per ipsum regem recordatum est predictum Robertum de Fiennes de Francia esse consanguineum et heredem predicti Roberti filii Willelmi, per cuius forisfacturam manerium predictum occasione guerrarum predictarum et non alia de causa ad manus ipsius regis deuenit, et per dictum regem et omnes magnates et alios de consilio ipsius regis sibi assistentes concordatum fuit quod tractatus pacis predicte in omnibus suis articulis obseruetur et teneatur et execucioni demandetur, allegacionibus predictis non obstantibus, quod licet fiat in hoc casu speciali pro reformatione pacis obseruanda iuxta vim, effectum et intencionem eiusdem pacis, iuri tamen communi in aliis casibus nullatenus derogatur, per quod consideratum est quod manerium predictum in manum regis seisiatur et prefato Roberto de Fiennes de Francia vt consanguineo et heredi predicti Roberti filii Willelmi iuxta formam pacis predicte restituatur, et preceptum est vicecomiti Buk' quod manerium predictum cum pertinenciis in manum regis sine dilacione seisiri et illud custodiri faceret quousque aliud a rege inde habuerit in mandatis.

Quibus recordo et processu cum petitione predicta visis et examinatis, ac inspecto irrotulamento carte per quam dictus rex manerium predictum prefato Iohanni de Molyns dedit et concessit in rotulis cancellarie ipsius regis anno regni sui quartodecimo irrotulate, in qua continetur quod dictus rex manerium predictum cum pertinenciis, quod ad manus ipsius regis per forisfacturam predicti Roberti filii Willelmi, pro eo quod idem Robertus inimicis regis de Francia de guerra contra ipsum regem adhesit, deuenit, dedit et concessit prefato Iohanni de Molyns sub forma in eadem carta contenta, et ex quo clare liquet per eandem cartam quod

dictum manerium cum pertinenciis ad manus regis causa guerre predictæ, vt predictur, deuenit, et iuxta tractatum pacis predictæ in eodem parlamento ostensum, terre bannitorum et adherencium vni parti et alteri de vtroque regno et omnes illi qui causa guerre predictæ exheredati vel de terris et hereditatibus suis amoti fuerunt in eisdem iure et possessione, que ante incepcionem guerre predictæ habuerunt, integraliter sunt restituendi, et sic causa forisfacture ratione guerre illius in vtroque regno est omnino per pacem illam extincta et adnullata, dictaque Egidia per placitum suum predictum non allegauit nec affirmauit ius dicto domino regi nec eidem Egidie in manerio predicto per aliam viam ad excludendum prefatum Robertum de Fiennes ab accione sua ad dictum manerium per pacem predictam sic attributa accreuisse, videtur magnatibus et aliis peritis de parlamento predicto quod, nec per cartam predictam de dicto manerio prefato Iohanni de Molyns per dominum regem sic regi forisfacture predictæ factam, nec per aliqua alia per predictam Egidiam superius allegata, possit aut debeat executio de hiis que sic in pace predicta continentur aliquialiter impediri, per quod non habito respectu ad errores pretensas nec ad alia per dictam Egidiam superius allegata, per totum parliamentum predictum consideratum est quod dictum manerium cum pertinenciis in manum regis capiat.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, LENT 1371

Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 27

The three vacated entries here printed were omitted without notice by the editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*. The first comes after no. 24, § 1, on page 305 of the second volume, the second after no. 24, § 2, on the same page, and the third after no. 26 on page 306.

Item ¹ prient les communes qe toutes les subsidies en deners ou en darres grauntez a nostre seigneur le roi en aide de sa guerre en cest present parlement ou qi serront grauntez en temps auenir, soient assignes et liuerez a ascun seigneur ou seigneurs de la terre pur les despendre, par comaundement du roi, soulement en la guerre et nul part aillours, et qe de ce soit acomptable au roi.

Item ¹ moustrent les communes del roialme Dengleterre qe par la ou nostre dit seigneur le roi demande des dites communes vne certeine somme des deniers en eide de sa guerre, supplient les ditz communes a nostre seigneur le roi et a son conseil qe apres ce qe nul somme des deniers soit grante a nostre dit seigneur le roi par les ditz communes pur la cause susdite, qe si nulles gentz darmes, hobelers et archers, par commissions directes as viscountes ou autres gentz, soient esluez en diuerses paiis, qe mesmes ceux gentz darmes, hobelers et archers puissent estre arraiez a les coustages, mises et despenses nostre seigneur le roi et amesnes tanqe al port du mier ou aillours deinz le dit roialme, issint qe les ditz communes plus outre ne soient greuez ne chargez durant celle aide et graunt susdit.

Item ² prie la commune qe plese a nostre seigneur le roi et son bone conseil granter qe nulle manere de plee soit desore pledee en

¹ Against this article is the marginal note: "Non fuit lecta".

² Against this article is the marginal note: "Vacat quia non fuit lecta".

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la chancellerie, sinoun qe le roi soit proprement partie au dit plee ou qe les plees touchent loffice de la chancellerie, et qe toutes maneres autres plees qi y sont encores tenuz ou pendantz en mesme la chancellerie soient mises a la commune ley, et qe nulles gentz qi pursueront illoeqes ou al conseil par bille soient desoremes delaiez de conuenable responce, come ils ont este tresgreuousement auant ces heures.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, MORROW OF
ST. EDMUND, 1373

Chancery Parliament Roll, no. 29

The vacated entry here printed was omitted without notice by the editors of the *Rotuli Parliamentorum*: it follows the last entry in volume II, page 320.

Item ¹ prie la communalte des marchauntz qe par la ou les mariners, sanz assent des marchantz, au Saundewys qant la flote de nostre seigneur le roi fust illeqs, granterent deux soldz de la toneaut de vin outre les deux soldz grauntez en parlement, qe plese a nostre seigneur le roi de anienter la dite grante [et.] ² de repeler les comissions faitz de leuer les ditz deux soldz.

¹ Against this article is the marginal note: "Vacat".

² MS. omits.

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PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, EPIPHANY- CANDLEMAS, 1327

Since the text of the roll of petitions abstracted in Titus E. I. was set up in type, two further original petitions have been identified.¹

Ancient Petition, no. 868E ²

A nostre seigneur le roi et son consail moustront ses chapeleyns, labbe et le couent de Thornton sur Humbre, qe la ou Thomas iadys abbe de Thornton, predecessour labbe qore est, recoueri vers Gerueys Auenel et Iohanne sa femme vn mees, vn molyn, trois charues de terre oue les appurtenances, fors pris deux bouees de terre en Carleton pres de Basingham en le counte de Nicole, par bref de droit en le court nostre seigneur le roi deuant sir William de Bereford et ses compaignons, iustices en comune bank, come le droit de la eglise nostre dame de Thornton et par iugement rendu sur meismes le bref, meismes celui abbe Thomas fust mis en seisine par bref de iugement et seisi fust tantqe, par le procurement et male voilaunce monsire Hugh le Despenser le fietz, mestre Iohan de Walwayn, adonques eschetour de cea Trent, ly disseisist; sur quoi meismes celui . . .³ abbe seuist par peticion en parlement, lan nostre seigneur le roi qore est duzisme, qe remedie lui fust fait sur cele greuance, a quele peticion feust respondu qe le record et processe del pleee touchant cel recoueri fust fait venir en parlement, issint qe droit sur ceo se fait; et ore le ditz record et processe sont faitz venir cy soutz le seal monsire Henry Lescrop, iustice en baunk le

¹ Our knowledge of these and of the other documents in this appendix, we owe to Mr. R. L. Atkinson.

² See p. 147 [12] above.

³ Name of abbot not supplied.

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roi, le dit an duzisme, deuant qi les ditz record et processe penderent ; par quei les ditz abbe et couent prient qe les ditz record et processe soient veuz, et qils soient oiez en lour resons, et qe reson soit faite.

[*Dorse*]. Videantur recordum et processus.

Assignentur [*etc.*, as above p. 147].

Ancient Petition, No. 8336¹

A nostre seignur le roi et son conseil prient les gentz du roialme qi deyuent acountes des terres dount sire Edward piere nostre seignur le roi Edward qore est auoit ordine destre respoundu en sa chaumbre, qils puissent acounter a leschequier, et qe soit maunde as tresorier et barons du dit eschequier qils oyent celes acountes et facent reson.

[*Dorse*]. Mandetur [*etc.*, as above p. 150].

Irrotulatur.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, NOVEMBER, 1330

In the two following cases the original petitions supply much additional information.

Chancery Miscellaneous Inquisitions, C.145/116/14/4²

A nostre seignur le roi [*etc.*, as above p. 204].

[*Dorse*]. Coram Rege.

Pur ce qe tesmoigne est deuant le conseil qils feurent menez en cestes busoignes par seignurie et deurte, si semble au conseil, sil plect au roi, qe le roi deit faire de la summe ascun mitigacion en pardoun a les dites gentz.

Puis feut ceste peticion respondue deuant le roi issint : Soient assignez [*etc.*, as above p. 204].

Irrotulatur.

Eient les dites gentz bref datteint sils voillent, et auxint ceux qi estoient batuz bref de trespas contre les trespassadors sil voillent.

Chancery Miscellaneous Inquisitions, C.145/110/21/6³

A nostre seignur le roi et a son conseil prie Henri, fitz et heir Iohan de Harcla, qe come le dit Henri pria al parlement tenuz a Salesbury bref denquere des queux terres et tenemenz le dit sire Iohan morust seisi en son demeigne come de fee en les countez de Cumbr[eland].

¹ See p. 150 [20] above.

³ See p. 212 [54] above.

² See p. 204 [33] above.

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et Westmerl[and], le quele bref lui fut graunte, par quoi il auoit commission a sire Piers Tyliolf et a Robert de Barton denquere ; les queux enquistrent, ou troue fut qil morust seisi en son demeigne come de fee en le Pyel de Heygheued et des autres terres et tenemenz en le counte de Cumbr[eland] et en le counte de Westmerl[and] en certeyns terres en Slegill, et le dit enquest fut prise et returne en la chauncelrie et issi demort ; par quoi pleise a nostre seignur le roi et a son counseil maunder pur le dit enquest et fere dreit pur Dieu.

[Dorse). Veniat inquisicio.

Irrotulatur.

PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER, CANDLEMAS, 1339

The petition printed below bears a note stating that it was presented to the king by the wife of John Maltravers (who was himself in exile) : on the other hand a note appended to A.P. 13584, which evidently refers to this same petition,¹ states that it was presented by the commons. These two statements can only be reconciled by supposing that Maltravers' wife had accompanied the commons, when they appeared in parliament to receive the replies to their own petitions and to take their leave, with the deliberate intention of presenting her husband's petition in an irregular fashion. The incident would seem therefore to mark a stage in the process which finally resulted in the system of first presenting petitions to the commons for subsequent transmission to the lords. It was not, however, altogether unusual at this period for petitions of an exceptional character to be presented direct to the king, and two examples occur in 1354 and two others in 1355.² In the present case the petition was not read and no action consequently taken upon it.

Ancient Petition, no. 13564

A nostre seignur le roy moustre son lige homme Iohan Mautrauers qe come il soit non duement, et saunz loi et reson, bani hors de roialme Dengleterre en parlement a Westmoustier, le quel iugement fust et est erroigne par moutz denchesons, car en vostre primer parlement fust ordeine qe nul homme ne serroit iuge par re[son sa]nz respons ; estre coe le dit iugement se prist en absence de touz le plus des piers du roialme et sanz lour sien et lour volunte et sanz

¹ Above, p. 270.

² *Rot. Parl.*, II. 255-7, 267.

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appeller le dit Iohan a respons ; estre coe nostre seigneur le roi ne les ditz piers du roialme nauient nulle purpense ne enformacion par appel ne par indictement de la chose qⁱ lui fust sourmise en absence de lui ; par quoi le dit Iohan prie au dit nostre seigneur le roi qe le iugement susdit soit vue et examine, et pur ceux defau[tes et] autres diuerses leins contenuz, countre les lois de vostre roilame, soit reuerse et anienti. Et plese a nostre seigneur le roi de sa bone grace granter qe le dit Iohan pusse venir sauement en le roialme Dengleterre, com icelui qⁱ serra prest a respondre a touz, solom la loi de la terre, de quanque homme sauera dire deuers lui en fourme de loi, a tuz perils. Et purce qil est en honie des ascunes gentz, il prie a nostre seigneur le roi qil puisse auoir sa proteccion de sauement venir a respoudre a touz en la fourme susdite.

Ista ¹ peticio liberata fuit in pleno parlamento domino regi per vxorem domini Iohannis Mautrauers, die Iouis in prima ebdomada Quadragesime, set non lecta est.

¹ This minute has been written by another hand.

TABLE OF REFERENCES TO MANUSCRIPTS

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¹ As a rule we have employed the Class title in our references, but, for brevity, use has occasionally been made of the Code Reference, which is that required for the production of documents at the P. R. O.

GLOSSARY OF OLD FRENCH

This glossary is confined to words not to be found in Godefroy's *Lexique de l'Ancien Français* and to forms not readily to be identified there, although they may be found, with some searching, in his *Dictionnaire*. Words of English origin have been omitted as a rule, and by no means all words with an unfamiliar aspect have been included. The reader will have in mind the tendency of Anglo-Norman scribes to employ such forms as *cea* for *ceo* and *fet* for *fait*, to add an intrusive *s* as in *resprendre* (p. 109), to use *h* where *c* or *q* is more usual, to substitute *th* for *s* or *x* and *y* for *i*, to interchange *c* and *s*, to replace *l* by *u*, and so on.

In the text *j* has not been used, and *u* and *v* have not been distinguished according to modern usage. Nor has it been possible always to divide words which the mediaeval scribe ran together: thus *affaire* may stand for *à faire*, *attirer* for *à tirer*, etc.

The addition of (G) means that a word in this form is to be found in the *Lexique*. Modern French equivalents are printed in roman and English translations in italics. Numbers refer to pages, and no more than two page references are given to any form.

abesser, v.a., abaissier (G), to diminish, 164.
ad, prep., à, 106.
adiection, s.f., addition, 230.
aditer, v.a., to indict, 23.
ados, s.m., support, 19.
affere = à faire, 18.
aherdaunt, pr. pple. aerdre (G), to be a follower, 116, 117.
allier, v.a., alier (G), to rally, 98.
alme, s.f., soul, 88, 107.
ametter = à mettre, 119.
amistez, s.f., amistee (G), friendship, 233.
an, pron., en, 17.
apporte, s.m., aport (G), goods, etc., transported out of the country, 225.
arenement, s.m., araisnement (G), accusation, 118.

arente, s.f., rent, periodical payment, 121.
areynez = erroné, 116.
arreim, s.m., airain, brass, 211.
arte, adj., arcté (G), strait, 128.
asautz, pa. pple. assoler (G), to absolve, 108.
asis, pa. pple. asseoir (G), to decide, 70.
assetz, s.m., assez (G), satisfaction, 108.
assistent, pret. asseoir (G), to assess, 204.
assywere, v.a., à suir (G), to prosecute, to sue, 17.
attamer, v.a., to begin, 233.
ataynt; attaynt; atteint, pa. pple. ataindre (G), to convict, 121; 121, 122; 111.
attaynt, s.f., atainte (G), attain, 123.

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attent, s.m., atent (G), *delay*, 69.
 attrere, v.a., atraire (G), *to win over*,
 95, 98
 auers; aueres, s.m., avoir (G),
caille, 17; 227
 auneor, s.m., *almager*, 227.
 avouerie, s.f., avoerie (G), *advowson*,
 136.
 autiel, adj., altel (G), *such*, 212.

 baunk, s.m., banc, *the court of com-
 mon pleas*, 18
 begaunt, adj., *begging*, 175.
 bens mubles, s.m., biens meubles,
movables, personal property,
 17.
 bier, v.a., beer (G), *to desire*, 199
 bond; bunde, s.m., *boundary*, 212;
 219, 222.
 boreler, s.m., *bureller, maker of coarse
 woollen cloth*, 203
 boter; buter, v.a., bouter (G), *to
 present*, 172, 124.
 bracyne, s.m., brassine (G), *brewery*,
 243
 burdelys, adj. and s.m., [*money*] of
Bordeaux, 218

 celir, v.a., celer, *to conceal*, 20.
 ceo = se, 118
 certain, s.m., *fixed stipend, revenue*,
 233, 241
 ces = ses, 17, 108.
 cescy, adj., ce, 18.
 cessent, pres. subj. seoir (G), *to hold
 sessions* [of a court], 129.
 chapitre, s.m., *ecclesiastical court*,
 123, 235
 chateaux; chateus; chateux, s.m.,
 chatel (G), *chattels*, 68; 17
 chipoteys, adj. and s.m., [*money*] of
Bigorre, 217, 218.
 chocis = choses, 19.
 coillet, s.f., cueillete (G), *levy*, 219
 cokedon, s.m., *debased French coin*,
 61.
 collacion, s.f., *conference*, 98.
 contenance, s.f., *contenement, status*,
 119, 120
 contreesteaut, s.m., *opponent*, 126.

conusour, s.m., conoisseeur (G), *recog-
 nitor*, 204.
 corpseint, s.m., corsaint (G), *relics*,
 115.
 correier, v.a., conreer (G), *to prepare,
 to cure* [herring], 138.
 coru, pa. pple. courir, *to be current*,
 119
 coture, s.f., couture (G), *cultivated
 land*, 25.
 counte, s.m., comté, *county-court*,
 17.
 counte, s.m., comte, *earl*, 18, 19
 coupe, s.f., *fault*, 107, 175
 crestre, v.a., croitre, *to augment*,
 221.
 crirunt, fut. croire, 19.
 cyre, s.f., la vert cyre, *the green-wax*
 [debts due to exchequer], 237,
 238.

 darre, s.f., denree (G), *merchandise*,
 279.
 dedointz = dedans, 96.
 defiler, v.a., défilier, *to remove from
 the file*, 17.
 dekes; deskes, prep., desque (G),
until, up to, 143; 107.
 demaynters; dementers, adv., de-
 mentiers (G), *whilst, mean-
 while*, 108; 204.
 dentirer = d'entirer, v.a., *to oppress*,
 164.
 depuis, pa. pple. depaistre (G), *to
 graze*, 243
 dereynt, pa. pple. deraisnier (G), *to
 deraign*, 118
 descarie, adj., *uncarried*, 244.
 deseynis, s.m., dizainers, *tieling-
 men*, 19.
 desport, s.m., deport (G), *delay*, 120.
 dessuy, pa. pple. desseoir, *to be dis-
 satisfied*, 106.
 deuiser, v.a., *to dispose by will*, 128,
 136.
 deurte, s.f., durte (G), *oppression*,
 284.
 deuys, s.m., devis (G), *disposal by
 will*, 128.
 dimettre, v.a., *to dismiss*, 106.

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donk, adv., donques (G), *at that time*, 17.
dorreit, cond. doner, *to give*, 189.
dousesqe = d'ouesqe, 197.
dreyn, s.m. and adv., derrain (G), *last*, 107, 122.
dryt = droit, 22.
dutter, v. refl., douter (G), *to surmise*, 84.

eaus ; eaux = eux, 24 ; 82, 135.
ees, s.f., aise, *alleviation*, 237.
eintz ; einz, prep., ains (G), *before*, 67, conj., *but*, 96, 101, adv., *then*, 138.
emblemner, v.a., *to steal [corn]*, 136.
empernour, s.m., *empreneur* (G), *contriver*, 234.
enbeseiller, v.a., *embeseller* (G), *to destroy*, 175.
enchesoner, v.a., *enchoisonner* (G), *to proceed against judicially*, 122.
encoru, pa. pple. encourre (G), *to forfeit*, 222.
encrescement, s.m., *encroissement* (G), *incrementum, advance over customary ferm*, 225.
encrest, pres. ind. encroistre (G), *to accrue*, 121.
encrutront, pret. encroistre (G), *to increase*, 270.
endoscer ; endosser, v.a., *to endorse [a petition]*, 153 ; 152.
endossement, s.m., *endorsement*, 177.
engineer, v.a., engigier (G), *to contrive*, 235.
engoindre, v.a., enjoindre (G), *to command*, 87.
enquereler, v.a., *to implead*, 140.
enseruagier, v.a., servagier (G), *to enslave*, 138.
escrouet, s.m., escroe (G), *small piece of parchment, schedule*, 198.
espessement, adv., *especially, in particular*, 226.
esplee ; espleit, s.m., *exploit* (G), *revenue, gain*, 242 ; 244.
espleiter, v.a., *esplortier* (G), *to accomplish*, 87.

esqen, s.m., *échevin*, 97.
estallment, s.m., *privilege of paying by instalments*, 169, 175.
estaller, v.a., *to estall, to arrange payment by instalments*, 119, 175.
estente, s.f., estende (G), *extent, valuation*, 189.
estouers, s.m., estovoir (G), *wood for household purposes*, 242.
estreite ; estrete, s.f., estrarte (G), *estreat*, 127 ; 140, 237.
estret, adj., estroit (G), *narrow*, 128.
esueschee, s.m., évêché, *bishopric*, 212.
eus, s.m., ues (G), *profit*, 20.

fayz = fois, 108.
feed, s.m., *fief*, 68.
feor, s.m., fee (G), *stipend*, 220.
fet, s.m., fait (G), *deed*, 67.
fiez, s.f., fiee (G), fois, 151.
forprise, s.f., *reservation*, 241.
foun, s.m., fond, *bottom*, 154.
fourme ; furme, pa. pple former, *to frame*, 18 ; 107.
frunt = ferront, 20.
fute, s.f., fuite, *flight*, 68, n. 7.
fuz, s.m., fust (G), *pieces of timber*, 19.
fynete, s.f., *affinité, kinship*, 17.

garderobier, s.m., *officer of the wardrobe*, 142.
gaundissement, s.m., *evasion*, 95.
gaynaunt, pr. pple gaaigier (G), *to cultivate*, 244.
genx = gens, 19.
gort, s.m., *gorce, fishing-weir*, 128.
greindre, adj., *greater*, 232, 236.

hancement, s.m., *enhancement*, 117.
heir ; heyre = eyre, 121 ; 19, 53.
herraunz = erraunz, *itinerant*, 53
n. 1
heu = eu, 109.
hoster = oster, 271.
hundres, s.m. pl., *hundreds*, 19.

iadumeyns, adv., *nevertheless*, 95.

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icheoir, v n., escheoir (G), *to fall, to appertain*, 141.
 idle, s.f., *island*, 49 n. 2, 207.
 iekes ; iesques, prep., *jusque*, 18, 161 ; 128, 130.
 ient ; iente, s f, gent (G), *men*, 17.
 ilokis ; illeukes, adv, ilueques (G), *there*, 22 ; 53 n 1.
 ioukte, prep , joste (G), [*modelled*] *upon*, 107.
 iscir ; issir, v.n., eissir (G), *to issue*, 21 ; 130
 issi ; issink ; issint, adv , *ainsi*, 122, 128 ; 109 ; 110, 129.
 iue, s.m., *jew*, 119.
 ivint = y vint, 19

 ke, pron., *qui, que*, 17.
 key, s m., *quay*, 173
 kidel, s m , *cudgel* (G), *kiddle-net*, 128

 lai = loi, 109.
 laioure, s m , *largeur, width*, 237.
 laundroites, adv., [la] *endroits* (G), *thither*, 200, 204.
 lay, s f., loi (G), [*wager of law, oath*], 106.
 leau, adj., loial (G), *leal*, 226.
 leser ; lesser, v.a., *laisser, to let, to leave*, 18, 121.
 lesser, v.a., léser, *to injure*, 106.
 leueir ; leuer, v.a., *to levy* [a fine], 163 ; 172.
 lew, pa. pple. lire, 172.
 ley, s.m., lai (G), *layman*, 109, 123.
 ley, s.f., *homme de, gentz de ley, lawyer(s)*, 233, 227.
 lienz ; leins, adv., léans, *therein*, 176 ; 286.
 liueresoun, s f., *livraison* (G), *livery*, 192.
 lue, s f., lieuee (G), *league*, 134, 242
 lue = lieu, 136.

 maille, s.f., *obolus, halfpenny*, 136.
 maneir ; maner, s.m., *manor*, 163 ; 174.
 manoir ; manoire = *manière*, 117, 126 ; 120.

mar, s f, *marc*, 17.
 maueiste, s f, malvaistié (G), *evil disposition*, 24.
 meigne, s f., *mesnee* (G), *household*, 244, 245.
 meinage ; meynnage, s.m , *mesnage* (G), *household*, 169.
 meistere ; mester ; mestre, s m., *mestier* (G), *need*, 117 ; 136, 232 ; 164.
 meller, v refl , *mesler* (G), *to interfere*, 108
 memis, adj., *même*, 19.
 mene, s m., moien (G), *mesne lord*, 118.
 mene, adj , moien (G), *of middling condition*, 123.
 meske, conj., *mais que* (G), *although*, 106
 mestre, s m , *master, governor*, 136.
 meurer ; meurir, v.a , *to diminish*, 221.
 meyntenement, s m., *maintenement* (G), *maintenance*, 17.
 miler, s m., *mullier, thousand*, 236.
 moudrer, v a., *to grind* [corn], 136.
 mouner, s.m., *molmier* (G), *miller*, 136.
 mouster, s.m., *moustier* (G), *church*, 50.
 moutz, adj., *molt* (G), *many*, 70.
 murrer, v.a , *murer, to wall up*, 96.

 naad = n'ad, 106.
 naufre, v.a , *navrer* (G), *to wound*, 204.
 nent, adv., *nient* (G), *non*, 17.
 nespurquant, conj., *neporquant* (G), *nevertheless*, 199.
 noete, s f., *note*, 239.
 noretur, s f., *norriture* (G), *upbringing* [of an heir], 125.
 noun, s.m., *nom*, 106.
 nuitandre, adv.; *nuitantre* (G), *by night*, 136.
 nusaunt, adj., *nuisant* (G), *prejudicial*, 134.
 nusur, s.m., *nuiseur* (G), *adversary*, 109.

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o, conj, od (G), avec, 19.
 octrier, v.a., otroier (G), to grant, 191.
 oduesqex; oduesque, prep, avec, 208; 209.
 oepe; opes, s.m., ues (G), profit, 141, 194; 242.
 oewel; owel, adj, ivel (G), equal, 175; 170, 189.
 oit = huit, 174.
 onur, s.m., honeur (G), feudal honour, 189.
 ost, pret. avoir, 17.
 osteaux, s.m. pl, households, 268.
 oster; ostier, v.a., ôter, to remove, to oust, 111, 117; 110, 139.
 ostre, prep., outre, beyond, 234.
 oue; ouek; ouesqe; ouesque, prep., avec, 88, 93; 117, 119, 245; 96, 211.
 ouster; oustier, v.a., ôter, 82, 121; 270.
 pais, s.m., country [= jury], 109.
 palatik, adj., paralytique, palsied, 163.
 peal, s.f., pealx lanutz, wool-fells, 238.
 pee, s.m., foot [of a fine], 163; gentz a pee, foot-soldiers, 199.
 pees; pes, s.f., pais (G), order, tranquillity, 221, 232; 197, 241.
 pescherousement, adv., wrongfully, 172.
 pesshon, s.m., poisson, 97.
 pestre, v.n., paister (G), to graze, 204.
 pestrine, s.m., bakehouse, 243.
 peyage, s.m., péage, toll, 219.
 pie; piece, s.m., seriauntz au, gentz au pie, foot-soldiers, 217, 218; 269.
 piezad, adv., pieça (G), ere now, 205.
 place, s.f., court of law, 127, 233; commune place, common bench, 163.
 play, s.m., plaid, action, 18.
 pleneyte, s.f., pleineté (G), plenarty, 109.
 poast; poetz, pres. ind. pouvoir, 193; 222.

poeppe, s.m., the commune or commons, 70.
 poueraile; puraille; purale, s.f., poralee (G), perambulation [of a forest], bounds [of a city], 121; 136; 141.
 premist, pret. promettre, 163.
 presente; presentee, s.m., clerk presented to a benefice, 110, 118.
 preycer, v.a., priser, to appraise, 17.
 preysement, s.m., prisement (G), appraisement, 17.
 pris, s.m., prix, 17.
 pu, pa. pple. puir (G), to defile, 243.
 pua, pres ind pouvoir, 22.
 purchacer; purchesser, v.a., porchacier (G), to obtain, 20, 18.
 purprise, s.f., porprise (G), invasion [of liberties], 127.
 puruer, v.a., porvir (G), to provide, 168, 187.
 pus, adv, puis, 17, 269.
 puse, pr subj. pouvoir, 19.
 queit, imp. subj. querre (G), to seek, 20.
 queu, pron, quoi, 18.
 quidier, v.a., cuidier (G), to believe, 97.
 quis, pa. pple. querre (G), to enquire, 209.
 rayour = araiour, s.m., areor (G), commissioner of array, 120.
 real, adj, royal, 101.
 rebailer, v.a., to give back, 101.
 recouerer; recouerier, s.m., recovrier (G), remedy, 106, 128, 121, 167.
 recovery, pa. pple. recovrir (G), to recover, 17.
 regarder, v.a., to recompense, 191.
 reguordoun, s.m., guerredon (G), recompense, 56.
 reit, s.f., rete (G), fishing-net, 128.
 reles, s.m., relais (G), release, 67.
 remeyndre, v.n., remandre (G), to belong, 131.
 ren; rens, s.m., rien, 17, 126; 132.
 renk, pres. ind. rendre, 101.

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repleur, v.a., *to deliver on pledges*, 17
 rescœur ; resceure, v.a., recevoir, 135, 193, 127.
 resciauntise, s.f., reseantise (G), *domicile*, 190
 ressevoir, v.a., recevoir, 107, 110
 reseu ; resseu, s.m., *receipt* 107.
 respoigner, v.n., repugner (G), *to reply*, 109
 ressissir, v.a., ressaisir, *to seize again*, 195
 reuler, v.a., *to preside over*, 233.
 sait = soit, 108, 110.
 salme = sa alme, 88.
 saunt, prep, sans, 193
 sauvaigne, s.f., sauvagine (G), *game*, 151
 scea = [de] cea, 145.
 seen ; sien, s.m., sen (G), *mind*, 131, *knowledge*, 285.
 seer, v.n., seoir, *to hold sessions* [of a court], 139.
 seet, pres ind. savoir, 237.
 sele = celle, 25
 sensust, pret. s'ensuivre (G) ; sensust en alaunt, *pursued his way*, 142.
 seruoise, s.f., cervoise, *ale*, 149
 sesent ; sesse, pres subj seoir, *to hold sessions*, 233 ; 239.
 sestent, pres. subj s'estendre, *to be extended*, 135
 seu, adj., icel (G), *that*, 20.
 seumes, pret savoir, 96
 seuter, s.m., *sutor* [of a court], 19.
 seyns, adv, céans, *here*, 19.
 sise, s.f., *assise*, 20.
 sistrent, pret. seoir, *to hold sessions*, 232.
 siuir ; seuir, v.a., *to sue*, 20 ; 283.
 somonse, s.f., semonce (G), *summons*, 131.
 somonser, v.a., semoncer (G), *to summon*, 140.
 southcoiller, s.m., *sub-collector*, 82.
 suete, s.f., sieute (G), *suete de prison, fee for release from prison*, 145.

suis, adv., sus (G), [render] *up*, 101.
 sunt = son, 25
 surcesse, pres subj surser, *to stay* [proceedings], 203.
 surquist, pret. surquerir (G), *to constrain*, 215.
 surser, v.n., sursoyer (G), *to stay* [proceedings], 203.
 sursiser, v.a., *to inspect, to oversee*, 141.
 sursistrent, pret. surseoir, *to suspend*, 232
 suthimis, s.m., *subject*, 239.
 tacher, v.a., *to tack*, 164, 191.
 tailler, v.a., *to entail*, 227
 tapissauntment, adv, [en] tapisson (G), *by stealth*, 133.
 targe, s.f., *shield*, de south la targe, *under the privy seal*, 226
 tarrier, v.a., tarier (G), *to vex*, 237
 tart, adv, tard, 107, 129
 toute = tourne, 19.
 tonel, s.m., *the Tun* [in Cornhill], 136
 treire, v.a., traire (G), *to cite* [in a court of law], 129
 trenchautes, pres pple. tranchant, *peremptory*, 17.
 treteson, s.m., *negotiator*, 96
 troessent, pres. subj trouver, 193, 195
 v = où, 119.
 vaue, pa pple. valer (G) ; les mneutz vauez, *the worthier*, 225.
 vaunt = avant, 17.
 veer ; ver, v.a., voir, 188, 222 ; 69.
 veet, pres. ind. aller, 109
 veir dit, s.m., *verdict*, 21.
 verement, s.m., averement (G), *avowment*, 123.
 verge, s.f., *the verge* [of the king's court], 139, 228.
 verreymentes, adv., voirement (G), *truly*, 110.
 vesconte, s.f., *shire, sheriffwick*, 122.

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 villee, s m, *bailiff*, 68.
 vnqes, adv., onques (G), *never*, 115.
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wakeraun, adj, walcrant (G), *vag-*
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